"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Generally fair today; tomorrow cloudy, colder; wind south.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,983. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1918.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. TWO CENTS In Greater New York and Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

GERMANS MASSING TROOPS NEAR ALBERT FOR RENEWED DRIVE; BEATEN BACK IN LOCAL ATTACKS BY FRENCH AND BRITISH; NEW PLAN INCREASES AMERICAN FORCES AT THE FRONT

$3,000,000 RISE IN WAGES IS GIVEN BY STANDARD OIL

Announcement Marks the First Union Meeting Between the Officials and Workers.

10 PER CENT. FOR 30,000 MEN

They Will Also Get Old Age and Service Annuities, and Sick Benefits.

PATRIOTISM MARKS DINNER

Entire Harmony Between Capital and Labor Predicted as Result of the New Movement.

A 10 per cent. wage increase for nearly all the 30,000 employes of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, together with a series of old age and service annuities, sick benefits, and an elaborate plan for improvement of sanitary conditions of working and living were announced last night when, for the first time in the history of Standard Oil, officials of the company and delegates elected by the workers, dined and conferred together. The dinner, held in the Standard Oil Building at 26 Broadway, marked the beginning of industrial democracy for that organization, and benefits conferred by the company were of such import to its workers that the occasion was regarded by oil men of high authority as marking a new era in the whole oil industry.

That John D. Rockefeller, Sr., is taking a personal interest in the promotion of better relations with the company's employes was shown when it was announced that he had subscribed $50,000 worth of the stock in the new Bayonne Housing Corporation which is to build model tenements for the working people in Bayonne and had donated that stock for extension work in connection with the new Bayonne Y. M. C. A. toward the construction of which Mr. Rockefeller's gift of $100,000 was announced at the same time.

A feature of a new era between the company and its men, which was emphasized last night both by officers of the company and by representative working men, was the prospect it offered of complete harmony during the war. All branches of the company's workers were represented last night except the boilermakers of one plant, who have made wage-increase demands. Their representatives refused the invitation, but at the time they had no idea of the extent to which the company was prepared to go, and other workers last night believed that they would adopt a conciliatory attitude in view of the concern's concessions. They are, however, a very minor portion of the workers. The wage increase was announced by W. C. Teagle, President of the company, who said that on the bulletin boards of the concern today will appear this notice:

"Effective April 1 an increase will be made averaging 10 per cent. in rates of pay, applicable to all wage-earners except first-class bricklayers and watchmen, whose rates will be increased 5 per cent., and lead-burners, whose rates were previously increased. On account of the urgent demands for output due to war conditions, beginning as soon after April 8 as practicable, and subject to supplies of material being available, the mechanical department will until further notice be given an opportunity to work fifty-six hours per week, and time and one-half will be paid for all work in excess of the present schedule of forty-eight hours per week."

79 Per Cent. Average Increase.

With this advance the company in the last two years and seven months has granted total raise in wages averaging 79 per cent. in all classes of labor and 98 per cent. increase in common labor. At the same time it makes an annual readjustment of the payment of salaried employes. The increase just announced is estimated roughly at $3,000,000 a year. If extended to all Standard Oil plants it will equal many times that sum.

The dinner was held in the big dining room on the fifteenth floor of the building, heretofore used only by important officials of the company. There were about 150 guests, including the seventy-five delegates representing the workers and these officers of the company: A. C. Bedford, Chairman; W. C. Teagle, President; F. H. Bedford, F. D. Asche, S. B. Hunt, O. T. Waring, G. H. Jones, Directors; G. T. White, Secretary; C. D. Swain, C. J. Hicks, C. G. Black, G. W. McKnight, C. E. Graff, J. P. Krebs, H. L. Gerstenberger, F. H. Baldwin, W. C. Koehler, R. T. Hewitt, and T. R. Parker.

One official presided at each of the seventeen tables about which the diners were grouped. The hall was decorated with American flags. An orchestra

Continued on Page Five.

Did you ever notice how much war news that you see in the morning paper already appeared in the final edition of the N. Y. Evening Post the night before? The reason is plain. When it is 4 o'clock in New York it is 9 at the battle front. The Evening Post now 2 cents, same as other papers.—Advt.

Navy Has Plan of Supergun; Report It Will Shoot 105 Miles

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Plans for a supercannon, a great gun of long range, possibly similar to the one with which the Germans have been bombarding Paris, have been submitted to Secretary Daniels by naval ordnance experts after months of experiment. It is understood, however, that the report includes a statement that the ordnance officers do not believe the military value of such a weapon would compensate for the time and money which must be spent in perfecting and developing it.

American ordnance officers have been interested in the possibilities of long-range guns for the last ten years. The belief that the "game is not worth the candle," as one officer expressed it today, prevented rapid progress, but experiments were not dropped, and since the entrance of the United States into the war added interest has been evidenced in the Navy Department. Reports were heard in some quarters today that a range of 105 miles was expected of the gun now under consideration.

BATTLE FOUGHT IN QUEBEC STREETS

Four Civilians Are Killed in Further Rioting of Foes of Conscription.

TROOPS USE MACHINE GUNS

Forced to Shoot at Random in the Fog When Assailed by Rioters with Firearms.

SEVERAL SOLDIERS HURT.

General Lessard Establishes Military Rule in City and Host of Troops Pours In.

QUEBEC, April 1.—Four civilians were killed and four civilians and a number of soldiers were wounded in fighting tonight between anti-conscriptionists and the military. One hundred men, charged with rioting, were arrested.

The fighting between the military and the anti-conscriptionists lasted from 8:30 o'clock this evening until midnight. The men, opposed to donning the khaki, fired revolvers haphazard from doorways and behind snow banks and the military answered as best they could through the thick fog with machine guns.

Despite warnings from the military that the rioting would be put down with a stern hand, and urgent appeals to the people not to repeat the disorder of the last three days, crowds assembled in several parts of the downtown section of the city tonight.

Soldiers were ordered out early from barracks and stationed in different parts of the city. The upper section of the city was cut off from St. Rochs, where the disorderly element resides, by a line of troops. Four hundred men of the Second Central Ontario Rifles, under Major Mitchell, were stationed at Jacques Cartier Square. A squadron of Royal Dragoons under Lieutenant Arnoldi was also held in readiness in the neighborhood.

Pistols Fired at Soldiers.

The rioting began soon after the soldiers were posted. Bricks were thrown from housetops and revolver shots were fired from alleyways. The soldiers arrested seven men at this time.

Several men took shots at the military and escaped into the mob. The cavalry repeatedly charged the mob with drawn swords, but the moment the troopers' backs were turned the crowd renewed its disorder.

About 100 yards away, near the Canadian Pacific station, the soldiers were greeted by a mob with a fusillade of revolver shots, bricks, and ice. Several

Continued on Page Six.

ORDEAL EXALTS BRITISH

Officers and Men Inspired by Tremendous Issues at Stake.

CANADIANS' HEROIC PART

Motor Machine Gun Detachment Fought 10 Days with Only 26 Hours' Sleep.

FOE HOPED TO TAKE ARRAS

Thrust That Failed Was Intended to Capture the City and Turn Vimy Ridge.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, Monday, April 1.—The battle of which I have been trying to give a daily narrative has been on so vast a scale, filled with so many episodes of terrific adventure and with so many hundreds of thousands of men moving along its lines of fire that I find it impossible to give a picture of the emotion and spirit of it. We out here, who knew this thing was coming upon us, creeping nearer every day with its monstrous menace, held our breath and waited. When at last the thing broke it was more frightful in its loosing of overwhelming powers than even we had guessed. Since then all our armies have lived with an intense understanding of the greatness of these days, of their meaning to the destiny of the world, and every private soldier, or transport driver, or linesman, or laborer, has been exalted by an emotion stronger than the effect of drugs.

They do not say much, these men, but there is a queer light in their eyes, shining out of faces grayed by sleeplessness or streaked with blood. They laugh in the same old way at any joke on the road, and sometimes when shells are bursting close. I heard bursts of laughter following crashes of high-velocity shells about some groups of men a day or two ago. They go marching up to the battle line with unfaltering feet and their bands leading them to the edge of its fire zone, and it is like a pageant as they pass—these long columns of men in steel hats, shouldering heavy packs with rifles slung, and these miles long of transports, and these endless mule teams and wagons and streams of mounted men.

Exalted Spirit of British Troops.

As an onlooker I have been caught up in these tides for hundreds of kilometers from south to north, and the spirit of these armies on the move seems almost visible and as though all the emotion in these men's hearts were vibrant about one. The men, who have just moved up to hold the lines, are hoping for another attack, so that they can smash more enemy divisions. Anger moves in them because the enemy threw them back in places by overwhelming odds. Now they swear he will be stopped and broken. Their own losses do not make them mournful. They wipe out of their minds for the time all the horrors and tragedy through which they have passed. Fierce exultation at the destruction of the enemy, grim pride in repulsing his bloodiest attacks, resolution to pay back and take back have changed the gentlest fellow into a man who handles a rifle or machine gun with a secret promise to himself, ready to stop with his own body another German advance. Passion has taken possession of these men, because they know that if the enemy broke through them, all they had fought for would be jeopardized, and this four years of war would be in vain for us. That seems to me the only explanation of the things that have been done by masses of the British troops or by small bodies isolated in rearguard actions—astounding things in endurance and sacrifice.

Yesterday I saw some of those men who had been fighting in the battle of Arras-Hermies, the scene of the biggest check the enemy has received since March 21. There were some London regiments among them and their bands were playing tattoo as the evening set in. The Colonel of their battalion—it was the London Rifle Brigade—came out after a sleep and wash and shave. All his kit had been lost in his dugout, but he had borrowed a razor from his batman, and nobody would have guessed that this smiling man, with bright eyes and easy manners, had just come out of a battle where many of his men fell around him under frightful shelling, where he had been firing a rifle all day long at crowds of Germans, and where he had seen dead bodies piled on dead bodies as the enemy came up in waves against the blasts of machine-gun bullets and the fire of field artillery.

Germans Hoped to Capture Arras.

He spoke just a word or two about the tragedy of losing many of his best and bravest men, and then put that thought aside and told of their heroic defense and their slaughter of the enemy. It was a great slaughter in that battle of Arras. From documents found on a German airman brought down within the British lines it is now certainly known that the enemy had most ambitious objectives, including the capture of Arras and the turning of Vimy Ridge. Two German divisions were holding the line north of the Scarpe from Gavrelle to Oppy, and three special shock divisions were assembled to pass through and turn the ridge from the south, while further south one division was to take the heights east of Arras and a Guards division to take Arras itself. After that the objectives were indefinite.

This battalion of Londoners was holding the foremost line by a system of posts in advance of the battle line—among them Mill Post, Bradford Post and Towie Post. The enemy began the battle by concentrating his bombardment on these, while he gassed the support lines and field artillery positions and brought his barrage backward and forward over the British main defenses down there by Gavrelle and Bailleul and Oppy Wood.

Most of the posts were blotted out utterly. From one hard by Westminster a small body of men surrounded by the enemy fought its way back. An officer of the London Rifle Brigade who has been out since the beginning of the war says he never saw so intense a bombardment.

When it lifted the Germans came over in close formation, wave after wave. Behind them at some distance were their company commanders on horseback, and behind them the field artillery. Each man carried a full pack and an extra pair of boots, as for a long march, and rations for six days. They did not travel far; they were caught by machine-gun fire and mown down on the wire.

The British field guns made targets of them and tore gaps in their waves. Some of them got into the front line, but the London riflemen pulled down parts of their parapets, made blocks in their trenches, and kept them back by bombing and rifle fire. An enemy battery was unlimbered, and German officers strolled up with sticks to point out the gaps in the British wire to their men and were shot down like rabbits.

These London men fell back to the main defensive line, a short distance to the rear, and the enemy never penetrated this, though all day long he made fresh efforts, from 9:45 in the morning till 7 in the evening. The

Continued on Page Two.

"HER COUNTRY"—HARRIS THEATRE. The play you cannot afford to miss.—Advt.

Sees Need of Allied Council Continuously in Session

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 1.—The getting of military unity was hard because of human sensibilities. It has been brought about, and the allied armies face the German attack with new confidence and improved prospects.

Political unity involves no such peculiar difficulty, but it is no less important. Now, without losing a minute, and while our Generals and armies are in the final conflict of save humanity, a council with power for spot action and composed of European and American representatives, should be set up at Versailles and kept in daily session to deal instantaneously with the dangers and opportunities that are arising hour by hour in this last stage of the war.

The importance of this is so obvious to any intelligent person that it is difficult for those here to understand how such a plan can be deferred a single minute in view of what is at stake. That it must come soon or late admits of no doubt. Who is to take the terrible responsibility of deferring such action?

DOUBLE TIDE OF AMERICANS

One to Their Own Zone, One to be Mingled with Allied Units.

GIVE IMMEDIATE MAN POWER

Use of Allies' Surplus Supplies Will Save Ships to Take Our Men Over.

TROOPS FILL MUDDY ROADS

On Their Toes for the Fight, Pershing's Men Flow On to the Picardy Battle.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 1.—Following General Pershing's announcement, which has electrified France both for what it told and for what it implied, it is proper now to state that the present great emergency has brought to quick maturity plans which have been under discussion since Colonel House's visit last December.

The Colonel went home and put before President Wilson the pros and cons of the proposal which had been urged in Europe having in view the establishment of two lines for the flow of American man power toward Europe—one based on a separate organization with its own lines of communication and supply and the other for a supply of infantry, trained and untrained and without artillery or other organization, direct to the front.

The main argument favorable to the double-barreled scheme was the saving of time and tonnage and the utilization of the surplus resources of war machinery possessed by the Allies.

The real shortage has been in man power, and all combing-out processes are attended with danger to shipping and munitions manufacture. These matters had the careful attention of President Wilson, who weighed contentions that a large percentage of the tonnage assigned to transport of the army was necessarily used in a single-barreled plan to bring over materials and to create facilities for handling and supplying a projected army so large that it probably couldn't be landed in France in time to get into the game.

General Pershing naturally had the final decision, and it is believed here that his announcement on Friday means that new methods have been adopted suitable to the situation created by the Germans on the western front, and sacrifices of all countries, such as England has been making recently in food and luxuries, will supply means for bringing great forces of American infantry direct to France.

MARCHING AMERICANS FILL THE HIGHROADS

Pershing's Men, Eager for Open Fighting, Envied by Comrades Not on the Way.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, April 1, (Associated Press.)—The muddy roads were jammed again today with Americans on the move. In some cases they were marching in double lines, taking up the road, from side to side. For obvious reasons, it is inadvisable to disclose where the troops are going, where they are coming from, or even the direction in which the movements are being made. It may not be many days, however, before the United States will know. It is probable that the first news will come with the report of the American forces in action, but when that may be is another subject which cannot be discussed.

Whenever it is, it is certain that the troops will give a good account of themselves, for they are husky, hardy, trained and completely equipped, and on their toes for a clash with the enemy. If this clash should be in the open the troops will like it all the better, for they say "That's our game."

All are determined to get into the fight if possible. The correspondent saw men marching, limping along on both feet, but refusing to drop out for fear

Continued on Page Three.

CHU CHIN CHOW—CENTURY THEATRE 7th Big Month—Biggest Success in N. Y. Eves. 8—Pop. $1 Mat. Tom'w at 2.—Advt.

London Announces Large American Forces Will Be Brought to Allies' Aid in Present Struggle

LONDON, April 1.—An official announcement issued here tonight says:

"As a result of communications which have passed between the Prime Minister and President Wilson; of deliberations between Secretary Baker, who visited London a few days ago, and the Prime Minister, Mr. Balfour, and Lord Derby, and consultations in France, in which General Pershing and General Bliss participated, important decisions have been come to by which large forces of trained men in the American Army can be brought to the assistance of the Allies in the present struggle.

"The Government of our great Western ally is not only sending large numbers of American battalions to Europe during the coming critical months, but has agreed to such of its regiments as cannot be used in divisions of their own being brigaded with French and British units so long as the necessity lasts.

"By this means troops which are not yet sufficiently trained to fight as divisions and army corps will form part of seasoned divisions until such time as they have completed their training and General Pershing wishes to withdraw them in order to build up the American Army.

"Arrangements for the transportation of these additional forces are now being completed.

"Throughout these discussions President Wilson has shown the greatest anxiety to do everything possible to assist the Allies and has left nothing undone which could contribute thereto.

"This decision, however, of vital importance as it will be to the maintenance of the allied strength in the next few months, will in no way diminish the need for those further measures for raising fresh troops at home, to which reference already has been made. It is announced at once because the Prime Minister feels that the singleness of purpose with which the United States have made this immediate and, indeed, indispensable contribution toward the triumph of the allied cause should be clearly recognized by the British people."

GRIVESNES HELD AGAINST GERMANS

French Troops Retain Possession of Village Northwest of Montdidier.

FIGHTING THERE VIOLENT

Hindenburg's Men Are Also Pressing Hard in the Region of Moreuil.

PARIS, April 1.—Practically all the German activity on the French front today was in the region of Montdidier. Heavy German attacks against Grivesnes (west of the Avre) have all been repulsed, according to the War Office announcement tonight.

The Anglo-French troops have made appreciable progress at various points between the Somme and Demuin, it is stated.

The day report of the War Office told of the violent combat in this district and to the northeast around Moreuil.

The night bulletin reads:

The battle was maintained along the whole front north of Montdidier, where the enemy artillery was particularly active. The enemy carried out new attacks against Grivesnes, all of which were repulsed with heavy losses.

In the course of spirited engagements the Franco-British troops made appreciable progress at various points between the Somme and Demuin.

On March 29-30 our aviators, despite rain and mist, carried out numerous sorties. Five thousand kilograms of explosives were dropped on enemy cantonments and stations in the region of St. Quentin, Cuiscard, and Roye. Our airplanes frequently attacked with machine guns and bombs enemy concentrations, which they dispersed. Nine German airplanes and one captive balloon were destroyed by our pilots.

Italian bombing machines took an active part in these expeditions, and recently carried out with splendid audacity numerous raids on the enemy lines.

The day statement of the War Office reads:

Yesterday and last night the battle continued with extreme violence north of Montdidier. The enemy directed his efforts in particular along the front between Montdidier and the Péronne-Amiens road, and threw forward important forces with the particular object of enlarging his gains west of Hangard-en-Santerre. Franco-British troops broke up the assaulting waves, which were not able to debouch. A brilliant counterattack, in which our allies gave proof of their valor, enabled the French to throw back the enemy completely and recapture this village.

The fighting further south was no less violent. Grivesnes was the objective of powerful attacks, which were renewed incessantly, leading to hand-to-hand fighting. This town remained in the hands of the French, who inflicted considerable losses on the Germans.

Between Montdidier and Lassigny there is nothing to report.

Terrific Struggle for Grivesnes.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN FRANCE, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Comparative calm reigned this morning between the southern flank of the battle front and Montdidier. Heavy Ger-

Continued on Page Three.

GERMANY ANXIOUS, BUT DETERMINED

Putting Her All Into This Offensive and Realizes It Cannot Be Repeated.

HER LOSSES EXCEED 300,000

That Is Holland's View — Also That Peace Will Be Near if the Drive Is Checked.

More Gains on the Avre Are Reported by Berlin

BERLIN, via London, April 1.—German troops have captured the heights north of Moreuil, according to today's headquarters report, which reads:

On the battlefield north of the Somme artillery and mine-thrower firing revived during the evening.

Between the Luce Rivulet and the Avre we continued our attacks, and captured the heights north of Moreuil. British and French troops which several times vainly came forward in counterattacks suffered heavy losses.

A local attack on the western bank of the Avre placed us in possession of Arrachis Wood.

Yesterday French divisions in repeated assaults attempted to recapture lost villages and heights to the west of Montdidier, as well as between the Doms and the Matz. Their attacks broke down with sanguinary losses.

With the fighting during the last few days the number of prisoners brought in since the beginning of the battle has increased to over 75,000.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, April 1.—It has been practically impossible during the last ten days or so to gain anything like an impression from the German press as to the feeling in Germany regarding the tremendous events on the western front. Comment in the newspapers has been most carefully supervised and very greatly restricted. The dispatches of the war correspondents are generally as much as four or five days late in appearing, and then add little to what has been learned from the official communiques, the amount of matter published regarding the offensive being comparatively small.

Writers, of course, indulge in the usual joyful and patriotic expressions and mild paragraphs on the Kaiser's exuberance, but though the times recall those preceding the battle of the Marne there is nothing in the German press which corresponds to the wild joy it showed in those distant and stupendous days.

Now, however, there has been time for information to find its way through various channels to Holland, despite the most carefully guarded frontier. Sifting all the matter to the best of one's ability, one obtains an interesting picture.

The first thing that stands out in the German attitude, broadly speaking, is

Continued on Page Two.

IN AMERICA—AN ENGLISH INN. Perfect Golf in a perfect climate. The Manor, Asheville, North Carolina.—Advt.

BOTH SIDES RUSHING GUNS

Allied Artillery Is Fast Coming Up to Support the Infantry.

FOE HAMPERED BY TERRAIN

But Infantry Attacks in the Region of the Avre and Luce Are Kept Up.

ALSO ACTIVE NEAR ALBERT

Assaults There Are Repulsed by the British—Guns Resume Fire at Arras.

LONDON, April 1.—This has been a day of slackened activity along the front of the Somme battle line, except in the crucial area east of Amiens, between the Somme and the Avre.

Here brisk and at times violent fighting has taken place between the Germans and the allied forces around Moreuil and Hangard. Attacks and counterattacks have followed in rapid succession, and the night bulletin from Field Marshal Haig asserts that the British have gained some ground.

Both in this area and in the district around Albert Hindenburg is massing large bodies of troops apparently with the plan of making a fresh drive for Amiens.

From the same source comes word of the arrival of large quantities of allied artillery. The enemy also is getting his guns up, but apparently more slowly.

There were local attacks by the Germans today near Albert, which resulted in the loss of most of the enemy's forces. These followed two futile assaults last evening on the British positions in the western outskirts of Albert.

Field Marshal Haig's report tonight says:

The day passed comparatively quietly.

Local attacks, undertaken by small bodies of the enemy this morning in the neighborhood of Albert, were repulsed with the loss of the greater part of their number. We secured a few prisoners.

South of the Somme local fighting has taken place in the neighborhood of Moreuil and Hangard. We gained ground in this area by successful counterattacks.

Tonight's report of the War Office says:

Between Moreuil and Hangard British cavalry in a brilliant counterattack retook a wood which had been lost previously.

North of the Somme there has been no change in the situation.

South of the Somme there has been hard fighting in the neighborhood of Moreuil. On the French front an enemy attack was beaten off south of Moreuil.

Otherwise the day was comparatively quiet.

The official communication of the War Office today reads:

The enemy twice attacked our position in the western outskirts of Albert yesterday evening. Both attacks were repulsed.

South of the Somme the enemy is persisting in his attempts to advance along the valleys of the Rivers Luce and Avre, but has made little progress. Attacks and counterattacks followed each other in this section throughout yesterday afternoon and evening with varying success, and the fighting is expected to continue.

In the local operation in the neighborhood of Serre, which was reported in yesterday morning's communiqué, the total number of machine guns taken was 109.

Big German Forces Gathering.

OTTAWA, April 1.—Reuter's correspondent at British headquarters in France telegraphed this evening:

"The enemy movements and the fighting of the last twenty-four hours indicate the development of an attempt to work toward Amiens, down the Ancre Valley and also from the southwest. Great masses of troops continue to concentrate in the region of Albert, and fighting is progressing toward Villers-Brettoneux (north of Hangard.)

"The enemy is finding serious difficulties in transport work, owing to the ceaseless destructive activity of our

Celtic Is Torpedoed But May Be Saved; Liner Attacked Off Irish Coast On Way Here

The White Star liner Celtic was torpedoed by a German submarine when off the Irish coast on a voyage from England to America, according to information received here yesterday. The announcement was made in a brief cablegram received at the office of the company here. It stated that efforts were being made to save the vessel.

The Celtic is one of the largest vessels in the transatlantic trade. She was built at Belfast in 1901, and has a gross tonnage of 20,904. She was requisitioned by the British Government and was placed in the transport service between England, New York, and Halifax. About a year ago she was turned back to the White Star Line, and she has been plying between New York and English ports. She last arrived here on Feb. 27, and she sailed again on March 6.

More than a year ago the Celtic hit a mine off Liverpool. She was only slightly damaged. In 1916 it was reported that bomb had been found on board her on her arrival at an English port. This was denied by the officers of the White Star Line. It was the Celtic which brought $25,000,000 worth of American securities from England in October, 1916.

If there were any American soldiers on board the Celtic, it was reported from Washington, they were very few in number, and were carried as "casuals" in returning home. It was said there were no sick or wounded on board.

LONDON, April 1.—The British armed boarding steamer Tithonus was torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine on March 28, according to an official statement issued by the Admiralty. One mercantile officer and three naval ratings were lost.

Continued on Page Two.

Remember LIBERTY BONDS!—American Pencil Co., Mfrs. VENUS PENCILS.—Advt.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA. The Greenbrier, European plan. Wonderful curative waters. N. Y. Office, Ehe Plaza.—Advt.

airmen, and also, owing to shortage of animals, is bringing up his artillery comparatively slowly.

"Meanwhile he is largely employing trench mortars. Trench mortars, however, have a very limited range and require enormous quantities of ammunition, which is very bulky.

"Australian troops are now appearing in the thick of the fighting and doing magnificently. Despite the southwardly trend of the battle the greatest weight of the enemy remains north of the Somme.

"A captured document now reveals that the enemy expected to reach the Somme the first day of the offensive.

"Up to 3 o'clock this afternoon no fresh infantry attacks of importance had been reported against the British, although the enemy artillery was very active, Arras being heavily shelled.

"The delayed resumption of grand operations is of supreme importance to the Allies, giving opportunities to continually strengthen the weakest spots and improve the defense works.

"The weather is fine and the visibility exceptionally good.

"It may be recalled that today is the date von Hindenburg told a number of German newspapermen that he would enter Paris."

ALLIES GETTING ARTILLERY.

Six-Inch and Heavier Guns Are Arriving in Line.

OTTAWA, April 1.—Telegraphing from French Headquarters in France today, Reuter's correspondent says:

"Our artillery, which is now beginning to arrive on the battlefronts of the Somme, Avre, and Lassigny-Montdidier in great strength, is opposing an effective barrier to the German mass attacks. Hitherto, as the battle shifted northward, we, like the Germans, had been obliged to fight with the support of our field guns only. Now the six-inch and heavier pieces are arriving and working terrible havoc among the enemy's attacking columns, which have no means of protection against shells of these calibres.

"The repulse of the German assault Sunday between Lassigny and Montdidier was the severest blow that the enemy had suffered since the beginning of the offensive. Dense aggregations of men marvhed up to assault by battalions and literally melted away under the fire of the French 75s.

"Describing Friday's battle in this sector, eyewitnesses say that the British infantry fire worked terrible destruction among the Germans who advanced to the attack, division after division in dense waves, during twanty-four hours The fury of the fighting was indescribable. Aviators who hovered over the field say it looked like a stormy sea, in which wave after wave of infuriated men marched up to assault by batorder. Villages were conquered and reconquered again and again.

All Day Fight for Moreuil.

"The fight for Moreuil lasted a whole day. The Canadians actually intermingled with their French comrades and fought like lions to keep the place. It was twice captured by the Franco-Canadians, and twice lost. In the end the khaki and horizon blue had the better of it, and the village, which was the nearest point that the enemy had reached on the way to Amiens, and a point particularly coveted by the German staff, remained in allied hands."

Reuter's correspondent at British Headquarters in France telegraphed concerning the fighting of Sunday:

"A counterattack north of Lucerieuer re-established our line between Aubercourt and Marcelcave. There was incessant fighting all day long in this district. Villers-Brettonneux, which is the next place west on the main Amiens road, was heavily shelled.

"Masses of Germans yesterday afternoon advanced from the direction of Vrely and Bouchoir. Despite our artillery concentration, they penetrated to the wood northeast of Moreuil.

HOW THE GERMANS FAILED.

Expected to Reach Somme Line the First Day of the Battle.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Some interesting facts are now available from captured documents and prisoners' statements regarding the plans of the Germans and their actual achievements.

The Germans had expected to reach the line of the Somme on the first day of the drive. On that day the weather greatly favored the attacking troops, for a heavy mist shrouded the country and made it impossible for British machine gunners to engage the enemy at long range. Despite this drawback for the defenders, they inflicted such heavy casualties on the enemy at close quarters that the Germans progressed only one-quarter of the distance they had expected on that day.

The heavy attack delivered by the Germans astride the Scarpe on March 28 was executed in all particulars as had been the assault on the opening day. On the 28th, however, there were no mists to assist the onrushing hordes, and they came under such punishment from artillery, machine guns, and rifles that their progress was checked after they had made comparatively small gains.

MOST OF FOE IN NORTH.

This Fact Probably Presages a Heavy Attack There.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, April 1, (Associated Press.)—Up till noon today little fighting of importance had been reported north of the Somme. The probabilities are that the enemy is not quite ready for another big attack north of the Somme, although the fact that he still has the majority of his available divisions there presages further activity.

There are at present something like forty divisions in the battle zone north of the river, and about thirty-seven engaged in the struggle further south. Ten of the latter have been used against the British and the rest against the French allies.

COUNTING HEAVILY ON US.

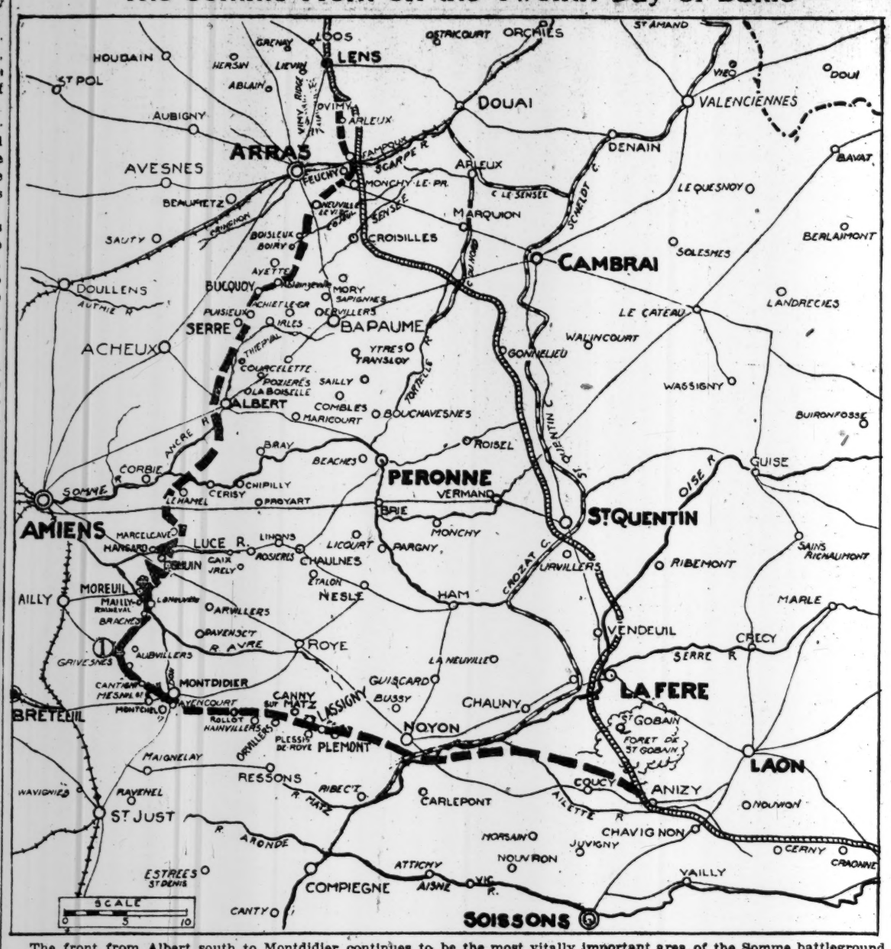
London Papers Keenly Interested in Our Plans.

LONDON, April 1.—The newspapers are occupied with the new man-power proposals and America's expected participation in the fighting.

The Standard advises the Generals to "think in the offensive." It says their forces are ample to regain the initiative after the present German effort is frustrated. By calling up all men of military age and raising the age limit, England can have an additional million men by Autumn, it says, and adds:

"With the gathering forces of the United States there should not be less than 2,000,000 news troops available for warfare in the Autumn."

The Somme Front on the Twelfth Day of Battle



The front from Albert south to Montdidier continues to be the most vitally important area of the Somme battleground. While there have been some attacks around Albert, and there are reports of a huge concentration of German troops in that region, the heaviest fighting for the moment is in theSomme-Avré district. Here the arrow-heads indicate the general position and direction of Hindenburg's pressure on the allied lines. Hangard, Demuin, and Moreuil, and a forest northeast of the latter town have been the centres of the conflict.

To the southward across the Avre there has been a violent contest for Grivesnes, but the French say they are still holding the village, which is the point nearest to the Amiens-St. Just-Paris railway.

The Germans have captured a wood west of Aubvillers, in this same district. This wood is indicated by the figure 1.

The War Situation

BY THE MILITARY EXPERT OF THE NEW YORK TIMES.

As the allied line continues to hold and local counterefforts are made to throw the Germans back here and there, the problem presented to the new allied commander, General Foch, becomes more and more important, more and more vital. It is the problem of just when and where to make his counterattack. There are a number of elements to be considered, and now is the time they are up for consideration.

The theory upon which the allied defense has been conducted up to the present time has been to stop the Germans with local reserves drawn from different points in the line, leaving still free for action the general reserve army which it is known the Allies have organized. That this has been done we are assured in the reports of Sunday's fighting, which indicated the presence of Canadians as far south as Moreuil, and which stated that they took part in the attack which retook that town. These forces could have come only from the Arras front, the nearest point to the area south of the Somme at which the Canadians are present. If the so-called army of manoeuvre were being used the references to it would have been of a different character and the probabilities are that the Canadians would not have been mentioned; this because there are only about 350,000 Canadians in Europe, if that many, and these are already holding places in the line and are not part of a mobile reserve.

This theory of the defense must be borne in mind when we consider the time of launching the counterattack. If the reserve army is thrown into action too soon, this entire theory of the defense breaks down at once. The time is at hand for accurate judgment as to the situation with the German Army. This army has been stopped once more, as so often before, just as it was about to achieve a success, the cutting of the Paris-Amiens road and the capture of Amiens. But is the stop a permanent affair or is it merely a pause while Germany gathers her resources for a renewed effort? If the latter is the case, has Germany sufficient strength at her disposal to create another such rupture as in the first attack or has she suffered such heavy losses that her next attack will be weaker and without the tremendous driving power of the first?

If Foch reasons wrongly the result may be complete failure of the counterattack when it does come. Suppose the Germans are not weakened to the extent that now is apparent, suppose they still can summon the same power in the attack which they have already manifested. Throwing in the reserve army then would accomplish little and leave the Allies with no weapon with which to parry the final blow.

Foch's problem, then, is to delay using his last resource until the Germans can be beaten with it, and not to delay using it so long that Germany will be able to construct defenses with which to sustain the shock rather than to have to depend upon men alone. There is a distinct advantage in refusal to use this force as matters stand now. In the first place, there is apparently no necessity. The Allies are holding well, the Germans are continuing to attack with but little if anything to show for their efforts. By their own exertions they are becoming more and more weakened. The longer Foch waits the better are his chances of winning, provided they keep on attacking.

This appears to be the keynote of the entire situation. The Germans cannot keep up their frontal attacks against the nose and sides of the Montdidier wedge, and dig in at the same time. Moreover, counting upon an advance, which is the only reason why the attacks continue, eliminates any reason for it

Therefore, Foch can well afford to delay. He knows his own strength. He knows further the number of men per mile of front the Germans can use and the probabilities of this number achieving the object for which the attack was made. Therefore, if with this knowledge he holds back his attacking forces it is because he is confident that the Germans can bring no peril to the Allies in their present attack, and that they are merely being weakened by their own efforts to the point where his counterefforts have growing probabilities of success.

These are the time elements involved, and with such knowledge of the situation as is available, there is no human way of figuring when or even about when the counterattack will come. But that it will come is almost a certainty.

The German wedge is assuming a tempting form, a form which offers the opportunity for a most disastrous stroke. The German line is approaching a point—the line of the railroad from Amiens to Paris—where a much further gain will cause the Allies grave embarrassment in their transportation system. Moreover, if the Germans should settle down in trenches on their present front this danger will be a continuing affair and will accordingly pin down a heavy force of the Allies through fear that once again the Germans might make such another titanic effort. Or the Germans might indeed reach this point, if halted in their main effort, by a series of short pushes such as marked the battle of the Somme or Verdun. Therefore, there can be no doubt that at some stage of the fighting Foch is going to strike with all his resources and undo much of what Germany has accomplished.

As to the fighting of yesterday, just as in the three or four preceding days, the Germans concentrated their efforts on the Montdidier wedge, endeavoring to widen its northern side and remove from it the danger inherent in its peculiar form. They succeeded in pushing their lines about Moreuil and Demuin, encircling both towns, but the gain is of little importance, being represented merely by the depth of these places, not more than a few hundred yards. Elsewhere the lines hold about in the same position as when the day began.

Philip Gibbs's Narrative of the Great Battle

Continued from Page One.

London men lost many of their comrades in all those hours of bloody, costly fighting, but by their heroic defense they foiled the enemy's most ambitious plan. The machine gunners say they were sick of killing. The Colonel of the Rifle Brigade used 300 rounds, and each bullet found its mark. London troops on the right of these bore the brunt of most formidable attacks, following the same methods as those indicated above. Essex men fought like demons, their officers say, in the foremost trenches, and one body of them sent back a message that they were going to fight to the death. They did, and not a man came back. Some Scottish battalions were hard pressed, and had to withdraw a short distance till nightfall. Since then counterattacks have restored a good deal of the ground lost.

All day long the British airplanes reported concentrations of troops pouring down the Arras-Cambrai road and other routes of march, and the artillery had so many targets that they could hardly switch on to them fast enough. The enemy losses were fantastic in their horror.

Meanwhile on the right again, below the Cambrai road, the British troops were putting up that heroic stand which I partly described in other messages. The Suffolks on the Wancourt-Tilloy road fought the enemy both ways, back to back, with Germans on each side of them. Parties of Northumberland Fusiliers fought until all were killed or wounded. There was a battle of eight hours around their battalion headquarters. Company commanders fought with rifles until they fell. Scottish Fusiliers at Henin gave ground slowly under enormous odds, and killed the enemy all the way back. The crew of one of the machine gun batteries counted 400 German dead opposite their position. Around Neuville-Vitasse and Henin Hill enemy bodies lie in heaps.

Heroic Deeds of Canadians.

Away from Arras and down on the south of the line a certain body of Canadians have been having some of the most astounding adventures in all this battle, and fighting with valor and heroic audacity. They are officers and men of a machine gun detachment organized in the early days of the war by a French Canadian officer at the expense of himself and ten friends, and they had been looking forward to the day when they would be wanted for great service. That day came March 21, and when I saw this French Canadian officer yesterday—a tall, dark, quiet man, speaking with controlled emotion—he knew that his idea had been justified, and that his officers and men had made good to the uttermost limits of gallant service. For ten days these Canadians have fought running fights with the German artillery, have engaged German cavalry and smashed them, have checked enemy columns crossing bridges and pouring onward, have scattered large bodies of men surrounding British troops, and in ten days of crowded life have destroyed many German storm troops and helped to hold up the tide of their advance.

Their own losses have not been light, for these Canadians have been filled with a grim passion of determination to die rather than yield to any odds. When the supreme test came they fought and died. After the first call on March 21 and the orders on the morning of the 22d, eight cars were in action the same day 100 kilometers away, after a night without sleep, and other detachments followed them quickly.

Sometimes they fought in these long gray open cars, which I saw early in the battle, wondering at them, and sometimes they fought dismounted, with machine guns on the ground; but always they fought through the ten days and nights, with less than twenty hours' sleep all that time. These cars near Maricourt gathered together 150 men who had been cut off and held the enemy at bay, covering the withdrawal of some of the British heavy guns and tanks. At that time they fought dismounted, with Vickers guns, in front of the barbed wire.

The enemy's frontal attack was stopped, but he worked around the flanks, and the Captain of an armored car battery ordered his men behind the wire. The Germans had to come through a narrow gap and were killed as they came.

The Canadians had many casualties, and a Captain's arm was torn away by an explosive bullet, and at last only a Sergeant and two men of the battery were left unwounded. One of them mounted a motor cycle and brought back cars and took back the wounded. Two cars found the enemy massing up a road, and their machine guns enfiladed the field-gray men and killed them in large numbers.

Near La Motte they fought heavy bodies of German cavalry, killed a number, and put the rest to flight. They have not been seen since. At Cerisy a battalion of Germans, 600 strong, was encountered at a cross-roads by one car, which brought them to a standstill and dispersed them with heavy losses.

There was a fierce action around Villers-Carbonnel, where these armored cars stopped a gap of 2,500 yards. They were commanded by a Canadian officer, who was twice surrounded in a village crowded with Germans, and fought his way out. The second time all the crew were killed except the driver, but the officer dismounted, took his gun, posted himself at a street corner and fired on the attacking Germans until they were quite close, when he jumped into the car and drove away.

Fought Germans With Gun Barrels.

One battery, which was in action on foot, ran out of ammunition, but fought with bombs until these were spent, and then charged the enemy with fists, revolvers, and machine-gun barrels.

Everybody is ready to help these cars and their crews carry their loads, for they know what terrible casualties they have caused the Germans. At times the enemy, like sheep without a shepherd, walk blindly into their guns, only to be mown down.

Everywhere they have been these Canadian armored cars have helped to steady the line and give confidence to the infantry. They are the darlings of the troops—these grim fighting fellows, with jests on their lips and utterly reckless of life so long as they kill Germans.

One of their officers is called by the nickname of Canada, and a groan of regret went up when it was learned that he had been blown off his motor cycle by a shell burst. He is thought, however, not to be seriously wounded.

OUR INFLUENCE POTENT IN RUSSIA

Henry P. Davison Regards the Situation There as Being Still Very Much Alive.

ARMY REFORM IS SERIOUS

Germany Demands Withdrawal of Russian Red Guards from Finland—Americans Now Safe.

By CHARLES H. GRASTY.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Monday, April 1.—News reached Paris from Moscow that the Soviet Government is organizing an army for the defense of the Russian Socialist Government. Ambassador Francis is believed to regard the Soviet as sincere and their effort for the reconstruction of the forces as serious and deserving of the prompt support of the allied powers. Reports of the rising of German prisoners in Siberia and of German control of Petrograd are German propaganda to confuse Washington and other Entente Chancelleries and prevent co-operation.

As the Red Cross is maintaining an organization in Russia and knows what is going on there, I brought the foregoing reports to the attention of Henry P. Davison, who said their recent advices were to the same effect. They regard the situation in Russia as still very much alive. American influence there is potent, and the Red Cross representative, Raymond Robbins, knows Russian conditions and is closely in touch with all the Allies' representatives.

Mr. Davison gave full credence to the foregoing advices.

LONDON, April 1.—Germany has protested to the Russian Government against the continuation of the movement of Red Guard forces from Russia into Finland, and asks the withdrawal of such Red Guard detachments as have passed the frontier, according to a wireless dispatch from Berlin today. The text of the message of the German communication reads:

According to information received from Finland, important masses of Red Guards continue to pour into that country from Petrograd. The Imperial German Government protests against such action, which is contrary to Paragraph VI. of the peace treaty, and requests the immediate withdrawal of those guards who have passed the frontier, the punishment of the guilty, and the taking of efficient measures for preventing the further overrunning of Finland.

If the Russian Government is not able to fulfill its obligations, then the Imperial Government will be forced, to its regret, itself to take the necessary measures with a view to creating conditions as provided for in the peace treaty.

A Stockholm dispatch says that all Americans are now safely out of Finland, except Consul Haynes and Vice-Consul Waldo at Helsingfors. A group which was marooned at Bjorneborg has reached Stockholm. It includes Captain and Mrs. Crossley, Captain and Mrs. Norman Stines, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Corse, Edgar Sisson, Arthur Bull, Roger Simmons and John Tire.

The party passed from the lines of the Red Guard to those of the White Guard, or Government troops, under the American flag and a flag of truce. The members were well treated by both the Red Guards and White Guards.

There is a complete lack of discipline among the Red Guards, the members of the party say, and this will cause the rebel faction to go to pieces with the first serious reverse. They believe the end of the fighting in Finland is only a matter of a few weeks.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Captain Crossley was American Naval Attaché at Petrograd; Captain Stines is an American mining engineer, who was made a member of the American Military Mission in Russia; F. C. Corse was the representative in Petrograd of a New York insurance company, and Edgar Sisson has been in Russia representing the Committee on Public Information. The other members of the party could not be identified here, though Arthur Bull is supposed to be Arthur Bullard, who was in Russia for the Committee on Public Information, but was thought here to have remained and gone to Moscow.

GERMANS NEAR KURSK.

Sebastopol Threatened by Forces of Turks and Kurds.

PETROGRAD, April 1, (Associated Press.)—It is reported that a German army is within thirty-three miles of Kursk. Ekaterinoslav has been cut off from railway communication, and Poltava has been bombarded and is burning. The city has been abandoned by the Soviet forces.

It is reported that Sebastopol is threatened by the Turks, who are within sixteen and a half miles of the city, and from the east by the advancing Kurds.

EX-CZAR'S BROTHER SEIZED.

Moscow Commander Plans Army of 1,000,000 in Two Months.

LONDON, Tuesday, April 2.—Former Grand Duke Michael Alexandrovitch, brother of the former Emperor, has been arrested and imprisoned at Perm by order of the Perm Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Petrograd.

Rear Admiral Sablin has been elected Commander in Chief of the Black Sea fleet.

General Payoff, who has been appointed commander of the Moscow military district, says a Reuter dispatch, has announced that he expects to form an army of 1,000,000 men within two months.

SEND DELUGE OF SHELLS OVER AMERICAN LINES

Germans Renew Bombardment of Our Positions Northwest of Toul.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, April 1, (By The Associated Press.)—A deluge of gas, shrapnel, and high explosive shells fell on certain portions of the American sector northwest of Toul for four hours last night, an dthis morning a number of towns, trenches, and roads were targets for the enemy, who began firing before midnight. First one place was "strafed" and then another. At one location alone 4,000 shells, 2,000 of which were gas projectiles, fell.

Toward the end of the shelling the Germans let down a barrage in front of one of the American front line positions for good measure. It is surprising what little damage was done, for the enemy was not only a poor marksman, but the information upon which he was apparently acting was bad.

The American artillery retaliated and dropped many shells near a truck carrying supplies to an advanced post before the driver abandoned it.

Two American patrols penetrated the enemy lines last night. Both found the belts of wire heavily electrified, one reporting that the strands of wire were connected with interrupters, which gave off sparks as a warning to the enemy sentries.

NEW AIR BASE IN BAVARIA.

Project to Make It a Centre for Middle Europe System.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, April 1.—Paul Gratz, a well known African explorer, has managed to interest certain Bavarian circles in founding at Munich a company which is to serve as a basis for "Central European aerial traffic."

The participants so far include the Prince of Thurn and Taxis, the cities of Munich, Nuremberg, Augsburg, Regensburg, Bamburg, and Lindau, and representatives of industry, finance and commerce. Gratz has also interested the Austro-Hungarian Government, the Austrian Lloyd, and the Deutsche Bank of Berlin, as well as the Hamburg-American Company.

Bavaria's location in the heart of Europe, Gratz thinks, ought to justify establishing there a central station for mid-European aerial traffic, especially since the atmospheric conditions are very favorable. The first two aerial stations will be erected at Munich and Regensburg. They will serve for testing the plan.

BRITISH MENACE ALEPPO.

Mesopotamian and Palestine Armies Moving on Turkish Base.

LONDON, April 1.—British troops operating on the Euphrates River, in Mesopotamia, continue their pursuit of the Turkish troops. An official statement issued today by the War Office says the British forces have advanced 78 miles beyond the town of Anah to a point about midway between Bagdad and Aleppo.

The text of the statement reads:

On the Euphrates our pursuing troops have advanced 73 miles beyond Anah and have captured a few more Germans and two 10.5-centimeter guns.

H. P. Davison on Trip to Italy.

PARIS, April 1.—Henry P. Davison and several members of the Paris staff of the American Red Cross left for Italy tonight for an inspection of Red Cross activities there.

ECONOMIZE!

Eat more fish. A dash of "Sunbeam" Worcestershire makes fish as appetizing as meats; hence, saves money on your meat bills.
Guaranteed to satisfy, or your money back. You've tried the rest—now try THE BEST.

20c per bottle

Austin, Nichols & Co's
SUNBEAM
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
—THE WORLD'S BEST—

282

Q. Who is responsible for the management of the Columbia Trust Company?

A. A board of 29 directors.

Q. Who are the directors?

A. Benj. L. Allen, *Vice-President of the Company.*
Ancell H. Ball, *Pres. Best & Company.*
Howard Bayne, *Vice-President of the Company.*
Samuel G. Bayne, *Pres. Seaboard Nat'l Bank.*
A. Chester Beatty, *Consulting Engineer.*
Union N. Bethell, *Pres. New York Telephone Co.*
Franklin Q. Brown, *Redmond & Co., Bankers.*
Albert E. Carlton, *Pres. Holly Sugar Corporation.*
Newcomb Carlton, *Pres. Western Union Telegraph Co.*
Edward H. Clark, *Manager Hearst Estate.*
* George Crawford Clark, Jr., *Clark, Dodge & Co., Bankers.*
* Harold Benjamin Clark, *White, Weld & Co., Bankers.*
Edward Cornell, *Attorney-at-Law.*
Moreau Delano, *Brown Brothers & Co.*
James M. Gifford, *Attorney at-Law.*
E. H. R. Green, *Pres. Texas Midland Railroad.*
J. Horace Harding, *Charles D. Barney & Co., Bankers.*
A. Barton Hepburn, *Chairman Chase Nat. Bank.*
Willard V. King, *President of the Company.*
Anthony R. Kuser, *Pres. South Jersey Gas, Electric & Traction Co.*
Philip Lehman, *Lehman Brothers, Bankers.*
Alfred E. Marling, *Real Estate.*
Augustus G. Paine, Jr., *Pres. New York & Pennsylvania Co.*
Noah C. Rogers, *Attorney-at-Law.*
Arthur Sachs, *Goldman, Sachs & Co., Bankers.*
Frederick Strauss, *J. & W. Seligman & Co., Bankers.*
Wm. A. Tucker, *Tucker, Anthony & Co., Bankers.*
Frederick W. White, *Peters, White & Co., Chemicals.*
Charles H. Keep, *Chairman of the Board.*

* With the Colors

If you are seeking a banking connection you should know in advance exactly how your interests will be safeguarded. As a preliminary step it will pay you to read a booklet, *"What Every Foresighted Business Man Should Know."*
A copy may be had at our nearest office.

IN FINANCIAL DISTRICT 60 Broadway
IN HARLEM 125th St & Lenox Ave.
COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY
IN SHOPPING CENTRE 5th Ave & 34th St.
IN THE BRONX 148th St & Third Ave.
Member of Federal Reserve System

"The Heart of New York Restaurant Life"

Enjoying the greatest degree of popularity ever held by a metropolitan restaurant, Churchill's is naturally the chief centre of New York's social activities.

To enjoy **Dinner at Churchill's** is accounted to be one of the most delightful features of metropolitan life.

Special Dinner $1.50
Dancing on the Main Floor at Dinner and Supper

CHURCHILL'S
More than a Restaurant—A Broadway Institution
Broadway at Forty-ninth Street

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
6 BELL-ANS Hot water Quick Relief
BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION
Contains no harmful or deleterious substances.

THIS WEEK'S ANNALIST.

The contents of The Annalist this week include articles on the forthcoming Liberty Loan, The New Idea of the Standard Oil Company, Stock Dividend as Income, Money and Exchange, Federal Reserve Banking Statistics, and the Open Security Market, etc. Published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

IMMENSE LOSSES OF GERMAN UNITS

Several Divisions Withdrawn—Others Exhausted, but Forced to Fight.

VAIN CALL FOR RESERVES

French Machine Gun Fire Reduced Some Companies to Thirty Men Each.

VARYING SOUTHERN BATTLE

Villages in Montdidier Salient Repeatedly Change Hands in Furious Fighting.

By G. H. PERRIS.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES, Monday, April 1.—German prisoners say that in many of their divisions the proportions of killed and seriously wounded are unprecedented. In the course of three days of the offensive several divisions were so exhausted and depleted that they had to be withdrawn—among them the 37th, 9th, 13th, 47th, and 211th and the 5th Division of the Guard. Despite its losses relief was refused the 34th Division. The 45th Reserve Division, of which half the effectives are said to have fallen on March 22, was relieved on the next day, but has since been reengaged. The 206th Division has been heavily punished and the 88th smashed.

I spoke yesterday of how the Crozat Canal was crossed. It now appears that on the afternoon of the 23d the enemy troops were asking for their units to be relieved. Some of their companies had been reduced by the French machine guns to thirty men. The request could not be granted for lack of available reserves.

In-and-Out Fighting in the South.

"In this crisis, when the fate of France and civilization is in the balance, every man must be prepared to die in his tracks, and no failing will be tolerated." In some such words as these Joffre summoned his harried armies in September, 1914, to take the road which ended in immortal victory, and they may be recalled today, when the issue is the same and is perhaps as near a decision as we imagined it to be then.

I have heard it suggested today that the battle may be long. It would be folly to attempt to prophesy when it is all one can do to keep a cool head and assemble such evidence as is to be obtained from men half dead with anxiety and weariness. But the struggle has now reached such a degree of fierce intensity that its long continuance in this character is to me unimaginable.

The swift march of the three Imperial armies from March 21 to 26 was followed by a slight pause on the 27th, and on Thursday afternoon the French struck out south of Montdidier, which had been taken by Von Hutier, and drove the enemy back two miles on a front of six miles. A series of desperate counterattacks was repulsed that night, and it seemed that the French front was established along the Avre at Neuvilles, Sire Bernard, Mezières and Marcelcave. The capture of the hamlet of Montchel, two miles south of Montdidier, enabled the French to push foreguards to a station on the south edge of the town.

Montdidier, quaintly seated on a steep hill beside the Amiens-Clermont Railway, is an important crossroads. On Friday the enemy had pulled himself together and delivered along twenty-five miles of broken country from Demuin to near Lassigny a new mass attack supported with a considerable number of field guns. On the French left the British held Demuin, but were driven out of Mezières. The French bore the main shock heroically. Step by step they fell back, leaving masses of German dead and wounded before their lines.

The combat continued throughout yesterday, spreading out a little at both ends, and it is impossible for me to piece together the fragmentary and often incoherent reports from the field so as adequately to represent its wild fluctuations.

Savagely set upon breaking through to Amiens and the Amiens-Paris railway, von Hutier's columns succeeded in reaching the Avre at Moreuil. Between Montdidier and Lassigny, where the front curves to the southeast, the enemy put no less strength into his outward thrust. Hand-to-hand fighting continued for hours in the villages of Orvillers on the west and Plessis de Roye, near Lassigny, and the neighboring hamlet of Piemont, all of which repeatedly changed hands. The German troops which got into Piemont and part of Plessis were driven out by a magnificent charge of the French, some units flying in disorder. The slaughter of yesterday's fighting is said to exceed anything seen in the preceding days of the battle.

BOTH SIDES DIGGING IN, GEN. PERSHING CABLES

Report Shows German Check in Montdidier Region—News of Americans Lacking.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Official reports on the great battle in Picardy which were received from Generals Pershing and Bliss today told of a continuation in the improvement of the situation and carried considerable encouragement to Administration and military men. In the afternoon a dispatch was received from General Pershing describing the battle line as it stood March 30. This message concluded with the statement:

"After a day of heavy fighting all along the line the situation continues to improve."

Major Gen. March, Chief of Staff, tonight received another favorable dispatch from General Pershing, which showed that both sides were digging in along the French part of the line between Montdidier and Noyon—a front of twenty miles. This dispatch also gave an accurate delineation of the line as it stood last night. General Pershing's telegram was as follows:

Summary of battle to March 31. No new attacks launched by the Germans north of the Somme. South of the Somme and on the front from Marcelcave to Montdidier the Germans made heavy attacks. Between Montdidier and Noyon both sides are digging in. The battle line on the 31st was the same as reported yesterday north of the Somme. South of the Somme it was as follows: Humel, Marcelcave, Demuin, Moreuil, Mailly, Souvillers, Cantigny, Fontaine, Mesnil, Aincourt, Roullot, Orvillers, Plessier, Passel, and along the Oise to Barisis. PERSHING.

The only part of this line in which there was any gain yesterday was between Moreuil and Mesnil, where the Germans made an advance of two miles along a seven-mile front, which took them to the line of Mailly, several miles southwest of Mireuil, Souvillers; about two miles southeast of Mailly and Fontaine, and about three miles northwest of Montdidier.

General March said tonight that there was no mention about the movement of American troops in any of the dispatches received from Generals Bliss and Pershing. General Bliss sent this message, bringing the fighting up to last night.

North of the Somme the situation is unchanged. South of the Somme the enemy on the afternoon of the 30th attacked heavily between Lalute and Mont Renaud. On a front of 60 kilometer (37 miles) ground gained by the enemy in this attack is reported by the French as insignificant and the enemy's losses as enormous. This morning the French by counterattacks gained Le Monchel and Assainvillers. Everywhere else the line is practically unchanged.

AIRMAN KILLED IN TEXAS.

Lieut. Byron Jackson, Jr., Dashed to Death with Machine.

WICHITA FALLS, Tex., April 1.—Second Lieutenant Byron Jackson, Jr., of the American Aviation Service, was instantly killed at Call Field about 4.30 P. M. to-day when the machine in which he was flying crashed to the earth out of control from a distance of 1,500 feet. A cadet who was with Lieut. Jackson was slightly injured.

Lieut. Jackson's home was in San Francisco.

Twenty-five Casualties on Pershing's List; Six Fatalities Include One Death in Action

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Today's list of casualties of the American armies in France reported by General Pershing numbered twenty-five, bringing the total casualties to 2,346. The name of one wounded officer appeared in the list. One man was killed in action, one died of wounds, four died of disease, and nineteen were wounded.

SUMMARY OF CASUALTIES TO DATE.

Deaths.	Previously Reported.	Reported April 1.	Total.
Killed in action	182	1	183
Killed or prisoner	1	0	1
Killed by accident	163	0	163
Died of disease	785	4	789
Lost at sea	237	0	237
Died of wounds	49	1	50
Civilians	7	0	7
Gas attack, suicide, executed, unknown causes	37	0	37
Total deaths	1,461	6	1,467
Wounded	797	19	816
Captured	22	0	22
Missing	41	0	41
Grand total	2,321	25	2,346

CASUALTIES REPORTED APRIL 1.

Casualties reported today were:

Killed in Action—1.
RAPP, WILLIAM, private.

Died of Wounds—1.
FISCHER, LEWIS E., private.

Died of Disease—4.
BROWN, PEARSON L., private.
FITZSIMMONS, GEORGE G., private.
STINCHCOMB, JESSE E., private.
WELLS, FRANCIS, private.

Severely Wounded—2.
ELSTUN, EUGENE W., private.
NOWAK, JOSEPH C., private.

Slightly Wounded—17.
BOYD, GEORGE E., First Lieutenant.
PETRUSH, JOSEPH, Sergeant.
WILLARD, MILTON, Corporal.
LOSEY, FRANK, wagoner.
AYLER, HOMER, private.
BUCHBINDER, HAROLD F., private.
CRUM, HOWARD H., private.
FISCHER, MOSES, private.
GALVIN, FRANCIS J., private.
HONAKER, ZED S., private.
KOPP, SAMUEL W., private.
LEDFORD, CLIFFORD, private.
ROUSE, LONNIE R., private.
SMITH, HARLIE C., private.
TARWATER, TROY A., private.
URBAN, JOHN, private.
WARNASCH, FRED, private.

GERMANS STUDYING AMERICAN TROOPS

Captured Document Shows a Teuton General's Order to Learn Minute Details.

FIGHTING TRAITS WATCHED

Full Instructions Given to Analyze the Differences from the French Methods.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

From a Staff Correspondent.

CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE IN FRANCE, March 31.—A striking illustration of the thoroughness of the German intelligence system is given in a document captured from a Bavarian Landwehr regiment, showing the pains taken to gather information concerning the American troops. It shows the almost uncanny use which the German command can make of scraps of facts and also the anxiety to learn details about the American forces.

The document begins by saying that "every observer and patrol must do his best to bring in information about the new enemy." It then gives details as follows:

"The infantry is armed partly with American and partly with English rifles. The American rifle is a magazine rifle of 6.5 millimeters bore with five cartridges per clip, sidearms, and trench knife. The English rifle is of 7.7 millimeters bore. The artillery probably consists of French guns, but the Americans have in part other calibres.

"The training of the American troops is continuing. As to their training in France nothing is known yet, nor of their own methods of leadership or fighting."

Minor Details Eagerly Sought.

Then the document, which is signed by a German General, says:

"From the preceding meagre details it is evident that sectors K and M have the honorable task of obtaining as much information as possible on the particular features of American fighting and outpost attacks. Any observation or identification, however insignificant, may be of the greatest value in connection with information already on hand."

The ingenuity of the German Intelligence Department is shown by the instructions issued relative to finding out American methods. For instance, under the heading, "The Enemy's Security," the document asks: "Are sentry posts merely sentry posts or stronger posts? Further advanced reconnoitring patrols? Manner of challenging? Behavior on posts during day and night? Vigilance? Ambush tactics and cunning? Do they shoot and signal on every occasion? Do the posts hold their ground on the approach of a patrol or do they fall back? Do they give barrage fire signals? When are the reliefs and what is the behavior during them? Have they any light signals other than French ones?"

Under the heading of "The Enemy's Patrols" the General asks for information on the strength of these patrols, methods of their advance, behavior on meeting an enemy, and initiative.

Observing American Traits.

As to the "General Behavior of the Enemy in Line," he asks:

"Careless or cautious? Quiet and careful or noisy? What is the behavior during dugout smoke screens? Behavior at mealtimes and when are these? Can concentration be observed? Is there much reconnoitring and how is the behavior? How is it at night? Is there much machine gun firing? Is there more or less transport material than formerly?"

Under "The Enemy's Reliefs," the Germans are instructed to find whether there are more troops in the rear than is customary with the French, and also to ascertain the times and sounds of reliefs.

As to "The Enemy's Material," the document says, that used infantry or machine gun bullets, as well as unexploded shells and splinters are of special value. Under the heading "Shelling by the enemy," the General asks for its peculiarities compared to previous shelling, what objectives are preferred other than those formerly sought, the expenditure of ammunition and night shelling. The document says that it remains for the Landwehr infantry regiments to report specially any trustworthy observations in respect to the above or any other points, and the General adds:

"I shall issue important information for further use in this connection."

Another captured German document tells of anti-tank plans and of the participation of tanks in German field manoeuvres.

Soldiers Need Wigs and Costumes.

Theatrical properties, wigs, grease paints, costumes, &c., for entertainments to be given among themselves by soldiers in the camps have been asked by Mrs. George J. Gould, Chairman of the Entertainment Committee for the Mayor's Committee of Women on National Defense. These contributions may be sent to Mrs. Gould at 857 Fifth Avenue.

AMERICAN WOMEN KILLED IN PARIS

Mrs. Lucy Landon and Mrs. Marie Grinnell Among Shell Victims in Paris Church.

POPE SENDS OFFER OF AID

Bombardment of City Continues—Berlin Disclaims Responsibility for Loss of Life.

Pope Protests to Berlin Against Shelling of Paris

OTTAWA, April 1.—"Pope Benedict has lodged a protest with Berlin against the bombardment of Paris, and especially against the destruction of churches and the wholesale massacre of people," says a Reuter dispatch received here from London tonight.

PARIS, April 1.—The bombardment of Paris by long-range German guns was resumed this afternoon. Four persons were killed and nine injured by the bombardment, according to the official announcement this evening.

Among the victims killed on Good Friday, when a shell struck a church, were Mrs. Lucy Landon and Mrs. Marie Grinnell, whose residence was 6 Rue Balzac. Both were born in New York. Another victim was Mlle. Germaine Francière, an auxiliary nurse of the American Ambulance at Neuilly.

Cardinal Amette, Archbishop of Paris, yesterday received the following telegram from Rome:

"The Holy Father, deploring the fact that the bloody conflict, which already has caused everywhere so much suffering, has again, on the very day of the Saviour's Passion, found more innocent victims, who are still dearer to his heart owing to their faith and piety, expresses his deepest sympathy. He sends the apostolic blessing to all the faithful in Paris, and desires to know if it is necessary to send material aid to the families in mourning."

The Cardinal has received the following letter from Grand Rabbi Israel Levi:

"Your Eminence, I am the interpreter of the feelings of all my French coreligionists in saying that I share in the mourning which has come to so many families devastated by sacrilegious barbarism. We are one in pious indignation at the crime, which seems to have been intended as an insult to what humanity holds most sacred."

ROME, April 1.—Pope Benedict expressed deep concern, on receiving reports today of the occurrence, at the loss of life in the Paris church which was struck by a German shell. The Pope visited Cardinal Gasparri, Papal Secretary of State, who is confined to bed with a cold, and discussed with him the attitude which the Vatican should take, it being felt that the situation has assumed a new aspect, inasmuch as shells from guns, instead of bombs from airplanes, are being used to bombard Paris.

LONDON, April 1.—Speaking of the loss of life in a Paris church from a shell fired by a long-range German gun, a semi-official Berlin dispatch, forwarded from Amsterdam by Central News, says it is to be deplored, but that every church within an attacked fortress necessarily is subject to incidental hits. The responsibility for the security of the inhabitants of Paris, the dispatch says, must rest with the French Government.

SHELLS INTEREST CROWDS.

Foe's Long-Distance Projectiles a Feature of Easter Holidays.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Monday, April 1.—The most extraordinary characteristic of Paris at the present moment is the incredible indifference of the vast majority of the population to danger from the German long-range gun bombardment. Immense holiday crowds filled the boulevards the whole of Sunday afternoon, and today a large proportion of them were eagerly awaiting the dull crack which would tell of the arrival of another shell on the city.

One shell struck a house on the edge of a crowd. The passersby, several hundred strong, made an immediate rush for the spot and were greatly disappointed to find nothing visible from the street, the missile having hit the building in the courtyard, high up on the reverse side from the road. One apartment was wrecked and others fronting on the street were covered with dust. The crowd cheered to the echo as a woman on the story below calmly came to a window five minutes after the shell fell and began shaking her rugs into the street with an expression of bored annoyance on her face.

A similar scene occurred this afternoon in another side street within half a block of where THE TIMES correspondent was.

No bombardment can suppress the cheerful spirits of the holiday crowd. The big gun and its doings have become the most popular holiday show now running here.

AMERICANS FILL ROADS ON MARCH

Continued from Page One.

they might be left behind. If there was a single straggler in the long marching lines today he had effectively hidden himself.

Definite official anouncement that American troops will actually fight side by side with the French and British in Northern France reached the American troops tonight in Paris newspapers. It was greeted with cheering. The men who will go are envied by the rest of the American forces.

As they passed by on the roads they were speeded on their way with cries such as "Eat 'em up," and "Gee, you fellows are in luck."

Orders to proceed toward the Plains of Picardy were received from the French high command three days ago, but until it was officially announced no mention could be made of it.

ACCLAIM AMERICA'S RESOLVE.

French See Difference Between Us and Kaiser's Allies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 31.—The action of General Pershing in offering the whole American Army and all that it means to General Foch has touched French opinion as have few things since the war began. France sees in Pershing's action confirmation of America's firm resolve to pursue the war, cost what it may, to a victorious conclusion.

The Temps points out that Germany can only feel sure of her allies when she is victorious, whereas American troops on the contrary "run spontaneously to the aid of their allies when there is danger." The German offensive, it is further pointed out, was launched to break up the Allies, but has had the contrary effect, leading Americans to offer sooner the help of their soldiers, to pledge solemnly their military prestige, and to give the world an example of their discipline and unity.

"A year ago President Wilson told the world that America was pursuing no selfish object," the Temps says. "Since then Russia has collapsed. The American people have lost some illusions which we have known and have submitted to privations which we do not know enough about. In their eyes, however, the war has assumed the aspect of a crusade, which in fact it is. They are fighting for a faith and peril even exalts their courage. What aberration could have induced Germany to imagine she could conquer strength like that?

"When the Germans started their offensive in Picardy they were full of scorn for American troops. 'These Americans are sportsmen, not soldiers,' wrote one of their war correspondents on March 15. The Frankfort Gazette last Sunday asserted that the bulk of the American soldiers were worthless, but consented to admit that the American military railways and hospital service, &c., might occasion Germany some losses of energy and time.

"General Pershing has upset all these hopes of the enemy in two sentences: 'All we have is at your disposal. Do what you please with us.' German journalists who described American soldiers as mere sportsmen would do well to gather a little information about them from German troops who have come in contact with them. They would then be fully edified as to the facts."

GLOBE SPRINKLERS

MAKE ALL FIRES LITTLE FIRES

On Duty Night and Day

365 days in the year, 24 hours a day, Globe Sprinklers stand ready to quench any blaze that may start in your building. These alert and automatic watchmen completely protect life and property from destruction by fire, and pay for themselves.

Globe Automatic Sprinkler Co.
Singer Building
Cortlandt 6790

The Equitable Building in New York is Globe equipped

"Turner for Concrete"

Two stories concreted in 10½ working days

The Navy needed speed and got it. This view shows the Navy Warehouse 2½ months from the time Turner started work. He finished six weeks ahead of contract time and considerably inside of the estimated cost.

Turner Construction Company

Spice of Variety in Manhattan Shirts

NEVER have the Spring and Summer assortments of the celebrated Manhattan Shirts been more attractive and varied.

★ ★

The fine silks and soft madrasses and mixtures show a blending of harmonious colorings, clearly demonstrating what a season's development means to the world's leading shirt specialists.

★ ★

From the neat, subdued patterns for the man of quiet taste, to the bolder type—shirts for business, for negligee, for sport, for evening wear—every shade of refined usage is covered.

★ ★

Only by manufacturers operating their own mills for the production of the finest shirtings could such evenness of quality, such excellence and such appropriateness of pattern be offered.

★ ★

Colors are guaranteed fast—and sleeve lengths are altered without charge.

★ ★

As the largest distributors of these shirts, we offer the fullest varieties in America.

Weber and Heilbroner

Largest Distributors of Manhattan Shirts

Eleven Stores

241 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 20 Cortlandt; 345 Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 30 Broad; 775 Broadway, 58 Nassau; 1185 Broadway, 150 Nassau, 42nd and Fifth Ave.

F. R. TRIPLER & Co.

A Distinctive WHITE SHIRT STYLE With Collar to Match $2.50

This style shirt is made with a practical soft fold cuff and one of our popular collar styles.

Your inspection is invited.

FOULARD NECKWEAR | ENGLISH COLLARS | COTTON HALF-HOSE

42ND STREET AT MADISON AVENUE

GRISVESNES HELD AGAINST GERMANS

Continued from Page One.

man forces, however, were thrown against the village of Grivesnes, about half way between Montdidier and Moreuil, evidently with the intention of forcing a passage toward the railroad running into Amiens from the south.

All efforts by the enemy were in vain. The French troops held firm throughout a long and constantly renewed struggle in the outskirts and streets of the village, where the soldiers came to closest grips with bayonets and hand grenades. At noon the village was still in the hands of the French, the Germans having been repulsed on several occasions with the heaviest losses.

At no period of the war has the fighting been so fierce. The Germans had intended to reach, at any cost, and destroy the railroad communication at Amiens connecting the north and the south. Today, the twelfth day of the battle, they find before them a solid wall of allied troops, which is daily becoming firmer, as artillery is advancing from all directions to support the infantry, which has stood the entire shock up to the present.

Still further northward the British and French fought shoulder to shoulder in the vicinity of Hangard-en-Santerre, preventing dense columns of the enemy from gaining ground and later recapturing some positions with a number of prisoners.

Wherever the Allies regain territory they find heaps of German dead which the invaders had no time to bury. They appeared to have suffered terrible losses from the fire of the French field guns. They, themselves, had hitherto been short of artillery, but more guns were brought up today.

Sanguinary engagements, in which the combatants again came to close fighting and individual combats, took place yesterday about the Lassigny sector. Here the French field artillery caught the advancing German columns under a tempest of shells, which drove them back, but only after the ground was strewn with hundreds of bodies.

At Piemont two German divisions, which had received strict orders to execute an advance, whatever might be the cost, and capture a height, found themselves confronted by a French division. For a moment the French were forced back, and they took breath and came at the enemy again with such a rush that the Germans were driven from the height, leaving 700 prisoners, including twenty officers, in the hands of the French.

Nearly all the bridges crossing the Oise have been destroyed, and the French hold strong positions on the southern bank, while all possible fords are covered by artillery.

It appears that some of the German forces possess many tanks, but so far they have been used little. A captured order shows that five of these were placed at the disposition of one division, while prisoners say that a large number of tanks have been constructed since Fall.

It is believed that the Germans intend to use these tanks to follow the first waves of infantry and deal with the resistance on the centre.

Behind the lines what strikes the imagination vividly is the immensity of the movements of the troops and the order with which these are regulated. Traffic directors stand day and night at every crossroad, giving directions so that every vehicle and cannon can reach its proper station with clock-like regularity.

The whole scheme is superintended by special officers, who have sat in small cabins for days without a moment's rest, receiving directions from the various staffs and transmitting them along the line.

Any vehicle breaking down is immediately ditched; otherwise the whole scheme would come to naught and the battle array be endangered.

ABRAMI PREDICTS NEW PUSH BY GERMANS

Says Unfavorable Tactical Position Makes Further Attempts to Break Through Imperative.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, April 1.—Discussing the possibilities of the German offensive last night with a representative of Premier Clemenceau's Homme Libre, M. Abrami, Under Secretary of War, said:

"It is expected that they will again attack with violence. They are caught, as it were, in a glove finger, and are forced to go on. They will go on; on their side it is black with troops. Without doubt all these battalions are preparing for a new and desperate effort. It will be made tomorrow, perhaps."

Although in other newspapers the words, "a bloody defeat," are beginning to be applied to the German effort, those best informed do not consider the battle won yet. "A bloody check," says the official communiqué, and that sums up the situation. The enemy is checked, but not yet defeated. The Journal says:

"The game is not yet played out—that is certain; but at this moment the enemy cannot advance. Let us expect another heavy effort, the really dangerous point being the centre. When that effort is repulsed we may begin to think the game is won."

As M. Abrami and the Journal writer indicate, the position of the Germans is tactically so unfavorable, especially on the left flank, that, despite losses which are conservatively estimated at two-thirds of the enemy's whole strategic reserve—though, of course, a large part of the divisions technically used up will be able to return to action before very long—they will be forced to continue their desperate attempt at breaking through. This opens the way to the possibility that, if the Allies can resist them at the present comparative scale of losses, the time may come when a rupture of equilibrium will be produced sufficient for Foch actually to win a decisive victory. This factor may upset predictions of a continued hammer-and-tongs struggle for months, with victory going to the side whose reserves last longer.

One thing is certain: the Germans at present are losing far more than their adversaries, especially the French. M. Abrami says:

"I have just talked with Generals back from the front who have taken part in the war from Verdun to the Somme. They have never seen so many German dead as now. Over two kilometers in the district of Saturday's fighting there were literally heaps of corpses."

The Under Secretary concluded with the statement that French reserves, artillery, and munitions continued to arrive in profusion, the French transport service working admirably. The German transport service, on the contrary, already suffering from lack of grease for trains and lorries and of rubber for tires, has been thrown into further confusion by the fire of French long-range artillery now in position and by the superiority of the allied airplanes. Both airplanes and artillery are shelling every depot continually and breaking up troop concentrations wherever signaled.

LOTH TO ATTACK AT VIMY.

Germans Are Kept at Bay by Canadian Guns.

CANADIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN THE FIELD, (Canadian Press, Ltd.,) April 1.—On Easter Monday a year ago Canadian soldiers, moving mightily to the attack, captured Vimy Ridge. This Easter Monday the soldiers of the Dominion are united with British troops north of the Scarpe in defence of the southern flanks of these heights, which dominate so much of the coal areas of Northern France.

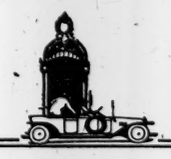
Canadian guns played a part in defeating the German onslaught against the positions opposite Oppy and Gavrelle Thursday. Early yesterday morning German preparations for a further attack were defeated by the massed fire of the artillery. At 3:45 o'clock, at 4:30 o'clock, and again at 5 o'clock the southern flank of Vimy, stretching out toward Arras, was alive with fire from the guns, which rained shells on the enemy's front lines, communication trenches, and assembly areas.

The "Stokes" were directed chiefly upon hostile communications, the machine guns maintained a hail of fire across No Man's Land and upon the enemy's front line, while the heavy artillery kept up a harassing fire for two hours, increasing to battle barrage at stated times, when every gun was firing shell upon shell as fast they could be fed to them.

After such a concentration of fire the Hun attack never developed, although the unquestioned concentrating of troops proves beyond question that Arras and Vimy Ridge are among the chief objectives of the enemy's Spring offensives.

Yesterday there was a lively artillery duel between the Canadian guns and those of the enemy, but no hostile attack developed.

Last night and today things have been very quiet. Indeed, the shelling in the Vimy area for eighteen hours has been lighter than at any time since Thursday. Whether the enemy is hesitating to attack since the reception he received from the British troops last week, or whether he is reorganizing for a further offensive against Arras and the ridge, the Canadians look to the future with a morale which never was higher among all ranks.



AEOLIAN HALL

A FEW exceptionally desirable offices in Aeolian Hall can be had with May 1st occupancy. One or two suites are immediately available

ELLEN & JEFFERY
Agents for Aeolian Hall
TELEPHONE VANDERBILT 897

Sizing Up Value Through Unsmoked Glasses

WITH eyes strained across the sea, Americans have turned thoughtful. Shelved is the cynical philosophy of "I should worry!"

In buying, we are going back to ground-bottom fundamentals—*Genuine Worth* through *Basic Quality*.

Because I have never departed from these ground-bottom fundamentals may be the reason my Spring Sales are distancing all predecessors.

Stein-Bloch Suits and Topcoats at $25 to $45 are *full basic value*, backed by the habit of 63 years in giving it.

JOHN DAVID
Stein-Bloch Smart Clothes
Broadway at 32nd Street

Every Day
Special Luncheon, 75c
With Dancing on the Main Floor
Afternoon Tea Dances
CHURCHILL'S
"More Than a Restaurant—a Broadway Institution"
At 49th Street
Unequalled in popularity not only for its a la carte service, but for its delightful
Special Dinner, $1.50
Six to Nine

THE MANHATTAN STORAGE & WAREHOUSE Co

Cold Dry Storage for Furs and Fabrics
Guaranteed Against All Risks—Expert Furrier in Charge
Lexington Ave. and 42d Street | Seventh Ave. and 52d Street

RECTOR'S
Supreme Table d'Hote Dinner Every Ev'g in the Futurist Ball Room $1.50
BROADWAY AT 48TH ST.

Smoky Fireplaces Made to Draw
Also expert services on general chimney work, heating and ventilating.
No payment accepted unless successful.
Frederick N. Whitley, Inc. Engineers and Contractors 217 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

$590,000

Mortgage interest paid by us to our clients April 1st—the day when it is due. If a SURE income is wanted buy our

GUARANTEED MORTGAGES

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. **$9,000,000**
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

Buy Thrift Stamps

The "Ribbon" Sweater

A New Idea

Just 1,000 yards of Baby Ribbon worked in hand-crochet stitch—and the result, a most effective weater.

See the "sample" model in our Ribbon Department.

Lex. Ave. Level.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
BloomingdaleS
59th to 60th St., Lexington to 3d Ave.

TWO IMPORTANT UNRESTRICTED SALES

AMERICAN ART GALLERIES
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH — NEW YORK CITY

ON FREE VIEW
9 A. M. UNTIL 6 P. M.

LAST PAINTING SALE OF THE SEASON
THURSDAY AND FRIDAY EVENINGS
OF THIS WEEK at 8:15.
In the Grand Ballroom of the Plaza Hotel
Fifth Ave., 58th to 59th St.
(Admission by card to be had free of the Managers.)

An Important Collection of
Valuable Paintings
INCLUDING FINE EXAMPLES OF THE
Barbizon, Contemporary and American Masters
TO BE SOLD FOR ACCOUNT OF THE ESTATES OF THE LATE
Mr. Oliver Hoyt,
Mrs. Ada de Bocande and
Mr. J. Dunbar Wright
of New York
Mrs. Mary L. McMillan
(Widow of United States Senator James McMillan, of Detroit, and Washington, D. C.)
Miss Mary E. Garrett
of Baltimore
SEVERAL OTHER ESTATES
Mr. Joseph Wallach and
OTHER PRIVATE OWNERS

*** Illustrated Catalogue Mailed on Receipt of One Dollar.

—AND—

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY AFTERNOONS
OF THIS WEEK at 2:30

Costly Furnishings and Embellishments
REMOVED FROM A
Commodious New York City Mansion
Consisting of
ANTIQUE CHIPPENDALE, SHERATON, HEPPELWHITE & OTHER ENGLISH FURNITURE
HANDSOME MODERN REPRODUCTIONS
FINE OLD AUBUSSON AND FLEMISH TAPESTRIES
and Numerous Other
ANTIQUE AND MODERN OBJECTS OF HOUSEHOLD EMBELLISHMENT & UTILITY
Including Many Pieces
DESIRABLE
FOR COUNTRY HOMES

*** Catalogue mailed on receipt of One Dollar.

The Sales Will Be Conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY and Mr. Otto Bernet, his assistant.
American Art Association, Managers
2, 4 and 6 East 23d St., Madison Sq. So.

Phones: N. Y. Melrose 2282 " 2283 — Brooklyn Bedford 9400 " 9501 " 10350

Freight Transportation
Local and Long Distance Heavy Hauling by Motor Trucks.

Storage
Space on waterfront within Free Lighterage Limits near All Freight Yards.
Room for 100 CARLOADS.

CALLAN BROTHERS, Inc.
Trucking Contractors.
134th-135th St. & Mott Haven Canal.

EXPECTS NEW BLOWS ON WESTERN FRONT

War Department Thinks Germans Are Determined to Force a Decision.

RUSSIANS LOSE IRKUTSK

20,000 Teutons Reported to Have Seized the Important Strategic Centre in Siberia.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—In its weekly review of the war, issued today, the War Department says:

"The period under review has naturally been one of anxiety for the Allies. Under the pressure exerted by the enemy, who has put into action picked units, long and carefully trained in mobile warfare for the particular tasks they were to undertake, the British have been compelled to give ground.

"Field Marshal Haig in the face of grave difficulties has been able to maintain his basic order of battle, at the same time withdrawing his troops to more secure positions.

"In spite of the successes gained, the large area of terrain overrun and the great number of prisoners and war material captured, the enemy has been unable to force a decision.

"Though the Allies have been compelled to retire and the enemy has occupied some points of primary strategic importance, as long as the allied armies are able to manoeuvre with the consistent unity and flexibility which they have shown during the engagements of the last week, so long will victory elude the enemy.

"However, as the German higher command has staked its fortunes on the success of the Spring campaign of 1918, and is apparently determined to force a decision or prove to its own satisfaction that it is unable to do so, we must be prepared, in case of his failure to obtain major results in the present theatre of operations, that he will attempt further offensive assaults in adjacent areas.

"Our own resources have been placed unreservedly at the disposal of the Allies, and our divisions will be used if and when needed. Our troops are taking their places in other parts of the line, thus relieving veteran French units for emergency service.

"Such of our troops as have received a sufficient amount of training will cooperate with the latter, and in so far as they are able will assume a share of the great burden now so valiantly borne by the French and British armies.

"From Italy information reaches us that fresh Austrian divisions are arriving along the Italian front, coming from Rumania, and important troop movements are taking place in the Val Sugana. Renewed activity along the entire front is recorded, and the Austrians were able to conduct a successful operation in the Frenzela Valley.

"In the eastern theatre the Germans are continuing their advance in the Ukraine. A number of engagements are reported in which Austrian forces were driven back. In Siberia, the important strategic centre, Irkutsk, has fallen into the hands of the enemy, and a hostile detachment, believed to number 20,000, is in full possession of the town.

"Turkish units under German leadership are believed to be advancing in the vicinity of Teheran. This must be taken into consideration owing to the possibility of the enemy executing a flanking movement against the British operating in Mesopotamia."

ITALIAN COMMAND SEES SIGNS OF NEW DRIVE

Expects Thrusts at Brescia and Verona and Attempt to Turn Piave Line.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Information reaches Italian circles in Washington that the Italian high command is expecting the early opening of a big offensive against the Italian front. From what can be ascertained here, it appears to be the Italian staff's expectation that this offensive will branch out around both sides of Lake Garda, the western movement being aimed at Brescia and the eastern movement having Verona as its ultimate object. If the Italian command is correct in this assumption, it may be the purpose of the Central Powers in the expected new offensive to drive in the Italian armies which now protect Lombardy, and also turn the left flank of the Italian army defending the long line from the lower Piave to the mountains. Italian military men here feel that the Italian front is part of the western front, and that it should be considered as one full of latent possibilities.

It is asserted that if the Central Powers were able to make a successful drive on Brescia they would strike a hard blow at the industrial areas of Northern Italy and render it difficult, if not impossible, for the Italians to continue their present manufacture of munitions in Lombardy and Piedmont.

Italy is represented in the Interallied War Council, and it is believed that the Entente military leaders are fully alive to the possibilities of an offensive on the Italian front.

Wheat Price in Conference.

WASHINGTON, April 1. — Senate amendments to the Agricultural Appropriation bill, including the provision for increasing the Government wheat price guarantee to $2.50, were disagreed to by the House today, and the measure went to conference. A separate vote will be demanded in conference on th wheat price.

MERCHANTS TO PUSH NEW LIBERTY LOAN

Every Department Store in City Will Have Booths to Take Subscriptions.

PLAN WIDE ADVERTISING

Rabbinate of New York Joins in National Appeal—Mass Meeting of Loan Workers.

The department stores of the city have mapped out plans for their participation in the Liberty Loan campaign that is to be started Saturday. It will be their aim to reach every patron, and various means will be employed to attain that result. Booths will be installed in every store, signs and posters will be displayed in all conspicuous places of their establishments, and Liberty Loan literature will be inclosed in parcels. In addition, the stores will mail out circulars to their charge customers. At a meeting held yesterday at the offices of the Retail Dry Goods Association, 21 West Thirty-eighth Street, the department store representatives announced that they would contribute thousands of lines of newspaper advertising to the Liberty Loan, and that a considerable amount of newspaper space would be placed at the disposal of the Liberty Loan Committee.

The Chairman of the Department Store Division of the Liberty Loan is Louis Stewart of James McCreery & Co., the Vice Chairman is S. F. Rothschild of Abraham & Straus of Brooklyn, and the Secretary is Lauren Carroll. The other members are: Samuel J. Bloomingdale of Bloomingdale Brothers, Clarkson Cowl of James A. Hearn & Son, Michael Friedsam of B. Altman & Co., Bernard F. Gimbel of Gimbel Brothers, E. V. H. Koch of H. C. F. Koch & Co., Edgar A. Baum of A. I. Namm & Son, Brooklyn; Isaac Levy of Oppenheim, Collins & Co., Samuel W. Reyburn of Lord & Taylor, Horace Saks of Saks & Co., Butler Sheldon of John Wanamaker Company, Franklin Simon of Franklin Simon & Co., Louis Stern of Stern Brothers, Jesse L. Straus of R. H. Macy & Co., H. A. Weatherbee of Arnold, Constable & Co., James M. Speers of James McCutcheon & Co., Hubert T. Parson of F. W. Woolworth Company, Alexander New of the Mercantile Stores Corporation, Herman Lubet of J. S. Bailey & Co., Brooklyn; Louis Stewart, Jr., of James McCreery & Co.; William G. Cooper of Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, and Albert L. Levi and H. M. Wykes of The Berlin Store, Brooklyn.

The Committee on Advertising consists of Samuel W. Reyburn, Jesse L. Strauss, Franklin Simon, and Butler Sheldon.

Following the meeting of the Rabbinate of New York at the Central Jewish Institute on Sunday, a committee of the leading rabbis sent a message yesterday to every rabbi in the United States, reformed and orthodox, asking that from their pulpits, either on Thursday, the last day of Passover, or on the coming Saturday, the first day of the Liberty Loan campaign, they appeal to their congregations for united support for the war loan.

The American Defense Society sent out a letter yesterday to its 300 Vigilance Corps throughout the country calling upon them to co-operate in every possible way with the Liberty Loan Committees of their respective localities. "It is America's part," said President Hurd in his message, "to replace Russia's 8,000,000 men and put her weight on the scale until the enemy is wholly vanquished."

A mass meeting of Liberty Loan workers will be held at Carnegie Hall tomorrow evening, when addresses will be made by Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank; Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., and George Wharton Pepper of the Philadelphia bar. The Four-Minute Men, who will attend the meeting in a body, have been asked to assemble at their headquarters, 53 East Forty-fourth Street, at 7:15 P. M., and will march from there to the hall.

Colonel Roosevelt will be the host of Liberty Loan workers at his home in Oyster Bay this afternoon. The delegation will leave the Long Island section of the Pennsylvania Station at 2:50 P. M. by special train.

ATLANTIC CITY FIRE CAUSES $350,000 LOSS

Six Buildings in Heart of Business Section Destroyed—Explosions Add to Hazard.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 1.—An early morning fire today destroyed six three-story building in the heart of the business zone on the south side of Atlantic Avenue, between Tennessee and South Carolina Avenues, back to Central Avenue. The loss is estimated at $350,000, with insurance of $125,000.

Fanned by a strong wind the fire raged four hours. It started, it is believed by spontaneous combustion in the Oliver H. Guttridge Building, 1,326 Atlantic Avenue, which is occupied by a hardware company. The structure was heavily stocked with oils, paints, and varnishes. The blaze smouldered for probably fifteen minutes when two turpentine tanks exploded and the outbreak became serious.

GERMAN FLIER BROUGHT DOWN IN OUR LINES

Sought to Destroy Observation Balloon, Blamed for the Accuracy of American Shelling.

Copyright, 1918, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

From a Staff Correspondent.

CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCE IN FRANCE, April 1:—American Signal Corps officers are congratulating themselves on the bringing down of a German aviator, out to destroy the one observation balloon back of our lines. The Boche had circled around behind the balloon station and was on his way toward it when a French aviator circled above him and fired bullets into his petrol tank, forcing a landing.

The pilot was captured. He had written instructions to destroy the balloon at all costs. He said the Germans blamed the balloon observers for the accuracy of the American artillery fire recently.

MUST WIN, SAYS PRESIDENT.

Tells Methodists He Has Not Changed Attitude on War.

President Wilson has not changed his attitude concerning a negotiated peace with the Central Powers, as expressed in his Flag Day address, his reply to Pope Benedict, and his message to Congress on the declaration of war with Austria, according to a letter he has written to Bishop Theodore S. Henderson of the Methodist Episcopal Church, made public here yesterday by the National War Council of the Church.

Bishop Henderson wrote to the President in behalf of 20,000,000 American Methodists, asking in particular whether his present unwavering purpose was expressed in the following words from his messages: "The German power, a thing without conscience, honor, or capacity for covenanted peace, must be crushed. * * * Our present and immediate task is to win the war, and nothing shall turn us aside until it is accomplished." Here is the President's letter:

"In reply to your letter of March 21, may I not say that you are perfectly safe in using the words which you quote from my messages as expressing my unaltered thought and unbroken purpose? It is always our duty to find out what the expression of a desire for peace from our opponents really means, but unless it means a complete and convincing program of justice upon which a lasting peace can really rest, (and we have had as yet no evidence that it means anything of that kind,) it means nothing."

GERMANY ANXIOUS, BUT DETERMINED

Continued from Page One.

the impression of intense determination in circles that matter that the offensive will be continued, pushed, and persevered in to the very utmost. The popular belief is that it has no more than begun, yet all Germany is ringing once again with talk of "The Day," but the tone is decidedly different from that of 1914. The utterance now comes from strained lips and is pervaded with a monotone of the most intense anxiety.

There can be no doubt that the very greatest anxiety does exist in the Fatherland as to the outcome of the offensive. That feeling is strongly mirrored in German circles in Holland. The Germans appear to be convinced that this is the last desperate throw, and if it does not go well with them, then there will be nothing left but internal disruption.

Germany is putting her all, and it is a gigantic all, into the struggle and there can be no talk of the crisis having yet been reached, let alone passed. One has only to recall her tremendous effort at Verdun to be convinced that she will not call a halt until the last hope has more than gone. Everything goes to point to the correctness of the belief that a tremendous effort will yet be made and that in comparison with what is to come what now has been done will be comparatively unimportant.

All Germany believes that a far greater battle than that of the Marne has yet to be fought out. The higher German command naturally will not consider losses. How great the losses have been up to the present time it is impossible to say, though no one says they are anything but tremendous.

There was talk in Germany to the effect that the German high command was prepared to sacrifice 300,000 men in the offensive and it is probable that that number has been very considerably passed, but that, it is believed, will not cause the army heads to hesitate. Grim stories come from northern belgium of vast numbers of wounded arriving in villages there.

What effect these losses have had is another question being discussed in Germany.

It is taken for granted that it was originally intended to attack on a big front at another section of the western line, probably before or beyond Verdun. Germany has been wondering whether that idea has been abandoned owing to the extent of the losses in men on the front of the present offensive.

"Who can say," remarks the military critic of the Deutsche Tageszeitung, "that a second blow by Hindenburg elsewhere will not strike the enemy down?"

That second blow is certainly expected by the Germans, but then the army command has a habit of getting military critics to say things it merely wishes the enemy to believe, and one comes across such remarks as that just quoted in every article commenting on the situation. The war correspondent of the Deutsche Tageszeitung expects a "new decision on the Paris-Amiens railway line."

However all those things may be, there is no indication from Germany of anything but a determined continuation of a struggle with every man and every method at the disposal of the high command. Germany is not shouting victory yet,; indeed, every paper refers to the great strength still at the disposal of the Allies, and warns the country that the stupendous struggle will not be ended with a few days or weeks of battle, however successful.

This great offensive is always described as a great peace offensive. It requires little imagination to gather what the result will be should it fail, should hope of peace be vain. It is plainly recognized that such an offensive is a thing that cannot happen again.

Even now there are whispers, only whispers, and I report them under the greatest reserve, of some German troops having funked it who hesitated to wade knee deep, as it were, over their dead comrades' bodies. How long the military machine can throw democracy to slaughter is an important point. Certainly not long if the cost continues to be high and the ultimate ends are not achieved.

There is another curious thing about German public opinion these days. That is the deep impression made by the memoranda of Lichnowsky and von Jagow. They have been discussed almost as much as the offensive, and while the offensive has been on the readers of many papers had put before them articles bitterly complaining of German diplomacy before the war and even going as far as can be expected toward the admission that England did not really cause the war after all. Members of the Reichstag lament in the Vossische Zeitung that the German Government was silent in the face of the numerous speeches made by Entente statesmen.

In short, I think I am right in the belief that German public opinion is in such a condition that if the offensive is held up peace will be very near. But as the militarists have all at stake, they will certainly make the most stupendous effort the war has yet seen.

BIG GERMAN TANKS ARE 45 FEET LONG

Reported to Carry 3-Inch Guns and Flame Throwers—Can be Sealed Up in Gas Zone.

OTTAWA, April 1.—A dispatch by the Reuter correspondent from French Headquarters says:

"Although the soldiers believe that enemy tanks did not participate in the first German shock, it is certain that tanks actually took part in the operations, and the failure to see them by the soldiers was because, instead of accompanying the infantry waves, the tanks advanced later with specialist troops to destroy islets of resistance holding out after the German hordes submerged the British main defenses.

"It is known that the enemy has tanks of three classes. The first class consists of repaired captured tanks from the Cambrai battle and tanks manufactured according to the model of the British machine. The second type is a German model, smaller than the British, but swifter, better armed and more heavily armored. The third type is a land cruiser, or large model tank.

"The swift tanks are said to be 26 feet long, 10 feet wide and 11 feet high, weighing ten metric tons. The land cruisers are 45 feet long, 13 feet wide and 13 feet high. The speed of the German tanks varies from four and one-half to nine and one-half miles per hour. The armament is believed to consist of a shortened 77 millimeter (three inch) gun, machine guns, and a flame thrower. The latter is an innovation which must add considerable efficiency to the tank in clearing trenches, owing to the capacity of the tanks to carry reserves of combustile liquid.

"It is understood that the Germans have introduced a number of improvements, including heavier protection against shells and a device enabling the crew to close the tank hermetically when traversing an area of gas.

"German tanks are commanded by Majors. The officers are volunteers, and the men motor specialists, gunners, and machine gunners.

"In attacks the tanks are designed to advance behind the second or third wave of infantry, while detachments of infantry cover their flanks."

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, March 30th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 18.29 cents per pound.—Advt.

Prejudice makes an otherwise sensible man drink a doubtful and variable mixture when he might enjoy the perfect blending and selected liquors of

Club Cocktails

J. M. Gidding & Co.
384-386 and 388 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

Direct attention to a selected group of particularly advantageous values in Smart

COATS AND CAPES
(For women and misses)
at
$45 to $75

Of high quality materials with attractive linings—distinctly well tailored and designed with that pronounced "chic" typical of Gidding apparel.

Best & Co.
Fifth Avenue and 35th Street.
Established 1879

Young Men's Coats, 21.50
Sizes 32 to 42

A collection of smart coats for all occasions, comprising Spring coats, top coats and coats for rain or shine.

All of them of beautiful woolen fabrics. They are of distinctive style and of the regular Best & Co. high standard of tailoring.

Also Young Men's suits in a good variety of homespun, English and Scotch tweed effects, Velour flannel designs in gray and brown mixtures, at 21.50

You Never Pay More at Best's

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

A Charming Satin

Breakfast Coat
For Women and Misses
10.00

TAILORED simplicity individualizes the new model breakfast coat (*illustrated;*) made of rich, lustrous, excellent quality satin, in lovely shades of pink, light blue, rose, lavender or peach.

Distinctly new lines add attractiveness to this loosely belted model with rows of shirring accentuating the long-waist effect; pendant ball ornaments of material and self cordings used.

Women's Negligee Shop
Balcony Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Note the Artistic Parisian Designing of this Hand-made

French Lingerie Waist
For Women and Misses
13.75

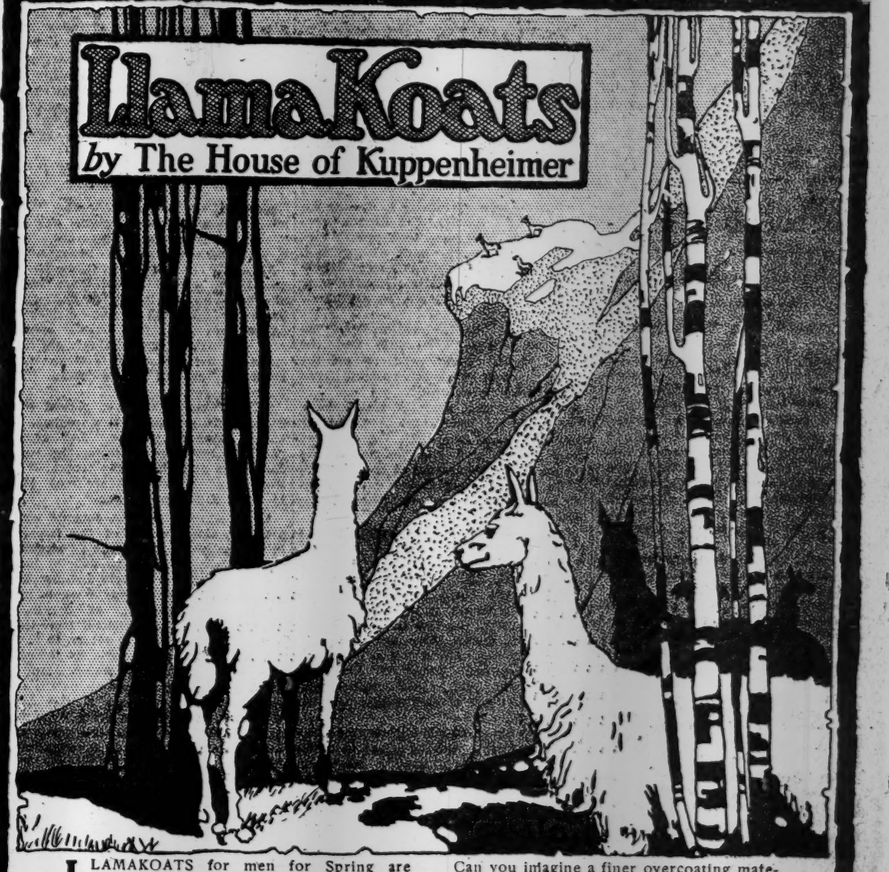
THE dainty waist *illustrated,* of sheer white French batiste, typifies Paris in every detail. The gracefulness of line, the effective arrangement of Val. lace, embroidered floral sprays and hand embroidered scallops on collar and cuffs are characteristic examples of Parisian needlework.

Women's Waist Shop
Third Floor

LARGE MUSHROOM HAT, *illustrated,* of cater-pillar straw and taffeta silk, wreath of flowers veiled with maline. 10.00

Trimmed Millinery Shop—*Main Floor*

Llama Koats
by The House of Kuppenheimer



LLAMAKOATS for men for Spring are made from the fleece of the Llama—a camel-like animal found only in the Andes Mountains of South America.

To protect the Llama from the cold winds and snow, nature provides it with an abundant coat of fawn-colored fleece, very thick and soft and from eight to ten inches long.

Can you imagine a finer overcoating material for man, for Spring, than that with which nature has furnished the hardy Llama? A most practical warmth-without-weight overcoating introduced by the House of Kuppenheimer, and already one of the most dominant and smartest novelties of the season.

In twelve colors—Caps to match.

Brill Brothers

THE KUPPENHEIMER HOUSE IN NEW YORK
44 East 14th St. — Broadway at 49th St. — 47 Cortlandt St. — 279 Broadway
1456 B'way at 42d St. — 125th St. at 3d Ave. — 2 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn
COME IN OR WRITE FOR LLAMA COAT BOOKLET AND NEW SPRING STYLE BOOK

TAKE OVER CONTENTS OF SEIZED VESSELS

Equipment and Cargoes of Dutch Ships Included by President in Commandeering.

EXECUTIVE ORDER ISSUED

Ends Talk of Any Change in Government's Attitude—No Threat Seen in Dutch Protest.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—That there will be no change in the determination of the United States Government to retain control of the commandeered Dutch shipping and use it to the full in meeting the military needs of the allied nations was made positive today by the publication of an Executive Order, prepared by President Wilson, authorizing the Navy Department to take possession of all equipment and cargoes on the seized vessels.

The owners are to be compensated by the United States Shipping Board for all materials seized. No restriction is placed by the President upon the use to which the requisitioned property shall be put.

The publication of the official protest of the Netherlands Government was read here today by Government officials with the deepest interest, but it is definitely established that there will be no change in the attitude of the United States Government. There is no thought here that Holland, as a result of the requisitioning of the ships, will go to war with the American Government or its allies. A protest along the lines of that published was not unexpected, as it was generally understood that Holland, as a neutral nation, would go on record against the use of her tonnage in fighting Germany.

The Official Text.

Here is the President's Executive Order:

EXECUTIVE ORDER.

In pursuance of the authority conferred upon the President of the United States by the act approved June 15, 1917, entitled, "An Act Making Appropriations to Supply Urgent Deficiencies for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 1917, and for Other Purposes," the Secretary of the Navy is hereby authorized and directed to take over, on behalf of the United States, possession of all tackle, apparel, furniture, and equipment, and all stores, including bunker fuel, aboard each of the vessels of Netherland registry now lying within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States, possession of which was taken in accordance with the proclamation of the President of the United States promulgated March 20, 1918; and in every instance in which such possession has heretofore been taken of such tackle, apparel, furniture, equipment, and stores, such taking is hereby adopted and made of the same force and effect as if it had been made subsequent to the signing of this executive order.

The United States Shipping Board shall make to the owners of any tackle, apparel, furniture, equipment, and stores taken under the authority of this order full compensation, in accordance with the principles of international law.

WOODROW WILSON.

The White House, March 28, 1918.

The State Department received today from Minister Garrett at The Hague a copy of the declaration of the Netherlands Government relating to the seizure by the United States of Dutch tonnage in American waters. Mr. Garrett said the document was presented to him by the Netherlands Government for his information and contained what would be published in the Official Gazette. The impression was conveyed that the protest was not made in the usual diplomatic manner—by presenting it to this Government as such.

Secretary Lansing declined to comment on the protest, saying he desired to study it word for word. The impression was not gathered anywhere, however, that the protest would in the slightest influence the course this country was pursuing.

No Open Threat Detected.

Neither at the Dutch nor any other diplomatic establishment was it thought that the protest contained any open threat; rather it was taken to constitute an expression of Holland's attitude because of the action taken by the United States and to put her on record as holding that the action was contrary to international law.

From statements previously made by an Entente Ambassador here it was believed that the Netherlands Government would receive, upon making the request, guarantees of safe passage for the ships it might designate to come to this country for the 100,000 tons of grain promised.

It is understood that the United States and Great Britain both stand ready to furnish the guarantees, but it is still a question whether Germany will grant Dutch vessels immunity from submarine attack, even when dispatched for foodstuffs for home consumption. In consideration, however, of the fact that the supplying of Holland with certain commodities will enable that country to release others for exportation, it was considered likely that Germany would permit the sailings.

It is not known whether this Government has decided to arm the Dutch merchant shipping taken over, but it is believed that it will be devoted to everywar use, and that in order better to protect it and its possible freight of war supplies and troops, every measure will be taken assuring such protection, including the furnishing of armed guards.

INQUIRY TO FIND OUT IF DR. BUENZ IS REALLY ILL.

Government Skeptical as to Seriousness of Convicted Plotter's Condition.

Is Dr. Karl Buenz, ex-German Minister to Mexico, at one time German Consul General in New York, and when the United States declared war on Germany the chief official of the Hamburg-American Line in the United States, as ill as he is reported to be? This is a question that the Federal Government wants answered, and steps to get the answer have been taken. More than two years ago Buenz was convicted of having entered into a conspiracy with other German subjects, some of whom are now in the penitentiary, to make the Port of New York a supply base for German commerce raiders which at that time were in the Atlantic.

Dr. Buenz is now the only person living in the German Club at 112 Central Park South. All the other members who made their home there moved out about ten days ago when Federal agents invaded the place and looked over certain data belonging to some of the permanent guests. The German Club was Boy-Ed's home when he was in New York, and was also the headquarters of Captain von Papen, who was Boy-Ed's chief colleague in the German plot system. Other well-known enemy subjects, who are now interned, who made the German Club their home, included Adolph Pavenstedt, the friend of Bernstorff, and Hugo Schmidt, the agent of the Deutsche Bank.

When Buenz, along with several other Germans, was convicted in 1915, he pleaded severe illness, and seven doctors are said to have certified to the Government that in the event he was taken to Atlanta to serve his sentence of eighteen months the railroad journey would probably cause his death. Recently the Circuit Court of Appeals rendered a decision upholding the conviction and all of the conspirators except Buenz were taken to Atlanta. He remained at liberty in New York in $25,000 bail because of his illness.

It was said yesterday, however, by a high official of the Government that Buenz has lately been spending much of his time automobiling around New York, and the Government is now to determine for a second time whether to send him to Atlanta to serve his sentence the same as the other Germans, who were his underlings in the supply base plot.

"Atlanta is one of the healthiest cities in the United States," said a Federal official yesterday, "and there is a fine hospital operated in connection with the prison. The city is high in the air and is one of the health resorts of the South. If Buenz is taken to Atlanta there is no reason why he cannot be made comfortable in the prison hospital. It certainly will be much pleasanter for him in the Summer time than to spend the hot months in New York."

The funeral of Mme. Despina Davidovitch Storch, who was believed to have been the leader of a band of clever German spies, and who died on Ellis Island last Saturday, was held yesterday afternoon at 14 East Thirty-ninth Street. The funeral arrangements were made by the parents of Baron de Beville, the young Frenchman who was Mme. Storch's companion, and who was arrested as one of those suspected of being concerned in her activities in behalf of the enemy. De Beville, Count de Clairmont, and Mme. Charlotte Nix, a German woman, are waiting deportation to France on a warrant issued by President Wilson.

The services lasted only five minutes. Baron de Beville was present, in custody of a Secret Service agent. A small crowd of curious persons gathered in the street outside the funeral chapel. The body was buried in Mount Olivet Cemetery.

Count de Clairmont, one of the dead woman's intimates, is seriously ill in his apartments in East Fifty-eighth Street, and it was said yesterday that Mme. Nix, the German member of the band, is also ill. She is on Ellis Island waiting deportation.

The nature of the illness of Mme. Nix was not disclosed yesterday. The fact that she is the third of the four members of the band to be taken ill caused some talk in Federal circles, and it is understood that Marine Hospital surgeons went to Ellis Island last night to investigate. The authorities stated again yesterday that there was no ground for the report that Mme. Storch was a suicide. Pneumonia, contracted on Ellis Island, was the cause of death given in the burial certificate.

$3,000,000 WAGE RISE BY STANDARD OIL

Continued from Page One.

played patriotic songs and officers and men sang them fervently.

C. J. Hicks, executive assistant to the Chairman of the board, laid before the diners, who included two women delegates, the plan for annuities and benefits, and announced that the company proposed to make arrangements with the Equitable Life Assurance Society whereby all employes, after one year's service, without cost to themselves, shall be given an individual life insurance policy. One year's service carries a death benefit equal to three months' full pay; two years' service, five months' full pay, and so on progressively, until five years and over carries the equivalent of twelve months' full pay, with a minimum of $500, and a maximum of $2,000. A feature of the plan is that these policies do not necessarily lapse when an employe leaves the service. The former employe can continue the policy himself by paying the required premiums, without the need of undergoing further medical examination.

Annuities are planned on the basis of a regular allowance of 2 per cent. of salary for each year of service for all employes at the age of 65 years, after twenty years' service, with a minimum of $300 per annum and a maximum of 75 per cent. of salary. Special provisions are made for employes less than 65 years of age, retired after twenty and twenty-five years of service. Accident disability is covered by the provisions of the State workmen's compensation law, while in cases of sickness employes of one year's service and over are to receive for disability of more than seven days half pay for periods ranging from six weeks to a year, depending upon length of service.

To Examine All Applicants.

A feature of the duties of the employment department is the proposed medical examination of all applicants in order to determine that a man is in fit condition and is not assigned to a job to which he may be unequal. Emphasis was laid on the point that "no discrimination is to be made on account of membership or nonmembership in any church, society, or fraternity or union."

Mr. Hicks then detailed proposed regulations governing the discharge of employes, aimed to insure every man a feeling of full security in his job. A definite list of offenses was agreed to for which alone a man shall be subject to summary dismissal. Those included obvious violations of law, such as fighting, carrying concealed weapons, drunkenness, stealing, and violation of safety rules. For offenses other than those listed no employe is to be discharged without having been notified that a repetition of the offense would make him liable to dismissal. It was made plain that any employe who felt he had been unjustly treated, or subjected to unfair conditions had the right of appeal either in person or through his selected representative to the general superintndent, and on up to the higher officials of the company.

Mr. Hicks explained in detail the plans for sanitary improvement inside the Bayonne, Bayway and Eage plants and the Bayonne housing improvement plan which is being worked out by the Bayonne Chamber of Commerce in conjunction with representatives of the Standard and other large plants in that city. W. C. Tagle, President of the company, devoted his address to the workers largely to a discussion of the company's participation in the war. In part he said:

"There are two outstanding points in the policy of the company in this respect. First, fair treatment and fair working conditions. The company is proud of its record in these matters. We hope that this meeting tonight will strengthen the confidence of all employes in the company's sincerity and good faith. Our company was one of the first of the larger industrial corporations to voluntarily adopt the eight-hour day, paying for the eight-hour day the same wage as was previously paid for twelve and nine-hour days.

"Second—The policy of the company has been that welfare work is not regarded in any sense as a substitute for fair wages. I cannot emphasize this too strongly. The company stands for paying its employes as high wages or a little higher than is paid by other employers of labor in the same localities. In establishing such comparisons it should be borne in mind that nearly all our employes have steady work, and therefore uninterrupted incomes, and the company is constantly striving to extend this policy.

A. C. Bedford, Chairman of the Board of Directors, told the gathering of the elaborate organization of the company for war work and pointed out that the time had come when the politician and the executive must work together, and that capital and labor, likewise, must join hands, the final responsibility for the maximum war-time production falling upon the shoulders of the individual workers.

"I have no doubt whatever of the loyalty of our workers," he concluded. "I know that they are willing to do their full duty and that not because they are guided by a selfish spirit of personal gain, but because they are inspired with a patriotic desire to do their full share for the good of their country."

The Workers' Side.

The first to speak for the workers was Superintendent Kohler of the Bayonne refinery, who said:

"The newspapers have seen fit to call this John D. Rockefeller's 'New Republic in the Oil Business.' While that is well enough, I think it might be called the 'Introduction of Industrial Democracy in the Oil Business,' founded on humanitarian principles.

"There is no possibility of getting close co-operation and the best harmonious dealing in business unless the man above works shoulder to shoulder with the man below, but the men above are not the only ones who are under obligations. The workingmen, each and every one, must do their full duty for the many things the company has done. I want to say a few words for the men from Bayonne, who in the past have been made to suffer for the sins of their fathers. I want you to see these men as I have found them. Never in the history of the company has any body of men been more faithful, more honest, than those on the pay rolls of the Bayonne contingent.

Others who spoke for the employes were Joseph A. McDevitt, John Stephens, and J. McCoy. After the dinner, Mr. McDevitt, a stillman, said to reporters that while the employes had not yet grasped the full significance of all the company had done, he felt certain they were immensely pleased and would meet their employers more than half way. He predicted that labor troubles in the company would be reduced to a minimum if not eliminated altogether.

Stewart & Co.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

5TH AVENUE AT 37TH STREET

CORRECTION.

In Stewart & Company's advertisement in the Rotogravure-Picture Section of The New York Times of Sunday, March 31, through transposition of style numbers,

"Slipover Blouse No. 305-A"—for which the correct price is $10.00—was incorrectly illustrated as "Slipover Blouse No. 304-A"—for which the correct price is $2.00

"Slipover Blouse No. 304-A"—for which the correct price is $2.00—was incorrectly illustrated as "Slipover Blouse No. 305-A"—for which the correct price is $10.00.

Saks-Made Apparel for Chauffeurs

¶ Saks garments for chauffeurs are the exclusive product of our own staff of specialists, and differ entirely from any other motor livery sold in New York.

¶ Our models for Spring are so individual, so skilfully designed and tailored, that they will add materially to the appearance of any car.

No Garments for Chauffeurs Give Better Service Than Those with the Saks Label—none are nearly as well tailored

Ask the Man Who Bought One

Suits $19.50 to $50

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street

For Spring— Low Shoes Are Ready

The coolness around the ankles, and the loose freedom about the feet—these are the essentials of shoe comfort in the spring and summertime.

We have a complete line of Supremacy Oxfords in all the newest styles and shades, and well worth your careful consideration.

SUPREMACY REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.

Oxfords for Men

At $7.49

In cordovan, dark tan Russia Calf and Gun Metal Calf, with medium toes, blind eyelets and Goodyear Welted Soles.

At $6.94

In black Vici Kid, with medium toes, blind eyelets and Goodyear Welted Soles.

Supremacy Oxfords are made according to our exacting specifications which call for correct style, dependable materials and first class workmanship. Oxfords of this quality would cost you much more elsewhere.

Main Floor Balcony, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.

HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Why Go Down Town?

The Best Bicycles Made Can Be Bought Right in Harlem at the Lowest Prices—For Example

FAIRY

Single Bar Bicycle, complete with coaster brake, mudguards, tools. Popular colors. Guaranteed. $23.98

FLYER

Double Bar Bicycle, coaster brake, mudguards, stand and tools. Popular colors. Guaranteed. $27.98

IVER-JOHNSON

Bicycles for every one in the family. Junior Sizes. Senior Sizes. $22.50 to $30. $37.50 to $55.

With This Ad., Special Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, we will give a Bell and Pump free with every Bicycle purchased.

The House of Service

I. Davega, Jr. Inc

125 West 125th Street

(Same Number as the Street)

OPEN EVERY EVENING

Paris Best & Co. London

Fifth Avenue and 35th Street

Established 1879.

Shop for the Little Folks at Best's Moderate Prices

Two New Top Coats

The Liliputian Bazaar specializes in practical top coats that have smart lines and give long season of service.

THE TOP COAT PICTURED HERE comes in navy blue or sand granite cloth. The straight model is graceful, equally becoming for every day or dress. Collar of white pique. Fastenings of white pearl buttons.

Sizes 1 to 3 yrs. 8.75

A DAINTY NEW EMPIRE MODEL especially Springlike and charming is of fine navy blue serge with hand-embroidered collars and cuffs of white pique and white pearl button fastenings.

Sizes 1 to 3 yrs. 13.50

Here are the New Sweaters

Note how smart and dainty they are!

One is a slip-over model with a sailor collar—of fine Shetland wool in nile, salmon, white and turquoise. *2 to 6 yrs.* 3.85

A new fibre silk sweater made in coat style, charming for summer dresses,—comes in peach, khaki, copen and a lighter shade of blue. *2 to 6 yrs.* 3.95

A new coat style sweater of fibre silk is most practical for every day and play. Coral, khaki, copen and turquoise. *2 to 6 yrs.* 4.25

Mixture Reefers for Boys

2 to 10 years

It is natural that it is becoming second nature to New Yorkers to come to Best & Co. for reefers.

For years, parents have known that they can come here and find hundreds of garments to choose from and garments of the finest making as well as the finest materials.

The very best of imported and domestic fabrics and all that faultless tailoring can give them.

Mixtures are especially good this year. The assortment of English and Scotch fabrics, homespuns, and tweeds and the needed effects will be found most satisfying.

Usual Best Manufacturer's prices.

Best & Co. *makes* the reefers and Best & Co. *sells* them.

10.50 13.50

Very Special Knitted Cotton Nightdrawers *Summer Weight*

Shown as in cut, with or without feet; of fine, soft knitted cotton.

Years.	*Heretofore*	
2 and 4,	*1.50 and 1.60*	1.25
6 and 8,	*1.70 and 1.80*	1.50

A New Assortment of *Dainty Dresses*

Sizes 1 to 3

We picture one of the new dainty dresses, typical of the charming attractiveness of the whole new group.

White voile with a very deep hem, saddle pockets, wide collar, and smocking and embroidery in two tones of rose, blue, or gold. A modified Mother Hubbard style which buttons up the front, 3.25

Have You Seen the Window?

The window on 35th Street with the Florentine medallions of the Della Robbia Bambino?

Devotees to art as well as admirers of beautiful baby clothes should stop a moment and admire.

The Della Robbia Bambino is featured on the cover of the new Best Baby Catalogue, "Baby World 1918," which is now being issued in the Liliputian Bazaar, and is a fine 34 page book containing all that is new and desirable for little folks, from the layette to the play days of the three year old.

Greeley 1234

Why Does the Baby Fall Down?

Many times it is because of the wrong shoes on little feet. There are many different types of baby feet as there are baby faces, and each little pair of feet should be fitted individually.

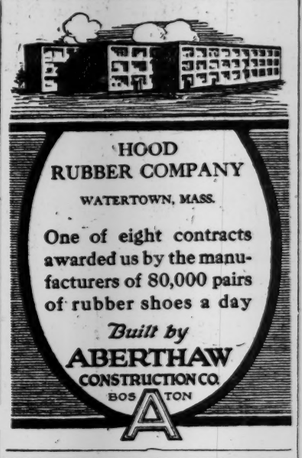
There is a Shoe Specialist on the Fourth Floor who has diagnosed many cases of stumbling, many cases of falling, many cases of weak ankles, bow-legs and knock-knees, and HE HAS CORRECTED THEM.

Many are the normal baby feet that he keeps right!

Why not bring your Baby in and make sure that the little feet are starting right? It is all a matter of *balance* and of the *correct last.*

4th Floor

You Never Pay More at Best's



Because he saw so clearly, he writes so truly.

A JOURNAL FROM

OUR LEGATION IN BELGIUM

By Hugh Gibson, First Secy. of Legation

Net, $2.50

DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & CO.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Daylight Saving Gives Plenty of Time For Golf

Old Sol will be smiling for hours after you leave the office—glad that you can take advantage of his light for an after-business foursome. Be sure of your game by getting into a suit that is built for golfing. We suggest one of our

Men's Golf Suits at $24.75

Smart looking garments, tailored to give all the arm-action and freedom a man needs for a good drive. Choice of Patch Pocket Model with stitched-on belt or Norfolk with pleated front and belt all around. Well tailored of tweeds or homespun mixtures in gray, green, tan or brown. With knickers or long trousers, as you prefer.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front.

Men's Imported Golf Hose $2.49

All wool, medium weight, fancy roll tops. Colors: Oxford, heather, dark gray, brown or green mixtures. Sizes 10, 10½, 11.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Centre.

Golf Stuff

Everything you need for a good game—equipment of the dependable sort at prices less than elsewhere.

Slazenger Drivers and Brassies,	$2.79
Irons,	$2.59
Thistle Wood and Iron Clubs,	$1.49
Burke Ivory - Faced Drivers,	$4.96
Golf Bags: of Leather,	$17.74 and $19.89
Of Canvas,	$1.19 to $10.49

SPECIAL

Golf Balls, $4.49 Doz.

We still have some of the imported sinkers and floaters we secured at savings which we in turn offer to you. Good quality. Dozen lots only.

We also have a complete line of golf balls, gloves, tees, and other golfing accessories—all at "Lowest-in-the-City" prices.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Centre

Golf Trunks at $12.74

Just the thing to keep your equipment together—and for transporting it to the country club when the season opens. Of three-ply basswood, fibre covered, with brassed corners and three combination bolt locks. Handle on top. Size 49x 8x10 inches.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Rear.

Shop on a Blue Transfer

That's the efficient way — the time saving way. Ask any salesperson for a Blue Transfer. Then go from section to section. After your last purchase call at the superintendent's desk, Main Floor, pay for all your purchases at one time, and receive them all in one package. Try it the next time you shop.

GLOATING GERMANS ARRESTED IN A RAID

Government Agents Swoop Down on 40 Who Were Celebrating Drive of German Army.

LINED UP AGAINST A WALL

Eleven Who Were Drinking Success to the Kaiser Had No Registration Cards.

For the last ten days agents of the Naval Intelligence Service have been quietly investigating several German restaurants in this city which are known to be the haunts of enemy aliens and other persons whose sympathies in the war are with the Central Powers. When the great German drive began ten days ago and the news from overseas showed that the Teutonic hordes were pressing forward these enemy subjects and their sympathizers became more brazen in their expressions of sympathy and admiration for the Kaiser. They gathered in small groups in their favorite German eating and drinking places, gloated publicly over what they thought was the rout of the allied armies, drank the health of the Kaiser, Hindenburg, and other Prussian leaders, and when the wine flowed freely sang lustily the war songs of Germany and Austria.

For the first few days the Government agents watched these places and took notes. They worked on the theory that if they got "plenty of rope" the merry-makers would disclose themselves in their true colors, and this theory proved correct. The result is that the Secret Service is today in possession of a list of Germans, Austrians, and Bulgarians who are under surveillance, and the first false move on the part of any of them will result in immediate arrest. Sunday morning a crowd of these anti-American shouters gathered in a German restaurant in East Eighty-fourth Street, not far from Third Avenue.

Four agents of the Naval Intelligence Service who had been ordered to watch the place quietly waited in the immediate neighborhood. At about 2 o'clock in the morning the jollification was at its height. The crowd inside was "hoch-ing" the Kaiser, Hindenburg, von Below, and everybody of importance in Germany. When they were not drinking toasts to the German leaders they were singing the Watch on the Rhine, Deutschland über Alles, and other favorite songs of the German warriors.

It was 2:05 A. M. when four Naval Intelligence men entered the Eighty-fourth Street place. They found forty persons, most of them men, in the room. Everybody was speaking German, and the big beer steins were continually being lifted to the health and success of the Hun hordes.

The four Americans—they were in the uniform of the United States Navy—entered the place quietly. For a moment they stood silhouetted in the door and looking over the enemy aliens who were having such a good time, as good times are understood on the enemy side of the Rhine.

"That'll be about enough," a big athletic sailor in the uniform of a chief petty officer announced in a loud commanding voice.

The Germans were just swinging into the second verse of "The Watch on the Rhine" when the command rang out. The singing instantly stopped and the sailors stepped forward.

"Stand up!" the senior of the American party commanded.

The enemy aliens sullenly obeyed.

"Now march over to that wall, lean against it, and stand at attention until we are through with you," the chief petty officer ordered.

Two or three of the enemy aliens hesitated.

"Get to that wall and get there quick," said a quiet spoken master at arms, and the reluctant ones meekly obeyed.

Forty men were lined up against the wall when the naval agents began the search. Ten of them were unregistered aliens who had failed to comply with the enemy alien regulations promulgated by the President. Two of these were described yesterday as "defiant and cocky" in attitude. They were the first two placed under arrest. Eight other subjects of the Kaiser were arrested immediately afterward. The eleventh man taken into custody was an Austrian who was also defiant.

These eleven, who were the leaders of the celebration, were taken to the Federal Building and turned over to Charles F. De Woody, Chief of the Department of Justice Bureau of Investigation for the New York District. He began an examination of them yesterday morning and they were still being questioned at 6 o'clock yesterday evening. It was said that the Government agents are seeking to ascertain whether there are any active German spies among them and that it will probably be this afternoon before the investigation is concluded. In the meantime the suspects are locked up in the Tombs.

It was reported yesterday a number of other "gloaters," as the Secret Service men call the German and Austrian celebrators, are under arrest, but no information was given out concerning this phase of the case. It was stated that the Government is determined to put an end to these enemy celebrations and any German or German sympathizer detected shouting for the Kaiser or his allies will be promptly arrested.

The eleven men arrested Sunday morning gave their names as Johann Fakler, Philipp Loyh, Albrecht Helfer, Felix Kott, Otto Beere, Georg Deindorfen, Josef Zoltz, Friedrich Baarme, Ernst Wolters, and Joseph Baumenkempff.

Wilhelm C. Bautz, a German subject who has been living in New York for more than thirty years, was brought to the Federal Building yesterday as a result of his failure to register as an enemy alien. His excuse was that he did not consider it necessary to comply with the President's regulations. He was ordered locked up in the Raymond Street Jail, Brooklyn, for twenty days.

BATTLE FOUGHT IN QUEBEC STREETS

Continued from Page One.

soldiers fell in this attack, slightly injured.

After patiently enduring the bombardment of the crowd, the soldiers received orders to fire. A number of shots were sent over the heads of the mob near Jacques Cartier Square.

As the evening advanced a dense fog settled down. The rioters, who had been broken up by the infantry and cavalry, gathered in doorways and fired at random down the streets. The soldiers answered the shots whenever they could find the source, but this method of dealing with the snipers failed to stop the shooting, so machine guns were fired in the direction of the revolver shots.

The soldiers bore their ordeal with great calmness and fortitude. Leroy Johnston of Toronto, shot in the jaw, asked for leave to go on duty again after having his wound dressed, but a doctor sent him to a hospital.

General in Charge.

Major Gen. Lessard arrived here today and took over control of the city by virtue of a special order in council under the War Measures act, which gives him the virtual position of Military Governor. One of his first acts after inspecting the dispositions made by General Landry, the officer previously in command, and receiving editors of local newspapers and out-of-town newspaper men, whom he requested not to exaggerate the circumstances, was to warn Armand Lavergne, the Nationalist leader, and to issue a proclamation forbidding all public assemblies.

Lavergne had called a meeting of the rioters for tonight, and had threatened to lead them himself if the authorities did not recall the military forces which have come here from Ontario and other localities and appoint other officers than the Dominion police to do the work of enforcing the Military Service act. He was promptly put face to face with the problem of calling off his meeting or disobeying the Military Governor's proclamation. He decided to make no address.

It seems to have been established clearly now that the trouble in Quebec has been organized by outsiders. It is an elaborate organization, not the result of local feeling. Who is behind it is not yet plain, but there are hints of the I. W. W. and of German money carefully camouflaged.

It is said that organizers are in town from Montreal, Three Rivers, and St. Hyacinthe. For the last week many new faces have been observed in St. Roch and St. Sauveur. Old Quebec residents watching the rioters of Thursday, Friday, and Saturday nights saw men in the front ranks whom they had never seen before.

Thousands of Troops Arrive.

Martial law has not been proclaimed. This step will not be taken unless there are further dangerous developments. The military are now in sufficient strength to deal with any probable emergency, and the officer in charge, while keeping his arrangements secret for obvious reasons, announces that everything has been done to prevent a recurrence of the riots. The military forces in the city have been strongly reinforced since Friday. While it would be indiscreet to state their exact strength, the number runs into the thousands at present, and fresh troops are still arriving. It is no novelty to see big gray motor trucks loaded with men passing along the streets that lead from the railway stations, the soldiers armed to the teeth and ready for anything. Several units from Ontario have arrived as well as units from Montreal and other places in Quebec.

The feature of the military work so far is the fact that the brunt of it has fallen on French-Canadian draftees, many of them raw recruits, and they have stood the test well. Officers who have been active in suppressing the riots say that the French-Canadian troops have made a splendid record for themselves.

Missiles Strike Soldiers.

Patrols of French-Canadian draftees returned to barracks last night with faces cut by stones and pieces of ice and glass, but with their morale undiminished and big smiles on their faces. Some were bleeding copiously. Throughout it has been the policy to put the French-Canadians in the forefront on the principle that by opposing Ontario men to the French-speaking rioters more bad feeling would be aroused. The Ontario men have for the most part been kept in reserve.

The local damage done throughout the city since the rioting began is estimated at $150,000. This will have to be met by the city through a specially levied assessment.

The Toronto and Western troops sent here to supplement the local forces arrived yesterday afternoon. The Toronto unit consisted of a battalion under the command of Major E. Gooderham Mitchell of the General Staff at Toronto. With the infantry came a section of the Royal Dragoons, which have been stationed at Toronto. The Westerners comprise a corps of engineers voluntarily enlisted from all parts of the prairie provinces. They were moved here yesterday from St. Johns.

The battalion from Toronto was not long in getting into action. When the trouble started last night these men threw out a line, cutting off the upper town, where the disturbances have hitherto taken place, from the lower town, in which reside most of the forces behind the mob faction. The rioters were slowly rounded up and were isolated.

Mayor Lavigueur has sent a reply to Premier Borden, who wired him on Saturday asking for particulars of the alleged lack of tact and discrimination shown by Dominion police in the administration of the Military Service act. In this connection accusations against the police include a charge that in arresting men they have torn up exemption documents when produced. It is also alleged that the police were recruited from the ranks of improper elements.

Firm Policy of Ottawa.

OTTAWA, April 1.—Both Sir Robert Borden, the Premier, and C. J. Doherty, Minister of Justice, gave an absolute denial today to the statement made by Armand Lavergne that he had intervened in the Quebec situation at the instance of the Government. The Premier described Lavergne's statement as "an absolute fabrication," and added that the Government had no dealings with him in regard to the matter.

Mr. Doherty said that the Military Service act, without any irritation over or reference to the happenings in Quebec, would be enforced firmly. The view is held here that such a course is more than ever rendered necessary by what is in effect a defiant challenge to law and authority.

When Parliament reassembles tomorrow the Quebec situation is bound to come up, and doubtless Sir Robert Borden will make a statement as to the measures which the Government has taken. The time may be considered opportune for a discussion over the general enforcement of the Military Service act. Since the session opened there have been murmurings and criticisms over the way things are going and the results which have been attained. The riots in Quebec serve to focus attention on this situation and to make more probable a discussion of the question in Parliament.

PARCELS FOR SOLDIERS HAVE MILITARY LIMIT

Must Now Contain Only Articles Asked for by Men and Approved by Officer.

Postmaster Patten issued a notice yesterday calling the attention of relatives and friends of soldiers and sailors on duty in Europe, to the following postal regulation, which became effective at noon yesterday. The notice reads:

"On and after April 1, 1918, parcels for members and individuals connected with the American expeditionary forces in Europe shall not be accepted for mailing or dispatched unless they contain such articles only as are being sent at the written request of the addressee, approved by his regimental or higher commander or an executive officer of the organization with which he is connected. Postmasters must obtain the assurance of the sender in each case that all the articles contained in the parcel are sent at the addressee's approved written request, and that such request is inclosed in the parcel, by requiring the sender to place on the wrapper of the parcel under his name and address the following indorsement: 'This parcel contains only articles sent at approved request of addressee, which is inclosed.'

"Parcels containing articles not in accordance with such approved written request shall not be accepted for mailing."

WILSON TO SPEAK FOR LOAN

Will Open Drive at Baltimore Saturday and Review 18,000 Troops.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—President Wilson today accepted an invitation to open the Liberty Loan campaign in Baltimore Saturday, the first anniversary of America's entrance into the war. While in Baltimore the President will review 18,000 troops from the national army cantonment at Camp Meade.

The occasion of the address is the Liberty Loan "cantonment" being held at Baltimore to stimulate interest in the loan drive. Secretary Daniels will speak at the "cantonment" tomorrow night. During the next few weeks the speaking list will include other Cabinet officers and diplomatic representatives of the allied Governments.

Menorah Members to Dine Jurists.

A dinner at the Biltmore on Sunday evening to Justice Irving Lehman of the Supreme Court of New York and Judge Julian W. Mack of the United States District Court is planned by officers and members of the Intercollegiate Menorah Association in recognition of the prominent part played by the jurists in advancing the Menorah movement throughout the country until the organization now numbers sixty-two undergraduate societies in the leading universities of the country and eight graduate societies in principal cities. The Dinner Committee consists of George S. Hellman, Sam A. Lewisohn, Joseph M. Proskauer, James N. Rosenberg, Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, Max D. Steuer, Sol M. Stroock, and Louis Wiley.

Jersey Recruits in Camp.

CAMP DIX, N. J., April 1.—The first of the 10,000 New Jersey recruits due at Camp Dix this week began to arrive today on special trains. Most of the men came from South Jersey, Passaic, and Bergen County. No mishaps were reported as to the railroad trips to camp.

ERROR FOUND IN LOAN BILL.

Senate to Correct Exemption of State Banks from Taxation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The bill authorizing the third Liberty Loan was rushed through the House so quickly last week that Section 5 was not perfected. In its present shape, according to the Secretary of the Treasury, State banks are entirely exempted from State taxes, and the bill must be recalled from the Senate or amended in that body to correct the language so as to exempt from State taxation only the Liberty bonds held by State banks. Representative Claude Kitchin, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, has asked the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee to make the necessary correction.

The section which exempts State banks from State taxation, according to Treasury officials, reads:

"In determining the value of shares of any national bank, State bank, trust company, or other banking institution by any State, or any of the possessions of the United States, or any local taxing authority, the par amount of any bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States owned by such bank, trust company, or banking institution shall be deducted from its assets."

It is declared that all Government bonds owned by State banks would be exempt from State taxation under this section. The section will be amended to exempt only those bonds purchased during the war.

The idea of the Secretary of the Treasury is to encourage State banks to buy Liberty bonds and make it certain that such bonds, purchased in the war period, shall be free from State taxation. The section will be amended to make it certain that only these bonds are exempted from State taxation.

Best & Co.

Fifth Avenue and 35th St.
New York

TUESDAY

Important Sale Women's Suits 27.50, 36.50

Sizes 34 to 46

175 suits in the lot.

Every one of the suits is very specially priced.

The assortment consists of a number of our own popular high grade suits to which a number of suits newly purchased have been added.

Conservative straight line effects are offered as well as the later designs and modifications of the fashionable Eton and Pony. The newer braids and trimmings distinguish them as the later tailleur styles.

Serge, tricotine, gabardine, mixtures, checks.

Tan, rookie, navy and black for the most part.

Sale of Women's Spring Evening Frocks, only 35.00

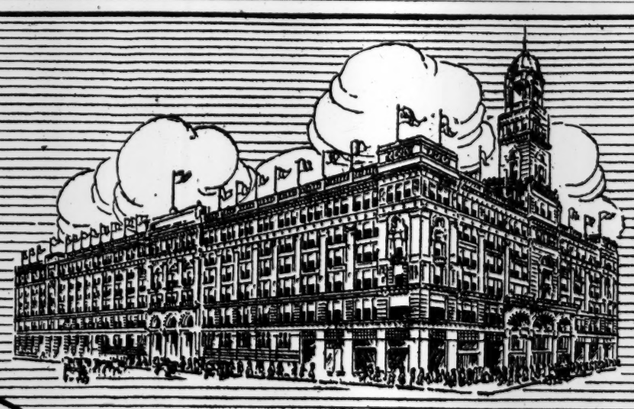
They are youthful models of indestructible silk maline over Georgette crepe, and in their *petal-like* and airy grace the later-Spring and new-Summer influence is felt.

Trimmings are exquisitely suggested in silver, gold and iridescent beading. Butterfly sleeves, ruffled and flounced styles, some with satin crushed girdles.

A variety of models and the whole array of light and dark Summer and evening colorings.

3d Floor

NOW ON!



The Gimbel-Greenhut Sale

Savings of 10 to 50 Per Cent.

Staple, every-day supplies for person and home, meeting the needs of hundreds of thousands—at prices, in most cases, considerably less than we must pay in the open market—yes, and an opportunity to buy many things of great desirability that the war has almost driven from the markets.

An Event Said to Be the Largest in Retail Store History.

Gimbel Brothers
33rd ST. - BROADWAY - 35th ST.

B. Altman & Co.

A NUMBER OF

French Gowns and Tailleurs

all of which are

ORIGINAL PARIS MODELS

will be placed on sale to-day (Tuesday)

at $100.00 & $125.00 each

Department for Imported and Special Costumes
(Third Floor)

Madison Avenue-Fifth Avenue, New York
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

352,794

The New York Times

THE average net paid circulation of The New York Times, daily and Sunday, for six months ended March 31, 1918, (reported to Post Office Department April 1, 1918,) was 352,794.

A circulation which represents the largest and most widely distributed group of intelligent, discriminating and responsive readers ever assembled by a newspaper.

21 YEARS' RECORD OF GROWTH

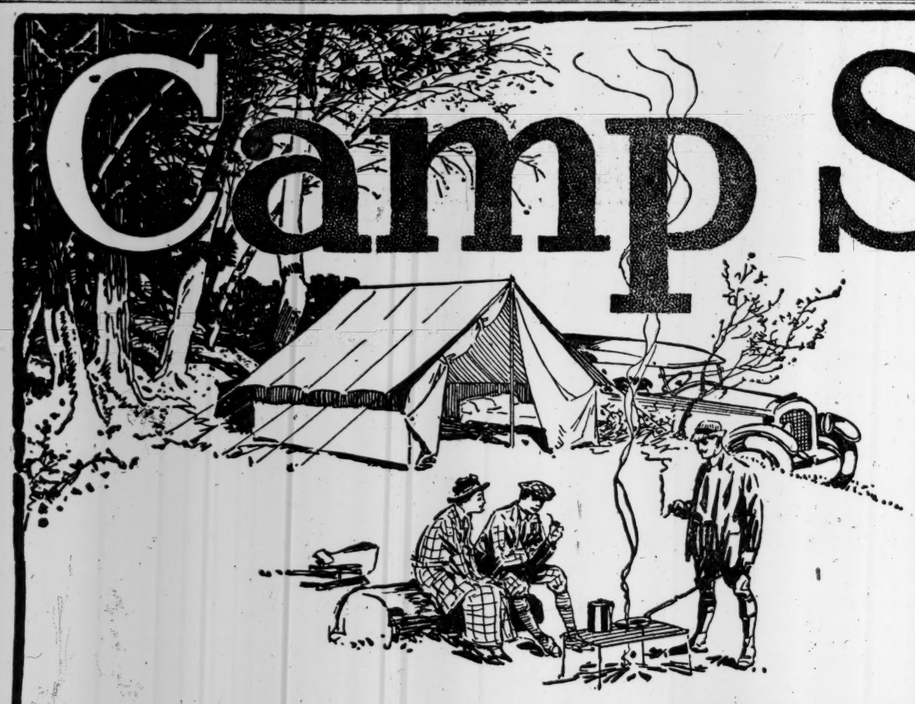
Average net paid circulation for the six months preceding April 1 in each year of twenty-one years:

1898	25,726	1908	165,155
1899	76,260	1909	176,023
1900	82,106	1910	181,270
1901	102,472	1911	191,452
1902	104,330	*1912	225,392
1903	105,072	*1913	228,534
1904	110,833	*1914	246,118
1905	122,310	*1915	298,248
1906	126,915	*1916	334,744
1907	144,114	*1917	344,436
		*1918	352,794

*Post Office Department Report.

These figures establish The New York Times as the favorite newspaper with discriminating advertisers.

Camp Sunshine



It Is Anywhere Out of Doors—Somewhere Near You—the Cantonment of the Great American Army of Citizens Courageous. Its Rejuvenating Breezes and Its Greenswards Invite Every Man and Woman to Keep Brain Clear and Body Active. The Sturdy Town-and-Country Suit Is the Outfit of the Hour. Tweeds and Homespuns Are the Inspiriting Comrades of Khaki

"The Golfer" is a suit of Adara tweeds, in blue, brown and green mixtures, at $65. The split straw hat to blend with it is $12.

This "Cape Suit" is of many-sided usefulness. In French grey, tan and aviation green gabardines, at $95. Worn with or without cape.

EVEN on the Avenue, with the Spring sunshine flooding the throngs, the Sam Browne belt and the silk hat have little in common. Tweeds and khaki go arm in arm. The church chimes in town and the carrolling birds in the country are singing the song of the comradeship of courage.

MEN and women realize more than ever that the world needs their optimism—their mental and physical level-best. And they need the sunshine and cheer.

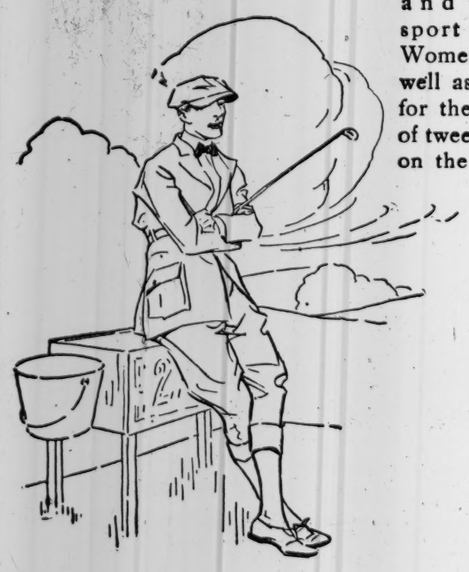
THERE is a great, national uplift which tells us that we must look, and act, and feel as our partners at the front would have us look, and act, and feel. The photograph which we send across the seas must be full of encouragement, reflecting the rough-and-ready smartness and the smile which the soldier treasures.

IT makes no difference where your "Camp Sunshine" may be. It may be on the banks of a trout stream. It may be on the golf course. It may be in an aeroplane. It may be on the bridle path. It may be in the driver's seat of a motor car. It may be on the tennis court. Wherever it is and whatever its requirements—all the things needed are to be found in this commissariat for life's sunshiniest hours.

THIS includes the clothes, for both men and women, most closely linked in sentiment with the soldier's khaki—the outgrowth of daily contact and demand from both sides of that admirable comradeship—the military officer and the sportsman.

"The Avoncourt" is a cheery war-time suit of imported Scotch tweeds, at $45, and a hat can be made to match at $8.

ABERCROMBIE & FITCH long have been headquarters for tweeds, in the new world—for the town-and-country suit, the travel suit and the sport suit. Women, as well as men, who are looking for the cheery, all-purpose suit of tweeds, which one may wear on the train, on a visit to the camp, in the country, and which will be



equally smart, and appropriate for the hotel and town wear, will find this Spring that our assortments have grown to unprecedented proportions.

TO wear outdoor clothes, commonly called "sport clothes," this Spring and Summer, does not mean simply to don parti-colored stripes and fancy weaves. It means thoroughbred outdoor apparel, actually combining the service and smartness demanded by genuine sport. Such clothes have been the natural development of the greatest specialists in sporting clothes.

BY a very natural and fortunate coincidence, this house is also recognized as the world's leading establishment for the personal equipment of military men. We first heard the War's call from officers here who scented in advance our participation in the struggle. Abercrombie & Fitch equipment began going to Canada, England, France, Russia, Italy and Greece. And for many months now we have worked diligently with American military men, to assist to our utmost in providing American officers with their personal needs.

ALONG with this has come an equally diligent work with the women's units constantly going abroad in war activities—responding to the appeal for clothes which answer the real call of war. Here were the fabrics and here the designers—thanks to the leading sportswomen of the world, whom we have been supplying with their equipment for many seasons.

AMONG the women's suits, ready to wear, are town-and-country models of English, Irish, Scotch and Welsh imported tweeds and men's-wear fabrics—many in the desirable brown colorings and shades which answer all purposes. There are serviceable all-purpose suits of white—durable and appropriate for country club or town.

TWEED topcoats for motoring; reversible leather coats, with the reverse side of checked and plaid tweeds; gabardines—new models with a military flavor—and the new and exclusive "Roundabout" coat of the softest, most serviceable, warmth-without-weight camel's hair and Shetland fleeces—the truest all-purpose Summer topcoats of all.

SLEEVELESS jackets for the golf player and sleeveless-jacket suits, which are to come in for a big share of town wear with women who will make one costume do many things well; sweaters in all their new and varied forms; special hats and boots for every costume; hundreds of those smaller requisites of the outdoor wardrobe which ordinarily you would be at your wit's end to find.

"The Knockabout" is a topcoat of genuine Donegal tweeds—grey, brown and green mixtures, at $30, and the ribbon trimmed hemp hat is $10.

RIDING Clothes—the most complete department in the country, for habits and all the accessories to make the woman of the saddle thoroughly comfortable. Coat-and-breeches suits or the side-saddle habit, on positively correct lines; riding shirts, waistcoats, stocks, collars, gloves, hats, boots, belts, crops, cuff-links, ties and stock-pins.

IT is to the Abercrombie & Fitch custom department's work in developing models that the ready to wear clothes owe their individuality and charm, their thoroughbred character and exclusiveness. Materials are presented for made-to-measure suits and coats which are not available in any other establishment in the country. From riding habit or woods outfit to the smartest all-purpose, country-town-and-travel suit imaginable, this woman's custom department stands in a class by itself.

THE shoe department, from tennis Oxford to trench boot, has no equal, either in this country or Europe.

WRITE for "The War Note," our booklet, illustrating, describing and giving prices of these Spring and Summer war-time clothes for women.

Most Complete Assortments in America of Guns and Ammunition, Fishing Tackle, Camp Outfits, Golf and Tennis Goods and other Outdoor Games, Travelers' Equipment, Cutlery and Dog Sundries

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

Ezra H. Fitch, President

Madison Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, New York

THE GREATEST SPORTING GOODS STORE IN THE WORLD

All you need ever know about China is that it is

Haviland China

So you may distinguish it, each piece is stamped underglaze — Haviland France

The decorated China has an additional stamp on the glaze — "Decorated by Haviland & Co Limoges"

Haviland & Co
Founded 1837
11 East 36th St. - 10 East 37th St.
NEW YORK

A Volland "SUNNY BOOK" is an Ideal Birthday Gift for a Child

Children's Birthday Parties are made happier when the gifts are Volland "Sunny Books"—a wonderful new series of illustrated books for children, made of happy words, happy pictures and happy inspirations.

Price 50 cents each
At all good dealers

"Volland 'Sunny Books' Make Children Happy"

EACH BOOK BEARS THE MARK OF ORIGINALITY
P. F. Volland Company
PUBLISHERS of BOOKS GOOD for CHILDREN
NEW YORK CHICAGO TORONTO

JACK TAR
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N. Y.

Selden Trucks

are big, powerful trucks, with more than necessary strength, speed and power of endurance to handle any kind of a load of their capacity.

MANHATTAN Motors Corporation
230 W. 56 St. Circle 6081

CRITTALL
STEEL CASEMENTS AND WINDOWS
DETROIT

TRIMO
PIPE WRENCHES AND TRIMO MONKEY
WRENCHES
WILL LAST YOU FOR YEARS
Made on Honor—Fully Guaranteed
Sold at about the price of others
Wood handles in 6 to 14 inch, inclusive. Steel handles in all sizes
NEW YORK OFFICE
TRIMONT MFG. CO. 248 CANAL ST.

With the Night Mail.
Here is all the thrill and romance of tomorrow's science—and today's.
—RUDYARD KIPLING—
Should be in your library
DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & Co.

BONDS AND STOCKS.
The effect of the war on stock exchange securities described in The Annalist this week. 10 cents a copy—$4 a year by mail. Published by The New York Times, Times Square, New York.—Advt.

CITY'S INCOME TAX NEAR $800,000,000

Internal Revenue Officials Base Estimate at Close of Last Day of Drive.

WEALTHY MEN FILE BLANKS

J. D. Rockefeller, J. P. Morgan, H. P. Whitney, and G. J. Gould Among Those Waiting Till the End.

New York City will "go over the top" with income and excess profits tax collections in the neighborhood of $800,000,000, according to the confident prediction made late last night by Internal Revenue officials at the close of the final day for the filing of returns. The flood of returns nearly overwhelmed the collectors and their staff.

Big and little payments go to make up the huge total which New York will turn into the Federal Treasury between now and June 15, the limit set for settling with the Government. This was illustrated yesterday when blanks filed with William H. Edwards, Collector of the Second or Wall Street District, called for payments, ranging from 1 cent to an amount expressed in eight figures.

The first-named return was filed by a pressman, who was single. He was allowed an exemption of $1,000 on a stated salary of $1,000.54, while the return carrying the eight figures was reported to have been filed by John D. Rockefeller. Representatives from J. P. Morgan, George F Baker, Harry Payne Whitney, George J. Gould, Bernard M. Baruch, and other prominent Wall Street men also filed returns yesterday in the Second District.

Collector Eisner received a return covering the taxes due the Government from the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, which, due to the extensive industrial features of its business, will pay the largest single tax levied against any similar concern in the country. As on other days of the drive, Mr. Eisner received individual income tax returns from residents of as much as $1,000,000.

In this connection it was pointed out yesterday that some of the largest individual payers in the Third District, among them Colonel Cornelius Vanderbilt and Ensign Vincent Astor, are in the military or naval service of the United States. As an indication of the way some of these men view their obligations to the Government, attention was called yesterday to the fact that many of these, although serving in France, caused their agents to file income tax returns without extensions, while others not only filed returns but paid their taxes as well.

It was learned, for example, that Mr. Astor, although attached to the naval service and understood to be serving in European waters, yesterday filed, through his agents here, his complete returns for the calendar year 1917. Neither Collector Edwards nor Collector Eisner threw any light on the payments called for under the returns made by the big taxpayers of the country.

"The majority of the great financiers in my district," Collector Edwards said, "are waiving their right to deduct the personal exemption of $2,000 and $4,000, and also the charitable contributions which they made during the calendar year 1917, which they are allowed to deduct to an amount not to exceed 15 per cent. of their taxable net income. In several cases which have come to my attention the taxpayer's net income was considerably over $2,000,000 during the year. This means that he is paying a tax of 63 per cent. the total amount of his huge contributions plus the amount of his personal exemptions, which he is fully entitled to deduct under the law. This is indeed a patriotic contribution."

Collector Mark Eisner of the Third District, after watching the returns come in near midnight, was lof the belief that the uptown district would make a new record for income and excess profits collections. While no official estimate could be given out, it was reported that the tax collections in the Third District probably would reach $100,000,000, against $30,000,000 last year.

Over in Brooklyn Collector Henry P. Keith of the First District was of the belief that collections there would reach $100,000,000, but until detailed estimates have been forwarded to Commissioner Roper at the end of the week nothing will be given out officially.

Collector Edwards said shortly before midnight that income and excess profits tax collections in the Wall Street district would be about $600,000,000, this, with the collections expected from the other New York districts, bringing this city's grand total to more than $800,000,000.

CORPORATION WAR TAX MAY BE 25% OF INCOME

Examination of Statements of Representative Concerns Indicates High Average.

The United States Government's claim through war taxes upon the profits of corporations in 1917 grows rapidly into the hundreds of millions of dollars as the annual reports of the companies appear and are examined. A survey of the statements of twenty-five representative concerns shows that, if the average is maintained throughout the industrial corporations of the country, they will surrender to the Federal Treasury nearly one-fourth of their net profits in Federal war income and excess profits impost.

From the twenty-five concerns listed in the subjoined table the war taxes will take in excess of $331,000,000, or an average of $13,268,300 for each company:

	Federal Tax.	Per C. of Net Income.	Per C. on Com. Stock.
American Can ...	$6,000,000	32.4	14.5
American Locomo	†2,205,319	22.1	8.8
American St. F..	2,287,600	28.4	13.8
Baldwin Locomo.	*1,750,000	18.7	8.7
Central Leather..	6,000,000	27.2	15.0
Corn Prod. Ref...	3,500,000	22.8	7.0
Goodrich, B.F., Co.	2,250,000	15.9	5.7
Hercules Powder.	979,121	14.3	13.7
Lackawanna Steel	10,040,000	30.8	16.6
Lorillard, P. Co..	1,100,000	18.2	7.3
Midvale St. & Ord	25,731,910	39.8	26.7
Quaker Oats Co..	2,058,776	29.5	24.8
Railway Steel Sp.	3,500,000	38.1	25.9
Rep. Iron & Steel	*9,878,657	37.7	36.3
Stand. Oil of Cal.	5,880,117	23.8	5.8
Studebaker Corp..	462,419	10.6	15.4
Union Bag & P..	553,764	10.9	5.6
Union Oil of Cal..	1,240,968	11.8	3.1
Underwood Type.	500,000	16.5	5.8
U. C. Stores.....	550,000	15.1	2.0
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	5,239,860	41.8	43.9
U. S. Rubber....	3,465,530	15.7	9.6
U. S. Steel.....	233,465,485	46.6	43.9
Wilson & Co.....	1,621,854	17.9	8.0
Worth. P. & M..	1,500,000	24.1	11.5
Total.....	$331,707,755		
Average	13,268,310	24.02	15.03

*Not limited strictly to Federal taxes.
†For year ended June 30, 1917.

The Steel Corporation stands out most prominently with more than 46 per cent. of the net income set aside for transfer to the Federal Treasury.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—This being the last day for filing income tax, excess profits tax, and corporation tax returns, it has been, according to all official reports, the busiest day of the fiscal year in the offices of the various Collectors of Internal Revenue throughout the country and possibly the quietest in the Bureau of Internal Revenue in Washington.

The estimate of collections from income tax stands at $750,000,000. There is a feeling based on various results in collections that this grand total will be increased by several millions. Excess profits taxes are estimated to yield $1,200,000,000.

It is believed by revenue experts that there are many surprises in store for students of taxation, and that there will be a very heavy excess of collections over estimates. The estimate of the grand total of collections from income, corporation, and excess profits taxes is $3,500,000,000. Sanguine estimators take the view that collections will go to $4,000,000,000.

LABOR TROUBLE MAY HALT NEW SUBWAYS

Contractors Meet with Service Board to Discuss a Critical Situation.

Fearing that a general strike on the new subways would delay for an indefinite period the progress of the work, a delegation of contractors, representing the General Contractors' Association, called on Chairman Straus of the Public Service Commission yesterday and conferred with him until late in the afternoon. The conference will be continued today.

It is generally admitted that the situation is very serious, and that unless the demands made by the cheaper classes of labor now employed on the work are settled, all of the other classes of workmen will quit. If all these men leave, the contractors do not believe they will ever return. The Government is offering high rates of pay for workmen in every grade and class, and there is work enough at high wages to be had in the various industries. Therefore the contractors have asked Mr. Straus to intercede with the laborers and induce them to keep on working.

Efforts are being made by the Public Service Commission to have the Legislature enact a law permitting the commission and the Board of Estimate to make an agreement with the contractors to finish the job at the precise cost, and for the contractors to forego profits on any of the contracts made before the United States entered the war. Up to the present time the Board of Estimate has not displayed any indication of a willingness to co-operate in procuring such legislation.

A week ago there were 7,000 men working on the new subways, 5,000 less than could be used in the work. Yesterday this number had dwindled to 6,000, 800 men who had been at work up to closing time on Saturday having failed to report for work. The men who failed to return have demanded the following increases in pay.

Timbermen, now receiving 37½ cents an hour, want 50 cents; timbermen's helpers, 32½ to 43¾; wood concrete form makers, 37½ to 56¼; concrete laborers, 30 to 43¾; laborers, 30 to 40½; drill runners, 50 to 56¼; tool sharpeners, 50 to 56¼; tool sharpeners where pneumatic tools are used, 56¼ to 62½.

CITY MAY LOSE $700,000 TAX

Government Taking Over Bush Terminal Is Loss to New York.

United States Government control of the Bush Terminal properties in Brooklyn may result in a loss of nearly $700,000 a year in taxes to the city, according to Jacob A. Cantor, President of the Board of Taxes and Assessments, who spoke last night at the meeting of the West End Association, in the Hotel Ansonia.

"The exemption of Government-owned real estate from taxation has raised the question of the taxability of the Bush Terminal," said Mr. Cantor, "but, regardless of the arrangement made between the Federal authorities and the Bush Terminal officials, the city should not lose so large a tax return from that source."

Mr. Cantor then outlined the taxation difficulties confronting his department, and declared that practically all efforts at this time were being directed toward the levying of a workable tax on personalty. He declared that the six personal property tax bills introduced in the State Legislature sought to establish three things—a lower rate, the reduction in the number of exemptions, and a compulsory return.

"The adoption of this legislative program in its entirety would reduce the tax on real estate to the 1.50 rate, as compared with the present rate of 2.36," he declared.

INTERNED ALIEN ESCAPES.

Hoboken German Gets Year in Jail for Seditious Remarks.

United States Marshal Albert Bollschweiler of New Jersey has sent out a general alarm for the arrest of Johann Roudin, an enemy alien, who escaped from the Mercer County, N. J., prison last week. Roudin, who is described as a dangerous enemy alien, is a native of Alsace, 26 years old, six feet one and three-quarters inches in height, and before his arrest lived at 315 East Eighty-first Street, this city.

Friedrich Pawlik of Hoboken was sentenced to one year in Hudson County Penitentiary yesterday for uttering seditious remarks against the President and the Government of the United States. Pawlik is a second paper citizen of German birth.

Stanley Rapiz, 56 years old, of 423 Scott Street, Brooklyn, was also sentenced to the Hudson County Prison for one year for insulting the crew of an American transport.

Five Hindus and one American girl, Salindra Nath Ghose, Pulin B. Bose, Taraknath Das, Jadu Gopal Mokejee, Bhai Bhagwan, and Miss Agnes Smedley of San Francisco, were indicted in New York yesterday for attempting to stir up rebellion against British rule in India and for representing themselves as diplomats.

Dr. Philip Becker of 145 West Eighteenth Street and Harry Walters, an ex-militiaman of Bath Beach, were indicted yesterday for prescribing for and furnishing to William Weinert and Clarence T. King, drugs intended to enable them to evade the draft law.

Sonora
THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY
CLEAR AS A BELL

PRIDE OF POSSESSION

With the ownership of a Sonora there is a certain degree of pride because Sonora is the quality instrument bought solely for its tone and beauty: *not* for the terms upon which it can be purchased.

Fourteen superb models $50 to $1000.

Sonora Phonograph Sales Company, Inc.
GEORGE E. BRIGHTSON, *President*
Fifth Ave. at 53rd St. 279 Broadway at Reade St.
50 Broadway (Standard Arcade)
Brooklyn: 1285 Fulton Street
The Highest Class Talking Machine in the World

An unusual Showing of

Cloth Capes, Coats and Evening Wraps

in a variety of French and Original designs that combine elegance and attractiveness in price

Clark & Weinberg
634 Fifth Ave. Opp. Cathedral

BIG VOTE EXPECTED IN WISCONSIN TODAY

Campaign Closes with Rousing Rallies and Each Candidate Claiming Victory.

BETS 2 TO 1 ON LENROOT

Head of Loyalty Legion Comes Out for Davies—Bainbridge Colby's Loyalty Plea.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 1.—A big vote is predicted at the special election tomorrow, when, after a bitter three-cornered contest, which will long live in the political annals of the Badger State, the seat in the United States Senate which became vacant through the death of Paul O. Husting will be filled.

It is evident as the campaign is closing that the voters of Wisconsin will realize as they go to the polls that the eyes of the nation are upon them. Through the appearance as one of the principals in the fight of Victor L. Berger, the Socialist leader who has been indicted for disloyalty and has made his campaign on a platform bristling with appeals to the pacifist and disloyal element, and through the indorsement of Joseph E. Davies, the Democratic candidate, by President Wilson, the fight has taken on a national aspect.

Political wiseacres here in some instances place the total vote at 400,000, only 50,000 less than the aggregate in the last Presidential election, when a high record was established. A week of splendid weather has dried up the country roads and created conditions which should make for a big vote in the rural sections. In some thirty cities, outside of Milwaukee, wet and dry elections should contribute to the interest and help bring voters to the polls.

Eleventh-hour predictions from the Republican campaign managers favor the election of Congressman Irvine L. Lenroot, the Republican candidate, by from 30,000 to 60,000 plurality. In the Democratic forecasts the plurality of Mr. Davies is placed at "30,000 upward." The Democratic campaign managers maintain that their candidate will carry Milwaukee by 23,000, and that he will run even with Lenroot or do better out in the State.

Berger tonight declared that he would receive 150,000 votes, which would be ample to insure his election. Both Democratic and Republican campaign managers, however, assert that the danger of a Berger victory has been averted.

While the betting odds still favor Lenroot at 2 to 1, and while the Republicans, in predicting his election, seem to speak with more assurance than do the Democrats in predicting a Davies victory, the managers of both parties admit that the campaign has been too short and the conditions to unusual to permit of a canvass that would accurately reflect the sentiment throughout the State. Many uncertain elements enter into their calculations, and uneasiness will prevail in both camps until the outcome has been settled by the returns.

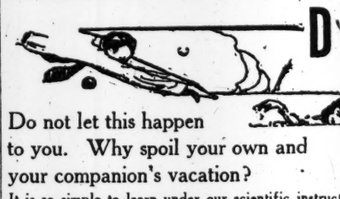
This city was the principal battleground tonight, the closing night of the contest. Congressman Lenroot was the only one of the three principals absent from the city. He wound up his campaign at Baraboo. Mr. Davies addressed a final Democratic rally at the Orpheum Theatre in this city, at which he was cheered by a large audience as he pleaded with the voters to stand behind the President. Berger made his closing appeal at a series of largely attended meetings.

On the Republican side the principal speaker at the meetings tonight was ex-Controller William A. Prendergast of New York, who in 1912 threw in his political fortunes with Colonel Roosevelt, later returning to the Republican Party. On the Democratic side Bainbridge Colby, erstwhile Progressive and now a devoted follower of President Wilson, made an appeal for Davies. He spoke with Davies at the Orpheum and made his appeal on patriotic grounds.

"It is a matter of vital concern to the nation that it present a united front to the enemy," said Mr. Colby. "Unfortunately, you have in Mr. Berger a candidate for Senator who would furl the flag and make a coward's peace. Incredible as it seems, he has a following that is numerous, organized and callous to the shame that they would put upon the nation. It is therefore the duty of the great mass of patriotic Americans which constitutes your citizenship to bury the treasonable proposals of Berger under an avalanche of loyal votes.

"It is plainly our duty, in my opinion, to seize every opportunity to give emphatic and repeated expression to the fact that the people are solidly behind their President. I sincerely hope and I confidently expect that a good deal of this mischievous talk about disloyalty in certain sections of the people of Wisconsin will be finally silenced by the vote to-morrow. Nothing could happen that would so firmly establish our citizens of German extraction in the confidence and regard of their fellow-citizens throughout the country as a strong vote for Mr. Davies to-morrow."

INSTRUCTION.



DROWNING!

Do not let this happen to you. Why spoil your own and your companion's vacation?

It is so simple to learn under our scientific instruction. We can teach any one, no matter how timid. Tiled daylight pools. Established 19 years. Does this mean anything to you? If so, send for Booklet T.

Dalton Swimming Schools 19-23 WEST 44TH ST. 308-310 WEST 59TH ST.

Aviation Taught

Special Aero Engine Course
Owing to the many requests our school has had for only Aero Engine instruction, we have decided to open special Aero Engine Classes.
$35 3-Hour Daily Sessions, Morn., Aft. & Eve. $35
Three Weeks' Course
Curtiss, Hall-Scott, Gnome, and other engines in classroom.
Call or write for information.
This Is Not a Government School.
EAGLE AVIATION SCHOOL
110-114 West 42d St., New York City.
Tel. Bryant 9078.

The Ely School
In the country, one hour from New York City
Upper School—girls from fifteen to twenty.
Junior School—girls from ten to fifteen.
ELY COURT
GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT

FRENCH SPANISH ITALIAN GERMAN
Begin to speak at once. Waste no time on appointments. Learn in the privacy of your home or office during spare moments, free from the embarrassment of the class room or teacher.

Language Phone Method
and Rosenthal's Practical Linguistry.
A system of disc records that fit all phonographs. Simple, inexpensive and convenient. The living voice of a native professor pronounces the language until you master it.
F. N. C.—French Military Conversation And Military Language-Phone Method.
A short course for those in war service.
Call for free demonstration or write for booklet.
THE LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD,
907 Putnam Bldg., 2 West 45th St., near 5th Av.

The Clark School for Concentration
A SCHOOL WHERE RECORDS ARE MADE
Boarding and Day Pupils.
Catalogs on Request.
Boys' School, 72d St. & West End Ave.
Girls' School, 75th St. & West End Ave.
Main Office at Boys' School—Phone 744 Columbus.

Dame Pedagogue School SEMINGTON SECRETARIAL COURSE, also Shorthand, Touch Typewriting, Bookkeeping, etc. Telegraphy taught individually Day and Eve. 1861 B'way, cor. 60th.

The Brown School of Tutoring
241 West 75th St. Tel. Columbus 8894
FOUNDED 1906. Both sexes. Preparation for schools and colleges in half time taken by class schools. Pupils taught how to study.
"A School with an Atmosphere of Work."

PRATT SCHOOL, 62 West 45th St. Secretarial training, individual instruction; registered by N. Y. State Board of Regents; advanced registration and references required.

BRYANT FOR **STAMMERING** SCHOOL
Corrects defects; builds confidence; public speaking; 28th year. Personal instruction, interesting booklet. DR. E. A. BRYANT, Principal, 26 W. 40 St.

MASTER wanted to teach foreign lady singing in English for stage purposes; cultivated voice; educated; reasonable. H 115 Times.

THE U. S. SECRETARIAL SCHOOL
542-544 Fifth Ave. (45th St.). Oldest and preeminently the most successful. Prepares for and obtains excellent positions. Write for Catalog T. Prof. Meagher, M. A., Director.

Bryn Mawr School for Individual Development. Backwardness, speech defects, nervous irritability, school subjects. Alice C. Hinckley, M.A. Director. Box 98, Rosemont, Pa.

Languages Berlitz School, 28 West 34th St. Brooklyn: 218 Livingston St.
Terms may be begun at any time.

? **FRENCH** ITALIAN, SPANISH, &c., taught at Bucci School of Languages to refined, intellectual pupils, wishing to avoid disappointment. 220 West 59th. Est. 1908.

FREE CATALOGS OF ALL SCHOOLS OR CAMPS in U. S. Apply 1012 Times Bldg., or 'phone Bryant 8500.

AUTOMOBILE INSTRUCTION.
STEWART AUTO SCHOOL 225 W. 57th St. at Broadway.
20 REASONS 20
Why our system of automobile instruction, for men and women, is the best in N. Y. Write to-day for catalogue.

Hampton Shops Its Artistic Helpfulness

THERE'S a fine type of room to be found in a growing number of American homes that defies analysis while it challenges your admiration.

An odd table and chair, or an inlaid cassone and painted screen, may compose the main lines of its picture in memory.

Yet you know there was something more—and that every detail of porcelain, wrought metal, tapestry and painted or carven wood had a personal interest all its own. It was the consummate art that harmonized these unrelated pieces that made this room what it was and is.

The abiding charm, the inviting ease, the hint of accustomed well-being that characterize these unforgetable rooms find sympathetic expression in the eleven Galleries of Hampton Shops.

Hampton Shops
18 East 50th Street
facing St. Patrick's Cathedral
New York

Decoration Antiquities Furniture

Going Out of Business

Georges

THREE MODEL CLOTHES SHOPS

Two New York Stores:—
42 West 34th St., Bet. B'way & Fifth Ave.
Broadway at 36th St., Marlborough Hotel Bldg.
Brooklyn:—
400 Fulton Street, Cor. Gallatin Pl.

$400,000 Stocks of

Men's and Young Men's Highest Grade Clothing

Must Be Sold at Once at

25% OFF

Owing to abnormal trade conditions and high cost of materials at wholesale, we have decided to discontinue our New York and Brooklyn stores. The entire large stocks, marked at pre-war prices, and comprising over 15,000 HIGH GRADE MODEL SUITS, TOPCOATS AND OVERCOATS, are now placed on sale at an additional cut of 25%. Every garment marked in plain figures.

MOST NEW YORKERS ARE WELL ACQUAINTED WITH THE GOOD QUALITY AND CAREFUL TAILORING TO BE FOUND IN ALL GEORGE GARMENTS.

No Charge For Alterations

SELLING-OUT PRICES $13.50 to $37.50

IT WILL PAY YOU WELL TO VISIT THIS GREAT RETIRING SALE

STORES FOR RENT
FIXTURES FOR SALE

Georges

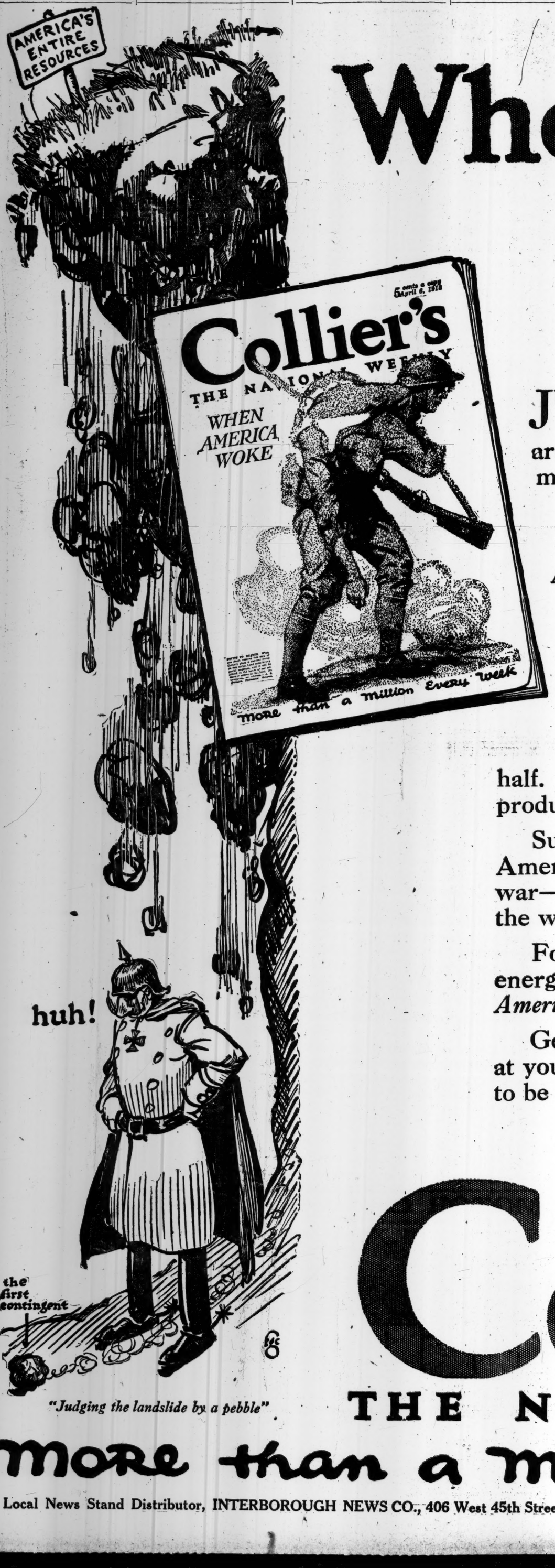
Broadway Store Open Till 9 P. M.
All Stores Open Saturday Until 10 P. M.

42 West 34th St. Broadway at 36th St. 400 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

UNLISTED INVESTMENTS.

The Open Security Market published in The Annalist every Monday gives prices of first-class investments not quoted elsewhere. The Annalist, 10 cents on all newsstands; $4.00 a year by mail. Times Square, New York.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.



When America Woke

JUST a year has passed—a year since the Kaiser laughed at our "contemptible little army" then scarcely 160,000 strong—and 3,000 miles away.

But *that was a year ago!*

What have we accomplished? How has America taken to War?

Mark Sullivan answers your questions. His resumé

"WHEN AMERICA WOKE"

in this week's Collier's, tells you how an army of 160,000 became a million and a half. A navy four times its former size. Airplane production increased probably *10,000%*.

Sullivan gives you the figures that *prove* America will be the deciding factor in this world war—will produce the greatest fighting machine the world has ever known.

For America has turned to war with greater energy than she ever devoted to commerce. The *American Spirit* has entered this war—*to win*.

Get this "summing up"—facts you should have at your tongue's end—facts that make you proud to be an American.

On Sale Today

Collier's

5 cents a copy
April 6, 1918

THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

More than a Million Every Week

Local News Stand Distributor, INTERBOROUGH NEWS CO., 406 West 45th Street

Local Subscription Branch, P. F. COLLIER & SON, 416 West 13th Street

ZIONISTS CELEBRATE NEW JEWISH FUTURE

2,500 in Carnegie Hall Pledge Loyalty to America and the Allies.

CHEER PALESTINE SOLDIERS

Dr. Wise Says Jewish Freedom Is Secure Because It Is Written in the English Language.

In a tremendous demonstration in Carnegie Hall last night the Zionists of New York attested their patriotism to America, their loyalty to the cause of the Allies, and their joy over the prospect of a land for the Jews in Palestine. The meeting was arranged by the Zionist Council of this city and it was preceded by a parade in which 2,500 Zionists marched.

As the marchers filed into Carnegie Hall the banners they carried were ranged along the wall and their flags hung out from platform and galleries. The meeting was full of enthusiasm from the start, and there were three periods when it reached the greatest pitch. One of these was when the blue and white flag of the House of David, the flag of the new Jewish home land, was raised, and again when Louis Lipsky, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Federation of American Zionists, mentioned the name of President Wilson. Then again when the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise declared that the charter of Jewish freedom was secure and sacred because it was written in the English language by the English people.

Over the stage there was a great American banner and stacked to one side of the stage were the flags of the Allies. Hung from one side of the stage was the Jewish flag. This is a white field upon which are two broad blue stripes. In the centre is the six-pointed star of the House of David. When this flag was put up the entire audience, from boxes to topmost gallery, arose and cheered. Among those on the platform were young men in the khaki of the Jewish Legion. There were about 250 of them and they were honored by the speakers.

Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the meeting and President of the Zionist Council of New York, said in opening the meeting that the arrival of the Zionist Commission in Palestine to lay the foundation of the new Jewish national freedom was worthy of celebration. Nathan Straus spoke briefly, but he called upon Dr. Wise to deliver to the Zionists the message of patriotism and devotion to the cause of America and her allies.

The storm of applause and the cheering broke out again when Dr. Wise declared that Germany would never win the war. It came again when, lifting his hands above his head, he said: "England, France, and America have said to Germany, 'Thus far shall thou go, and no further.'"

"If Germany could win the war," he said, "as she cannot, she would give Palestine back again to those hands to which our Holy Land under God shall never be restored—to the Turks. And, gentlemen, there was a time when some of you would have felt differently, but I speak for myself tonight, not for you, I speak not as Chairman of the Provisional Zionist Committee, I speak as a Jew; I speak as an American. I say to you, the charter of Jewish freedom is secure, is sacred, because it is written in the English language by the English people, and if men say to you: 'How do you know but if Germany could win the war Germany might give Palestine to the Jews?' I answer, 'We want never to be the receivers of stolen property, we want never, never; never will we accept any gift from foul and murderous hands. We are going into Palestine with heart directly facing the world, as self-revering free men. We will go to Palestine as one of the victorious Allies, or else shall stay out until another and better day dawns.'"

Mr. Straus was applauded when he said: "We are going to Palestine this year and we will stay there." In referring to the arrival of the Jewish Administrative Commission in Palestine, Mr. Lipsky said:

"While jubilant over the change in our national status, the Zionist organization desires to express its feelings with regard to the Governments and peoples that have made this change possible. The magnanimity of the British Government in making its historic declaration on Nov. 2, 1917, will never be forgotten by the Jewish people. Relations have been established that will forever link our destiny with the interests of the great empire. In the days to come Nov. 2 will be a day of Jewish rejoicing, and our traditions will be enriched by the memory of the act of reparation achieved by a great Government in the midst of a gigantic struggle, in which its own future had to be defended by its heroic sons. As a token of that relationship the sons of Israel, under their own banner, will soon stand shoulder to shoulder on the Palestinian frontier with the gallant and heroic Englishmen. The blood there shed will be an everlasting covenant between the two peoples, which nothing shall ever erase."

LAMPOONS GERARD BOOK.

Berlin Paper Ridicules His Sources of Information.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, April 1.—Commenting on ex-Ambassador Gerard's second book, "Face to Face with the Kaiser," extracts from which, published in The London Times, have now reached Germany, the Berlin Zeitung am Mittag ridicules the sources from which the former Ambassador sought to obtain State secrets and information for the guidance of the United States Government. The paper says that Gerard actually quotes "one of the servants in the house" for information about the situation on the east front, while "our washerwoman" is his authority on affairs at the west front.

Seeking to characterize the Gerard book, the writer in the Zeitung' am Mittag publishes samples from an imaginary fragment of a diary which Gerard is made to pretend he left behind. Here are a few dated September to November, 1915:

"At last they have succeeded in caging the lion of Flanders. He is said to roar terrifically. Our washerwoman says that to punish him for it he gets only cucumber salad to eat. They will probably exhibit him at the Zoo, which would make Berliners even more arrogant.

"The German police examination of travelers at the frontier is getting very severe. They are now pumping every traveler's stomach, even those of children. Our washerwoman says that this is being done wholesale by a Krupp machine that can pump a thousand stomachs at the same time.

"I don't believe all this atrocity dope, but the story of the execution of a 17-year-old girl who attacked the German Army is true. Our washerwoman happens to know the name. My informant is a very distinguished officer, the Captain of Köpenick.

"Our washerwoman does not attach any importance to the riots on the Rumanian frontier. They are said to be due merely to a strike of laborers in the caviar mines."

The Zeitung am Mittag closes its article as follows:

"France had her Little Corporal, Prussia the old Fritz, America has 'our washerwoman.'"

COAL AT CUT RATE IS NOW ON SALE

Consumers Expected by Fuel Administration to Lay in Supply for Winter.

The season of reduced prices for coal, when, the Fuel Administration expects, many consumers of anthracite will lay in a supply for the Winter, opened yesterday. Orders began to come in to the coal dealers, but were held up awaiting the official schedule of prices, which County Administrator Reeve Schley will issue in a few days. The National Fuel Administration has decreed that, beginning April 1, coal shall be 30 cents a ton cheaper until cold weather arrives. Arthur Rice, Commissioner of the Coal Merchants' Association, said most of the dealers have received a large number of orders.

At the office of the County Administrator, 65 Broadway, the office staff were busy answering inquiries. Persons who wanted advice on laying in coal for next Winter were told in every case that the procedure for buying coal had been fixed, and the whole transaction, including the price, was covered by regulations of the National Administration. These regulations are aimed to prevent hoarding just as much as to prevent overcharging. It is necessary for the consumer to fill out a numbered order blank which will be a check against duplication.

This order, up to six tons, will be filled as soon as possible. When the order is above that amount the dealer will fill it up to one-third of the amount ordered. The remainder will be filled as soon as it is reached in the ordinary course of business. Every dealer must report to the Administration all sales of coal over fifty tons to a single purchaser. Unless special permission is obtained the dealers are forbidden to deliver coal except in the ordinary storage bins of the consumer.

According to Harry T. Peters, Chairman of the State Fuel Conservation Committee, the Interstate Commerce Commission has granted an increase to the railroads of 15 cents a ton for hauling coal from the mines to points throughout the country. This pertains, he said, to both steam and domestic sizes.

NO PROHIBITION ACTION IN ALBANY THIS YEAR

Failure to Convert Wets Makes it a Dead Issue—Legislators Plan to Adjourn April 13.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, April 1.—Definite announcement of the intention to bring the 1918 Legislature to a close on Saturday, April 13, was made tonight by Speaker Sweet of the Assembly. This means that the prohibition question is dead this year, since, over the week-end, efforts to defect Senators Wicks of Oneida, Newton of Livingston and Argetsinger of Monroe from the wet ranks failed.

The Assembly tonight passed the Caulfield bill amending the general election law. It advances primary day two weeks, and if it becomes a law would designate Sept. 5 as primary day this year. It also provides for the canvassing of soldiers votes on general election day. These votes are now canvassed on the sixth Tuesday following election.

The lower house also passed Senator Slater's bill requiring the State Board of Regents to prescribe patriotic courses of instructions in all the schools of the State.

Senator Theodore Douglas Robinson's bill, designed to remove German influence in the control of the Herkimer Home, passed the Senate tonight in amended form and now it goes back to the Assembly. The measure increases the Board of Trustees in charge of the home so that control is taken out of the hands of the German-American alliance members.

ADMITS PLANE WAS BURNED.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 1.—The first Bristol airplane made at the plant of the Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation was burned at the aviation field on Thursday, according to a statement given out today by officials of the company and the United States Signal Corps. The fire was accidental and in no circumstances could be attributed to the work of spies, it was said.

The airplane was not entirely destroyed, but in view of the fact that production was sufficiently advanced to have a new one in the field within a few days, it was decided to dismantle the damaged machine.

CALLS PACKERS' GAIN SMALL

Less Than Half Cent a Pound of Meat, Armour Asserts.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, April 1.—President Wilson's action looking toward stabilization of meat prices through the naming of a survey commission of five members strikes at the heart of all trouble centred in the packing industry, according to J. Ogden Armour. In a statement issued today Mr. Armour says:

"Mr. Hoover's proposal to the President made plain the most important and one of the least considered facts in relation to the whole meat situation. It brings forth the fact that producers cannot be paid more for their meat animals if the consumers are going to pay less for meat.

"The profit of the packers averages less than one-half cent a pound, and so is a negligible factor in the determination of prices. The industry's operating costs, too, compare favorably with those of any other industry, and if both profit and operating costs were eliminated from the meat bill of the average consumer his saving in a whole year would not buy a $5 Thrift certificate.

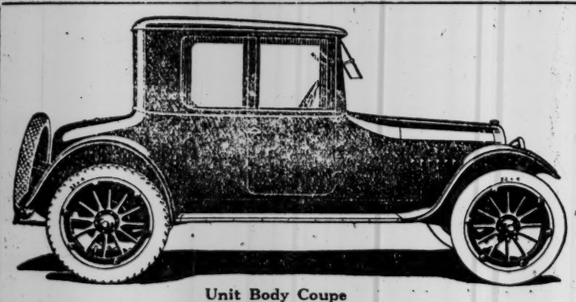
"There is need for an understanding on the part of the public of what the packers do and what their profits really amount to when brought down to a basis of pounds of meat and dollars of sales and service rendered.

"For over fifty years, due to the inherent character of our business, we have been compelled to stand between producer and consumer, and this long experience has taught us to expect to be the target of both. We have sincerely endeavored to conduct our business to the best interests of all concerned, and if able counsel can improve upon our methods or results it will be most welcome and have our heartiest co-operation. Our aim is the greatest good to the greatest number and the winning of the war, and to that end we shall bend every effort and direct every energy."

Negro Troops at Camp Devens.

AYER, Mass., April 1.—Several hundred negro troops, the first of a detachment of 2,000 to arrive at Camp Devens, were assigned today to the depot brigade and will be organized into a separate battalion under command of white officers. The soldiers came here last night from Florida.

BOALS LAXATIVE FRUIT ROLLS
Keep Your System Clean
HAPPY DAYS
Boal's Laxative Fruit Rolls clean the system and bring happy days. Eat a roll at bedtime and stop the causes of biliousness, headache, indigestion, and constipation. Made with real fruits—Nature's laxative foods. Package of six Rolls, 15c, at drug stores.
BOALS ROLLS



Unit Body Coupe

A Hot, Cold, Wet and Dry-Weather Car for Four People

THE type you will eventually buy, because it is practical. A low priced car with high priced mechanical features, and exclusive body design and appointments.

You Must Have Economy
The "SENSIBLE SIX" is the most economical "Six" in existence. Let us prove it to you.

You Must Have Power
The "SENSIBLE SIX" has more power in proportion to its weight than any car selling below $3500.

You Must Have Durability
The performance of the "SENSIBLE SIX" in the hands of thousands of owners speaks for itself. ASK THEM.

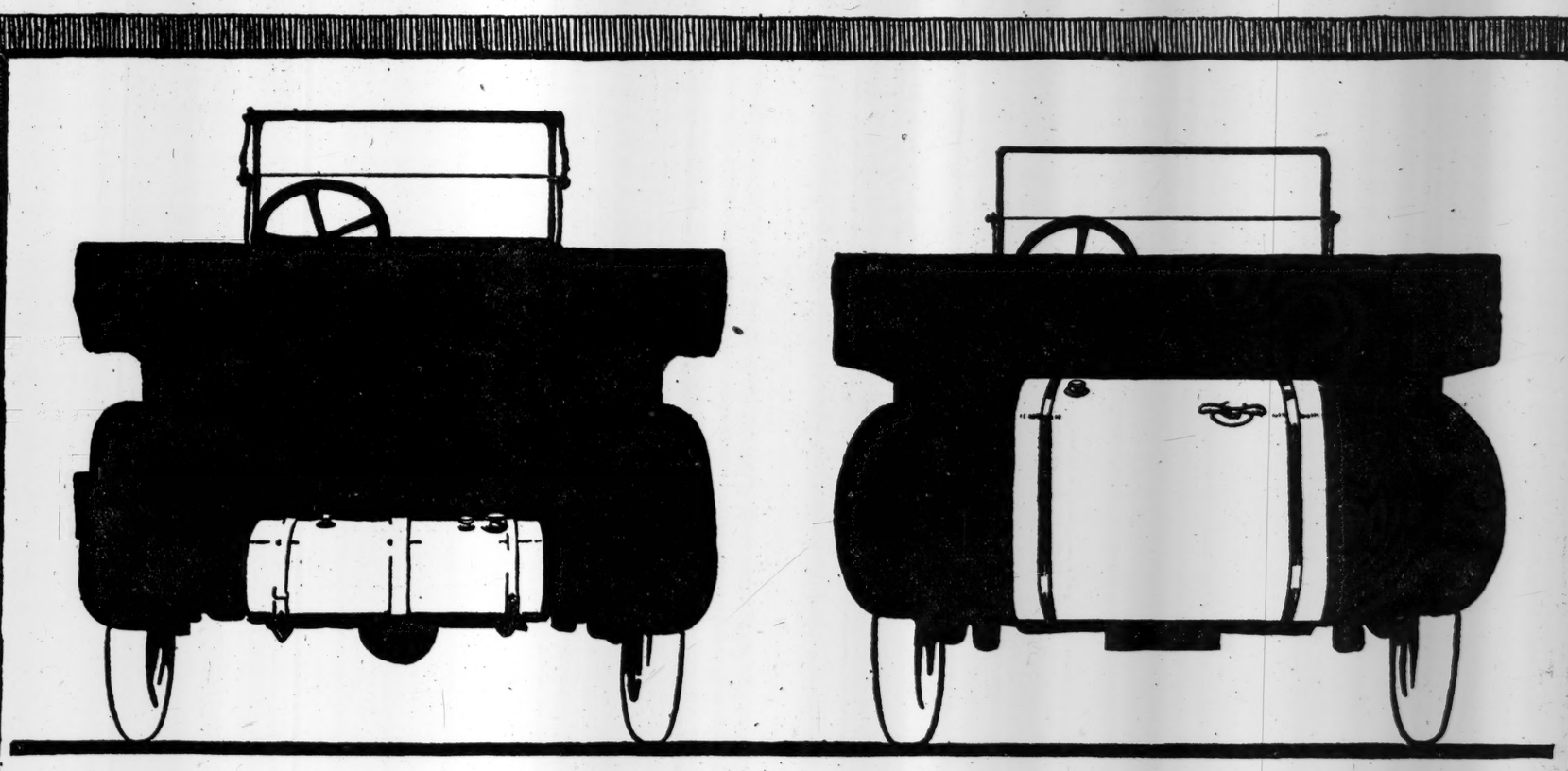
You Must Have Service
We are fully equipped in this respect, and EFFICIENT EVERYWHERE.

Only one chassis, Eight different body types. Prices $1135 to $1920 del. in N. Y.

Sidney B. Bowman Automobile Co.

1672 Broadway, at 52d St. New York City.
Service Building, 225-231 West 49th Street
Salesroom: Telephone Circle 261

The Sensible Six — Oakland — The Efficiency Car



How Big Should the Gasoline Tank Be?

With one filling—270 miles to go—how big should the Gasoline Tank of a car be?

Your answer to the above question would undoubtedly be: "it depends on how much gasoline a car needs."

Exactly.

The Franklin Car (on the left) scientifically free from *unnecessary* weight, runs 270 miles on its gasoline tank capacity of 13½ gallons, at the rate of 20 miles to the gallon.

The average heavy car (on the right) to run the same distance would require a cumbersome gasoline tank of 27 gallons, at the rate of ten miles to the gallon.

Why?

Simply because of the mechanical law—as old as the ages—that weight requires power in proportion to move it. And the more power needed, the more gasoline consumed. Wherever there is excessive weight, there is friction, wear and drag—*and it always shows up in the gasoline tank.*

The heavy car is bound to burn up fuel dragging around its own excessive weight. The Scientific Light Weight Franklin, with its balanced, flexible construction, uses fuel to deliver power to the rear wheels in *driving force.*

Why Franklin Sales Increased Last Year 135%

These are acid-test times for a product of any kind. A motor car, merely to justify its existence, must prove that it is not wasteful or extravagant.

But when a car not only does this, but increases it sales—135% last year against the 12% increase of all other fine cars—it conclusively proves one thing: that a great many thoughtful people have selected *that* car as meeting the needs of today.

You've heard people all around you talking Franklin and High Gasoline Mileage; your common sense tells you that it can't be an accident—there must be facts back of it.

Drop in the Franklin Sales Room and get the facts. The Franklin story is short and simple, and there isn't an "if" or "but" in it. The remarkable Franklin Sales increase is just the culminating triumph of a car that has been piling up Economy Records for sixteen years.

The FRANKLIN CAR of TODAY

—has many Features of vital interest to every motorist, no matter what car he drives

Low Grade Gasoline!
The Franklin owner has the new Electric Primer, which makes low grade gasoline act like the high-test grade of years ago.

Good-bye Grease Cups!
Ever try to take hardened grease from an oil hole with a nail or wire? Not on today's Franklin! New Oil Reservoir and Wick System now in use obviates this trouble.

Strained Air.
Franklin Air Intake keeps road dust, grit, etc., out of internals of engine. Prevents wear in cylinders, pistons, valves, etc. Repair bills kept down by this Franklin device.

Tire Mileage!
33x4½ inch cord tires on all Franklin types assures astonishing mileage. Larger tires mean even greater tire reliability which on Franklin Cars always was remarkable.

"Low" Battery?
In cold weather, the Franklin owner simply cuts in the buzzer on his Master Vibrator, boosts the voltage and gets a fat, hot spark that fires the mixture.

Quick Warming-up.
Intake Yoke Heater uses exhaust gases to warm the mixture—original with the Franklin. Perfected in today's car. Smooth, even action assured in least possible time.

Responsiveness.
Franklin retains snap of a well-worked in car, even after long running. Latest construction automatically takes up cylinder wear, which in average engine usually means leaks in compression.

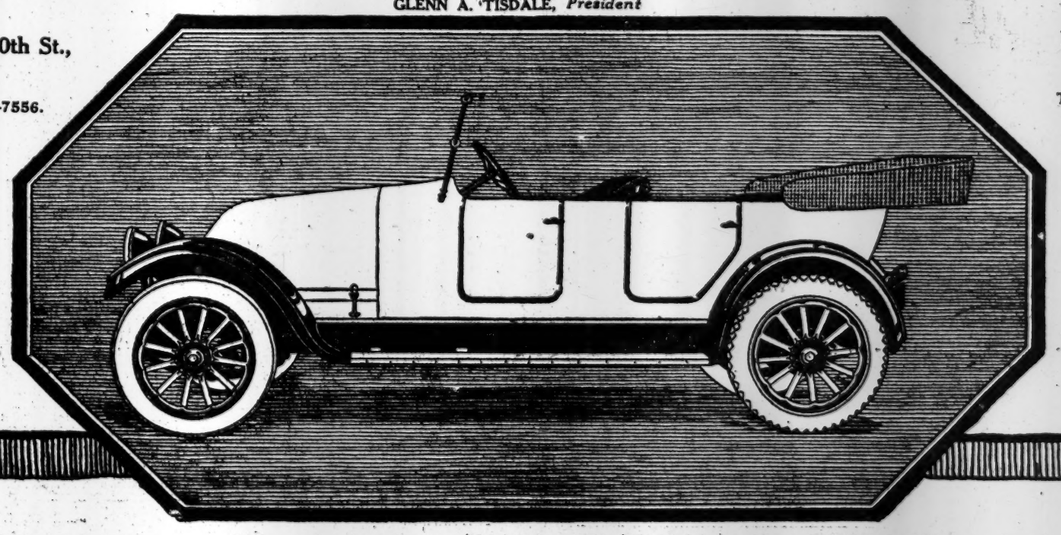
Big Reserve Capacity.
Larger Starter and Battery. Engine turns over without hesitation when you switch on the starter. Starting device has vigorous action and battery has a big reserve.

All These Latest Features Now on Exhibition in our Salesrooms. The Franklin Car is designed to meet the big preponderance of motoring requirements—eight types

FRANKLIN MOTOR CAR COMPANY
GLENN A. TISDALE, *President*

1830 Broadway, at 60th St., N. Y. City
Telephone, Columbus—7556.

1176 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn
Telephone, 4087 Decatur.



'THE RAINBOW GIRL' A PLEASING RELIEF

New Musical Comedy at the New Amsterdam Tells a Simple Story Simply.

FREE FROM SPECIALTIES

Bright Lines in Rennold Wolf's Libretto Made from a Jerome Comedy—Tripping Tunes by Hirsch.

THE RAINBOW GIRL, a musical comedy in three acts and four scenes. Music by Louis A. Hirsch, book and lyrics by Rennold Wolf, (based on play by Jerome K. Jerome.) At the New Amsterdam Theatre.

Daisy Meade.....Laura Hamilton
Frank Scudder.....William Clifton
Buck Evans.....Billy B. Van
Gus Norton.....Robert G. Pitkin
Newton.....Polly Bowman
Russet.....Ethel Delmar
Jonathan.....Dorothy St. Claire
Baldwin.....Edna Sillwell
Robert Vernon Dudley.....Harry Benham
Mollie Murdock.....Beth Lydy
Miss Terrina.....Miriam Medie
Miss Gwendolin.....Marguerite St. Clair
Clergyman.....Frederick Solomon
Miss Dudley, the elder.....Jane Burby
Miss Dudley, the younger.....Margaret Merriman
Girl in Blue.....Florence Ware
Electric Light Inspector.....William Clifton
Martin Bennett.....Sydney Greenstreet
Susannah Bennett.....Claire Grenville
Honoria Bennett.....Kathleen Lindley
Ernest Bennett.....Larry Delf
Jane Bennett.....Lenora Novasio
Matilda Bennett.....Jane Callan
Mary Ann Bennett.....Marion Sitgreaves
Simeon Bennett.....Jesse Willinkham
Charles Bennett.....Charles Fulton
Anastasia Bennett.....Julie Eastman
James Bennett.....Charles Hall
John Bennett.....Carlisle Blackron

In these days of revues "The Rainbow Girl" comes as something of a relief. This new musical play at the New Amsterdam has not a specialty artist in its ranks, it contains no khaki-clad hero, and it cannot boast of anything even remotely resembling a patriotic song. Or the contrary, it tells a simple story simply, and it does not outrage the probabilities at ten-minute intervals by marching the chorus girls into a room where they do not belong. In short, it is quite exceptional, and, in the main, rather a good show. As entertainment it ranks well above "The Riviera Girl," one of the season's earlier tenants of the New Amsterdam, and probably a notch or two below the engaging "Miss Springtime."

The basis of "The Rainbow Girl" is a comedy by Jerome K. Jerome entitled "The New Lady Bantock," which Fanny Ward acted here some eight or nine seasons ago. It has been turned into a libretto by Rennold Wolf, who had done considerably better than the average musical comedy author, and furnished with some tripping tunes by Louis A. Hirsch of "Going Up" fame. The performance is gingery, the cast satisfactory, and the scenery by Joseph Urban quite in that artist's best style. Than all of which no musical comedy could be expected to supply more.

No satisfactory explanation is given for the title, and one is left to assume that it was selected because it was a good name for a musical show. The heroine was an actress who sang in a piece called "The Rainbow Girl," but that fact alone is hardly sufficient reason for so naming the child. At all events, Mollie marries a lord, without knowing his identity, while the troupe is in England, and goes to live with him in the ancestral home. There she discovers a family of servitors by the name of Bennett, twelve of them, and it so happens that she was one of them herself before she ran away to America. Out of which grow the complications.

The complications which ensue are not numerous, but they are sufficient to keep the story alive for a couple of acts. Probably the most noteworthy achievement of the evening is the fact that the chorus is kept out of the way from the beginning of the last scene of the first act to the very curtain of the second act. One explanation of this phenomenon is that the author was privileged to gaze upon the young women selected as choristers before he wrote the play.

The heroine's rôle is sung extremely well by Beth Lydy. Last night she was inclined to be a trifle self-conscious, and this fact marred her performance somewhat. Billy B. Van manages to be really funny when he ceases to talk about his matrimonial troubles and embarks upon an experience with a pair of somebody's maiden aunts. Harry Delf and Lenora Novasio execute some neat steps and are intrusted with the singing of several of the best numbers of the evening—in particular, "I'll Think of You," the most melodious of Mr. Hirsch's compositions. Harry Benham is hopelessly amateurish as the incognito lord, and Laura Hamilton is a somewhat annoying soubrette. Robert G. Pitkin, however, makes a good theatrical manager—or a type new to the stage, incidentally—and valiant assistance is also lent by Jane Burby and Margaret Merriman, as the maiden aunts.

Mr. Wolf's libretto contains many bright lines. "The Rainbow Girl," in short, is a musical show well above the average, and as such it is quite certain to be popular.

INDIANA GOES DRY TODAY.

Ban on More Than One-Half Per Cent. of Alcohol in Drinks.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 1.—This State goes "bone dry" tomorrow. Features of the new law include the following:

It defines intoxicating liquors as beverages containing more than ½ of 1 per cent. of alcohol.

The sale of patent medicines with high alcoholic contents, where they are to be used as a beverage, is forbidden.

The law prohibits the sale or manufacture of powders that might be used as a mixture in making intoxicating drinks.

No sale of liquor may be advertised in Indiana in any manner.

The holding of a United States liquor tax receipt is to be prima facie evidence that the holder is engaged in the sale of liquor.

A man testifying regarding violation of the law by others becomes exempt from prosecution.

Paintings

Ancient and Modern

At the Galleries of

Scott & Fowles

590 Fifth Avenue

Between 47th and 48th Streets

STRANSKY ATTACKED AS KARL MUCK WAS

Philharmonic Conductor Defended as Pro-Ally, and Society Takes No Action on Letter.

It became known yesterday, following the Philharmonic Society's annual meeting at the executive offices in Carnegie Hall, that Mrs. William Jay, who was recently active in the campaign against Dr. Karl Muck of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, had resigned from the Philharmonic directorate, and that a similar attack had now been made upon Josef Stransky, leader of the Philharmonic.

Mrs. George L. Cheney, one of two women members now on the Directors' board, presented at the meeting a letter received by her calling on the Philharmonic to follow the Boston Symphony and other orchestras in dismissing foreign conductors hitherto active in America. No action was taken on the letter, but Secretary Leifels said after the meeting that Conductor Stransky was born in Bohemia and was "pro-ally" in the war.

Under President Wilson's proclamation regarding the Bohemians or Czecho-Slavs, some of whom are now fighting on the side of the Allies, the United States Government has not held persons of that nationality as enemy aliens, though they are Austrian subjects, Mr. Leifels said.

"Mr. Stransky," he added, "has conducted under our service flag all season; he has played in the national army camps, and has been received as the guest of American officers there. He has applied for American citizenship, and the Directors believe that his conduct has been 'on the square.'"

The Directors at yesterday's meeting announced the election of several officers for next season, and of members of the Board of Directors for five years to come. The office of President, from which Oswald Garrison Villard resigned on Jan. 4 last, was not filled at this time.

The officers re-elected were: Vice President Richard Arnold, Secretary Felix F. Leifels, and the new Treasurer Henry E. Cooper. Mr. Cooper has been acting Treasurer since the retirement of Rudolf E. F. Ehrich on Jan. 10, soon after Mr. Villard.

Mrs. Cheney, Messrs. Arnold and Cooper were re-elected for a five-year term as members of the board, numbering fifteen in all. Howard Taylor was also elected for a full term, having become a member of the board three weeks ago, on the resignation of Mrs. Jay.

Among the Philharmonic Directors, other than those elected yesterday, are Miss Anne D. Duane, and Messrs. Arthur Curtiss James, F. W. Krafft, Thomas L. Leeming, Lindley Manoly, Robert Alfred Shaw, Nelson S. Spencer, and Clarence Mott Woolley.

CAINE PLAYLET AT PALACE.

Author's Son Appears in "The Iron Hand," a War Melodrama.

Hall Caine's war playlet, "The Iron Hand," which was given a solitary performance at a Hippodrome benefit several weeks ago, is being played this week at the Palace by Derwent Hall Caine, the author's son, and A. E. Anson. The piece is a fairly effective melodrama dealing with an incident of the German invasion of Belgium, and revolving around the not altogether new situation of the refusal of a soldier to surrender the password, even on pain of death. Mr. Caine plays well as the heroic soldier, and Mr. Anson makes an awesome figure out of a German Captain, who threatens even the soldier's wife and mother with death in an effort to achieve his ends. A sudden happy denouement robs the sketch of a little of its force as a patriotic piece.

Bessie McCoy Davis's dancing and the Kouns sisters' singing have been honored with retention for a second and third week, respectively. The versatile Herman Timberg presents a new act, and others on the bill include James and Bonnie Thornton and Floras La Due, the last named a young woman whose specialty is riding and roping.

CARUSO IN "LE PROPHETE."

Meyerbeer's Opera Opens the Final Three Weeks at Metropolitan.

Signor Caruso opened the final three weeks of the Metropolitan opera season last evening in Meyerbeer's "Le Prophete," completing this spectacular production's round of the local subscription. The same work is to start a week's visit of the company in Boston on April 22 next. In the cast with the tenor last evening were Mmes. Muzio and Matzenauer, Messrs. Rothier, Mardones, d'Angelo, and others, and Mr. Bodanzky conducted.

Owing to the illness of Rosina Galli, the dancer, Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Le Coq d'Or" cannot be given next Saturday afternoon, as announced; in its place, "I Puritani" will be sung, while the Russian ballet will be the matinée bill of the following week. A special performance of 'Coq d'Or" in Philadelphia today is postponed likewise until April 16.

CAINE WAR PLAY APPLAUDED

"The Prime Minister" Aided by the Fine Acting of Ethel Irving.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, April 1.—Hall Caine's war play, "The Prime Minister," which already has been seen in America, was produced here at the Royalty Theatre Saturday and was given an entirely favorable reception.

It promises to become a popular success, toward which the fine acting of Ethel Irving as the girl spy Margaret Schiller, who reforms and saves the Prime Minister's life from her brother's bullet, will largely contribute.

HENRY MILLER IN HIS NEW THEATRE

'The Fountain of Youth' Sprays Brilliants of Wit and Rainbow Charm.

MR. MILLER'S OWN COMPANY

An Excellent Group of Players Lend Their Substance to Slender Comedy.

THE FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH, a comedy in three acts by Louis Evan Shipman. At Henry Miller's Theatre.

Gerald Place.....Henry Miller
Langdon Train.....Frank Kemble Cooper
Jack Forsythe.....Robert Anna
Kenneth Guile.....Leslie Austen
Harrison Healey.....Frank Sylvester
Crockett.....Lewis Sealey
Mrs. Forsythe.....Lucile Watson
Mrs. Lupin.....Hilda Spong
Hilda Forsythe.....Lillian Kemble Cooper
Elizabeth Crichton.....Olive Tell

At the opening of Henry Miller's Theatre last night good taste was lapped in luxury as seldom before. Every detail of the new house is studied with intelligent regard to comfort of the body and repose of the eye. The single scene which suffices for "The Fountain of Youth" is perhaps the most solid and satisfactory drawing room ever presented on our local stage. It was the only place conceivable which would have lured the audience from their orchestra chairs.

"It is a poor week," said Mr. Miller in his very graceful curtain speech, "in which no new theatre is opened on Broadway." Then he added: "And it is a rich one in which none is closed."

In this casual afterthought there may have been a subconscious premonition, for the little comedy of the evening is slight indeed. This fountain of youth plays a very slender stream, and even that is of intermittent vigor. But fortunately the water is pure and there is a prevailing sense of blue sky and sunlight. Best of all is a vagrant wind of wit and fancy that catches the fountain jet in its catspaws and shatters it in brilliants of wit, suffused with rainbow charm. The play is in thorough keeping with the new house and bids fair to last out the season most pleasantly.

In the life of man there are four ages of this fountain, as Louis Evan Shipman tells us in some of his happiest lines. At 14 the fountain of youth is a soda water fountain. At 23 it is a pair of blue eyes in which (as it seems to 23) a soul wells up. At 35 it is a syphon which mingles not with souls but with spirits that make us believe for the moment that what youth promised is true. At 47, alas! the fountain bubbles up from a five-grain lithia tablet.

Gerald Place, (which is the present alias of Henry Miller,) is 47. He has spent his youth in the rubber country amassing millions, and has now returned to revive his illusion of 23. She has two children, to whom he is guardian; and, as she is a widow, it devolves upon Gerald to take a hand in their young love affairs and put them right.

This he does with his familiar good humor and masculine charm. Especially there is question of a playwright and his play, to whom Mr. Miller becomes angel. There is thus occasion for many bright sallies, wise and satirical, upon modern aspects of the drama—a field in which Mr. Shipman has lately shone, and in which once more he delights his hearers. Moreover, with Mr. Miller's collaboration in their angelic trade, it is shown how a "highbrow" drama may become, in the angelic months, worth many, many thousand dollars. And that revelation the audience accepts quite seriously, as do also, apparently, Mr. Miller and Mr. Shipman. But second thoughts recall the odd circumstance that they themselves have fought shy of any such play as this one which, in their new comedy, they angelize so profitably.

In his traffic among the hearts of youth and their high brows, Mr. Miller falls in with Elizabeth Crichton, alias Olive Tell. What happens is what generally happens to old loves and new ones. For oh, and for oh, the widow is forgot. The fountain flows again to its source; the hands of Oh Time turn backward in their flight. Daylight saving is so thriftily managed that Gerald gains not hours but long years of sunlight and love. His course as he does so is of a certainty not smooth.

There is one tragic moment when Gerald is trembling on the verge of the lithia tablet. But he takes instead a draft from the syphon, mingled with a good heel of the old familiar spirits. And then things all come right. At least these are the facts of the case, though Dr. Shipman may not have intended his symbols to tinkle quite so literally.

Mr. Miller's company is as richly ornamental as his theatre and his stage, and some of the ornaments seem almost superfluous. Frank Kemble Cooper comes on for no other purpose than to deliver certain conversation, notably that on the four ages of the fountain, which he does with distinguished ease. Hilda Spong has an even less structural part in the whole, unless she may be reckoned needful as a talking mate to Mr. Cooper, whom eventually, as it seems, she marries. Lucile Watson as the widowed mother and Frank Sylvester as a low-brow theatrical manager have parts that, though more substantial, make no considerable draft on their sterling abilities.

The play is, indeed, mostly conversation, and though in its kind it is of the very first water and highly effervescent, one misses at time the clash and reaction of character that go to make up the very best sort of comedy. It is, after all, a lithia tablet play, rather short of aqua fortis, however wholesomely effervescent.

112 I. W. W.'S PUT ON TRIAL.

Defendants Manacled and Heavily Guarded in the Courtroom.

CHICAGO, April 1.—Leaders and organizers of the Industrial Workers of the World entered pleas of not guilty today at the opening of the trial in which the Government will attempt to prove that the defendants violated the espionage act, plotted to destroy industries, and conspired to hamper prosecution of the war.

With but one exception, the 113 defendants were in court when Judge Landis ordered their names called for pleading to the charges brought by the Government after the sensational drive on the organization's district offices last September. Albert Kimball, who was out on bail, was reported seriously ill.

Examination of prospective jurors will be continued when court reconvenes tomorrow.

Poets, lumber-camp captains, political writers, and speakers were among the defendants, who, manacled and heavily guarded, were brought into the courtroom in groups of ten. Their queer raiment, ranging from overalls to flowing ties and fancy waistcoats, attracted crowds of spectators, but only a few gained entrance to the courtroom.

Witnesses have been called by the defense from all parts of the country with a view to proving that the I. W. W. is simply an organization of workers. The defense will attempt to show by these witnesses that while the organization feels that the present political system is too slow for industrial and social reforms there has been no attempt to cripple industry or block war plans.

Arturo Giovannitti, former editor of The Masses and one of the leaders in the Lawrence, Mass., textile strike, against whom charges by the Government were withdrawn today, held a number of conferences with I. W. W. leaders who are out on bail. He said he would not be able to remain during the trial, however.

Marcelline Is Back with the Circus.

The Barnum & Bailey Circus began its second week in Madison Square Garden yesterday. Two audiences, both of capacity size, enjoyed the performances. Among the clowns who are in the circus this year is Marcelline, who was the feature of the first spectacles given in the Hippodrome. He is not mentioned on the circus program, but the fact is known because hundreds of people at every performance recognize him the moment he appears in the arena. He still does the same tricks that made him a favorite of the children during his Hippodrome days. The big service flag, with its 596 stars, will be shown for the first time today.

Adele Braden's First Song Recital.

Adele Braden make a first appearance in song recital at Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon, a début marred by nervousness that cost the young church choir singer some soprano topnotes, though she showed agreeable voice and stage presence when at her best. She sang in English three lyrics of the late Hugo Wolf, many old French and also modern French and Russian airs, as well as "The Brownies," by Franco Leoni, composer of "L'Oracolo," and "Sing to Me, Sing," by Sidney Homer.

New Strand Theatre for Brooklyn.

The Mitchel H. Mark Realty Corporation, owner of the Strand Theatre in Manhatan, yesterday broke ground at Fulton Street and Rockwell Place, Brooklyn, for a new theatre, which, it is said, will be one of the largest motion-picture houses in the country. The new house, which is also to be known as the Strand, will have a seating capacity of 4,000, with a roof garden seating 1,300 people. It will occupy a plot of land measuring 110 by 175 feet.

Clean Up in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1.—Orders to "clean up" their districts within forty-eight hours or suffer dismissal were issued to all police officials in the city by William H. Wilson, Director of Public Safety, after a conference today with Mayor Smith, at which the alleged vice conditions in Philadelphia were discussed. Both the Mayor and Mr. Wilson said they did not believe conditions were as bad as set forth by Chairman Fosdick of the Training Camps Activities Commission in his report to Secretary Daniels.

Promotions at Wadsworth.

Special to The New York Times.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., April 1.—Headquarters today announced the promotion of Second Lieutenant Lewis H. Gibbs to be First Lieutenant with the 105th Infantry, and a similar advancement for Second Lieutenant Raymond McLeer, who was assigned to the 105th Machine Gun Battalion, principally made up of former members of Squadron A.

SILENT ON GERMAN INQUIRY.

N. Y. Athletic Club Governors Hear Explanations of Accused Members.

The Board of Governors of the New York Athletic Club met last night, and it was reported that several of the members who were suspended last week on the suspicion of being pro-Germans or pacifists appeared and offered explanations. The meeting lasted almost three hours, and when it broke up it was announced that what transpired would not be made public. There was a rumor current that drastic action had been taken, but this could not be confirmed.

At the annual meeting of the Lotos Club, the following resolution offered by Colonel John J. Carty was adopted: "Resolved, that absolute and unconditional loyalty to the Government of the United States, or in the case of one not an American, to that of one of its allies in the present war, is an indispensable condition of membership in the Lotos Club, and that the directory shall do whatever is necessary to give full effect to this declaration."

Gorgas Needs Women Scientists.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1. — Surgeon General Gorgas authorized the statement today that the army needed the services of about 100 women bacteriologists to take the place of men in cantonment laboratories in this country. A good, practical knowledge of clinical pathology and diagnostic bacteriology is required for the work. The salary is $720 with maintenance, and $1,200 without maintenance, transportation furnished by the Government. Applications should be sent to the Surgeon General of the army.

Century 7th MONTH
Thea., 62d, Near B'way. 8800 Cols. Evs. 8. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2. MATINEE TOMORROW. 25c to $1.
The Most Gorgeous, Gigantic, Colorful, Magnificent, Enthralling, Fascinating and Superb Spectacle Ever Known in History of Stage.
CHU CHIN CHOW
A Musical Tale of the East. Now in Its 2d Year at His Majesty's Theatre, London. Economic Prices—Orch. $1.50-$2; Dress Cir. $1; Balcony 75c-50c; Fam. Cir. 50c-25c. Always 300 Orch. Seats at $1.50. Wed. Mat. 25c to $1.

Century Grove
ON TOP OF CENTURY THEATRE
Opening Next
Thursday Eve., April 4
Messrs. Elliott, Comstock & Gest Announce A NEW **MIDNIGHT REVUE**
(Performance Starts at 11:30 P. M.)

HARRIS THEATRE, 42d, W. of B'way. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. at 2:30.
TONIGHT AT 8:30 THE PATRIOTIC PLAY
HER COUNTRY
"The most absorbing and significant, and one of the best acted plays of the current season."
—*Arthur Hornblow, Theatre Magazine.*
MAT. TOM'W, 50c to $1.50

FULTON THEATRE
46th Street, west of Broadway.
"LOVE'S LIGHTNING"
A Comedy by
Ada Patterson and Robert Edeson
This is the first stage effort of Miss Patterson, who is famous as a newspaper and magazine writer.
A PLAY OF HUMAN INTEREST! WILL APPEAL TO EVERY ONE!
Contains everything that this noted writer and her distinguished actor collaborateur think will make a great play.
At every performance Miss Patterson will appear in person on the stage and will address the audience.
Mats. Tues., Thurs. & Sat., 2:20 & 8:20. Best Seats $1.00. Tues. & Thurs. Mats. EVENING PRICES. 50c, $1.00, $1.50.

BALL In aid of the Stage Women's War Relief
Under the auspices of the SIXTY CLUB
GRAND BALLROOM HOTEL ASTOR
NEXT SAT. AT TEN O'CLOCK P.M.
TICKETS $5, to be had at the office of the managing committee, Room 1032, Aeolian Building, 33 W. 42d St.—or at the Lambs Club, 130 W. 44th St.—or at the Friars Club, 106 W. 48th St.—or at the Stage Women's War Relief, No. 366 5th Ave., & Tyson's & McBride's, Boxes, $100 and $50.

MOTION PICTURES.

"The Best War Picture Yet Seen—Never Has a Picture Been More Enthusiastically Received."—*Eve. Telegram.*

ALBERT E. SMITH *Presents*
VITAGRAPH'S
STUPENDOUS PHOTO-PLAY OF EMPEY'S WORLD-FAMED BOOK
"OVER THE TOP"
With Sergt. ARTHUR GUY
EMPEY
(Himself)
Supported by Lois Meredith, James Morrison, and an All Star Vitagraph Cast.
Directed by Wilfrid North.
SERGEANT EMPEY WILL APPEAR PERSONALLY AT BOTH PERFORMANCES TODAY.
LYRIC WEST 42ND STREET.
Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. Evenings, 25c to $1. Mats. (Exc. Sat. & Sun.) 25 & 50c
SEATS NOW SELLING.

44TH ST. THEATRE
Starting Friday Eve., April 5
Seats Now on Sale.
Evenings at 8:10, 25c to $1.50. Daily Matinees at 2:10—25c to $1.
D. W. GRIFFITH'S
Latest and Greatest Masterpiece
HEARTS OF THE WORLD
A Love Story of the Great War. Battle Scenes Taken on the Battlefields of France. (By Special Permission of the British War Office.)
Private Performance Thurs. Eve. for Government Representatives, State and Municipal Officials.

KNICKERBOCKER 38TH ST. & B'WAY
AMBASSADOR **GERARD'S**
My 4 Years in Germany
Film of Fact—Personal Experiences
Mats. 2:30, 25-75c. Eves. 25c-$1.50.

THE KAISER
The Beast of Berlin"
Now Playing 3 Times Daily, 2:30, 4:30 8:30. Mats. 25c., 50c., 75c. Evenings, 25c. to $1.00.
BROADWAY THEATRE AT 41ST ST.

RIVOLI B'way and 49 St. "THE BLUEBIRD" 3d Instal. Official Italian War Pictures
RIALTO 30-30-50c. Loges, $1 CHARLES RAY in "The Family Skeleton." Soloists and RIALTO ORCHESTRA
Times Square RIVOLI ORCHESTRA

81 st. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 3980
WM. S. HART & THE PREACHER"
THE EAGLE'S EYE by Wm. J. Flynn
Also Greater VAUDEVILLE
MAT. 15-20c, incl. tax. EVE. 20-30-50c, incl. tax.

STRAND MARY GARDEN in "The Splendid Blaise." Final Ep. "Depths of the Sea." Strand Orches.
B'way & 47th St.

LOEW'S NEW YORK THEA. & ROOF
Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M.
VIRGINIA PEARSON, "A Daughter of France."

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM West 42d St.
Evenings 8:15. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. Prices 50c to $2.00, except Sat. Night, $2.50
KLAW & ERLANGER'S
RADIANT NEW MUSICAL COMEDY
THE **RAINBOW GIRL**
Founded on a Comedy by Jerome
K. Jerome. Book & Lyrics by Rennold Wolf. Music by Louis A. Hirsch. Scened by Urban.

ZIEGFELD NEW MIDNIGHT FROLIC TONIGHT 11:30.
COCOANUT GROVE New Amsterdam Roof, West 42d St.

EMPIRE B'way, 40th St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.
SMARTEST AND BEST ACTED COMEDY OF THE YEAR.
ETHEL **BARRYMORE** in The Off Chance

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:30.
TOOT-TOOT
New Military Musical Comedy
"IT IS A HIT."—Eve. Journal.

CHASES BLUES
A sure cure is
SICK-A-BED
The biggest LAUGH-maker in Town!
GAIETY BROADWAY & 46th ST. THE HOME OF LAUGHTER.
Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
Pop. Mat. TOMOR'W 50c to $1.50

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 43 St., E. of B'way.
Tel. Bryant 7410. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
"The Fountain of Youth"

CRITERION B'way, 44 St. TONIGHT 8:30. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15.
Laurette Taylor
in a new comedy by J. Hartley Manners
"HAPPINESS"
NEXT FRI. AT 8:30. Miss TAYLOR in Special Shakespearean Matinee.

LIBERTY West 42d Street. Evenings at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
GOING UP
The Talk of the Town
The Aviation Musical Comedy Sensation.

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents
POLLY WITH A PAST

VANDERBILT W. 48 St. Phone 124 Bryant. Evs. 8:30.
OH LOOK!
HARRY with FOX
Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:20.

BELMONT THEATRE—OPENING APRIL 5
48th St., E. of B'way. Phone Bryant 48
CARTER DE HAVEN'S **MAGICIAN**
Evs. at 8:30. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. Matinees.

ELTINGE W. 42d St. Tonight 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Pop. Price Mat. Tom'w
BUSINESS BEFORE PLEASURE
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr.

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Evs. 8:30.
FUNNIEST AMERICAN COMEDY OF RECENT YEARS
A **Tailor-Made Man**
with GRANT MITCHELL

LYCEUM W. 45 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO Presents
TIGER ROSE

REPUBLIC W. 42 St. Tonight 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Pop. Price Mat. Tom'w
PARLOR BEDROOM and BATH
with Florence Moore and Jonn Cumberland

PARK Theatre, Col's Circle. Evs. 8:20. Matinees Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. Military-Naval Melodrama.
7 DAYS LEAVE
PRICES 25-50-75c, $1, $1.50
NO TRENCH SCENES—NO HORRORS. NOT A MOTION PICTURE.

FRED STONE GLOBE Mats. Wed. and Sat.
"JACK O' LANTERN"
POPULAR PRICE MATINEE TOM'W

Madison Sq. Garden NOW
Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15
Doors Open Hour Earlier.
GREATEST SHOW ON EARTH
Barnum & Bailey
CIRCUS
Enthusiastically Proclaimed the Most Stupendous, Original, Novel Circus New York Has Ever Seen!
MONSTER ZOO—FREAK CONGRESS.
Admission to everything, including seats, 50c to $2.75, according to location.
WAR TAX INCLUDED.
CHILDREN under twelve, half price all Mats., except Sat., to $1.00 seats and over
BRANCH TICKET OFFICES:
Lehigh Valley Ticket Office, B'way & 42d St.; R. H. Macy & Co., and Gimbel Bros.

New York Salon
Modern French Paintings
Vanderbilt Residence
677 Fifth Avenue
For the Relief of Disabled French Soldiers
Daily, 11 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Admission 50c., Tuesdays $2.

YORKVILLE THEATRE, 86 St., n'r Lex. Av. Telephone Lenox 8888.
Evs. 8:20. Last Time Tom'w Evg. 8:15. ADOLF PHILIPP'S **OH, EMILIE!** Musical Review
FIRST TIME

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47 ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1.
BESSIE McCOY DAVIS, DERWENT HALL CAINE and A. E. ANSON, Nellie & Sarah Kouns, Herman Timberg & Co. & others & James and Bonnie Thornton.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST.
PAT ROONEY, MARION BENT & CO., Gladys Hanson, Mack & Walker, ots.

Loew's American Roof 125 St., W. of B'way. Every Eve. at 8:15.
WM. S. HART in "Blue Blazes Rawden," Nat. Nazarro & Co., Adams & Guhl, Dolan & Lenhar, oths. All Seats Reserved 25, 35, 50

IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE AND 15TH STREET.
Arthur Schnitzler's "Professor Bernhardi" famous comedy.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE, SUNDAY EVE., APRIL 28, AT 8:30
VIOLIN RECITAL BY JASCHA
HEIFETZ
FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE FAMILIES OF JEWISH SOLDIERS AND SAILORS WHO HAVE JOINED THE COLORS.
SEATS NOW ON SALE AT METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN Evgs. 8. Mats. Today, Thurs. & Sat., 2.
AL JOLSON in "SINBAD"

CASINO Beginning TONIGHT at 8:20.
A. H. WOODS Presents
AN AMERICAN ACE
By L. J. Carter.
A BIG PATRIOTIC MELODRAMA AT PATRIOTIC PRICES—50c TO $1.50
First Matinee Tomorrow

48TH ST. Theatre, Tom'w Eve. at 8:15.
Beg's THE MAN WHO STAYED AT HOME
Famous "Spy" Drama—Star Cast Includes Amelia Bingham, Katherine Kaelred, Charlotte Ives, Albert Brown, A. H. Van Buren & others.
Matinees Thursday and Saturday, 2:15.

Broadhurst Thea., 44th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2.
Lee and J. J. Shubert's Model Musical Production
MAYTIME
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris

44th ST. THEATRE ROOF THEATRE W. of B'way
Ph. Bryant 61. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30.
"Politely audacious; witty, startling."—Herald.
A PAIR OF PETTICOATS
Comedy by Cyril Harcourt.
with Norman Trevor—Laura Hope Crews

ASTOR 45th & B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w (Pop. Prices) & Sat. Last 7 Times
WHY MARRY?
By Jesse Lynch Williams
NAT C. GOODWIN
EDMUND BREESE, ESTELLE WINWOOD, SHELLEY HULL, ERNEST LAWFORD, BEATRICE BECKLEY, LOTUS ROBB
Beginning MONDAY, APRIL 8. Seats Now
CLIFTON CRAWFORD in a new musical show
FANCY FREE
Harry Conor—Marilynn Miller—Ray Raymond.

BIJOU 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30.
SQUAB FARM Comedy by Frederic and Fanny Hatton

Wm. A. Brady's **PLAYHOUSE** W. 48 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat.
The **LITTLE TEACHER** Greatest Comedy-Drama Since "The Music Master."
By Harry James Smith, with MARY RYAN

PRINCESS 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:20.
"A Musical Comedy Masterpiece." **OH, LADY! LADY!!**

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:30.
THE STUART WALKER CO. in TARKINGTON'S COMEDY OF GLORIOUS YOUTH
SEVENTEEN

39TH ST. THEA., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee Tomorrow, 2:15.
WM. **HODGE** In His Best Comedy. A CURE FOR CURABLES

44th ST. W. of B'way. **SHUBERT** Theatre. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15.
LIONEL **BARRYMORE** in "A GALLI-CURCI TRIUMPH."—Mail. THE **Copperhead**

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. Thea. 8:30. Mat. B'way, Tomorrow, $1.50
EYES of YOUTH
With JANE GREY and Original Cast.

Comedy W. 41st. Evs. 8:45. Mats. Thurs. Sat. LAST WEEK
MARY SHAW & WASHINGTON SQ. PLAYERS
MRS. WARREN'S PROFESSION
By G. BERNARD SHAW.
APRIL 8th, YORSKA in SALOME, by OSCAR WILDE.

LOEW'S 7th Av. at 125 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25c & 50c.
WM. COLLIER in "NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."

CORT 48th St., E. of B'way. Evgs. at 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. at 2:20.
FLO-FLO THE SEASON'S SENSATIONAL MUSICAL HIT

MACBETH. CORT THEATRE SPECIAL MATS.
Next Fri. Aft. at 2:20. Next Sat. Morn., 10:30, with Walter Hampden, Helen Ware, Howard Kyle and George Gaul.

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Matinee Today, 25c and 50c.
"THE GIPSY TRAIL"

LAST 7 TIMES
Nazimova in Ibsen's "The Wild Duck"
Mon., Apr. 8th, "Hedda Gabler." Seats Now
PLYMOUTH 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:10. Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:10.

LONGACRE WEST 48TH ST. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
YES OR NO WITH CHRYSTAL HERNE, JANET BEECHER, Marjorie Wood and Great Cast.

MOROSCO 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20.
OLIVER MOROSCO'S LAUGHING SENSATION
LOMBARDI, Ltd.
with LEO CARRILLO.
BIGGEST HIT IN NEW YORK.

Owing to the unusually intricate mechanical details of the production, Charles Hopkins announces that the Premiere of Hubert Osborne's odd new comedy
"APRIL"
will be given at the Punch & Judy Theatre on Saturday Evening at 8:30, in lieu of tonight. Seats purchased for tonight will be honored for Saturday evening.
Sat. Morning 11:15—Sarg's Marionettes

Lexington Th. Brandon Tynan in
51st St. & Lex. Av.
Eves. 8:15
Mats. 2:15
Tues., Thurs. & Sat.
SUCCESS
Original Broadway Cast. Popular Prices.

VIEUX COLOMBIER 65 W. 35th. Gr'ley 1522
Tonight 8:30, "La Paix chez soi"; "Le Testament du Pere Leleu"; "La Chance de Francoise."
SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT!
Commencing Tuesday, April 9, SEASON IN ENGLISH.
EDITH WYNNE MATTHISON
In a New Comedy.
THE ARMY WITH BANNERS
By CHARLES RANN KENNEDY.
Seat Sale Tom'w. Mail Orders Now.

GARDEN THEATRE MADISON AVENUE & 27TH ST.
Vaudeville de Luxe April 5th, at 8:30 P. M.
Miss Edith Wynne Matthison, Mr. Pedro de Cordoba, The Comedy Club, Constance Binney and others in "As You Like It," "Moonshine," etc.
Under Auspices of Manhattan Council, Girl Scouts.
Tickets 50c. to $2.50, at Girl Scouts Office, 10 East 48d Street, at theatre on day of performance.

Greenwich Village THEATRE, 4th St. &

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

Office, Times Square. (Tel. Bryant 1000)
Times Annex...434 St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,100 Seventh Av., near 125th St.
Bronx.....2,014 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn....Room 605, 367 Fulton Street
Staten Island..93 Stuyv. Pl., N. Brighton
Queens..317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....250 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Jersey City.....80 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....15 Park Avenue
WASHINGTON.....Riggs Building
CHICAGO.....1202 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
DETROIT.....403 Ford Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....742 Market Street
LONDON.....Marconi House, Strand, W. C.
PARIS..Chez Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonnière

TWO CENTS in Greater New York and commuting distance. Three Cents, elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents. City: Seven Cents, elsewhere.

	One Year.	Six Months.	One Month.
By Mail, Postpaid.			
DAILY & SUNDAY..	$10.00	$5.50	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only.....	8.00	4.25	.75
One week, 30c.			
SUNDAY only.....	3.00	1.75	.30
CANADIAN RATES.			
DAILY & SUNDAY..	$10.00	$5.50	$1.00
One week, 35c.			
DAILY only.....	8.00	4.25	.75
One week, 30c.			
SUNDAY only.....	6.00	3.25	.55
FOREIGN RATES.			
DAILY & SUNDAY..	$26.00	$13.80	$2.40
DAILY only.....	17.40	8.90	1.45
SUNDAY only.....	9.75	5.12	.86

Binder, Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Monday,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays.) 1 yr., $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50; Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3. (foreign, $4.) Per Copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $2; per year, $8.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper, and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.
All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, APRIL 2, 1918.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACT OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, OF

The New York Times

Published daily at New York, N. Y., for April 1, 1918.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:
Before me, a Registered Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Adolph S. Ochs, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Publisher of THE NEW YORK TIMES and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, and circulation of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, embodied in Section 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are:
Publisher—Adolph S. Ochs, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Editor—Charles R. Miller, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Managing Editor—C. V. Van Anda, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Executive Manager—George McAneny, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Business Manager—Louis Wiley, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.
Treasurer—Charles H. Grasty, The Times, Times Sq., New York City.

2. That the owners are:
Owner—The New York Times Company.
Stockholders holding 1 per cent. or more of total amount of stock:
Adolph S. Ochs, majority stockholder, The Times, New York City; Charles R. Miller, The Times, New York City; Elisabeth Luther Cary, The Times, New York City; C. V. Van Anda, The Times, New York City; Louis Wiley, The Times, New York City; Estate of John Norris, The Times, New York City; Walter S. Sullivan, 154 E. 74th St., New York City; John G. Agar, New Rochelle, N. Y.; Annie M. McClymonde, Morris Plains, N. J.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent. or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are:
New York Trust Company, New York City, Trustee for The New York Times Co. Sinking Fund.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company, but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as Trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such Trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as Trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

5. That the average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to paid subscribers during the six months preceding the date shown above is 352,794.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of April, 1918.
[Seal.] Geo. Elmer Livingston.
Notary Public, Bronx Co., No. 44; registered Bronx County, No. 232; New York County, No. 172; New York Register's No. 10,142.
Commission expires March 30th, 1920.

JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

Justly disturbing to Japan and China, whose security and interests are not distantly threatened, have been the collapse, surrender, and partition of the Russian Empire; Germany's exercise of and preparation for dominion therein; the replication in Siberia and on the Manchurian marches of Russian disorder, civil war, chaos; German propaganda and penetration, the presence in Siberia of considerable, if variously estimated, bodies of German and Austrian prisoners of war. To Japan, as the stronger military Power, the task was suggested, properly to be fulfilled in co-operation with China, of landing troops in Vladivostok to protect the wealth of stores there from the Germans.

Such an immediate military purpose, involving an intervention for the benefit of all the Entente Powers and proposed by some of them, has been regarded with divided feeling even in Japan. In the United States, and finally in Great Britain, France, and Italy, intervention was dreaded or opposed by many because of its effect upon the Russian people. Certainly the Bolshevist ruin-makers, spreading their insane performances in the East, are not the Russian people to be considered. Would intervention by Japan in the interest of all the Allies lend to alarm and alienate the Russian people?

The speech of Viscount MOTONO, Minister of Foreign Affairs, shows substantially the feeling we all have for Russia, for the Russian people restored to sanity. Viscount MOTONO said that, contrary to the common opinion, Japan had not proposed intervention in Siberia, nor had any joint proposal from the Allies been received. Should such a proposal be made, it would be "carefully considered." Japan has seen with apprehension German influence reaching into Siberia, but has not thought of intervention on her own hook. "If "the Siberian situation becomes "worse, requiring decisive steps on "behalf of the interest of the Allies, "* * * the Imperial Government "will not hesitate to take prompt and "adequate measures in a whole-"hearted manner," with no view to aggression. Intervention would not be against Russia as an enemy. "The "deep and warm sympathy of the "[Japanese] nation for the Russian "people" is declared.

It is an attitude of "watchful waiting" which Viscount MOTONO indicates, Japanese intervention, if made, would be made on the proposal of the Allies, and for the benefit of the Russian people, the benefit of the Allies, the injury of Germany, the enemy and oppressor of Russia. For the moment the struggle in the west engages the attention of the world, but Siberia as an appanage of Germany is no pleasant thought for the nations bound to beat her. But it must be kept in mind that other ways of protecting Siberia than that by the military action of Japan alone are open to consideration.

A SENSIBLE CONCLUSION.

No trenches will be dug in the park. The Liberty Loan Committee of the Federal Reserve District of New York, at its meeting held yesterday, decided definitely to abandon the plan.

The committee adopted this method of bringing the actualities of war vividly before this community in the belief that the spectacle of trench life, reproducing as nearly as might be scenes at the battlefront, would stimulate subscriptions to the Third Liberty Loan. The Board of Estimate and Apportionment gave its assent. Surveys of the park fields were made, preparations began for actual construction. But there was a storm of public protest. Opposition to the trench plans was based upon the argument that Central Park, a precious possession of the people, should be held inviolate, and also upon the very practical ground that trenches in the park were quite unnecessary as an aid to the placing of the loan. It has been the opinion of THE TIMES that this method of bringing home to the people the need of supplying the Government with funds for the prosecution of the war was a superfluous reinforcement of other and vastly more powerful appeals that will carry this loan to triumph and success as it has carried the others. And Central Park should never be yielded up for any use foreign to its plan and purpose save under compelling necessity admitting of no delay or argument.

We have been confident from the beginning that the committee would reconsider the project of the trenches and abandon it. Its members are practical men of affairs, ripe in experience. Their patriotism is beyond all question, but they share that feeling of pride in the city's public pleasure grounds which makes all New Yorkers jealous of any encroachment which would impair their beauty or diminish their usefulness to the people. The decision taken by them yesterday was wise and sensible; in taking it they have earned the hearty and unreserved commendation of the community, and they will themselves share the feeling of general satisfaction their decision against the trenches has inspired.

BINS WILL YAWN FOR IT.

"Guided by the experience of the past Winter," as he admits, Fuel Administrator GARFIELD appeals to householders to put in their next Winter's supply of coal this Spring and Summer, promising "clean coal" and a reduction of thirty cents a ton in the price. As the consumers, who were humble petitioners for coal in the most arctic Winter recorded in the States and from week to week came near freezing to death, have been wondering how they could get any fuel at all another season, they will not need to be told a second time that Mr. GARFIELD is ready to fill their bins. It is the most welcome news they have had for many a long day.

The offer is open for four months, from April 1 to Aug. 31. It sounds almost too good to be true that "the "Fuel Administration expects the "coal consumers, continuing their "patriotic co-operation with the Gov-"ernment in all its war measures, to "maintain a steady and constant de-"mand for coal," in order to maintain production during the whole year. In the past Winter thousands of families knew what it was to see a quarter of a ton, sometimes a single bushel, between them and several degrees of frost in the house. They besieged the local Fuel Administrator for "orders"; they often hired a wagon to take away from a reluctant dealer the prized nuggets. To be invited now to "secure a full normal supply of coal" for the Winter of 1918-19 is to be raised to the seventh heaven of bliss. It seems like a dream that waking will dissipate. But Dr. GARFIELD will not change his mind. He has learned a lesson of experience in the first Winter of his trust, and it is he who petitions now.

The Fuel Administrator is planning to keep the mines working at full capacity for twelve months. "An adequate supply of coal," he says, "is "vital to the winning of the war. "Without it we cannot make muni-"tions or other war supplies, or build "the ships which must carry men and "materials to the battlefront." During last Winter the needs of the householder were often in collision with the demands of the munition plants, factories, office buildings, shops and ships. The average householder does not fill his bins in Summer. It is the householder with a well-lined purse who does that. But the average householder has had his lesson, too. This Summer he wants to buy his next Winter's coal and store it in the cellar; and, as Dr. GARFIELD desires to eliminate the "home reserve" from the greater problem of supply and transportation that harasses him, there is a meeting of minds. Thrift will find the price, and the Administrator will have the coal ready. When the householders get the Winter's store in their cellars they will listen to nothing to the discredit of Dr. GARFIELD.

AMERICA ON THE MARCH.

From somewhere in the neighborhood of Toul a stream of motor trucks is pouring across 150 or 200 miles of France toward the Oise or the Somme. It is doubtless only one of many such streams, but it is one of poignant interest for us, for these motor trucks are crammed with American soldiers on their way to help in the defense of liberty. Are the whole 100,000 that General PERSHING offered going, or only a part? We do not know, but we know that if General FOCH needs them they will all go.

It is a little army, not an army at all as those gigantic things are counted nowadays. But it is made up of our best. We know enough about some of its units to know that we never had and never shall have anything better to offer than they are. They have gone to prove that America is still the America of 1776 and 1861, and to wipe out the painful memory of her long laggardness, of her long willingness to let others fight first when the liberty of this nation, this hemisphere, and the world was at stake. There are some things in the record of the last four years that we cannot be proud of, but there is nothing that these brave young souls will ever have to blush for, and whatever we have to blush for we will never have to blush for them. Whatever we are, they are America, the America of Bunker Hill and Gettysburg, America undefiled by selfishness, sloth, or timidity. Even today, perhaps, they are to prove their devotion, many of them to give the last full measure of devotion, to that ideal we raised at Philadelphia in 1776. God be with them!

LABOR AND CAPITAL AT PEACE.

The adjustment between labor and capital is all the more welcome because it comes tardily, and at a time when there are signs of the continuance of disturbed relations between these partners in production of war material. On the day of the announcement of the adjustment, order was kept in Kansas City by troops. Some thousands of ship workers at Norfolk and of marine workers in New York Harbor threaten a strike. In the first six months of the war alone there was a loss of over six million hours' work in more than a thousand establishments, and the record of labor disturbances has been almost continuous.

There is a curious contrast between the labor record in Germany and the Entente nations. In Germany there was as sudden and great a decrease of labor troubles as there was an increase in the Entente nations. The German pre-war average was 2,595 disputes annually. The greatest number in any war year was 240 in 1916, when the record stops. The German way is to end strikes by military control, peremptorily upon the outbreak, without awaiting disorder. That way may answer in Germany. France's way also is rather imperial than republican. The English and American ways are alike in their preference for agreement over authority. More than once the British Premier has appealed to the patriotism of the workers, and never without success. At the end of March it was officially reported that the British strike situation was better than it had been before during the war, "the great body of laboring men "working with a steady devotion "never before known in this country."

The significance of that statement on this side the ocean is that it shows conditions prevailing under a British agreement for an industrial truce so like our own that similar results may be anticipated. The aim of both agreements is a truce, during which masters and men shall devote their best efforts to production on the basis of their relations as established before the war. There are to be neither strikes nor lockouts. If there shall arise disagreements they are to be arbitrated, and in case of dissatisfaction with the award there is to follow submission to an umpire whose decision shall be final. Union shops are to remain union and closed shops to remain closed, without prejudice arising from membership or nonmembership in unions. The wage is to be a "living" wage for an eight-hour basic day whenever the law requires it. The minimum is to be sufficient "for the subsistence of the worker "and his family in health and reason-"able comfort." Women are to receive equal pay for equal work, with restrictions against overtasking their strength, and there are to be no restrictions upon production.

This agreement is better worth being called labor's Magna Charta than some previous arrangements which were one-sided in their nature, or even excepted labor from laws equally applicable to labor and capital. It is adopted unanimously by representatives of labor and capital and the public. It has the good-will of all three parties, and its success will depend upon the good faith of the observance of the agreement by all. The meaning is plain enough if interpreted reasonably, but controversy will be easy if the industrial war is preferred to the war on the Hun. The work of the new mediators is cut out from the beginning, and the question is whether the leaders on both sides can control their followers.

FOUND!

Mr. EDWARD P. FOSTER, Secretary of the Universal Language Society of Marietta, Ohio, wants to know if newspapers don't realize "that it is "absolutely impossible to have per-"manent peace or to make the world "safe for democracy so long as in "three thousand conflicting tongues "are chanted the songs of mutual "misunderstandings and of hate."

Wouldn't "a scientifically con-"structed language advance educa-"tion more potently than a hundred "leading universities can do"?

It would. It must. It shall. And Mr. FOSTER has the language that some happy day will leap from every larynx on this terraqueous globe. Which its name is Ro, never-enough-to-be-celebrated, suaviloquent as batrachian serenades, beautiful as choruses of all the guinea fowl on earth:

Zac ud zac ye zaf.—Two and two are four.
Zaf ud zaf we zar?—Are four and four nine?
Ne, zaf ud zaf ne zar ub ye zaq.—No, four and four are not nine, but are eight.

Speech of fire and honey, whereby all the world shall be one; rah, rah, rah, Ro, Ro, Ro!

OVER HERE AND OVER THERE.

At Camp Lee, Va., the 80th Division of the national army publishes The Bayonet for the information and amusement of the rank and file. In the last number Major Gen. ADELBERT CRONKHITE, who commands the cantonment, discusses the German "drive" in Picardy. The General is confident that the enemy, though he may bend, will never shatter and break through the line of the Allies. But as the General does not think himself infallible, he adds that "if we "are beaten in France the next bat-"tlefields will be in the United "States." But it is what he has to say about American support of our men at the front that should have a wider circulation:

The men at the front must feel that all America is back of them. If they get it into their heads that a good many of the people at home are slackers and profiteers and not patriotically concerned in the war—well, you can't expect them to put up the best fight there is in them. Our people at home—every man, woman, and child—must back the war. It's their job to make the men on the battlefronts know that they—everybody in America—are with the soldiers; that they're all on the side lines, cheering and rooting and pulling. If they'll keep shouting, "Go to it, my boy; keep it up; you can whip him!" this American Sammy of ours will go "over the top" so hard that Fritz won't know what hit him.

General CRONKHITE is right. He is a fit leader for a division of the national army. Men like him are an inspiration. There cannot be too much "cheering and rooting" among the stay-at-homes. The belief that our soldiers are invincible is a patriotic duty. If the people "over here" believe it, our soldiers will believe it, and they will prove invincible. General CRONKHITE declares that "history has "never recorded anything to excel the "behavior of the British soldiers in "pure heroism," and "our French "allies," he says, "have been fighting "with the same fine heroism as the "British." In the trinity American valor will shine with as bright a lustre. But the duty to encourage and cheer on our soldiers must never be lost sight of. Pride in them is half the victory. Expression of it should always be heard "over here": at camp and cantonment, wherever troop trains pull in, when regiments march through the streets, and when the khaki-clad figures are seen massed on the great ships as they go out to sea.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Wonderful Records of Battle.

It is not necessary, of course, but it is certainly permissible, to call attention to the fact in the last ten days—ever since the beginning of the greatest of conflicts in the greatest of wars—the dispatches in THE TIMES from its special correspondents on the western front have been such in both quality and quantity as to enable the readers of this paper to see and understand the progress of events better, probably, than any except a few of the highest commanders in the allied armies.

The men directly participating in the enormous fight know nothing and hear little except what goes on in their immediate neighborhood. From personal observation, the individual war correspondents learn something more than this, as they are able to move about in some degree at will, and they are privileged to get such information as is provided for them at the headquarters to which they are particularly attached. No one of them, however, either sees or hears all that all of them see and hear, and it is the grouping of their several dispatches in one paper that alone presents what might be called a panoramic picture of the whole field of operations.

That these men are writers in the literary sense as well as observers has been made more than plain as one after another of these momentous days has passed. And often—too often—journalists write as beings apart, and with a professional rather than a human interest in what passes before their eyes. There has been no trace of that tendency in these dispatches. Accuracy has not been sacrificed to feeling, but feeling, and feeling of the most intense sort, has been there, and as a result these "documents" have been moving in the way that productions of their kind can be only when the producers themselves are moved. Presumably, these well-trained and competent reporters of the battlefield are conscious that they are themselves a fraction, and a fraction by no means inconsequential, of the armies whose heroic achievements they chronicle. It is not history, exactly, that they are sending us, but it is material for the future historian, and material of the most precious sort.

A Culminant German Achievement.

A dispatch from Switzerland summarized yesterday an article in which a German ordnance officer, writing for a German magazine, explains to its readers the construction of the great cannon that throws shells what until now was considered an impossible distance. As to the accuracy of the details he gives, one must remain a bit doubtful, as it is not the habit of such men as he to reveal the secrets of their business, either for the information of their own people or to satisfy the curiosity of foreigners. But this Lieut. Gen. von ROHNE evidently thinks that the long-range gun is an object of admiration, and, as the dispatch says, "it appears the Germans are extremely proud of the bombardment of Paris."

They naturally would be. The use of such a weapon as this illustrates "frightfulness" in the simplest and purest form which the Germans have yet been able to give it, and whether surpassable or not—only time will tell that—it marks a long advance in the carrying out of a policy in which, as profitable to themselves, they still have a confidence that is in its way distinctly touching. The sinking of the Lusitania was "frightful," indeed, and so was the wholesale slaughter of Belgian civilians at the beginning of the war, but in both cases the frightfulness was complicated by the fact that, at least in German eyes, the thing done was of more or less military efficacy. So, too, the air raids on London had the military consequence of keeping at home airplanes and anti-aircraft guns that otherwise would have been on the western front.

The bombardment of Paris from seventy or eighty or ninety miles away is different. It is killing just for the sake of killing, without even a chance of having a measurable effect on the war except in the way of terrifying the French. To their mingled surprise and indignation, the Germans will learn that the French are not terrified, but their failure to react as German psychologists knew all human beings would when thus assailed only proves, of course, what the Germans have long suspected and occasionally have said—that only Germans are really human.

Familiar Charges Are Made.

Except for the fact that Philadelphia has so often had public attention called to the peculiarities of its public officials and to the consequent existence there of conditions the reverse of admirable, as viewed from the standpoint of outside observers, a good deal of excitement there could confidently be expected to follow the report just made to Secretary DANIELS by agents of the Commission on Training Camp Activities. As it is, though the report is about as bad as a report could be, Philadelphia will probably remain calm.

The inculpated policemen of high and low degree will enter a solemn denial that they are in the business of "protecting" vice for the usual reward, and if that does not satisfy the ruler of our navy, they will investigate themselves and bring in the inevitable verdict of "Not guilty." But Secretary DANIELS is not likely to be satisfied with an acquittal of that familiar origin, and he may be moved to take action that will deprive the business of protecting vice at once of all its profits and all its charms.

The only penalty as yet threatened—that of declaring Philadelphia "out of bounds" for the young men in training near the Quaker City—does not seem a very ferocious one, but presumably it is all the law allows, and it is a course that would fill with humiliation a town with a reputation to lose.

If Philadelphia were only as sensitive as little New Rochelle, what commotions there would be there today, and how prompt would be the doing of the "something" that takes away all reproach and turns shame into glory!

THE DAY AT THE MORN.

Its Charm Known to the Few Now Shared by the Many.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Those of us who are accustomed to rising early in the morning are going to miss some of the charm of former years this Spring, for half the joy of being up and about at dawn came from the quiet and peace of those early morning hours when all the world was asleep.

We had a sense of pity and almost scorn for our fellow citizens who were sleeping those glorious hours away. We experienced the same complacent "holier than thou" feeling that those heroic ones have who take daily cold shower baths and sleep on zero nights with all their windows wide open, or do anything else that seems hard to people who like to be warm and comfortable like tabby cats.

This Spring, unless we rise at 4 o'clock—old time—we can no longer enjoy the hush and peace that heralds the rising sun, for all the world will be astir and the honk of automobile horns and the footsteps of passing pedestrians will drown the matin songs of the birds. We have a slight tinge of envy, however, for those late sleepers who this Spring for the first time will see the "day at the morn" when "the hillside's dewpearled" and "the lark's on the wing," for at that time it almost seems as if "all's right with the world." C. B.
Schenectady, N. Y., March 29, 1918.

English Strength in a Crisis.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Apropos of your editorial article of today, entitled "Play Up to Them," I send you a quotation which I have treasured from childhood. It was spoken of England by Emerson in a time of severe commercial depression in 1847:

"I see her not dispirited, not weak, but well remembering that she has seen dark days before—indeed, with a kind of instinct that she sees a little better in a cloudy day, and that in storm of battle and calamity she has a secret vigor and a pulse like a cannon. Seeing this, I say, All hail! mother of the heroes with strength still equal to the time."
CANADIAN.
Newark, March 29, 1918.

THE "BATTLE HYMN."

A Discarded Stanza Has Been Put Back.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I, as a daughter of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, add my word about the "Battle Hymn of the Republic"?

In 1899 my mother published her "Reminiscences," giving the story of her life and work up to that year. While she was correcting the proofs of the volume, the Houghton Mifflin Company asked her permission to insert in it a facsimile of the original draft of the "Battle Hymn," which was at that time in their possession. My mother wrote me of their request, (Sept. 6, 1899,) adding, "I hesitate to allow it, because it contains a verse which I discarded, as not up to the rest of the poem."

She asked me to consult various literary friends, which I did, she taking counsel with others. It was the general opinion, if I remember aright, that though the first draft was manifestly inferior to the poem as it received the author's final sanction, it was still extremely interesting as showing the development of a lyric which had become one of the world songs. My mother yielded, albeit with reluctance, and the facsimile was inserted without comment or explanation. In the same way it appears in her "Life," written by my sister, Maud Howe Elliott, and myself.

The author of "The Grapes of Wrath" (Boyd Cable, E. P. Dutton & Co., 1917,) has printed the "Battle Hymn" in the front of his book, with the discarded stanza added. This action is much to be regretted. The stanza is a fine one, but the poem is complete without it, and in any case, I conceive, no one has a moral right to publish as the work of an author anything which that author has deliberately discarded. My mother's judgment was final: I feel sure that public opinion will respect it.

Still more, I am confident, will it wish to protect the integrity of the "Battle Hymn" in the case of Dr. van Dyke's proposed "occasional" stanza. On this proposition in general, my sister, Florence Howe Hall, has already expressed the opinion of our family; i can only add this to her protest—our mother rejected, for the reason given above, her own ringing stanza. She alone had the right to reject or to add; that right we, her children, still claim for her, and we feel sure that the country she loved and served will uphold our claim. LAURA E. RICHARDS.
Gardiner, Me., March 30, 1918.

THE QUEBEC RESISTERS.

Are They Unmoved by the Good Friday Massacre?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The behavior of the French-Canadians fills one with shame and indignation. They will not fight for Great Britain that gave them their liberties and the protection of her laws, and whose rule they prefer even to that of France. They will not fight for France, their mother country for whom, until now, the world supposed they still had some affection, since they preserved her language and traditions. They will not fight for justice and humanity, since apparently these words mean nothing to them.

It has been hinted that the Roman Catholic Church in Canada is responsible for this selfish and cowardly attitude of the French-Canadians; but such a thing is inconceivable. When has the Catholic Church ever ceased to denounce iniquity? Have we not all read that here, in the United States, Cardinal Gibbons has told the Catholics that it was their sacred duty to fight in defense of right and justice? Are we to believe, then, that the nefarious German propaganda has made converts among the Canadian priesthood? If not, what, then, is wrong with the French-Canadians? Do they read, unmoved and indifferent, that their French brothers and sisters, brothers and sisters by blood and in Christ, are being slaughtered while kneeling in prayer in the house of God on Good Friday?

Awake, French-Canadians! Join in the holy crusade against the common foe! What more magnificent example of loyalty and courage would you have than that given you by the men of your own land, the British-Canadians? And if that is not enough to rouse you from your apathy, remember at least the French from whom you spring and who, God knows, have not deserved the stigma you are inflicting upon their name. Noblesse oblige! Man, the individual, counts for nothing today. The only thing that does count at this hour is mankind, humanity. R. L. S.
New Haven, March 31, 1918.

Bread Without Wheat.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In today's paper we are asked to do without wheat until the next harvest. Most of us are anxious to do everything we can to help, but is it not possible for the Government to give us some plain directions for making good bread without wheat? The dark breads seem very difficult to make. I know one woman to whom every penny means almost a fortune who tried three times to make bread without wheat, and finally went back to the white bread because she could not eat the result of her bakings. This Winter I have been in a hotel where all-white bread is never served. The "war bread" is good, but the rolls in the morning are like rubber balls. People break off the thin outside crust, and leave the rest. This is a case of pure waste, but it has continued for months. Surely it is reasonable to ask for an expert on baking to give us directions for making a bread which we can eat.
M. R. W.
New York, March 30, 1918.

EASTER ON THE BATTLE FRONT

Oh! this is Easter morning, boys, but
never would we guess it,
For there's not a bell to tell us it is
time to go to church,
Nor a lily, nor a carol, nor a purple egg
to bless it,
And as for duds, the tailor sure has
left us in the lurch.
We are muddy, torn and bloody,
cramped with lying in the trenches
Watching for a shot at Fritzie when
he ventures into view,
And our tummies are revolting at the
gases and the stenches,
But the Lord is nearer to us than to
people in a pew.

For we're walking in His footsteps, men
of England grim and gory,
Men of France still bravely smiling
though their souls are crucified,
Striplings from the land of Freedom,
shining-eyed with dreams of glory,
All to save the world are dying as
upon the cross He died.

So put on your Easter bonnets where
the lilies deck the altars,
And their fragrance hangs like in-
cense heavy in the atmosphere;
Though the guns must be our organs
and the bayonets our psalters,
Lo! the Lord of Hosts arisen Easter
Day is with us here.
MINNA IRVING.

ATTACKS CREEL COMMITTEE.

Should Be Labelled "Misinformation," Congressman Treadway Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Representative Allen T. Treadway of Massachusetts in debate on the Housing bill today, criticised the Committee on Public Information, and said it should be named "The Committee on Public Misinformation." He made this attack while opposing an amendment to the Housing bill to provide $10,000,000 to build homes for extra Government employes in Washington. He insisted that there was no need to bring so many additional employes here, and advocated that the Food and Fuel Administrations be moved to centres where their activity was more necessary.

"The Food Administration has in its employ in Washington 1,834 persons," said Mr. Treadway. "The centre of food distribution is in Chicago, and why the Food Administration should have its headquarters here is beyond me. Why is the Fuel Administration located here? The centre of fuel distribution is Pittsburgh.

"There are employed by the Committee on Public Information in Washington 325 persons. From recent exposures the title is wrong. It should be called the Committee on Public Misinformation. Another body of this Congress looked into the matter of the usefulness of the committee last week. The misinformation that the public is receiving through the so-called Committee on Public Information will fill a very large volume, not only of printed matter but of photographs."

OVERMAN BILL UP TODAY.

Protracted Debate on Co-ordination Measure Expected in Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Senator Overman of North Carolina gave notice in the Senate today that tomorrow he would call up his bill proposing blanket powers for the President to co-ordinate Federal war-making agencies and keep it continually before the Senate until final disposition. Advocates and opponents of the legislation were busy lining up their forces, with certainty of lively and determined bipartisan opposition. While most of the Republicans are said to oppose the bill, some of them are disposed to support it, with limitations. Some Democrats will fight the measure.

Estimates of debate in the Senate on the measure varied from a week to a month.

ASKS ACTION FOR WOMEN.

Mrs. Kelley Says Bills for Wage Earners Are Sleeping in Legislature.

Mrs. Florence Kelley of the Consumers' League presided at the meeting of the Council of Women's Organizations, sixteen of them, which met in the Rockefeller Foundation Building yesterday afternoon to consider the bills relating to legislative measures concerning the work of women.

"Why has the committee slumbered ever since the hearing on March 19 on Senator Wagner's Minimum Wage bill, and Senator Lockwood's Eight-Hour bill, and what has become of the important Nicoll bill on women in the street car service?" asked Mrs. Kelley. "All these bills are wartime measures to maintain the health and working power of women wage earners while the men are in the camps and trenches. Why are they not reported?" Mrs. Kelley said that President Wilson had expressed himself in favor of a living wage and shorter day for wartime efficiency, and that there was a strong public sentiment behind these measures.

Japanese and Chinese Art, $1,382.

M. K. Kiso paid some of the higher prices at the sale of the McDonnell-Sho Nemoto-Kuniyeda collections of Japanese prints and Chinese paintings at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, $70 for a makimono "Boat Travels in the Spring," of the fifteenth century, and also $70 for an eighteenth century kakemono "Phoenix and Palownia Tree." A famous book, early Impressions, "Seiro Bijin Awasei Sugata Kagami," a comparison of the beauties of Yoshiwara, went to L. Blumenthal for $50, and G. Towne paid $55 for a kakemono, "Hermit Under a Pine Tree," by Ma Yuan, 1230 A. D., and $62 for a kakemono attributed to Chu-Lian-Hsuan, "Flowers and Birds." The returns for the 110 numbers were $1,362.

ART NOTES.

French Paintings Shown at Colonel Vanderbilt's House.

The French paintings shown at the house of Colonel Cornelius Vanderbilt for the relief of disabled French soldiers (over 400,000 of whom because of illness have been retired from the French Army without pension) represent a large number of artists of widely varying gifts. The picture by J. Berne Bellecour which is to be given to President Wilson is in the typical Salon spirit, highly dramatic and symbolic, bringing into the composition the Statue of Liberty, a ruined church enveloped by smoke and flame, American soldiers carrying the Stars and Stripes, a French soldier seen against the background of his own flag, a strip of barbed wire, and on the ground the fallen Prussian eagle. These numerous elements are cleverly woven together in one of the complicated but orderly arrangements for which the French are famous.

A number of pictures directly inspired by the war are in the exhibition, one of the most interesting, the "Verdun, 1916" by Ferdinand Gueldry, showing the retaking of Fort de Vaux before the little village of Damloup, where the fighting was terrific and the foe were driven out with the bayonet. The artist has exercised a wise restraint and the attention is first arrested by the cool silvery tone of the painting, the blue of the uniforms making pale accents in the mist of gray-blue smoke through which are darting tongues of flame. It is not until a second glance reveals the twisted forms of the wounded that the horrors of warfare assert themselves, and the effect gains in force for this reticence of statement. Other specifically military pictures are "The Heroes: Ambulance near Verdun, 1915," by Cyprien Boulet; "Soldiers' Graves on the Banks of the Marne," by Mme. Jeanne Amen; "Incidents of the Battle of the Marne and the Capture of the Trenches of Carrency," by R. Arus; "Verdun Under Asphyxiating Gases," and two scenes in reconquered Alsace by P. M. Dupuy, and "German Prisoners" by Alphonse Lalauze.

A special feature of the exhibition is a series of studies in the entrance hall based upon official accounts of the German atrocities during the early part of the war. These are by Ferdinand Gueldry, the painter of the reticent Verdun picture, who in these illustrative drawings uses the frankest possible manner of statement, omitting no detail of horror. He was delegate from the War Department for the official accounts of the atrocities.

The larger proportion of the paintings are of general interest in subject matter, charming watercolors of the Versailles park by Henry Foreau, still life of exceptional beauty by Mlle. Marie Coignet, fresh keen landscape studies by Emmanuel de la Villeon, and several broadly painted Swiss subjects among them. The admission fee is 50 cents, except on Tuesdays, when it is $2.

The exhibition lasts until April 22.

PUTS COMPENSATION IN M'ADOO'S HANDS

Proclamation Issued by President Authorizing Director General to Deal with Railroads.

HIS POWER COMPREHENSIVE

Free Hand to Arrange Amount of Pay to Carriers and to Make All Necessary Contracts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—President Wilson today issued a proclamation vesting in the Director General of Railroads, W. G. McAdoo, authority, under the new railroad legislation, to arrive at agreements concerning compensation to be paid to the carriers during Government control, and to carry out other negotiations, the decisions and agreements made to be subject to review by the President. The proclamation follows:

By the President of the United States of America.
A Proclamation.

WHEREAS, By the proclamation dated Dec. 26, 1917, taking over each and every system of transportation and the appurtenances thereof located wholly or in part within the boundaries of the Continental United States, it was provided "that the possession, control, operation, and utilization of such transportation systems hereby by me undertaken shall be exercised by and through William G. McAdoo, who is hereby appointed and designated Director General of Railroads," and the said William G. McAdoo, pursuant to said proclamation, entered upon and has continued to discharge the duties of Director General of Railroads, as provided therein; and

WHEREAS, Since the issuance of said proclamation the Congress of the United States has passed an act entitled An Act to Provide for the Operation of Transportation Systems While Under Federal Control, for the Just Compensation of Their Owners, and for Other Purposes, which act was duly approved by me on the 21st day of March, 1918, and is now in full force and effect, and in terms confers upon the President the powers specified therein and the authority to carry the same into effect; and

WHEREAS, It is provided in Section 8 of said act that the President may execute any of the powers therein and theretofore granted him with relation to the Federal control of systems of transportation and parts thereof, including railroads, inland waterways, &c., through such agencies as he may determine;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES, under and by virtue of the powers and authority so vested in me by said act and of all other powers me hereto enabling, do hereby authorize the said William G. McAdoo, Director General of Railroads as aforesaid, either personally or through such divisions, agencies, or persons as he may appoint, and in his own name or in the name of such divisions, agencies or persons, or in the name of the President, to agree with the carriers, or any of them, or with any other person in interest, upon the amount of compensation to be paid pursuant to law, and to sign, seal and deliver in his own name, or in the name of the President, or in the name of the United States, such agreements as may be necessary and expedient with the several carriers or other persons in interest respecting compensation, or any other matter concerning which it may be necessary or expedient to deal, and to make any and all contracts, agreements, or obligations necessary or expedient, and to issue any and all orders which may in any way be found necessary and expedient in connection with the Federal control of systems of transportation, railroads and inland waterways, as fully in all respects as the President is authorized to do, and generally to do and perform all and singular all

DROP PLAN TO DIG TRENCHES IN PARK

Loan Committee Abandons the Undertaking and Proposes Other Publicity Measures.

COULDN'T OBTAIN TROOPS

Limited Leaves of Absence for Soldiers, Governor Strong Asserts, Made Project Impossible.

No trenches are to be built in Central Park. The plan for the construction of a trench system on the Sheep Meadow, modeled on those in use on a considerable part of the western front, which had been arranged by the Liberty Loan Committee as a method of advertising the campaign for the Third Liberty Loan, was abandoned at yesterday's meeting of the committee. The reason given by the committee for giving up the scheme was that military authorities had determined that they could not spare the soldiers who were to have constructed the trenches.

Various war materials which had been placed at the disposal of the Liberty Loan Committee by the French High Commission and the British Government will be displayed in places other than Central Park, chiefly indoors, and the committee will arrange for parades and other patriotic demonstrations as a stimulant to patriotic spirit in order that the loan may be generously oversubscribed.

Benjamin Strnog, Chairman of the Liberty Loan Committee issued this formal statement:

At the meeting of the Liberty Loan Committee held today no change of view developed with regard to the desirability and importance, to visualize war conditions, of giving an accurate representation of trench life and activity in Central Park during the coming loan campaign, as expressed in the committee's letter of March 22 to the Mayor and Board of Estimate. The committee was informed, however, of the order issued March 28 by the Adjutant General of the Army limiting to twenty-four hours any absences which commanding officers may grant to their troops for participation in Liberty Loan demonstrations.

In spite of the most vigorous efforts on the part of the committee, the military authorities, possibly influenced by the seriousness of the great drive now in progress in France, feel unable to modify the order to meet this special condition, and it is therefore impossible for the committee to realize its expectation of placing at the disposal of the French High Commission a body of trained soldiers to construct the trenches and man them during the period of the loan campaign.

The fundamental purpose of the exhibit was to present a vivid and realistic idea of the trench life and activity of our soldiers in France, and the committee feels that a mere exhibit of trenches and guns without trained soldiers to man them would be utterly inadequate to convey the living and lasting impressions which the plan was conceived to create, and would justify neither the use of Central Park for the purpose, nor the necessary expenditure of money, and the committee has advised the Mayor accordingly.

In view of its responsibility for the organization of successive campaigns to raise money for the Government for war purposes and of the widespread public interest in the trench exhibit, the committee greatly regrets its inability to carry out this plan, which was to have been the central feature of its publicity work during the coming campaign. Past experience has proved that a realization of the seriousness of the war and the sacrifices it demands form the only basis on which these campaigns can be conducted successfully.

The third Liberty Loan will be made an overwhelming success by reason of a far broader participation in it and a far better organization for it than ever before. The committee will, through the medium of indoor exhibits of the unique war material loaned by the French High Commission and the British authorities, and by means of parades and other features in addition to the usual posters and literature, conduct an intensive campaign along patriotic lines.

But there should be no overconfidence. A task of the greatest difficulty is at for the country, because the contemporaneous payment of loan subscriptions and of the taxes due June 15 will call for a transfer to the Government of a sum probably greatly in excess of the minimum estimate of $5,500,000. These together will constitute the most gigantic financial transaction in history.

Thomas C. Desmond of 31 Nassau Street, who had volunteered his services to the Liberty Loan Committee and was by them put in charge of the actual work of construction of the trench system, ordered all work on the trenches stopped as soon as he had learned of the decision of the committee, to take up the stakes which had marked off the site for the trench system on the Sheep Meadow and to restore the workmen to drilling the holes that had been dug in order to test the quality of the soil.

Members of civic and artistic organizations who had been vigorous in the fight to preserve the Park from any intrusion of an outside interest, expressed great satisfaction yesterday when informed of the decision of the Liberty Loan Committee. Dr. George Frederic Kunz, President of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society, said:

"This would never have been stopped if it had not been for THE NEW YORK TIMES. There is plentiful opportunity for the committee to do good and stimulate war enthusiasm by displays of war material, even a trench system, elsewhere, but no reason had ever been adduced which necessitated the use of Central Park.

"So far from hampering the Liberty Loan campaign, I feel sure that this decision will help it. The attitude of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society has from the beginning of the whole episode been one of whole-hearted support of the Liberty Loan and, consequently, is not changed in any way by this decision. I feel sure, however, that the determination of the committee not to offer an entering wedge for encroachments on the park will create greater confidence in the publicity management of the loan among all lovers of the parks of New York and will prevent any possible feeling that energy, material and expense were to be misdirected. The only thing for all of us to do is to throw all of our efforts into the making of the third Liberty Loan as great a success as the first and second have been."

THE TIMES received the following dispatch last night:

New York City, April 1.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Congratulations to THE TIMES on the success of its fight against the trenches in the Park. "Art artist," lovers of nature and beauty in general and every one interested in the public welfare applaud you. Your splendid opposition against heavy odds makes every citizen and visitor your debtor.

VERNON HOWE BAILEY.

Another Reason

for employing our organization to manage your real estate is that you obtain the cumulative experience of men who have produced results.

Wm. A. White & Sons
Established 1868
46 Cedar Street
Telephone 5700 John

ARRESTED ON STOCK CHARGE

Two Are Gathered in Net of the District Attorney.

Two additional arrests were made yesterday in the District Attorney's prosecution of fake corporations and "wildcat" stock-selling swindlers in the financial district. Assistant District Attorney Brogan said he had been notified of the arrest of Harry I. Brolaski at Los Angeles, Cal., on a charge of publishing a false financial advertisement in relation to the stock of the Standard Film Industries Corporation.

"Brolaski, who is the President of the Board of Trustees of the town of Redondo Beach, Cal., was a member of the firm of R. S. Davidson & Co. at 42 Broadway, selling agents for the shares of the Standard Film Corporation," announced Mr. Brogan. "Brolaski was indicted by a Grand Jury here and he is being held at the request of this office. Our investigation shows that Brolaski got fifty cents on the dollar for the film stock he sold."

A representative of the District Attorney's office will go to California to bring Brolaski here for trial. The District Attorney says the Standard Film Industries Corporation sold $300,000 worth of its stock and then went out of business. Louis B. Jennings, its President, was arrested at New Orleans. He has agreed to return with two detectives from the District Attorney's office. Jennings, it is asserted by Mr. Brogan, used the names of well-known men in his stock speculation, several of whom said they had never heard of the corporation until it was called to their attention by the District Attorney. Jennings also induced Lieutenant Anthony J. Drexel, who was appointed a Vice President of the film corporation, to write a letter of indorsement of the corporation's activities and sent it to a manager of Davidson & Co.'s branch office at Detroit.

Harry McDermott, an agent, was arrested at his home in East Thirtieth Street by order of the District Attorney last night on a charge of failing to deliver various stock of which he is alleged to have sold to public school teachers.

COLONEL HEARS ABOUT SON.

Major Derby Writes Home About Captain Roosevelt's Injury.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., April 1.—Colonel Theodore Roosevelt was greatly pleased today when his daughter, Mrs. Richard Derby, received a leter from her husband, Major Derby, in which he told how Captain Archibald Roosevelt had received his wounds, and said that he was progressing finely. This is the first letter which has been received by the family since Captain Roosevelt was wounded on the battle front, all previous messages being from press associations.

Major Derby, who is connected with the Surgical Corps, wrote that he had seen Captain Roosevelt the day following the receipt of his wounds. He stated that the Captain was on his feet several minutes after receiving his injuries and that he gave several orders to his men. The loss of blood finally rendered him unconscious and he fell back in the trench. For the following eight hours Captain Roosevelt lay in the trench, and then for six hours he was on a litter before being taken to a hospital. There it was found that his right arm had been broken in two places and that shrapnel had entered his left knee.

Major Derby wrote that Captain Roosevelt was under the care of Major Poole of the Surgical Corps, and that at the time of writing it was impossible to tell whether he would suffer from a stiff knee. The shell which caused the injuries, the letter stated, knocked down ten men, injuring several of them seriously. Major Theodore Roosevelt, brother of the Captain, was also knocked down by the explosion, but he was not injured.

Bigelow-Melville Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Emerson Bigelow of 251 West Seventy-second Street and Norfolk, Conn., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Dorothy Bigelow, to Ward Melville, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Melville, Jr., of Brooklyn. Mr. Melville is serving in the office of the Quartermaster General in Washington, D. C.

ADVERTISEMENT.

A FAREWELL LECTURE
BY THE
ABBOT OF CALDEY
will be given in the
Grand Ballroom of the Hotel Plaza,
Fifty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue,
This (Tuesday) Eve., April 2, at 8:45 o'clock.
Subject:
The Story of Caldey Island
With Stereopticon Views, and
The Effect of the War on England
Seats at $2.50 each may be obtained upon application to Secretary, Caldey Committee, 12 East Sixty-third Street; also at door of ballroom on night of lecture.

COLUMBIA TO HONOR ARCHBISHOP OF YORK

Degree of Doctor of Laws Will be Conferred Upon English Prelate.

Columbia University will confer the degree of Doctor of Laws, honoris causa, upon the Most Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang, Archbishop of York, on April 11. This was decided at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Trustees. The formalities will take place at a special meeting of the trustees to be called for that purpose, as the Archbishop expects to return to England before the university's annual commencement in June.

The trustees voted also to accept the resignation of Ellery C. Stowell, Associate Professor of International Law, who announced about a month ago that the suppression of academic freedom at Columbia had forced him to quit the faculty.

Archbishop Lang will address the members of the Institute of Arts and Sciences in St. Paul's Chapel immediately after the conferring of the honorary degree. The same degree was conferred on Sept. 8, 1904, upon the Most Rev. Randall T. Davidson, Archbishop of Canterbury, who visited Columbia University on that day and dedicated the site of the chapel.

President Nicholas Murray Butler would make no comment on the action of the trustees on Professor Stowell's resignation. A reporter stepped up to Dr. Butler as he came out of the meeting room and congratulated him on his birthday.

"Today is Prince Bismarck's birthday," said Dr. Butler with a smile.

Mine is tomorrow. Please don't get me confused with him. Thank you just the same."

Leaves of absence for war service were granted to Rev. Raymond C. Knox, Chaplain of the University, who is soon to take up Y. M. C. A. work in France; to Assistant Professor Edward D. Thurston of the Department of Mechanical Engineering, and to Dr. J. Clayton Sharp of the Department of Anatomy.

Assistant Professor Dean F. Lockwood of the Department of Classical Philology tendered his resignation to take effect at the close of the present academic year, in order to accept an appointment as Professor of Latin at Haverford College, Dr. James W. Jobling, now Professor of Pathology at Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn., was appointed to the nomination of the Medical Faculty, to be Professor of Pathology to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation last June of Dr. William G. MacCallum, who accepted an appointment at the Johns Hopkins University.

A gift of $2,500 from Mrs. Elizabeth S. Coolidge for the maintenance of research fellowships in medicine was acknowledged. Other gifts reported were: $500 from Joseph P. Grace, '94, toward salaries in the Department of Philosophy; $500 from Lincoln Cromwell, '86, for a Founder's Membership in the Columbia Service Bureau in Paris; $500 from an anonymous donor, to be added to the fund for religious work; $200 from Mrs. Eldridge Fowler of Pasadena, Cal., for instruction in penal problems; $50 from Dr. Adrian V. S. Lambert of the Department of Medical Surgery of the Medical School Library, and $555 from various donors toward the maintenance of the Columbia Service Bureau in Paris.

SUFFRAGISTS LIFT BAN ON OLD PARTIES

City Organization Grants Political Freedom to Its Officers and Members.

WOMEN URGED TO ENROLL

New Voters Should Help Existing Political Organizations, Miss Hay Asserts.

The New York City Woman Suffrage Party yesterday revoked the rule of nonpartisanship which has prevented its members or officials from engaging in factional and political activity as Democrats and Republicans up to the present time. The Suffrage Party will continue in itself to be a nonpartisan organization, but its City Committee at a meeting held at 3 East Thirty-eighth Street yesterday decided that the members or officials, as individuals, might hereafter enroll in the political party of their choice and accept office and serve on political committees, if called upon to do so by the constituencies of their particular districts.

The meeting was attended by hundreds of leaders and workers of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party from all five boroughs. The discussion swung mainly to a consideration of the future policy of the party in view of the fact that it had become advisable at the present stage to allow the members and officials, as individuals, to exercise the political prerogatives which the adoption of suffrage in this State had given them.

Until yesterday any member or official of the New York City Woman Suffrage Party could become allied with one or the other of the political parties only by sacrificing her membership or office in the party.

It was decided yesterday, however, that the party should continue to be nonpartisan, but that the members or officials could now engage as individuals in direct activity along the political lines of their own choice. Resolutions setting forth the general policy which the party will pursue in the immediate future were adopted at yesterday's meeting. They read as follows:

Resolved, That the New York City Woman Suffrage Party continue under its present form of organization along borough, Assembly district, and election district lines until the ratification of the Federal amendment in New York State and until the completion of its plan for the education of the woman voters; and that the party as an organization continue its nonpartisan policy, so that it may retain the confidence of and serve impartially the women of all political parties.

Resolved, That it be the policy of the New York Woman Suffrage Party to advise each woman voter to enroll in the political party of her choice, in order that women may vote at the primaries, help to select suitable candidates for office, and efficient members to serve on the committees of the various political parties; and that the officers, leaders, and Captains of the Woman Suffrage Party of New York City be permitted to take any office in any political party.

Miss Mary Garrett Hay, Chairman of the party, who presided at the meeting, said:

"Lest it be necessary to explain to some people how we can remain nonpartisan in policy and still permit our officers, leaders, and Captains to hold office in the political parties, I would state that there is a difference in this respect between individuals and societies. An individual may be very partisan, but an organization that hopes to retain as members Republicans, Democrats, Prohibitionists, and Socialists, must not have a partisan policy and must deal with broad questions like education, or those that involve humanitarian principles. This we hope to do.

"We who have worked for suffrage for women, do not wish the enfranchised women to go off by themselves politically, but to join with the men and help the political organizations. The time has now come to advise our women and the women to enroll for the primaries as good citizens should, and if they are called upon by the men to take office in the parties, to serve them faithfully and well. This they can do while retaining their membership in the great civic and educational organization that the Woman Suffrage Party has now become."

LIEUT. V. K. HILTON INJURED.

Young American Is a Member of Royal Flying Corps.

Lieutenant Vincent King Hilton, Royal Flying Corps, formerly of Portchester, N. Y., was severely injured in action on the western front on March 28, and is now in a base hospital in France, it was said yesterday at the office of his father, Colonel Albert E. Hilton, 43 Exchange Place.

Lieutenant Hilton, who was then 21 years old, went to France as an ambulance driver in November, 1916, and enlisted in the Royal Flying Corps. He is the grandson of the late Judge Henry Hilton. Before going to France he was a student at the Richfield Preparatory School, Richfield, Conn.

MISS JERVIS BETROTHED.

Her Fiance, Karl W. Kirchwey, Son of Ex-Dean of Columbia Law School.

Mr. and Mrs. Perlee V. Jervis of 143 South Portland Avenue, Brooklyn, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Hutchinson Jervis, to Karl Wendell Kirchwey, son of Dr. and Mrs. George W. Kirchwey of this city and Forest Hills, L. I. Dr. Kirchwey was formerly Dean of Columbia Law School, and for a time Warden of Sing Sing Prison.

Miss Jervis is a graduate of the Gardner School, this city, and attended the Art Students' League. Her father is a well-known musician, and Vice President of the Department of Music of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences.

Mrs. Mabel Sabin Weds.

Mrs. Mabel Whitney Sabin of 38 East Fortieth Street and Dexter Blagden of this city were married yesterday in the Chantry of Grace Church, the Rev. Dr. Charles L. Slattery officiating. Mrs. Sabin is a daughter of the late William Minot Whitney of Albany, and has a son, Charles H. Sabin, Jr., by her first husband, Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, whom she divorced in 1916. Mr. Blagden is a son of Mrs. George Blagden of 18 East Thirty-sixth Street.

Miss Kraft to Wed E. P. Meade.

Mr. and Mrs. William J. Kraft of Yonkers announce the engagement of their only daughter, Miss Marjorie Kraft, to Everard Page Meade, also of Yonkers, and now in the naval service and on duty in Washington, D. C.

Miss Kraft is a junior at Vassar College. Mr. Meade is the youngest son of the late Rev. Philip Nelson Meade of Oswego, N. Y., and is a cousin of the United States Ambassador to Italy, Thomas Nelson Page.

Butler-O'Brien Wedding Saturday.

The marriage of Miss Maude O'Brien, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien of 729 Park Avenue, and Lieutenant Pierce H. Butler, son of James Butler of this city, will take place on Saturday morning, in the Church of St. Vincent Ferrers, Sixty-seventh Street, between Lexington and Third Avenues.

Owing to the recent death of John D. Crimmins, an uncle of Miss O'Brien, there will be no reception after the ceremony.

All the surface sparkle and deep common sense of her other book—"Bambi."
THE THRESHOLD
By Marjorie Benton Cooke
Net, $1.40.
DOUBLEDAY, PAGE & Co.

WILL SEND GEN. J. F. BELL TO THE WEST COAST

Present Commander of Upton Division Is Likely to Be Succeeded by Gen. Johnston.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—It was learned today that Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, commanding the 77th National Army Division, completing its training at Camp Upton, Yaphank, L. I., will not remain in command of that division, but will be sent to San Francisco to take command of the Department of the West.

General Bell was examined by an army board last week and passed the physical examination, but is to remain under observation until further orders. While no announcement is made, it is understood that Brig. Gen. Evan M. Johnston, now at Camp Upton, will command the division when General Bell goes West.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, L. I., April 1.—The 1,422 draft men who arrived here today as the first installment of the 7,000 who are expected this week were sent to the Depot Brigade to undergo medical observation for at least two weeks. This is merely a precautionary measure.

WOMEN GET 3 AMBULANCES.

Gifts Announced at $200,000 Campaign Luncheon.

Three motor ambulances for immediate service at the front were presented to the American Women's Hospitals at the daily luncheon of the Money Raising Committee at the Biltmore yesterday. The donors of two of these asked to have their names withheld. Mrs. August Lewis gave the third in honor of Dr. Emily Dunning Barringer, the first woman ambulance surgeon in this country. One of the new ambulances manned by a squad of women doctors is to be placed on exhibition immediately in front of the Public Library at Fifth Avenue and Forty-second Street to stay the rest of the week. It will aid the women in their drive for $200,000. Returns for the day were the largest so far, $20,863, bringing the total to $71,711.

Praise of the work of the American Women's Hospitals came in a message from Harvey Lee Gibson, Director General of the American Red Cross, which was read at the luncheon.

"Because of the magnificent work you have already done in France and Serbia," said Mr. Gibson, "the Red Cross stands ready to back you to the last ditch."

GRILL DR. MUCK FOR 3 HOURS

Federal Authorities Bring Conductor from Jail for Questioning.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 1.—Dr. Karl Muck, who had been confined in the East Cambridge jail since last Tuesday under the Enemy Alien act, was taken to the Federal Building today, where he was questioned for three hours by United States District Attorney Boynton and special agents of the United States Bureau of Investigation. Later he was returned to the jail.

C. J. Foley, representing Manager Ellis of the Boston Symphony Orchestra, reached the office of the United States Marshal and waited until Dr. Muck was through with the examination. There were a few transactions between Mr. Foley and Dr. Muck, after which the latter went into the prisoners' cage to eat his luncheon.

Upon his return from the conference at Mr. Boynton's office, Dr. Muck was nervous and seemed to have lost a great deal of the care-free appearance which he had earlier in the day. Assistant District Attorney Dewey stated tonight that there was nothing to be made public as to the conference.

MISS WILSON PRAISES ARMY.

"The Sort to Win a War," Says President's Daughter.

After several weeks of singing to the soldiers in the camps, Miss Margaret Wilson, who is now at Fort Worth, Texas, writes that nothing has ever given her so much joy as singing for the men in uniform. Miss Wilson, accompanied by Mrs. Ross David, her accompanist, and Melville A. Clark, harpist, is touring the camps under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A.

"American boys are so fit and so fine!" said Miss Wilson. "I admire them more than I have ever done before in my life. They're not fine because they're fit, they're fit because they're fine—because their spirit is splendid and brave and devoted. What I have seen of the soldiers and the sailors in the camps I have visited convinces me that our American men are the sort to win a war.

"Every one ought to have some share in the war, and singing for the men is mine. It has been a delight to me to sing for them. They will fight better for the fact that each one of us is standing behind them, doing what he can to have some part in the war. In whatever camp I have been since I have been singing for the soldiers, I have seen how much the Y. M. C. A. means to them."

BLOCK PROHIBITION VOTE.

Nebraska Senate Defers Action After House Passes Measure.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 1.—The Nebraska State Senate adopted tonight by a vote of 18 to 13 a resolution to confine the measures considered by the upper House to legislation specified in Governor Neville's call for the special session of the Legislature now going on.

This, it is believed, will prevent ratification by Nebraska of the Federal Prohibition amendment at this session, as no mention of the amendment was made in the Governor's call. The lower House of the Legislature earlier in the day voted 66 to 7 to ratify the amendment.

Violet Seligman.

Violet Seligman, daughter of Professor Edwin R. A. Seligman, McVickar Professor of Political Economy at Columbia University, died yesterday morning after a short illness from pneumonia and measles at Bryn Mawr College, Bryn Mawr, Penn. Miss Seligman, who was 18 years old, was a freshman at Bryn Mawr. Besides her father, she is survived by her mother and a brother and sister. Miss Seligman lived with her parents at 324 West Eighty-sixth Street.

One of Six Brothers in War Dies.

Joseph A. Quinn, one of six sons of William J. Quinn of Hicks Lane, Great Neck, L. I., who are in the United States military service, died on Monday at the French Hospital in this city, following an operation. Mr. Quinn, who was 37 years old, enlisted at Camp Upton, and was later discharged because of physical condition. It is said that his death was due to ill-health incurred at Camp Upton.

REPORT BIG SUCCESS IN DAYLIGHT SAVING

Large Business Concerns Find Great Advantage in the Additional Hour.

EMPLOYES ALSO PLEASED

Change Made Without Slightest Apparent Inconvenience, and Shoppers Get Special Benefit.

Reports received from large business concerns and representatives of employes all over the country last night by Marcus M. Marks, President of the National Daylight Saving Association, indicated that the plan was a tremendous success yesterday, the first business day it was in operation.

"Merchants reported that there was no need of artificial light at the end of the day in their establishments," said Mr. Marks. "This was of benefit in several ways. Of course, it saved that much electric light and allowed the employes to have some daylight for recreation. In many stores shoppers were able to continue their purchases in daylight and had the advantage of selecting materials and fabrics under normal light instead of artificial light.

"Then there was also a saving of gas by the great masses of working people, who had their evening meals in daylight. They had the opportunity to spend some small part of the late afternoon after their dinner in the open, enjoying the waning sunlight. All of the stores and business houses that communicated with me evinced great satisfaction regarding the innovation, and many asked why it had not been started sooner. On the war side, sight must not be lost of the fact that the new plan will enable a larger output in shipping, because appeals to the patriotism of the shipbuilders will no doubt result in a response by the workers, who will be glad to avail themselves of the opportunity of putting in an hour in the morning and an hour in the evening of additional overtime. Now when the need of ships is so imperative such an appeal will not fail to bear fruit."

The new plan, however, served to bring out some incongruities. The newsboy shouting "One more final papers" at a time when the sun still had a good distance to go before it reached the horizon did not seem to fit in quite right with the end of the day as millions of New Yorkers have been accustomed to experience it.

The daylight saving plan was received with relief by members of the Stock Exchange, who found that under the new order of things they were able to have an hour of the business day in common with the London Stock Exchange. When the clocks of England were advanced an hour several weeks ago it eliminated the hour that the two Exchanges formerly had in common, and the introduction of the daylight saving plan in this country restored that hour.

Reports from the Post Office and from the railroads indicated that business was in no way affected by the change. At the office of the Western Union Telegraph Company it was said that all electric clocks were stopped for twelve hours previous to 1 P. M. Sunday, and that at that time all the clocks were started on the new schedule.

FRANK I. COHEN DEAD.

Former Master of Works of Glasgow Was an Aid to Hoover.

Frank I. Cohen, for two years Master of Works of the City of Glasgow, and recently associated with Food Administrator Herbert Hoover, died yesterday of pneumonia at the Parkside Hotel, 31 West Seventy-first Street.

Mr. Cohen was an expert in municipal affairs, having served for fourteen years as a member of the Council of Glasgow. He came to this country on a visit six years ago, and at that time announced that he was going to establish a system of tobacco shops to put the Tobacco Trust out of business. He was then head of the firm of Joseph Cohen & Son, established in 1740, and said to be the largest independent tobacco concern in Great Britain.

Four years ago Mr. Cohen married Mrs. Frances A. Harris of this city. The wedding plans were almost spoiled because Mrs. Harris was unable to furnish a certified copy of the decree of divorce from her former husband, Louis Harris. A Supreme Court Justice helped untangle the difficulty, however. Mr. Cohen delivered lectures in this country on municipal ownership and toured the country for President Wilson in the last campaign. He was 42 years old and is said to have three brothers fighting with the British.

YNACIO MIER, REFUGEE, DIES

Ex-President Diaz's Son-in-Law Escaped from His Captor, Gen. Zapata.

Ynacio de la Torre y Mier, son-in-law of ex-President Porfirio Diaz of Mexico, and owner of several large estates in Mexico, died after an operation yesterday at the Stern's Sanitarium, West End Avenue and Seventy-seventh Street.

Senor Mier was noted in Mexico as a sportsman and owner of a stud of prancing horses before the overthrow of his father-in-law. After Porfirio Diaz had left Mexico, Senor Mier was arrested by Carranza and later released. When he was preparing to leave Mexico, Senor Mier was captured by General Zapata, who had once been his groom, and carried into the southern part of Mexico. When General Zepata's army was attacked and scattered, Senor Mier escaped and reached Vera Cruz disguised as a peon or native peasant. From there he came to this city.

Senor Mier was born fifty-two years ago and was a member of an old Spanish family well-known in Spain and Mexico. He was educated in Paris at a polytechnical institute. While not entering much into Mexican politics, Senor Mier was at one time a Deputy of the Mexican Parliament.

VINCENT LOESER DEAD.

President of East River National Bank Succumbs at 61 Years.

Vincent Loeser, President of the East River National Bank of New York, died at the home of his sister-in-law, Miss Mary C. Thomae, 22 Munroe Place, Brooklyn, yesterday. Mr. Loeser, who was born in Brooklyn in 1857, was for many years a member of the Produce Exchange and was head of the firm of Loeser, Robinson & Armstrong, Brokers. In 1905 Mr. Loeser entered the banking business and became President of the East River National Bank. Mr. Loeser and his wife lived at 320 West 108th Street, but were visiting his sister-in-law in Brooklyn when he was taken ill.

Mr. Loeser was a member of the New York Chamber of Commerce, the Metropolitan, MacDowell, and Bankers Clubs in Manhattan and the Hamilton Club of Brooklyn.

James Teackle Dennis Dead.

James Teackle Dennis, archaeologist and Oriental scholar, died at his home in Woodbrook, Md., yesterday. Mr. Dennis was noted for his work in excavating Egyptian monuments, and among his best-known discoveries was that of the tomb of Mentuhotep I., a pharaoh, who reigned between 2800 and 2700 B. C. Mr. Dennis was born in Baltimore in 1866 and was graduated from Lafayette College in 1887. Two years later, after a post-graduate course at Johns Hopkins University, he was admitted to the Maryland bar.

Mrs. Cornelia R. Spaulding.

Mrs. Cornelia Russell Spaulding, widow of Henry A. Spaulding, a member of the firm of Tiffany & Co., jewelers, and head of the firm of Spaulding & Co. of Chicago and Paris, jewelers, died of heart disease at her home, 226 Central Park West, yesterday. Mrs. Spaulding was 78 years old, and was born in this city. She is survived by a son, Russell Spaulding, who is an importer in Havana, Cuba, and a daughter, Miss Marguerite Spaulding.

Marriage and death notices, intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

DAMAST.—Mr. and Mrs. C. Damast, 111 Lee Av., Brooklyn, beg to announce the birth of a baby girl on April 1.

ROBINSON.—Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Robinson of 900 Riverside Drive announce the birth of a son, April 1, 1918.

Married.

BLAGDEN—SABIN.—Monday, April 1, 1918, at Grace Church Chantry, New York City, by the Rev. Charles Lewis Slattery, D. D., Mabel Whitney Sabin, daughter of the late William Minot Whitney of Albany, to Dexter Blagden.

GOLDSTEIN—STEIGMAN.—Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Steigman announce the marriage of their daughter Fanny to Mr. Louis H. Goldstein on April 1, at the bride's home, the Rev. Dr. Stephen Wise officiating.

MIDDLETON—CHESLEY.—Second Lieutenant Washington Berry Middleton, Jr., Royal Flying Corps, of South Orange, N. J., to Miss Catherine Chesley of Washington, D. C., at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, April 1, at 5:30 o'clock. Washington papers please copy.

Died.

AVERY.—At Elmsford, N. Y., April 1, 1918, John E., beloved husband of Mary Avery, (nee Hoey,) in the 42d year of his age. Funeral announcement later.

BAKER.—George D., a former resident of Chicago, died on Sunday after a short illness. He was born in Chicago 34 years ago and had been a resident of Brooklyn for the last 10 years. He is survived by his wife, Mary E. Lynam, three sons, one daughter. Funeral from his late home, 1,158 New York Av., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, 2 P. M. Chicago papers please copy.

BALZ.—Louise, aged 43, beloved wife of Henry A. Balz. Services Tuesday, 9 P. M., at her late residence, 342 East 136th St. Interment Kensico Cemetery, private.

BARABAULT.—Louise Barabault, age 40. Funeral Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Tuesday, 1 P. M.

BIEBER.—On April 1, Charlotte Bieber, nee Kuttner, in her 74th year, beloved wife of William Bieber and devoted mother of Henry Bieber and Mrs. Charles Lyon. Funeral services from late residence, 116 Vernon Av., Brooklyn, Thursday, April 4, at 2 P. M. Interment Union Field Cemetery, Cypress Hills. Kindly omit flowers.

BLACKWELL.—In London, Robert Winthrop Blackwell, formerly of New York, son of the late James and Charlotte Augusta Mills Blackwell.

BOWLY.—On Monday, April 1, Helen Craig Bowly, beloved wife of George Hollins Bowly and mother of George Hollins Bowly, Jr., and Katherine Bowly Holmes. Funeral private.

BRYDE.—On Monday, April 1, 1918, after a long illness, Harry L. Bryde, aged 63 years, beloved husband of Clara M. Bryde. Masonic services at his late residence, 29 Mount Morris Park West, on Wednesday evening, April 3, at 8 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

BUNGAY.—On March 31, 1918, Louise A., widow of John G. Funeral service, Prospect Heights Presbyterian Church, 8th Av. and 10th St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, 3 P. M.

BUNZ.—Maria E., (nee Gerken,) aged 64, beloved wife of John Bunz. Funeral from her late residence, 833 Kinsella St., Van Nest, Wednesday, April 3, at 1 P. M.

BURKE.—On March 31, at his residence, 157 West 115th St., Joseph J., beloved husband of Mary A. Burke, (nee O'Neill,) father of Walter S., Joseph J., and Frank Burke. Solemn requiem mass at Church of the Holy Name, 82d St., near Broadway, on Wednesday, April 3, at 10 A. M. Interment at Calvary.

CLIFTON.—Catherine Beryl. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Frank Campbell's,) Tuesday, 11 A. M.

COLE.—April 1, Florence E. Cole. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St. Time later.

CURRIE.—In Philadelphia, Penn., on March 31, 1918, Rev. C. George Currie, D. D., in his 83d year. Funeral services in St. Paul's Protestant Episcopal Church, Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, Penn., on Wednesday, April 3, at 12 o'clock. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

DEIBEL.—March 30, 1918, Henry Deibel. Service Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Tuesday, 2 P. M.

DESSAU.—On Monday, April 1, Bertha Dessau, beloved sister of Hyman, Barnard, Adolph and Max Dessau. Services at her late residence, 601 West 110th St., Thursday, April 4, at 10 A. M. Philadelphia papers please copy.

DOYLE.—At his home, 975 Park Av., on Sunday, March 31, 1918, Leo J. Doyle. Solemn requiem mass will be offered at St. Gabriel's Church, East 37th St., on Wednesday, April 3, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

DRISCHELL.—Entered into rest at his home, 26 West 97th St., early Monday morning, John A. Drischell, beloved husband of Clara E., (nee Ahner,) and father of Doris and Desmond. Services Wednesday evening.

EMMEL.—Suddenly, on March 31, in Columbus, Ohio, Ferdinand, beloved husband of Jennie D. and father of Perla D. Emmel. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," Broadway, 66th St., (Campbell Bldg.,) Thursday morning, 11 o'clock.

ENTZ.—On April 1, at her residence, 1,188 Park Av., Isabel, daughter of the late John E. and Maria M. Entz. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

FERGUSON.—On Saturday, March 30, Grace E., beloved wife of George E. Ferguson, and sister of Lottie A. Webster. Funeral services from residence, 2,414 University Av., Bronx, Tuesday evening, April 2, 8 o'clock.

FISHBECK.—Entered into heavenly rest at her home, 1,721 Ditmas Av., Flatbush, Monday, April 1, 1918, Mae Florence, (nee Willcock,) beloved wife of Charles F. and mother of Harold F. Fishbeck. Services at her home, 1,721 Ditmas Av., Flatbush, Wednesday, April 3, at 8 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery at convenience of family. Gouverneur, N. Y., and Port Hope, Canada, papers please copy.

FLETCHER.—On Saturday, March 30, 1918, Priscilla, daughter of Mary P. and the late James H. Fletcher, formerly of Brooklyn. Services at Fred Riker's Funeral Parlors, 760 Carroll St., at 7th Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, April 2, at 8 P. M. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Wednesday.

FRASER.—Suddenly, on March 31, of pneumonia, John, beloved husband of Julie and father of Isabelle. Funeral private from his late residence, 162 East 46th St.

GAGER.—On Sunday, March 24, 1918, Benjamin Stuart, son of C. Stuart and Bertha Bagg Gager, in his 15th year. Funeral services at the home of his parents, 29 Lincoln Place, Flatbush, on Wednesday, April 3, at 2 P. M. Norwich, (N. Y.,) Greene, and Albany, (N. Y.,) papers please copy.

GERKEN.—Clarence John, suddenly, at the Memorial Hospital, New London, Conn., on Saturday evening, March 30. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 900 Kings Highway, Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening at 8:30 o'clock. Interment Wednesday morning, private.

GOLDSTEIN.—Harris E., beloved husband of Yetta (nee Holzwasser) and father of Goldie Eckstein. Rae Holzwasser, and Sam Goldstein. Funeral Tuesday, April 2, 1:30 P. M. sharp, from his late residence, 175 East 79th St. Omit flowers.

GROTKER.—On Monday, April 1, Yetta, beloved wife of Louis and devoted mother of Bessie Platt, Abraham J. Grotker, Dora Shivitz, Sadie Simon, Leah Shiverts, Mollie Fish, and Murray Grotker. Funeral from her late residence, 880 Rogers Place, Bronx, on Tuesday, April 2, at 10 A. M.

HONEYMAN.—At Plainfield, N. J., on Monday, April 1, 1918, Rev. William Edgar Honeyman, in his 79th year. Services at his late residence, 66 Lincoln Place, North Plainfield, on Thursday morning, April 4, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at New Germantown, N. J.

HORTON.—SONS OF THE REVOLUTION in the State of New York: With regret announcement is made of the death on March 30, 1918, of Floyd Melvin Horton, a member of this society.

ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.

JEFFE.—E. Wilson, March 31, 1918. Members of Tompkins Lodge No. 471, F. and A. M., are requested to attend funeral services of our late brother at Masonic Temple, Stapleton, S. I., Wednesday, April 3, 1918, at 3 P. M. By order of JOHN W. CURTIS, Master.

ARTHUR W. JENKINS, Secretary.

JONES.—Entered into rest on Easter morning, Beatrice E., beloved wife of Louis G. Jones. Funeral services on Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock from her late residence, 139 Lynch St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

KATCHER.—Josephine M., darling daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Katcher, in her 15th year, on April 1. Funeral will take place Thursday, April

Cheering Crowds Speed Second Draft Men to Camp

500 Recruits from Districts Outside New York Included in the Day's Contingent.

MANHATTAN MEN GO TODAY

Great Throngs of Relatives and Friends at the Departure of Bronx and Brooklyn Delegations.

The first selective draft men from New York who will form part of the second national army of the United States were called to the colors yesterday and reported for duty at Camp Upton in the afternoon. The men were the second draft contingents from eight districts in the Bronx, fourteen districts in Brooklyn, and various districts in Westchester, Dutchess, and Putnam Counties. The total number involved in the day's movement was about 1,300, of whom 500 were from districts outside New York City. The first of the Manhattan contingents start for Camp Upton this morning, the men representing the Eighty-ninth to Ninety-third Districts, inclusive.

The men from the first eigh districts in the Bronx assembled at the headquarters of their boards at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning and mobilized half an hour later at the 149th Street tation of the Third Avenue elevated road. They proceeded on a special train to Thirty-fourth Street and crossed by ferry to Long Island City, where they boarded trains for Camp Upton. More than 2,000 relatives and friends of the men were at the station to join in the cheering that preceded the departure of the military specials.

The Brooklyn contingents left from the Carlton Avenue yards of the Long Island Road. Agreat crowd cheered the men as they started. Two brass bands took part in the farewell. About 500 men were in the Brooklyn delegation.

The men from Dutchess, Putnam, and Westchester Counties came to the city on special trains, and took the subway to the Flatbush Avenue Station in Brooklyn. A big crowd in the Grand Central terminal cheered them as they marched singing and cheering through the station.

THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning prints additional names of the men who are in the first contingent of the second draft. In the case of a number of boards, the names of alternates as well as of those originally selected for army are also printed. The alternates were chosen in order to enable the boards to send out full quotas by filling vacancies which might occur at the last moment.

The names follow:

BRONX

LOCAL BOARD 1.
260 East 138th St.

SCHEDULED TO LEAVE FOR CAMP YESTERDAY.

Arnold, Frank H., 459 E. 136th St.
Bagnoli, Leo, 109 St. Ann's Av.
Bellwier, Charles, 519 E. 135th St.
Bodenstein, Morris L., 205 St. Ann's Av.
Casey, Joseph, 408 E. 137th St.
Cochran, William J., 157 St. Ann's Av.
Duffy, Frank D., 599 E. 132d St.
Edwards, James, 2,498 3d Av.
Foley, Thomas, Jr., 531 E. 134th St.
Goodman, Jake, 147 St. Ann's Av.
Hudson, Edward, 400 E. 135th St.
Kiernan, Joseph, 337 E. 135th St.
Lapinsky, Victor, 519 E. 135th St.
Lindquist, Jacob, 343 E. 139d St.
McCarthy, Daniel, 144 Willis Av.
McGlory, James, 301 E. 135th St.
Mahony, Paul, 437 E. 135th St.
Manning, Joseph M., 402 E. 134th St.
Marino, Anthony, 460 E. 137th St.
Marrinan, Nicholas, 318 E. 137th St.
Neary, Thomas J., 384 E. 135th St.
O'Brien, James, 181 Lincoln Av.
Oddo, Pasquale, 106 Willis Av.
Papken, Abe, 528 E. 135th St.
Peterson, Ernest, 641 E. 135th St.
Ranm, Carl G., 135 St. Ann's Av.
Ryan, Patrick E., 293 E. 139th St.
Schleffer, William, 63 Southern Boulevard.
Steibel, Grover D., 152 St. Ann's Av.
Ziebradt, George, 269 E. 134th St.

LOCAL BOARD 2.
387 East 140th St.

SCHEDULED TO LEAVE FOR CAMP YESTERDAY.

Beatty, Willard, 496 Bergen Av.
Birbeck, George J., 363 E. 140th St.
Boyle, Patrick, 130 Franklin St., New Haven, Conn.
Geduld, Herman, 446 E. 139th St.
Delia, Joseph, 467 E. 146th St.
Ellis, Fred, 337 E. 141st St.
Feinstein, Philip, 490 E. 139th St.
Festa, Pito, 277 E. 139th St.
Fettelberg, Philip J., 435 E. 138th St.
Gerndt, John, 425 E. 138th St.
Gless, Edward A., 346 E. 142d St.
Gliefsky, Morris, 521 E. 144th St.
Gordon, Charles, 500 E. 139th St.
Gotthelmer, Abel, 435 E. 139th St.
Grifiano, Anthony, 426 College Av.
Haas, Jerome, 434 E. 141st St.
Heubner, Charles, 197 Willis Av.
Hall, Ray D., 338 E. 153th St.
Hart, Joseph A., 381 E. 138th St.
Kapfer, George N., 412 E. 148th St.
King, Joseph, 356 E. 139th St.
Lakas, Matti, 522 E. 142d St.
Lehman, Bertrand, 420 E. 141st St.
Lynch, Leo J., 408 E. 141st St.
McDermott, John, 302 E. 140th St.
Marsh, Frank, 2617 3d Av.
McDermott, Matthew, 380 E. 140th St.
Maus, Philip, Jr., 468 E. 143d St.
McCormack, Joseph L., 404 E. 138th St.
McGushin, Christopher, 450 Mott Av.
Minihan, Denis, 403 E. 146th St.
Minifie, Walter E., 284 Willis Av.
McGowan, Michael C., 29 Bradhurst Av.
Naporlee, Fred, 749 Tinton Av.
O'Connell, Charles, 486 E. 141st St.
O'Laughlin, Thomas, 396 Willis Av.
Palazzo, Martino, 222 E. 146th St.
Parson, Eric G., 482 Mott Av.
Peterson, Jack, 335 Alexander Av.
Rodriguez, Henry J., 434 E. 139th St.
Sundstrom, John H., 422 E. 140th St.
Simmons, Samuel, 340 E. 142d St.
St. James, Albert, 169 Willis Av.
Sweeney, John T., 436 E. 138th St.
Susman, Louis, 560 E. 140th St.
Spessdorf, William E., 519 E. 147th St.
Tetro, Mauro, 382 E. 137th St.
Van Houton, William, 230 E. 144th St.
Walsh, Walter, 15 Bernett St., Newark, N. J.
Wolken, Harry E., 306 E. 142d St.
Zelngebot, Max, 532 E. 142d St.

LOCAL BOARD 7.
3,237 White Plains Av.

SCHEDULED TO LEAVE FOR CAMP YESTERDAY.

Boppini, Anthony, 4,819 Osgood St.
Brown, Harold, 737 E. 226th St.
Capuano, Antonio, 3,638 Holland Av.
Carver, Thomas, Jr., 745 E. 230th St.
Connolly, Frank J., 87 West Carroll St., City Island.
Conway, Bertram L., 3,319 Olinville Av.
De Pasquale, John, 3,838 Barker Av.
Engram, Jacob, Pelham Parkway.
La Rosa, John, 3,520 Delavall St.
Levy, Godfrey, 872 East 227th St.
Lunsford, Gus, 1,940 Hill Av.
Mildrum, Charles L., 685 Magenta St.
Olphert, Samuel, 720 E. 222d St.
Passanti, Francesco, 711 E. 214th St.
Peterson, Paul M., 748 E. 224th St.
Pierce, John L., 631 E. 213th St.
Pinnatto, Emanuel, 720 E. 214th St.
Radding, George, 840 Rhinelander Av.
Reilly, Joseph, 731 E. 227th St.
Royce, Martin J., 4,119 White Plains Av.
Salvino, Luco, 707 E. 214th St.
Silka, John, 930 E. 229th St.
Stahl, ——, 4,755 White Plains Av.
Zeller, August, 849 E. 222d St.

LOCAL BOARD 14.
1,738 Crotona Park East.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TODAY.

Arnstein, Frank, 524 West 184th St.
Berkowitz, Fred, 905 Freeman St.
Brown, Robert W., 129th St. and Park Av.
Broham, P. A., 1,137 Longfellow Av.
Cohen, George, 1,461 Minford Place.
Cutner, Solly, 1,438 Bryant Av.
Di Donato, Fiorintno, 3,989 3d Av.
Eskwith, Benjamin, 1,343 Intervale Av.
Friedman, David, 544 Claremont Parkway.
Glivan, Israel, 1,561 Fulton Av.
Gluckson, Isidore, 1,459 Bryant Av.
Gunsberg, Paul, 494 E. 176th St.
Hucow, Bill, 255 W. 50th St.
Isaacs, Louis, 1,001 Home St.
Jacobs, Sam, 1,974 Bryant Av.
Lahrer, Benjamin, 1,501 Southern Boulevard.
Lipshits, Louis, 1,786 Washington Av.
Massa, Alfred, 400 E. 47th St.
Mirels, Jerman, 812 Suburban Place.
Miller, Joseph, 539 Claremont Parkway.
Minsky, Benjamin, 1,545 Fulton Av.
Minsky, Meyer, 1,545 Fulton Av.
Monath, Abraham L., 995 E. 167th St.
Nelson, Samuel, 1,480 Seabury Pl.
Newman, David, 1,447 Minford Place.
Nicola, Ettore, 3,937 3d Av.
Obrist, Jefferson, 1,705 Vyse Av.
Perlman, Hyman, 307 E. Hancock Av., Detroit.

BRONX—Continued.

Polichock, Zoltan, 1,271 Hoe Av.
Posner, Max, 1,414 Bryant Av.
Recaud, Borich, 1,416 Bryant Av.
Reinitz, Herman, 1,474 Southern Boulevard.
Rosenblum, Joseph, 1,459 Minford Place.
Seidman, George, 1,160 Bryant Av.
Silverman, Morris, 1,160 Bryant Av.
Sicilia, Louis, 919 Freeman St.
Snyder, Jacob, 1,469 Fulton Av.
Stein, Samuel, 773 Elsmere Place.
Tackal, Max, 1,165 Bryant Av.
Weinzweig, David, 2,145 Longfellow Av.
Yacola, Frank, 1,445 Vyse Av.
Young, Ralph A., 1,401 Bryant Av.
Youngerman, Henry, 1,565 Fulton Av.

LOCAL BOARD 15.
173d St. and Fulton Av.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TODAY.

Alexander, William S., 2,082 Daly Av.
Bandel, Samuel N., 892 East 176th St.
Bargon, August, 1,365 Daly Av.
Brady, John J., 398 E. 3d St., Brooklyn.
Burgsraf, Joseph J., 2,074 Vyse Av.
Borsuk, Leo, 1,888 Belmont Av.
Bukel, Marcus, 501 Elsmere Place.
Fotopoulos, Constantine, 2,125 Boston Road.
Fried, Joseph, 1,809 Bathgate Av.
Godt, Joseph, 534 E. 175th St.
Goldhammer, Isidor, 1,879 So. Boulevard.
Goldman, Max, 950 E. 179th St.
Gordon, Isidor, 1,820 Belmont Av.
Greenfield, Samuel T., 1,883 Vyse Av.
Harvey, Philip J., 1,020 E. 181st St.
Hertzberg, Bernard, 1,789 Bathgate Av.
Jacobi, Harry, 485 E. 175th St.
Jones, Frank B., 2,085 Vyse Av.
Kahn, Harry, 315 W. Bridge St., Grand Rapids, Mich.
Karp, Max, 1,857 Washington Av.
Koupperchtack, Bernard, 805 Tremont Av.
Lewis, Maurice, 1,971 Mapes Av.
Langer, Herman, 1,901 Vyse Av.
Minnelisa, Isidor, 495 E. 174th St.
Masur, Mussho, 1,837 Clinton Av.
Matusow, Harman, 1,914 Boston Road.
O'Connor, James F., 446 E. 176th St.
Pavledsky, Peter, 2,133 Boston Road.
Pefeiffer, William, 895 Fairmount Place.
Seidenberg, Morris, 1,794 Clinton Av.
Simpson, James, 4,278 3d Av.
Shulder, Harry, 787 Crotona Park North.
Spalter, Edward, 1,816 Crotona Park East.
Vergai, Joseph, 1,800 Crotona Parkway.
Wiener, Philip, 856 Elsmere Place.
Williams, John, 1,001 East 180th St.

LOCAL BOARD 16.
Tremont and Third Avs.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TODAY.

Bittel, Christopher, 2,082 Washington Av.
Coyle, W. J., 339 E. 32d St., Manhattan.
Gessler, George J., 1,966 Clinton Av.
Cristhulo, Joseph, 2,107 Mapes Av.
Cohn, Sigmund, 847 Tremont Av.
de Buris, Adam, 2,025 La Fontaine Av.
Doghradmjam, 719 E. 180th St.
Doscher, Fred W., 1,996 Hughes Av.
Edmonston, Peter, 2,083 Honeywell Av.
Fitzgibbon, M., 225 W. 115th St., Manhattan.
Fleckenstein, Henry, 2,118 La Fontaine Av.
Goode, Gordon, 807 E. 179th St.
Hayes, A. M., 220 W. 92d St., Manhattan.
Hoffman, Joseph, 4,932 Park Av.
Kirchner, Alvin G., 1,964 Clinton Av.
Lamm, Harry, 2,147 Washington Av.
Langerman, George, 2,187 Washington Av.
Logies, Harry, 2,164 La Fontaine Av.
Levin, Alexander, 2,074 Mapes St.
Levin, Samuel, 2,000 Mapes Av.
Meyer, Albert, 710 Oakland Place.
Nelson, Thomas R., 2,303 Bathgate Av.
Penna, Charles J., 1,019 Lexington Av., Manhattan.
Raphael, Jacob, 2,043 Washington Av.
Reasin, William, 2,168 La Fontaine Av.
Regosin, Henry, 1,987 Washington Av.
Rosenberg, David, 2,023 Washington Av.
Robinson, Morris, 1,041 Boston Road.
Sandusky, Kopel, 2,070 Arthur Av.
Stern, Samuel, 2,120 Vyse Av.
Schwach, Maurice, 2,116 Crotona, Parkway.
Singleton, Charles J., 1,903 Clinton Av.
Sykes, Julius, 405 E. 179th St.
Warge, Philip, 2,007 La Fontaine Av.

BROOKLYN.

LOCAL BOARD 20.
8 Lee Av.

SCHEDULED TO LEAVE FOR CAMP YESTERDAY.

Albert, Edward, 441 Wythe Av.
Blashis, Charles, 114 N. 8th St.
Cummings, George, 561 Wythe Av.
Deletsky, Isidore, 277 Riverdale Av.
De Mayo, Michael, 554 Wythe Av.
Dressel, Edward J., Jr., 84 Taylor St.
Foley, Harry B., 212 S. 9th St.
Goldstein, Harry, 80 S. 10th St.
Green, Louis, 164 Havemeyer St.
Giroux, Harry E., 71A Keap St.
German, Vincent S., 372 Keap St.
Goldberg, Louis W., 135 Heyward St.
Herrschaft, Alfred H., 275 Division Av.
Loosa, Joseph A.
Lynn, Joseph A., 85 S. 9th St.
Manton, Joseph A., 68 Wilson St.
Muscarelli, Corney, 286 Cooper St.
McDonnell, John, 50 Broadway.
McGovern, Thomas, 192 Wilson St.
Morris, Stephen, 83 Division Av.
Rosenberg, Max, 28 Pitt St., Manhattan.
Resch, Joseph A., 482 Graham Av.
Rader, Morris, 73 Division Av.
Rosenblum, Howard, 207 Cooper St.
Rudolph, Albert, 441 Wythe Av.
Schmukler, Hyman, 71 Marcy Av.
Spillane, Morris, 401 Berry St.
Spector, Julius, 228 Rivington St., Manhattan.
Smith, Lester W., 50 Division Av.
Schaumberger, Harold, 146 S. 8th St.
Segerman, Issie, 200 Ross St.
Schneider, Arthur F., 300 S. 1st St.
See, Frank W., 29 Gregory Boulevard, East Norwalk, Conn.
Silver, Jacob, 283 S. 4th St.
Swirsky, Abraham, 112 Keap St.
Tesher, Louis, 273 Division Av.
Weinstein, Max, 248 S. 3d St.
Willig, Benjamin, 242 Hewes St.

ALTERNATES.

Cohen, Herman, 171 Taylor St.
Leap, William, 167 S. 8th St.
McMahon, Thomas J., 82 S. 9th St.
Miller, David, 268 S. 9th St.
Shalov, Mayer, 282 S. 2d St.

LOCAL BOARD 40.
Library, 51st St., Near 4th Av.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TODAY.

Bergland, Edward A., 484 5th St.
High, Lester C., 428 51st St.
Burns, Samuel J., 453 54th St.
Boesch, Arthur H., 11 Prince St., Danbury Conn.
Campbell, Edward G., 35 42d St.
Collins, Michael G., 4,307 3d Av.
Crimmins, Edward, 437 48th St.
Cohen, John, 4,302 3d Av.
De Lorenzo, Anthony, 237 48th St.
Delbi, Sverre, Pompton Lakes, N. J.
Ellertson, Joseph T., 758 42d St.
Frankson, Charles, 256 48th St.
Girecitano, Joseph, 3,918 3d Av.
Guneo, Bartolomew, 153 42d St.
Hastings, Alexander, 313 47th St.
Harvey, John C., Jr., 209 55th St.
Halley, Michael, 352 44th St.
Hohorst, Charles E., 240 51st St.
Hooton, William, 241 Putnam Av.
Kalthoff, Otto, 574 King St., Akron, Ohio.
Keegan, William J., 477 40th St.
Lance, Kleng H., 433 49th St.
Llotto, Salvatore, 121 Chrystie St., Manhattan.
Manheimer, David M., 436 44th St.
McMenomy, Walter, 4,510 5th Av.
McGurk, Francis, 370 40th St.
Nelson, Axel, 223 52d St.
Olsen, John H., 268 49th St.
Phalen, Edward, 4,722 4th Av.
Perlese, Joseph, 450 49th St.
Peterson, Emil F., 329 40th St.
Petere, Nicholas F., 224 40th St.
Procaccio, Joseph, 251 40th St.
Petersen, Clarence W., 423 45d St.
Ploom, Charles, 149 Palisades Av., West Hoboken, N. J.
Regruit, John, 4,203 3d Av.
Reis, Charles, 468 48th St.
Rufflem, Philip, 524 53d St.
Ruddi, Charles, 319 40th St.
Schultze, Fred, 42 48th St.
Samuelson, William, 353 81st St.
Skur, Charles, 5,005 5th Av.
Terpenning, George F., 5,314 5th Av.
Wallace, Edward, 670 N. Main St., Wilkes-Barre, Penn.
McClelland, George P., 345 42d St.

LOCAL BOARD 54.
586 Driggs Av.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TODAY.

Anderson, Fritz, 771 Manhattan Av.
Aquaro, Carmine, 350 North 9th St.
Barnat, Joseph, 96 North 9th St.
Blake, John, 1,276 North 8th St.
Brooks, Lorson, 241 E. 188th St., Bronx.
Bollizza, Sol, 622 Manhattan Av.
Bonnanno, Salvatore, 218 Withers St.
Borchert, Edward, 1,010 Lorimer St.
Brooks, John, 68 Dobbins St.
Constable, Russell, 1,074 Lorimer St.
Cummins, Martin, 138 North 8th St.
Connors, William, 136 Bedford Av.
Costello, James, 141 Guernsey St.
Dukeman, George, 761 Manhattan Av.
Gatake, Gustav, 135 North 8th St.
Heren, William, 284 Lorimer St.
Kurstinski, Frank, 71 Berry St.
Martella, James, 156 Guernsey St.
May, Joseph, 1,031 Lorimer St.
McGowan, Edward, 180 Calyer St.
McBride, Andrew, 147 North 8th St.
Melridericks, Charles, 76 Nassau Av.
Poone, John, 185 North 8th St.
Russell, William, 130 North 10th St.
Sharkey, George, 907 Lorimer St.
Wojoncko, D., 97 Bedford St.
Wyrnn, James, 183 Bedford Av.
Weber, Bernard, 309 North 7th St.

LOCAL BOARD 59.
1,770 86th St.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TOMORROW.

Balsamo, Arthur L., 1,838 85th St.
Bruni, Giacomo, 1,870 Bath Av.
Cardines, Peter, 8,732 Bay 15th St.
Cohen, Reuben, 123 W. 127th St., Manhattan.
Celona, Alfred, 8,817 Bay 15th St.
Cilento, Salvator, 1,828 Bath Av.
Cilerto, Mario, 1,828 Bath Av.
De Palma, Ralph, 6,004 16th Av.
Davitt, James A., 8,416 21st St.
De Rienzo, Vincent, 1,567 Bath Av.
Ferrare, Henry, 135 Bay Tenth St.
Fragapone, Salvator, 1,668 Bath Av.

BROOKLYN—Continued.

Ghia, Desiderio, 150 Sullivan St., Manhattan.
Graziano, Joseph, 8,627 Bay 16th St.
Halliday, William, 1,843 77th St.
Hoffman, Jacob, 202 Bay 14th St.
Hutter, Albert, 8,500 New Utrecht Av.
Korten, Herman J., 15 Bay 28th St.
Kory, Louis, 2,125 67th St.
Kessler, Joseph, 211 Bay 13th St.
Kanesky, Edward, 1,043 83d St.
Levy, Benjamin F., 8,736 21st Av.
Marenda, Stephen, 6,006 15th Av.
Moyer, Ehler, 1,923 84th St.
Munns, Michael, 56 Fulton St.
Mobre, Harold G., 1,716 72d St.
Nicolletea, James, 201 Bay 22d St.
Odde, Charles, 194 Bay 14th St.
Palmisano, Lawrence, 8,403 17th Av.
Price, Isidor, 55 E. 120th St., Manhattan.
Polito, Thomas, 6,022 16th Av.
Pfaff, A. F., 1,953 78th St.
Pfeltone, Victor, 2,247 79th St.
Rappaport, Herman, 1,317 77th St.
Robinson, G. A., 215 78th St.
Reinitz, William, 7,807 18th Av.
Schwan, Morris L., 1,923 86th St.
Shoben, Israel, 2,024 83d St.
Signorrelli, Michael, 182 Mauper St.
Spagno, Anthony, 1,662 75th St.
Sternfield, Harry, 200 Bay 14th St.
Venerguirra, John, 1,450 71st St.
Wallace, Albert, 1,839 73d St.

ALTERNATES.

Arnne, Frank, 2,283 1st Av., Manhattan.
Ferriere, Frank, 135 Bay 10th St.
Managanaco, John, 1,706 Bath Av.
Marchisetti, 8,639 Bay 13th St.
Ramet, Carl, 1,417 75th St.
Sacks, Morton A., 8,687 22d Av.
Todesco, Serefino, 80 Bayard St.

LOCAL BOARD 63.
Throop Av. and Madison St.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TOMORROW.

Arkwright, George A., 411 Halsey St.
Bahler, Charles H., 448 Monroe St.
Becker, Paul F., 444 Madison St.
Burch, Lloyd M., 716 Lafayette Av.
Burns, Daniel M., 492 Greene Av.
Cameron, John F., Jr., 213 Van Buren St.
Casey, Joseph F., 493 Putnam Av.
Corcoran, Joseph, 360 Lexington Av.
Cusack, James B., 611 Putnam Av.
Drysdale, Barth E., 357 Madison St.
Flinn, James, Rost, "Variety," Manhattan.
Fitzpatrick, William T., 444 Lexington Av.
Goodridge, Reynold, 484 Gates Av.
Heyman, Morris, 518 Quincy St.
Lins, Herman L., 712A Greene Av.
McGirr, Matthew, 6,304 5th Av.
Maffucci, Canio, 636A Gates Av.
Meek, William L., 335 Hancock St.
Meyer, William, 368 Jefferson Av.
Newman, William J., 861 Quincy St.
O'Neill, Joseph F., 251 Sumner Av.
O'Shea, John J., Jr., 686 Gates Av.
Peckens, Dorranco T., 920 Marcy Av.
Ridding, William E., 422 Monroe St.
Roberts, Joseph P. Jr., 287 Jefferson Av.
Ross, Walter, 611 Gates Av.
Ryan, Peter J., 616 Greene Av.
Shillito, Louis, 497 Gates Av.
Stephenson, Horace L., 480 Quincy St.
Strembel, Edwin J., 644 Greene Av.
Toral, Lawrence, 254 West St.
Walters, Frank L., 1,447 Fulton St.
Wild, Franklin P., 133 McDonough St.

LOCAL BOARD 66.
Erasmus Hall High School.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TOMORROW.

Armstrong, James P., 1,464 New York Av.
Beatty, Robert E., 440 Midwood St.
Beatrini, Antonio, 486 Maple St.
D'Amato, Antonio, 712 Lincoln Road.
Doyle, Theodore, 72 Lott St.
Devlin, Eugene J., 3,402 Beverly Road.
Doherty, George, 2,531 Albemarle Road.
Delfrancesco, Pasquale, 500 Quincy St.
Eckersley, James, 2,415 Church Av.
Edelschick, Herman, 2,156 Tilden Av.
Fitzpatrick, Thomas, 92 East 31st St.
Glynn, James, 2,101 Albemarle Road.
Heelehan, Joseph, 1,507 Nostrand Av.
Hurley, Henry J., 1,301 Nostrand Av.
Herstein, Charles, 3,223 Snyder Av.
Kelly, Arthur A., 82 Lott St.
Kilgour, Samuel, 382 Lenox Road.
Kiernan, Joseph J., 108 Snyder Av.
Lanckhardt, William F., 488 Ocean Av., Jersey City.
Leyonmark, Mangus F., 1,630 Nostrand Av.
Lee, Charles F., Carteret, N. J.
Lindell, Alexander, 2,833 Church Av.
Manacello, Frank, 493 Lincoln Road.
McCarthy, Thomas M., 2,311 Bedford Av.
Musto, Carmen, 64 Dupont St.
Plunkett, John, 2,403 Albemarie Road.
Pollio, Antonio, 623 Brooklyn Av.
Randazzo, Joseph, 1,905 58th St.
Ross, Charles, 446 E. 35th St.
Russo, Vincent, 1,053 Flatbush Av.
Shaw, George, 1,500 Nostrand Av.
Slack, John, Jr., 2,508 Albemarle Road.
Thompson, Clifford B. 745 E. 32d St.
Tonino, Grescenzia, 400 Malbone St.
Trotta, Gaetano, 625 Malbone St.
Towbin, Samuel, 3,006 Tilden Av.
Weigert, Charles H., 1,021 Rogers Av.
Zindell, Abraham, Garnet, Mon.

LOCAL BOARD 73.
226 Graham Av.

LEAVE FOR CAMP THURSDAY.

Buerkel, George, 187 Meserole St.
Accardi, Salvatore, 147 Leonard St.
Amato, Nicholas, 170 Meserole St.
Accardi, Vincenzo, 198 Scholes St.
Bode, Emil, 267 Stagg St.
Braunfeld, Morris, 846 S. 3d St.
Camarato, Antonio, 199 Scholes St.
Carter, Max, 364 S. 5th St.
Edelstein, Moe, 402 S. 3d St.
Fine, Louis J., 53 Stagg St.
Fox, Jacob, 344-346 4th St.
Friedman, Harry, 32 Meserole St.
Goldfinger, Charles, 337 Broadway.
Gruebel, John, 265 Stagg St.
Harris, Ezil, 11 Montrose Av.
Husid, Morris, 197 Graham Av.
Kapelowitz, Hyman, 805 S. 3d St.
Lake, Abraham, 14 Meserole St.
London, Joseph, 20 Scholes St.
Levine, Max, 387 S. 5th St.
Levine, Jacob J., 371 S. 5th St.
Malin, William, 234 Graham Av.
Mistroito, Vito, 63 Montrose Av.
Mordick, Albert, 140 Ten Eyck St.
Newman, Samuel, 1 Meserole St.
Palermo, Giuseppe, 51 Montrose Av.
Palumbo, Sebastian, 18 Scholes St.
Peifer, Frank, 41 Wilson St.
Polter, Ben, Petersburg, Va.
Pellicane, Joseph, Passaic, N. J.
Reynolds, William, 463 Wythe Av.
Rubin, Ralph, F. High St., Detroit, Mich.
Seville, Isidore, 137 Scholes St.
Strashinsky, Sam, 303 S. 3d St.
Schneider, John, 132 Stagg St.
Vinguero, Francesco, 86 Boerum St.
Wolpe, Charles, 355 S. 3d St.
Zohman, Nathan, 216 Graham Av.

LOCAL BOARD 76.
309 Wyckoff Av.

SCHEDULED TO LEAVE FOR CAMP YESTERDAY.

Baus, Arthur, 191 Palmetto St.
Breyer, Andrew, 1,329 Gates Av.
Burke, William, 1,817 Halsey St.
Conneliey, 705 Knickerbocker Av.
Danielowicz, Kon, 220 Cooper St.
Frampton, Howard, 1,817 Halsey St.
Gerner, Henry, 284 Linden St.
Gehnich, William, 1,841 Putnam Av.
Huddy, Charles, 181 Palmetto St.
Klahm, Charles, 477 Central Av.
Klintberg, Chester, 316 Weirfield St.
Kelly, Emilio, 611 Knickerbocker Av.
Kraus, Daniel, Jr., 1,414 Jefferson Av.
Kempf, Henry, 135 Eldert St.
Levey, Leo, 127 Woodbine St.
Matthew, Thomas, 207 Cornelia St.
Michel, David, 883 Hamburg Av.
Miller, William, 188 Palmetto St.
O'Neill, John, 796 Knickerbocker Av.
Perricone, Andrew, 647 Knickerbocker Av.
Pfadenhauer, Henry, 637 Hamburg Av.
Quigley, Peter, 289 Woodbine St.
Rastenberger, Gustav, 300 Weirfield St.
Ruddy, Joseph, 1,412 Putnam Av.
Rudolph, Joseph, 1,472 Gates Av.
Sanders, Alex., Jr., 673 Knickerbooker Av.
Snyder, Charles, 366 Palmetto St.
Schultheis, George, 1,305 Gates Av.
Schoeppler, Charles, Jr., 345 Weirfield St.
Smith, Joseph, 49 Jefferson Av.
Schmid, Otto, 1,898 Putnam Av.
Schroeder, Henry, 824 Knickerbocker Av.
Tashman, Nurrey, 366 Hamburg Av.
Weiss, William, 1,352 Hancock St.
Werner, Matthew, 234 Palmetto St.
White, Edmund, 447 Irving Av.
Zaengle, Michael, 189 Palmetto St.

ALTERNATES.

Boardman, ——, 373 Wyckoff Av.
Dolan, Felix, 345 Cornelia St.
Martin, Charles, 867 Knickerbocker Av.
Martin, Samuel, 611 Central Av.
Mullin, Frank, 625 Knickerbocker Av.

LOCAL BOARD 80.
New Lots and Schenck Avs.

LEAVE FOR CAMP THURSDAY.

Areinoff, Nathan M., 768 New Jersey Av.
Asselte, Mike, 180 Louisiana Av.
Berkoff, Jacob, 70 Louisiana Av.
Burke, Joseph A., 462 Miller Av.
Carlein, Irving, 670 Cleveland St.
Davis, Allan, 515 New Jersey Av.
Finazzo, Onuph, 796 Shepherd Av.
German, Samuel, 396 New Jersey Av.
Gordon, Morris, 384 New Jersey Av.
Hoffman, Samuel, 442 Bradford St.
Johnson, Edwin, 877 New Lots Av.
Kaufman, Louis, 2,113 Pitkin Av.
Levy, Julius, 794 New Jersey Av.
Levy, Edward, 794 New Jersey Av.
Marcus, Nathan, 603 Dumont Av.
Meitzer, Abraham, 868 Alabama Av.
Markover, Harris, 330 North 10th St.
Sharkey, George, 907 Lorimer St.
Wojoncko, D., 97 Bedford St.
Wyrnn, James, 183 Bedford Av.
Weber, Bernard, 309 North 7th St.

LOCAL BOARD 89.
1,770 86th St.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TOMORROW.

Balsamo, Arthur L., 1,838 85th St.
Bruni, Giacomo, 1,870 Bath Av.
Cardines, Peter, 8,732 Bay 15th St.
Cohen, Reuben, 123 W. 127th St., Manhattan.
Celona, Alfred, 8,817 Bay 15th St.
Cilento, Salvator, 1,828 Bath Av.
Cilerto, Mario, 1,828 Bath Av.
De Palma, Ralph, 6,004 16th Av.
Davitt, James A., 8,416 21st St.
De Rienzo, Vincent, 1,567 Bath Av.
Ferrare, Henry, 135 Bay Tenth St.
Fragapone, Salvator, 1,668 Bath Av.

BROOKLYN—Continued.

Dorfman, Sam, 647 Stone Av.
Dein, S. C., 186 Bristol St.
Edeson, William, 687 Stone Av.
Epstein, Hyman, 301 Hart St.
Falek, Abraham, 667 Stone Av.
Feigenbaum, 651 Stone Av.
Greenberg, Sam, 272 Sackman St.
Goldstein, Hyman, 361 Christopher Av.
Gurien, Simon, 467 Stone Av.
Hertz, Isis, 153 Christopher Av.
Hein, Rubin, 615 Sackman St.
Kaplan, David, 812 New Lots Av.
Levine, David, 692 Stone Av.
Lifschitz, Hyman, 107 Belmont Av.
Lindower, Jacob, 653 Stone Av.
Livote, Michael, 77 Osborn St.
Llein, Morris, 253 Watkins St.
Mitnick, Jacob, 164 Belmont Av.
Oppenheim, David, 151 Hegeman Av.
Ross, Harry, 95 Sackman St.
Stoclarsky, Jacob, 564 Christopher Av.
Segalowitz, Jack, 253 Christopher Av.
Shusterman, Harry, 111 Glenmore Av.
Snyder, Frank, 572 Stone Av.
Stoller, Morris, 155 Christopher Av.
Sundick, Sam, 567 Watkins St.
Weingard, Jacob, 611 Sackman St.
Wexler, Abe, 634 Sackman St.
Weinberger, Sam, 473 Sackman St.
Zaredsky, Jacob, 327 Riverdale Av.
Zimmerman, Charles, 353 Christopher Av.

LOCAL BOARD 86.
481 Rockaway Av.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TOMORROW.

Chudnovsky, Barnett, 61 Bristol St.
Cohen, Max, 218 Bristol St.
Soderman, Nathan, 122 Amboy St.
Feldbin, Meyer, 192 Bristol St.
Fine, Philip, 1,004 Park Place.
Goldstein, Morris, 55 Osborn St.
Goldfield, Harry, 1,479 East New York Av.
Greenberg, Louis, 650 Hopkinson Av.
Kaplan, Hyman D., 505 Hopkinson Av.
Kramer, Sam, 1,646 Eastern Parkway.
Klein, Edward, 1,003 Myrtle Av.
Kreshover, Max, 912 South Halsted St., Chicago, Ill.
Kussoy, Philip, 12 Cortlandt St., Manhattan.
Lipsky, Abe, 98 Thatford Av.
Lebowitz, Abraham, 763 Christopher Av.
Matter, Jacob, 202 Herzl St.
Nadel, Harry, 179 Amboy St.
Newman, Nathan, 1,855 Douglas St.
Shermond, Joe, 110 Butler St.
Straus, Jacob, 1,710 Pitkin Av.
Teitler, Herman, 68 Chester St.

MANHATTAN.

LOCAL BOARD 100.
490 Hudson St.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TODAY.

Behman, P., 752 Park Av., Weehawken, N. J.
Blanchetti, Jose A., 18 Carmine St.
Busani, Giuseppe, 43 Carmine St.
Canny, Dennis, 50 Barrow St.
Cardani, Antonio, 5 64th St.
Cmok, Frank, 788 Washington St.
Davis, William, 638 Washington St.
De Luca, Frank, 9 Carmine St.
Derigibus, Eugene, 29 Cornelia St.
Fagan, George J., 104 Grove St.
Fitzgerald, William, 244 West 10th St.
Glass, Robert, 400 Bleecker St.
Greif, Edward G., 308 Bleecker St.
Kelly, Patrick, 259 Bleecker St.
Lagazio, Salveni, 285 Bleecker St.
McGuigan, Mortimer A., 114 Perry St.
Maloney, David, 104 Perry St.
Maloney, Michael, 10 St. Luke's Place.
Montain, Italo A., 61 Grove St.
O'Neill, Daniel, 429 Hudson St.
O'Rourke, John, 113 Bedford St.
Orlsafulli, Felix, 14 Greene St. or 244 W. 17th St.
Parducci, Alfred, 18 Carmine St.
Phelan, John, 165 Christopher St.
Scalese, Victor, 238 W. 10th St.
Stein, Julius, 2,716 Albemarle Road.
Sullivan, Cornelius, 181 Charles St.
Varese, Gaetano, 75 Grove St.
Wade, Robert H., 267 W. 11th St.

LOCAL BOARD 106.
418 West 28th St.

LEAVE FOR CAMP TOMORROW.

Abbruscato, Philip, 434 W. 27th St.
Alexandropoulos, Dekoas, 214 W. 27th St.
Barbas, Jim A., 308 W. 26th St.
Barr, Robert D., 334 W. 30th St.
Barriere, Joseph, 229 W. 26th St.
Bellanger, William T., 303 W. 30th St.
Bertalino, Giuseppe, 340 W. 30th St.
Campbell, John, 955 Greenwich St.
Conearo, Phillip, 327 W. 26th St.
Costomiros, Evangel, 346 W. 23d St.
Coyle, John, 309 10th Av.
Delaney, William L., 422 W. 27th St.
Donnellon, John H., 405 W. 26th St.
Friars, Chester B., 433 W. 28th St.
Galiani, Albert J., 374 7th Av.
Garrone, Guido, 411 8th Av.
Gautier, John H., 349 9th Av.
Hardy, Joseph F., 318 8th Av.
Hollander, Edmund, 335 10th Av.
Kelly, Alfred, 355 W. 20th St.
Largo, Leonard, 23 W. 133d St.
Lawless, Thomas, 488 W. 29th St.
McGrath, Thomas J., 284 10th Av.
Medeo, Pasquale, 30 West End Av.
Meoggio, Mecono, 327 W. 30th St.
Mullaney, Joseph L., 384

TENER JOINS OFFICIALS AT WASHINGTON IN OPPOSITION TO LATER GAMES

OPPOSED TO PLAN OF LATER GAMES

President Tener of National League Frowns on Changing Hour of Starting.

WASHINGTON IS CRITICAL

Officials Regard Move to Take Advantage of Daylight Saving Law Unfavorably.

President John K. Tener of the National League is opposed to any change in the time for beginning baseball games under the new daylight saving law. He said yesterday that, although the question was up to the clubs individually, he did not think any of them would take advantage of the new law and start the games later. He stated that he had heard of no contemplated changes in the time of starting among his clubs except in one or two cases, where the change suggested was very slight.

It is believed that the attitude of President Tener will have the effect of preventing any changes in the time of games. When the daylight saving plan was first announced, several club owners planned to take advantage of the extra time in the afternoon and extend the hour of starting the game, as a fine scheme to encourage patronage.

This attitude of the baseball club owners and other promoters of sporting events brought forth more or less criticism from officials at Washington. Charles Lathrop Pack, President of the War Garden Commission, has led in the criticism of the proposed plan to start the games later. He says: "Slackers of the worst type is the brand placed upon baseball team owners or managers who plan to move down the schedule time of starting games this Summer. It would certainly be a violation of the spirit of the law."

Men Needed for Gardens.

Commissioner Pack, in voicing his objection to the proposed plan, says further: "The baseball player can win this war, and one of the greatest boons will be the help the men can give in the backyard garden. A move like this suggested by the baseball club owners will take thousands of hours of time from gardens. The job or winning this war must be done. Nothing must be allowed to stand in the way of it. The daylight saving law was intended to increase the daylight usefulness in war work, and was not intended to give extra hours for recreation. I do hope that this is not the attitude of those in control of the greatest of national games in our big leagues."

As far as New York is concerned, there will probably be no change in the time of starting games at the Polo Grounds or at Ebbets Field. President Hempstead of the Giants said that the club had not considered the matter yet, except perhaps to suggested that it start the games ten or fifteen minutes later in order to accommodate the crowds which come from the Wall Street district. The Giants have always started their games at 3:40, and ten minutes being added because the Wall Street express did not arrive at the 155th Street elevated station until 3:38.

Uniform Hour Likely.

If there is any change in this starting hour, it will be made to conform with the schedule of this special Wall Street train. The Yankees and the Giants will probably get together before the season opens and agree on a uniform hour for starting the games. It is not the intention of either club to take advantage of the new law, and as far as is known now there will be no change whatever. President Ebbets of Brooklyn has already announced that there will be no change in the time of games at Ebbets Field, where they will start as usual at 3:30.

The new state of affairs will benefit baseball clubs and fans in extra-inning games, and when a contest go into extra innings it will not be necessary under the new time schedule to call the contests on account of darkness.

President Tener of the National League was one of the stanchest advocates of the daylight saving law, and last season when the plan was first proposed he delivered several addresses in favor of it at daylight saving rallies. His position in the matter will have a direct influence in changing the attitude of any club owners who had contemplated a change in time.

Out in St. Louis the matter was put up to a popular vote among the fans, but this resulted in very few votes being cast, which proved to the club owners that there was no sentiment among the fans to start the games at a later hour. So in St. Louis the proposal for a later start has been abandoned.

That the American League does not propose to take advantage of the new law is indicated by the action of President Charles A. Comiskey of the Chicago White Sox, he announced yesterday that the games at Comiskey Park would begin at 3 o'clock. He said that to start at 4 o'clock, as had been suggested by some of the club owners, would be a violation of the law. This action by Chicago is taken as a sign that the other American League clubs will take the same attitude.

REACH POGGENBURG FINAL.

Klinger, Lewis, Servatius, and Spear Survive in Cue Play.

Standing of the Players.

FIRST DIVISION.

	Won.	Lost.	High Run.	High Average.
Klinger	3	1	68	9 7-27
Moon	3	1	39	7 21-32
Spear	3	1	41	11 5-10
Low	1	3	21	2 35-40
Dr. Miller	0	4	18	3 7-22

SECOND DIVISION.

Lewis	4	0	23	4 8-28
Servatius	3	1	21	3 25-30
Rice	2	2	36	5 15-32
White	1	3	68	7 26-32
Mathews	0	4	35	4 25-32

Preliminary play in the Poggenburg Memorial Cup handicap billiard tournament at the Broadway Billiard Academy in Brooklyn came to an end with yesterday's matches. There are now four survivors, who will compete in the final round robin event which begins today. Those who will compete are Louis A. Servatius, Claud R. Lewis, Jacob Klinger, and George Spear. This gives a preponderance of Class C men in the tournament. Servatius, Lewis, and Spear are of this division, while Klinger is of the Class A ranks. All of the Class B men have been eliminated. George T. Moon, Jr., almost slipped into the final tournament. In his division there was a tie between himself, Spear and Klinger, but the application of the Olympic system of scoring, which counts total points made by each contestant in all gaves irrespective of ranks won and lost, Klinger and Spear surpassed Moon.

The scores:

Afternoon Game.

George Spear, (115.)—2 0 5 7 0 1 1 3 0 0 5 1 25 25 0 0 6 14 0 0 20. Total—115. Average—5 10-21. High runs—25, 25, and 20.

John Klinger, (115.)—0 0 7 2 0 0 0 0 5 1 1 6 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 12 0 1. Total—36. Average—1 15-21. High runs—12 and 7.

Evening Game.

J. R. Lewis, (115.)—13 4 7 2 22 12 0 0 7 2 0 0 0 0 14 4 2 5 2 0 2 0 3 0 0 6 0 0 16. Total—115. Average—3 3-28. High run—22.

Julian Rice, (175.)—2 5 0 3 3 3 1 1 4 5 0 4 2 0 20 7 4 3 16 5 1 2 8 3 1 0 0 18 8. Total—121. Average—5 21-28. High run—33.

L. A. Servatius, (115.)—0 1 4 3 19 0 12 0 0 9 3 8 0 8 1 2 12 0 3 0 0 0 11 8 2 2 0 1 0 1 2 4. Total—115. Average—3 19-32. High run—19.

C. P. Mathews, (175.)—1 1 0 1 2 0 17 3 10 3 2 0 4 19 11 0 0 0 2 2 0 0 6 0 1 2 0 17 8 0 14. Total—121. Average—3 25-31. High run—19.

DODGERS TUMBLE AGAIN.

Ninth Inning Once More Fatal and Red Sox Win by 3 to 2.

Special to The New York Times.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., April 1.—The exhibition series between the Brooklyn Dodgers and Boston Red Sox took on all the appearances of a walk-over for Boston today. The Red Sox again trimmed the National Leaguers in a closely contested game, making the series stand 5 to 1 in their favor. The score was 3 to 2.

The Dodgers again stumbled into defeat in the ninth inning. The game was a tie when Boston came up for the last half of the ninth and put over the needed run with two hits and a wild pitch.

Big Jeff Pfeffer made his first appearance in the box. He pitched the last five innings, replacing Jack Coombs. Manager Robinson held out hope that this combination might halt the Red Sox and his hopes were justified until the ninth. Both Coombs and Pfeffer pitched good ball, but two slight mistakes turned the tide against them.

The score:

BOSTON, (A. L.)	Ab	R	H	P	A	BROOKLYN, (N. L.)	Ab	R	H	P	A
Hooper,rf	3	0	1	1	0	Olson,ss	3	1	0	0	2
Evers,2b	4	0	0	2	2	O'Mara,2b	4	0	0	6	1
Strunk,cf	4	1	1	2	0	Daubert,1b	3	1	1	4	1
McInnis,3b	3	0	1	1	1	Myers,cf	4	0	1	2	1
Whitehill,lb	3	0	1	13	2	Johnston,lf	4	0	1	2	1
Whiteman,lf	4	0	2	3	0	Hickman,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Scott,ss	3	0	1	0	4	O'Rourke,3b	4	0	0	5	2
Mayer,c	2	1	1	3	1	Miller,c	2	0	1	3	0
Shanc,c	1	0	1	1	0	Krueger,c	2	0	0	2	1
Wyckoff,p	2	1	0	1	2	Coombs,p	2	0	0	0	1
Bush,p	0	0	0	0	2	Pfeffer,p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	29	3	9	27	14	Total	33	2	5	25	11

Score by innings:

*One out when winning run was scored.

Brooklyn	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2
Boston	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	—3

Errors—Wyckoff, O'Mara.

Two-base hits—Daubert, Myers, Hooper. Sacrifice hits—Chapman, Bush. Double plays—Johnston and O'Mara, Myers and Krueger, Olson, O'Mara, and Daubert. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 6; Boston, 5. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 1. Boston, 1. Bases on balls—Off Pfeffer, 2; Wyckoff, 2. Hits—Off Coombs, 4 in 5 innings; Pfeffer, 5 in 4; Wyckoff, 4 in 6; Bush, 1 in 3. Struck out—By Wyckoff, 4; Bush, 1. Wild pitch—Pfeffer. Time—1 hour and 20 minutes. Umpires—Klem and Hart.

GIANTS BEAT KELLY TEAM.

Aviators Tumbled in Hard-Hitting Game by 14 to 7.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, April 1.—The Giants went through another frolic today when they took an army motor truck out to Kelly Field, the biggest aviation camp in the world, and downed the Camp Kelly team by a score of 14 to 7.

The aviators made the mistake of using their good pitcher last and their bad ones first. Wales, whom the soldiers have dubbed the Prince of Wales, was the starter, and he made an awful botch of his job. After he had pitched three innings the Giants had eight runs. He passed six men during this period.

Then came a long, lanky boy known as Heinie Zimmerman, who had quite a wind-up, rubbed the ball on his trousers, on the sand, and in his hair, and held conversations with the catchers and infielders before he let each ball go. However, all these things could not help the army.

After that Waukop, a youth who could at least find the plate, went in and pitched fine good inning, allowing only two runs. But by the time he got in McGraw had in all his reserves. Fred Anderson, George Smith, and the inveterate Germany Schaefer were the Giant pitchers. The soldiers did not seem to be extra fond of "Andy" and called him all sorts of endearing names, making frequent mention of a powder puff. No bleacher crowd ever rode the athletes harder than these aviation mechanics. They didn't spare their own ranks either, particularly their own pitchers.

Anderson permitted four hits in four innings, and the soldiers began to bang Smith pretty hard after he went in, but at the finish the Giants won 14 to 0, Smith had orders to put them over so as to make it look like a game. Schaefer was nicked for two homers and two singles in the ninth, but he struck out a man.

The score:

GIANTS.	Ab	R	H	P	O	A	CAMP KELLY.	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Young,rf	3	2	1	1	0		Starr,lf	5	1	2	1	0	
Schafer,2b,p	2	0	0	1	2		Gilroy,lf						
Kauff,cf	4	0	1	2	0		Williams,1b	3	0	0	12	0	
Wilhoit,cf	1	0	1	0	0		Kelly,cf	4	0	2	3	0	
Burns,lf	3	1	1	0	0		Sprel.zer,2b	4	0	0	2	6	
Tesreau,lf	1	0	0	0	0		Richerts,ss	4	0	1	2	4	
H.Zim'n,3b	4	1	1	0	2		Thelma,rf	4	2	2	1	0	
Hem'way,3b	1	1	1	0	3		Manier,c	4	1	1	6	1	
Doyle,2b	1	2	0	2	5		Wales,p	1	0	0	0	0	
Thorpe,rf	1	2	0	0	0		A.Zim'n,p	0	0	0	0	0	
Holke,ss	3	3	2	3	1		Waukop,p	2	0	1	0	4	
Rodriguez,ss	1	0	0	1	2		Ardis,p	1	0	1	0	1	
Holke,lb	4	1	1	7	0								
McCue,1b	1	1	0	1	0		Total	39	7	14	27	17	
Rariden,c	3	2	3	1	0								
Gibson,c	2	0	0	3	0								
Anderson,p	1	1	0	0	1								
Smith,p,2b	2	0	0	0	0								
Total	38	14	13	*2	6	16							

*Ardis out, hit by batted ball.

Giants	5	0	4	3	1	0	0	1	0	—14
Camp Kelly	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	3	—7

Two-base hit—Burns. Three-base hit—Hemingway. Home runs—H. Zimmerman, Rariden, Holke, Gilroy (2.) Higginbotham. Stolen bases—Doyle, (2,) Rariden, (2,) Fletcher, Kauff, Anderson, Burns. Double plays—Zimmerman, Doyle, and Holke; Doyle, Fletcher, and Holke; Schafer and McCarty. Bases on balls—Off Wales, 6; A. Zimmerman, 2. Left on bases—Giants, 5; Camp Kelly, 5. Hits—Off Anderson, 4 in 1 inning; Smith, 6 in 4; Schaefer, 4 in 1; Wales, 5 in 3; A. Zimmerman, 3 in 1; Waukop, 5 in 4; Ardis, 0 in 1. Struck out—By Wales, 2; Waukop, 2; Anderson, 1; Smith, 2; Schaefer, 1. Wild pitches—Wales, A. Zimmerman, (2.) Time of game—1 hour and 35 minutes. Umpires—Captain Evans and Brennan.

EIGHT GAMES FOR HARVARD.

'Varsity and Freshmen Baseball Schedules Announced.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 1.—The baseball schedules for the Harvard 'Varsity and freshmen teams were announced today. Each team has eight games.

Two games each with Yale and Princeton are the only intercollegiate contests on the 'Varsity list. The other four games are with service teams. The season opens April 24 with Princeton at Cambridge and closes June 1 with Yale at New Haven.

16 TENNIS TEAMS ENTERED.

National Indoor Doubles Title Tourney Starts Today.

Sixteen teams are entered for the national indoor doubles championship which will begin on the courts of the Seventh Regiment Armory today. The holders of the title from a year ago, Frederick B. Alexander and Dr. William Rosenbaum, will defend. They will be opposed by a number of strong teams, among them that composed of S. Howard Voshell and Fred Baggs, Alan Behr and Vincent Richards, the national boys' champions, are lined up together and W. T. Tilden, 2d, will play with Cecil Donaldson. A reflection of a Father and son tournament possibility is seen in the team made up of Abraham Bassford, Jr., and Abraham Bassford, 3d.

The draw is as follows:

First Round.—Arthur S. Cragin and W. D. Cunningham vs. S. Howard Voshell and Fred C. Baggs; G. G. Grenz and partner vs. C. A. Anderson and partner, S. Kashio and Harold Taylor vs. S. MacAllister and H. L. Bowman, King Smith and G. C. Shafer vs. R. L. James and M. Goldman; J. L. Anderson and Julian S. Myrick vs. Alan Behr and Vincent Richards, W. T. Tilden, 2d, and Cecil Donaldson vs. G. B. Emerson and F. T. Anderson, W. J. Gallon and R. B. Gatcomb vs. Abraham Bassford, Jr., and Abraham Bassford, 3d, Frederick B. Alexander and Dr. William Rosenbaum vs. Ingo Hartman and partner.

OTHER EXHIBITION GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
Chicago Americans	11	16	3
Eighth Regiment Marines	3	4	5

Batteries—Robertson and Schalk; Lees, Rice, Freeman and Lawrence.

Chicago Nationals	2	7	1
Sacramento, Coast League	3	7	0

Batteries—Hendrix, Vaughn and Hungling; West, Gardner and Easterly.

AT WAXAHACHIE, TEXAS.

Detroit Americans	7	11	1
Cincinnati Nationals	1	8	4

Batteries—Dauss, Mitchell, and Stanage, Yelle; Reuther and Allen, Wingo.

RUEL ROUTS BRAVES WITH TIMELY BLOW

New Yankee Catcher Breaks Up Game with Triple, Scoring Bodie and Peck.

Special to The New York Times.

DUBLIN, Ga., April 1.—Muddy Ruel qualified for the elect today when his long triple to right centre in the fifth inning broke up the game and gave the Yankees a 3 to 0 victory over the Braves in the inaugural contest of the series the two teams will play on the swing north. With Bodie and Peckinpaugh on ahead in the fifth and two down, Ruel leaned into one of Canavan's swift ones and hammered the ball far over Bailey's head for three bases, scoring Ping and Roger. Ruel registered later when Red Smith booted Russel's following grounder.

Until the fifth inning, Hugh Canavan, a young left-hander, let the Yankees down without a hit. In the meantime Allen Russell was twirling splendidly and getting gilt-edged support from the Yankee defense. Starting the fifth inning Canavan winged Pipp with a pitched ball. Baker forced Wally, Henry to Conway. Bodie singled to left, planting Frank on third. On an attempted double steal Rawlins dropped Canavan's throw, Baker holding third and Bodie getting to second. Peckinpaugh hit to Rawlins, whose throw got Baker at the plate, Ping taking third.

Here it was that Ruel injected himself into the film. Catching one of Canavan's shoots on the seam Muddy sent the ball screaming to deep right centre, registering Bodie and Peckinpaugh.

The Braves were in charge of Coach Jack Slattery, George Stallings having remained on his Haddock plantation and Ed Konetchy, who the Miracle Man had assigned in command of the squad, having missed the train at Macon. It perhaps was well for the Braves that Stallings was not around, for they gave their pitchers ragged support and could do nothing with the offerings of Russell and Mogridge.

In the five innings Russell was on the mound he limited the Braves to three scattered safeties. Mogridge held them hitless in the last four innings. The Yankees only got four hits off the combined deliveries of Canavan and Tom Hughes, but the New Yorkers made their hits count as the fifth-inning rally shows.

The score:

NEW YORK, (A. L.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A	BOSTON, (N. L.)	Ab	R	H	P	O	A
Gilhooley,rf	2	0	0	0	0		Massey,lf	3	0	0	4	0	
Miller,cf	3	0	0	2	0		Powell,cf	0	0	0	0	0	
Ward,2b	4	0	2	1	3		Bailey,c	1	0	0	0	0	
Pipp,1b	3	0	0	12	0		Kelly,lf	2	0	0	1	0	
Baker,3b	4	0	1	2	3		Wickland,rf	3	0	1	3	0	
Bodie,lf	4	1	1	2	1		Covington,1b	3	0	1	5	0	
P'kpaugh,ss	4	1	2	1	3		Wilson	1	0	0	0	0	
Ruel,c	2	1	1	2	0		Smith,3b	4	0	0	3	0	
Hannah,c	1	0	0	3	0		Rawlings,ss	2	0	0	6	2	
Russell,p	2	0	0	0	4		Conway,2b	3	0	1	1	4	
Mogridge,p	1	0	0	0	0		Henry,c	2	0	0	4	1	
							Canavan,p	2	0	0	4	0	
Total	30	3	4	27	15		Hughes,p	1	0	0	0	1	
							Total	28	0	3	27	11	

a Batted for Covington in ninth.

Score by innings:

New York	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	—3
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Errors—Smith, (2.) Rawlings, (2.)

Three-base hit—Ruel. Stolen bases—Gilhooley, Pipp. Sacrifice hit—Miller. Double play—Peck to Ward to Pipp. Bases on balls—Off Russell, 3. Left on bases—Boston, 5; New York, 4. Hit by pitched ball—By Canavan, (Gilhooley,) by Pipp; Mogridge, Rawlings.) Hits—Off Canavan, 2 in 5 innings; Hughes, 2 in 4; Russell, 3 in 5; Mogridge, 0 in 4. Struck out—By Canavan, 1; Hughes, 1; Russell, 1; Mogridge, 2. Time of game—2 hours 4 minutes. Umpires—Corcoran and McBride.

BOUT TO BE HELD IN WEST.

Col. Miller Hints That Willard-Fulton Fray Will Not Be Held in East.

Although it cannot be ascertained definitely, indications now point to the possibility that the proposed heavyweight championship boxing exhibition between Jess Willard, title holder, and Fred Fulton, challenger, will be held at one of the large Western cities. Colorado is said to be the probable State, but there are other locations of the West which are being considered by Colonel J. C. Miller, coparticipator of Willard in the promotion of the bout. Colonel Miller refused to say positively yesterday whether he had decided on a battleground, but he hinted that the hopes that have been entertained that the bout would be held in the Eastern section of the country would not materialize.

Several additional offers were received yesterday by Colonel Miller, but what these were or from whom they came the Oklahoman refused to divulge. He said, however, that he expected, within the next few days, to be able to announce the site for the contest.

Willard will not visit this city, as had been generally supposed. Colonel Miller stated yesterday that he had received a telegram from the world's champion containing the information that Willard was on his way to Chicago after completing the sale of his circus horses in Baltimore. From Chicago Willard will go to Kansas to help move his household to the new home he has purchased at Lawrence.

SCOFIELD LEADER AT GOLF.

Has Two Strokes on Field in North and South Title Play.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., April 1.—One hundred and eighty-five players took part in the opening session of the thirty-six-hole qualifying round of the North and South amateur championship tournament at Pinehurst today. E. L. Scofield of the Weeburn Club led with 39, 38—77 on the No. 2 course, finishing two strokes ahead of Dr. C. H. Gardner of the Rhode Island Country Club, whose round of 42, 37—79 was made on the No. 1 course.

Three players tied for third at 80, but of these three only Dewitt Balch of Cincinnati has put the difficulties of No. 2 course behind him, while Louis A. Hamilton of Garden City, and Leslie Deane Pierce of Ekwanok are called upon to conduct their stern chase on that course tomorrow.

Scofield, who has a two-stroke lead on the field, is a strong favorite for the medal. He played the No. 2 course in 73 in the open tournament Saturday.

The scores:

E. L. Scofield, Weeburn, 39, 38—77; Dr. C. H. Gardner, Rhode Island, 42, 37—79; Dewitt Balch, Cincinnati, 41, 39—80; Louis A. Hamilton, Garden City, 43, 37—80; Le. Deane Pierce, Ekwanok, 42, 38—80; Guy A. Miller, Detroit, 39, 42—81; Irving S. Robeson, Rochester, 42, 39—81; Donald Parson, Youngstown, 41, 41—82; C. L. Becker, Ekwanok, 44, 39—83; John D. Chapman, Greenwich, 45, 38—83; Frank S. Danforth, North Fork, 41, 43—84; Athel Denham, Moore County, 39, 45—84; Franklin S. Gates, Moore County, 43, 39—84; Presley S. McLaughlin, Ekwanok, 47, 38—85; Robert M. Markwell, Lake Shore, 42, 43—85; Howard G. Phillips, Moore County, 46, 39—85.

Concannon Beats Greenleaf.

Joseph Concannon defeated Ralph Greenleaf in the opening games of their pocket billiard match at Maurice Daly's Academy yesterday. In the afternoon Concannon won by 100 to 68, and in the evening his triumph was even more decisive, the score in his favor being 100 to 42. The total score for the day's play was Concannon, 200; Greenleaf, 110. The highest run was made by Concannon in the afternoon, when he put together a count of 38.

Brooklyn Soccer Eleven Victor.

Making good use of the extra hour of daylight yesterday two soccer elevens, the Longfellows of Brooklyn and the Continental Football Club played a league match at Macombs Dam Park, the Longfellows winning by the score of 3 goals to 1. Mills, Meyer, and Lomas shot the winners' three goals in the first period of play.

RACING SEASON OPENED.

Large Crowd Sees First Eastern Events at Bowie.

BOWIE, Md., April 1.—The Eastern racing season was ushered in at Prince Georges course here today under ideal weather conditions, with a track exceptionally fast and a crowd which elbowed into almost every available space in the grand stand and on the lawn.

The Bowie Inaugral Handicap was the attraction of an otherwise well-balanced card, but the big race of the day was somewhat dimmed in lustre when the greater part of the field was scratched. It may be that the trainers had found out that Charlie Leydecker, E. McBride's three-year-old colt, was unusually fit for the seven-furlong route, because the McBride colt tow roped his field and won handily by more than a length. From the barrier Charlie Leydecker jumped to the front and opened up a gap of more than six furlongs. Woodstone and Water Lady were sent after the fleet colt, and Woodstone managed to get close up, but tired from the effort and was nipped for the place by Water Lady, which came strong at the finish and forced an extra effort from the winner.

One long shot breezed under the wire when Caro Nome led the field home in the final race of the day. She paid $122.30 for a two-dollar mutuel ticket.

The Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For maiden colts and geldings two years old, purse $750; four furlongs. Time—0:49 1-5.

Mahony, Thomas Clyde's b. c., 114 pounds, by Beach Sand-Fancy Dress, $6.80, $3.70, $3. (Troxler).....1

Esquimau, Mrs. William Clark's br. g., 114, by Theo Cook-Northern Girl, $12.90, $3.80. (Mergler).....2

Cain Spring, W. P. Orr's b. c., 114, by Zeus-Boneda, $5.60, (J. McTaggart).....3

The Boy, Sid C. Keener, Old Bill Bender, and Caller also ran.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $750; six and one-half furlongs. Time—1:21 4-5.

May W., E. T. Zollicoffer's br. f., 4 years, 105 pounds, by Ben Trovato-Belle of Mayfield, $7.80, $4.80, $3. (Stirling).....1

Freda Johnson, W. C. Capps's blk. m., 7, 103, by Radford-Miss Mathews, $48, $23.80. (McAtee).....2

Pharaoh, W. T. Ryan's br. h., 10, 110, by Meddler-Hatasso, $8.40, (Doyle).....3

C. M. Johnson, The Busy Body, Spectre, Lord Herbert, Little Sweeper, March Court, True As Steel, Dominion Park, Low Degree, and Dalrose also ran. Anxiety and Spectre scratched.

THIRD RACE.—The Eclipse Purse, for three-year-olds and upward, $750; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07.

Mary Maud, Mrs. E. C. Clement's b. f., 3 years, 96 pounds, by Irish Lad-Frizette, $13.10, $5.50, $3.50. (McAtee).....1

Tea Caddy, M. Shea's ch. g., 5 106, by Rock Sand-Tea's Over, $3.80, $2.90, (J. McTaggart).....2

Startling, R. F. Carman's b. h., 5, 116, by Marta Santa-Country Fraud, $2.70. (Butwell).....3

Carbide, Sea Beach, Murphy, Indian Chant, Rollin Laird, and Cobalt Lass also ran. Howzat, Schreiber, Dan, and Joseph F. Murphy scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—The Bowie Inaugural Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward, $660, seven furlongs. Time—1:27 3-5.

Charlie Leydecker, E. McBride's b. c., 3 years, 98 pounds, by Jack Atkin-Polly D., $14, $6.90, $3.70, (McAtee).....1

Water Lady, M. James Arthur's br. m., 5, 108, by Waterboy-Duchess of Towers, $6.50, $3.90, (Rodriguez).....2

Woodstone, M. Shea's ch. h., 5, 113, by Rock Sand-Woodvine, $3.60, (J. McTaggart.....3

Haubeck and Producer also ran. St. Isidor, Bondage, Flittergold, Woodward, Judge Wingfield, and Kentucky Boy scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, claiming, purse $750, one mile. Time—1:43 1-5.

Obolus, J. A. Hendrick's b. g., 6 years, 117 pounds, by Oddfellow-Kenmore Queen, $11.60, $5.40, $3.10. (Stirling).....1

Airman, Wilfred Viau's br. h., 5, 114, by Waterboy-Colonial, $4.40, $3.10, (Butwell).2

Lady Lou, W. Phipps's b. m., 4, 98, by Jack Atkin-Mrs. F. G. Hogan, $3 (Stalker).3

Fair Mac, Eagle, and Ponzio also ran. Pit and Maud Bacon scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $750; one mile and seventy yards—Time, 1:48.

All Smiles, E. T. Zollicoffer's b. or br. h., 6 years, 103 lbs., by Fair Play-Simper, $6.70, $4.90, $3.00, (Rice).....1

Arbitrator, J. M. Black's b. g., 4, 103, by Statesman-Apprentice Girl; $20.40, $11.80, (Jackson).....2

Golden Balm, G. L. Goodacre's ch. f., 4, 98, by Star Shoot-Autumn Leaveg, $4.50, (Rodriguez).....3

Silk Bird, Kilmer, Yodeling Sky, and Dolfina also ran. Luther and Edith Baumann scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, claiming; purse $750; one mile—time, 1:44 2-5.

Caro Nome, L. F. Wagner's br. m., 5 years, 96 lbs., by Ornament-Karco; $122.80, $45.20, $18.80, (Gerfer).....1

Trinby, S. Louis's b. g., 4, 107, by Irish Lad-Frazette; $7.80, $3.80, (Louder).....2

Monocacy, J. P. Jones's ch. g., 8, 109, by Hamburg-Monadour; $6.60, (Alexander).....3

Jabot, Boxer, Perpetual, Richard Langdon, Royal Interest, Jessie G., Felicidad, Huda's Brother, and Amphion also ran. Egmont, Dartmouth, Beautiful Morn, Glory Belle, and Stir Up scratched.

BOWIE ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For maidens two-year-olds, fillies; four furlongs. Bonna, 114 pounds; Ormonda, 114; Wewoka, 114; We Win, 114; Weymouth Girl, 114; Loving Lady, Auntie, 114; Mrs. Kate Leydecker, 114, and Milda, 114.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds, claiming; five and a half furlongs. Miss Burgomaster, 105 pounds; Miss Filley, 99; *Odalisque, 91; Candidate 2d, Imp., 104; *George W. Avery, 105; Sam Pickett, 101, and *Virginia Yell, 102.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds, claiming; five and a half furlongs. Goblin, 116 pounds; Ornery, 102; *Tolerance, 107; Louise V., 108; Tit for Tat, 99; *Frenchy, 96; Arrowhmith, 107, and *Onico, 108.

FOURTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and up, claiming; six and a half furlongs. Hester Karma, 113 pounds; King Bagot, 110; *Firing Line, 105; *Kilts, 100; The Masquerader, 112; Widow Bedotte, 105; Bronchio Billy, 105; Orderly, 112; *Garish Sun, 107, and *Kentucky Boy, 105.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and up, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Impression, 117 pounds; Egmont, 110; *Edith Bauman, 100; Napoleon, 113; Comacho, 108; Working Lad, 110, and Christmas Eve, 105.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and up, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Impression, 117 pounds; Ruisseau, 114; Baby Sister, 103; *Flora Finch, 100; Stir Up, 114; March Court, 114; *Last Spark, 100; Blackford, 114; Tootsie, 105, and *Beautiful Morn, 105.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and up, claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Dartworth, 117 popunds; Dr. Charcot, 114; *Huda's Brother, 109; Billy, Oliver, 114; Inquieta, 111; *Disturber, 109; Otis True, 114; Glory Belle, 105, and *Rosewater, 107.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather, cloudy; track fast.

TILDEN NARROWLY ESCAPES DEFEAT

Veteran Forced Hard to Win from Taylor, Junior Champion, by 9-7, 7-5.

Only the most strenous kind of play warded off several threatened upsets in the continuation of the national indoor tennis championships at the 7th Regiment Armory yesterday. Probably the most notable instance was in the case of William T. Tilden, 2d, of Philadelphia, who now finds himself safely in one of the semi-final round brackets. Holder of a national mixed doubles championship with Miss Mary Browne only a few years ago, credited with being the most severe server in any part of the country at the present time and a player of well-rounded ability as well, Tilden was looked upon as having an easy path through the early rounds of the tournament.

It was one of the younger school of players who almost caused his overthrow. In the fourth round that the Quaker City expert encountered Harold Taylor, the Metropolitan junior champion, who has been making a tennis name for himself during the last two years. As well, however, as Taylor has played in the past it is almost certain that he never showed to better advantage than in the match against Tilden. It would ordinarily be said that leading at 5—2 in the first set, and 6—3 in the second he would have run both out to his credit, and thereby defeated one of the strongest men playing the game today.

The reverse was true, however, for Tilden with a wealth of experience and strategy to back up his severe play, succeeded in winning both sets, the first at 9—7, the second at 7—5. Yet even in defeat there was almost as much credit for Taylor as if he had won. He gave a masterly exhibition of tennis skill, in fact, was even closer to victory than the score shows. In the first set he was three times playing for the set point, and each time failed to get it, and the same situation arose twice in the second set.

Another near upset came in the match between Frederick B. Alexander and W. J. Gallon. Alexander, one of the most finished players of the East, was sorely pressed to hold the upper hand in a three-set match that went to him at 6—3, 6—8, 6—4. It was a nip and tuck struggle right up to the last. In the final game of the third set Gallon was serving and shot the match ball over close to the lines. It was doubtful whether it was in or out, there being no linesmen on hand, and the players agreed to call it in favor of Gallon at the time the advantage was with Alexander, and in the replay he won the point and the set.

S. Howard Voshell made his appearance in the tournament yesterday and signalized the event by winning two victories. His first opponent was the redoubtable S. R. MacAllister. He carried the title holder along at a fast pace and had not Voshell been in rare form he might have tasted defeat. As it was, he won by 6—3, 6—1, but the match was much closer than that group of figures indicates.

Voshell won his second victory of the day over Dr. H. J. Horganthaler in a match that was little more than a romp for the Indoor champion. The score was 6—3, 6—2. Voshell has now reached the round before the semi-finals and his next opponent will be G. B. Emerson, another of the younger coterie of players.

The summaries:

FIRST ROUND—G. Carleton Shafer defeated Abraham Bassford, Jr., 6—4, 9—7; F. B. Alexander defeated R. L. James, 6—4, 6—1; S. Howard Voshell defeated S. R. MacAllister, 6—3, 6—1; E. J. Post, Jr., defeated A. C. Fiedler, 6—1, 6—3.

SECOND ROUND—L. Bry defeated C. Ranney, 3—

Why You Should Invest NOW

Never, in 40 years, has it been possible to buy safe investments as cheaply as now. The war has resulted in their selling at panic prices, but their security in many cases *is greater than ever before.*

You can invest today, for instance, in a well secured short term note of Public Utility Company of established reputation, to yield about

7½%

Ask us to send you Circular T.

A.H.Bickmore & Co
111 BROADWAY, N.Y.

California Electric Generating Company
First Mortgage 5% Bonds
Due September 1, 1948
To Yield 6¼%
Details on request
Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

Eight Per Cent. From Now Until April 1, 1919

The promise to pay of a company with net earnings of over a million dollars a year and available income over six and a half times the annual interest on these notes.

An opportunity to obtain 8 per cent for a year.

Ask for Circular R-15.

E. H. Rollins & Sons
43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

GREAT NORTHERN RWY. PFD.
Reviewed in our Special Letter "24"
Copy on request.
Merrill, Lynch & Co.
7 Wall St., New York
Telephone Rector 6070
Chicago Detroit Cleveland Washington
Members New York Stock Exchange.

Tilney, Ladd & Co.
Railroad Bonds
New York

BROAD STREET HOSPITAL
Erected for the safety and comfort of all people. All people should share in its support. Will you do your share?
"PUT US ON YOUR PAYROLL"
This space contributed to BROAD STREET HOSPITAL by Kaeuth, Nachod & Kuhne.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Moved Forward in a Dull Session—New Tax Ruling Restricts Trading.

There was nothing in the orderly movement of prices on the Stock Exchange yesterday to suggest that the critical stage in the great battle raging in France is approaching, or that any other development of interest to traders had effected a change in the situation as it stood at the close of last week. Transactions were on a very small scale, with prices for most issues working higher. About the only spots of particular interest were American Sumatra, which advanced strongly, and Studebaker, which resumed its slump of last week. Elsewhere the list was quiet. There was said to be an almost entire absence of any short selling.

Brokers yesterday took a much more serious view of the recent ruling of the Attorney General holding that stock borrowed and returned must pay a tax of $2 per hundred shares each way, and it was freely predicted that unless that feature of the law can be nullified by a court decision a great deal of injustice will be worked, entirely aside from the restrictive effect of the ruling on short selling. The point was made that a great deal of stock is regularly borrowed to make deliveries on actual sales, whether the seller is not able to produce his certificates in time for the delivery on the day following, and that stock is also regularly borrowed by brokers for use as collateral. Both of these operations will be rendered costly by compliance with the new ruling. It is also a well established practice for brokers to call stock which they have loaned in order to take care of their own deliveries, making it necessary for the borrower to effect other arrangements. In an active market certificates may be changed half a dozen times in as many days, and under the law each substitution will mean another tax of $4. It is not believed that Congress had any such far-reaching penalty, for that is what it amounts to, in mind when it adopted the provision.

Although bond dealers have practically closed up their regular business in order to turn their facilities over to the Liberty Loan Committees for the month they reported yesterday a steady demand for good securities, which has indicated clearly that investors have not been seriously disturbed by fears over the outcome of the German offensive. One of the large distributing agencies will release 75 per cent. of its salesmen for Government work during the campaign which is to be formally inaugurated next week.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	5½ Renewals 5½
Low	3 Last 3

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERALS.	ALL INDUSTRIALS.
Sixty days	6 Sixty days 6
Ninety days	6 Ninety days 6
Four months	6 Four months 6
Five months	6 Five months 6
Six months	6 Six months 6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	4¼@4½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	4¼@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	5@5½

Commercial Paper.
Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days	6
4 to 6 months	6
4 to 6 months, Other Names.	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
Rates of Change.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Demand	$4.75⅜	$4.75¼	$4.75⅜	..
Cables	4.76⅛	4.75⅝	4.76⅛	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.72%	5.72%	5.72%	—.00⅛
Cables	5.70%	5.70%	5.70%	..

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.7535	$4.7615
5.1826 Paris	5.72%	5.70%
China—		
Hongkong	75.00	75.25
Peking	113.00	113.25
Shanghai	106.00	106.25
19.30 Greece	19.40	19.45
40.20 Holland	46.00	46.60
32.44 India—		
Bombay	33.75	33.25
Calcutta	33.75	34.25
5.1826 Italy	8.76½	8.75
49.85 Japan—		
Kobe	51.75	51.875
Yokohama	51.75	51.875
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.875	50.00
51.46 Russia	*14.25	14.50
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	33.50	34.00
Copenhagen	30.75	31.25
Christiania	31.50	32.00
19.30 Spain	25.60	25.70
South America—		
34.42 Rio	25.07	25.77
42.84 Buenos Aires	44.20	44.30
5.1826 Switzerland	4.84	4.81¼

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72¾	$4.70¾	$4.71¾	$4.69¾

Closing quotations based on local actual transactions in currency.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $496,436,259; balance, $55,508,691; United States Treasury debit balance, $5,556,427; Federal Reserve credit balance, $36,208,271.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@25c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $15.06⅜.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 46¾d, unchanged; in New York, 92½c, unchanged; Mexican dollars, 74c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$18,106,373	$130,028,355
Internal revenue—		
Income and excess profits tax	31,424,027	102,241,300
Miscellaneous	89,605,237	530,780,808
Miscellaneous revenue	16,636,399	136,329,280
Total receipts	$155,701,947	$924,379,133
Excess of ordinary disbursements over ordinary receipts	664,424,234	3,707,132,499
Excess of total disbursements over total receipts	61,399,438	123,424,916
Expenditures	820,126,181	4,631,511,638

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	7.25	7.50	7.25	7.50
Spelter	8.00	8.25	8.00	8.25
Antimony	12.25	12.75	12.25	12.75
Quicksilver	$125.00	..	$125.00	..
Aluminum	..	32.00	..	32.00
Iron, No. 2X fdy.	..	34.25	..	34.25

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23¼c. per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot	316	0	0	316	0	0
Tin, futures	316	0	0	316	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	29	10	0	29	10	0

Boston Bank Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, April 1.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with that of last week:

Circulation	$4,997,000	$31,000
Loans, discounts, & inv.	487,484,000	*1,022,000
Individ. deposits, incl. United States	419,583,000	3,806,000
Due to banks	120,092,000	*4,826,000
Time deposits	20,300,000	*808,000
Exchange clearances	16,926,000	2,283,000
Due from banks	82,876,000	*2,902,000
Cash in banks and in Fed. Reserve Bank	58,240,000	975,000
Cash excess and with Fed. Reserve Bank	13,534,000	900,000

*Decrease.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Directors of the Globe Oil Company declared a regular monthly dividend of 1½ per cent. and a special dividend of 1 per cent., payable May 10 to stock of record April 30.

May Department Stores Company reports sales for twelve months ended Jan. 31 of $36,631,650, an increase of $3,284,178 over the previous year.

John Muir & Co. have issued a new booklet on the third Liberty Loan.

Starkey, Marshall & Co. have moved to 71 Broadway.

At the annual meeting of the Montana Power Company retiring Directors were re-elected.

A. B. Leach & Co., Inc., have received a telegram stating that the Supreme Court of Montana has validated the issue of $500,000 State of Montana 6 per cent. war defense bonds purchased jointly by themselves and R. W. Presprich & Co. The bonds are now being offered at 101 and interest.

Arthur D. Lord announces that the total authorized issue of $350,000 of 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of the Coe-Stapley Manufacturing Corporation has been sold.

Directors of the Miami Copper Company at their meeting yesterday declared a dividend of $1 a share for the quarter ended March 31, the same being payable May 15 to stockholders of record on May 1.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, APRIL 1, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	181,673	668,928	514,361
Year to date	33,210,517	49,139,142	48,986,514

Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
70	74	100	Adams Express	73½	73½	73½	73½	+2½
..	..	200	Ajax Rubber	54½	54½	54	54	+2
1⅛	1⅜	700	Alaska Gold Mines	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	— ⅛
1½	1¾	1,500	Alaska Juneau	1½	1½	1½	1½	..
23	24	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg.	24	24	24	24	..
77	80¾	100	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf.	81	81	81	81	+1
40¾	41	1,800	Am. Can	40⅞	40⅞	40½	40⅞	+ ⅛
79	79½	4,900	Am. Car & Fdry	79½	79⅝	79	79¼	+ ¼
80	85	100	Am. Express	81	81	81	81	+1
31	31¼	100	Am. Linseed	31	31	31	31	..
61½	62¼	1,000	Am. Locomotive	62	62	61⅝	62	+ ⅝
8¾	9	100	Am. Malting	9	9	9	9	— ⅛
..	48	400	Am. Malting 1st pf.	48	48	47	47	..
77⅛	78⅛	700	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	77⅝	78	77⅜	78	+ ⅛
104½	105½	100	Am. Smelt. & R. pf.	105	105	105	105	—1¼
98	99	100	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A.	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	..
..	..	98	Do. s 30	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	..
62	63	200	Am. Steel Fdries	62⅞	62⅞	62⅝	62⅝	— ⅛
101	102	300	Am. Sugar Ref.	102¼	102¼	101	101	+1
94¼	94½	9,100	Am. Sumatra Tob.	91	94½	90¾	94½	+4½
100⅛	101¼	1,300	Am. Tel. & Tel.	..	101⅜	100⅞	101⅜	+1½
50¾	51¼	100	Am. Woolen	51¼	51¼	51	51	+ ¼
63⅝	63¾	3,800	Anaconda Copper	63¼	63⅞	63¼	63⅝	+ ⅛
104⅜	105½	400	At. Gulf & West I.	104	106	105	106	+ ⅛
61¼	62⅛	100	At. Gulf & W. I. pf.	61¼	61¼	61¼	61¼	—1¼
75	75¼	2,700	Baldwin Loco.	75⅛	75⅜	74⅞	74⅞	+ ⅜
52	52½	300	Baltimore & Ohio	52	52⅝	52	52	..
52	55	200	Baltimore & O. pf.	53⅞	54	53⅞	54	..
87	89	100	Barrett Co.	87	87	87	87	+ ⅛
77⅞	78	4,500	Beth. Steel, class B.	77⅜	78⅛	77⅜	77⅞	+ ⅛
101	103½	300	Beth. Steel 8 p.c. pf.	101¼	101⅝	101¼	101⅝	+ ⅛
23¼	23½	200	Booth Fisheries	22⅞	23	22⅞	23	..
38½	40	100	Brklyn Rapid Tran.	39½	39½	39⅜	39½	+1
9⅝	10	100	Butte Cop. & Zinc.	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	..
19¼	20	300	Butte & Superior	19⅛	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝	+ ⅛
138	138½	900	Canadian Pacific	138⅝	138⅝	138½	138½	+ ⅜
37½	38⅛	200	Central Foundry	38½	38½	38½	38½	+ ⅛
65	65⅝	1,400	Central Leather Co.	64⅜	65¼	64⅜	65¼	+1
30⅜	31	100	Cerro de Pasco Cop.	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅝	+ ⅛
80⅛	83	100	Chandler Motor	81¾	81⅞	81¾	81⅞	+ ⅛
56⅜	56½	200	Chesapeake & Ohio	56¼	56⅝	56¼	56½	+ ⅛
40¾	41	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	41½	41⅝	41½	41⅝	+ ⅛
70¾	71¼	700	Chi., M. & St. P. pf.	71¼	71¼	71	71	— ⅛
19⅛	20¼	200	Chi., Rock Isl. & P.	19⅝	20⅛	19⅝	20⅛	+ ⅛
55	55¾	200	C., R. I. & P. 6 p.c. pf.	55¼	55¼	53⅞	55½	+ ⅛
65½	66	200	C., R. I. & P. 7 p.c. pf.	66	66	65⅝	65⅝	+ ⅛
15⅜	15½	800	Chile Copper	15½	15½	15⅜	15⅜	+ ⅛
41	41½	400	Chino Copper	41¼	41¼	41	41¼	+ ⅛
28	33	100	Clev., C., C. & St. L.	30	30	30	30	..
32	32½	100	Columbia Gas & El.	32⅞	32⅞	30	32⅛	+1⅜
85	86	100	Consolidated Gas	86	86	86	86	—1
35½	36	500	Corn Products Ref.	35⅞	36	35¾	35¾	+ ¼
62⅝	63	4,500	Crucible Steel	63⅜	63¾	62⅝	62⅝	..
41	41¼	9,800	Distillers' Secur.	41⅝	41⅝	40¾	40¾	+ ⅛
..	85	200	Dome Mines	85⅞	85⅞	85	85⅛	+ ⅛
14⅞	15	200	Erie	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
27¾	27⅞	100	Erie 1st pf.	28	28	28	28	+ ⅛
34	35	100	Fisher Body	34	34	34	34	..
33½	33⅝	100	Gaston, W. & W.	33¾	33¾	33¾	33½	..
138⅜	139	200	General Electric	138⅝	138⅝	138⅝	138⅝	+1⅞
137	139	200	Do., odd lot	137½	137½	137½	137½	..
117⅛	119	1,800	General Motors	120	120	117½	118	..
80	81½	100	General Motors pf.	81	81	81	81	+ ⅛
90¼	91	400	Great Northern pf.	90	90⅞	90	90⅝	+ ⅛
27⅝	28	1,700	G. N. ctfs. for O. P.	27¾	28⅛	27¾	28	+ ⅛
40¾	41½	200	Greene-Cananea	40¾	40¾	40½	40½	+ ⅛
30	41	200	Haskell & Barker	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜	..
96¾	96½	100	Illinois Central	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	+ ⅛
46⅜	47	4,400	Inspiration Copper	46½	47¼	46½	47	+ ⅛
42⅜	43	250	Interboro Con. pf.	42⅞	48	42⅝	43	+1
113½	120	200	Int. Harvester, N.J.	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	—3⅝
54	60	100	Int. Harvester Corp.	55	55	55	55	+2
97½	103	100	Int. Harv. Corp. pf.	100	100	100	100	—2½
25	25¼	1,200	Int. Mer. Marine	25	25¼	24⅝	25	+ ⅛
90⅜	91	4,700	Int. Mer. Marine pf.	91¼	91¼	90⅜	90⅞	+ ⅛
28⅜	28⅝	200	Int. Nickel	28⅜	28⅝	28⅜	28⅝	+ ⅛
90	90	500	Kelsey Wheel pf.	90	90	90	90	..
31	31	500	Kennecott Copper	31	31	30⅞	30⅞	+ ⅛
76¾	77	1,600	Lackawanna Steel	76¾	77	76¾	77	+1
18½	19	100	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	18½	18½	18½	18½	— ⅛
61¼	62½	100	Mackay Cos. pf.	61¼	61½	61¼	61½	..
52⅜	54	400	Max. Motors 1st pf.	52⅜	52⅝	52¼	52¼	—1⅝
92½	93½	4,500	Mexican Petroleum	92½	93¼	92¼	93⅛	+ ⅞
30¾	31½	300	Miami Copper	31	31	31	31	..
43	45½	1,300	Midvale Steel	45	45⅛	45	45	..
..	..	300	Mo., Kan. & Texas	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
90¼	92	600	Missouri Pacific	90¼	90¾	90¼	90¾	+ ⅛
52	52⅝	200	Missouri Pacific pf.	52	52	52	52	..
28¼	28½	100	Nat. Acme	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	—1
108	110	100	Nat. Biscuit pf.	109	109	109	109	—1
14¼	15	100	Nat. Cond. & Cable	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
53½	60	300	Nat. Lead	54⅞	56	54⅞	56	+1⅝
18⅜	19¼	400	Nevada Con. Cop.	19	19⅛	19	19⅛	+ ⅛
69¾	70	400	N. Y. Central	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	69⅞	+ ⅛
28¾	29¼	400	N. Y., N. H. & H.	29⅛	29⅛	29	29	— ⅜
85½	85¾	300	Northern Pacific	85½	85½	85¼	85¼	— ⅜
61	67	300	Nova Scotia S. & C.	62	62	62	62	..
7¾	7¾	300	Ontario Mining	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	+ ⅛
44⅜	44⅝	1,400	Penn. R. R.	44⅜	44⅝	44⅜	44⅝	+ ⅜
42	42½	1,000	People's Gas, Chi.	42	42½	42	42	—1
11¾	12	200	Pere Marquette	12	12	11¾	11¾	..
52½	53	200	Pere Marq. prior pf.	52½	53	52½	52½	—3½
38	38	300	Pierce-Arrow	38	38	38	38	+1
52	52	300	Pittsburgh Coal	52	52	52	52	..
67	67	300	Pitts. & W. Va. pf.	67	67	67	67	+1
52	52¼	300	Railway Steel Sp.	52	52¼	52	52¼	+ ½
..	..	..	Do., odd lot	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	..
23⅝	23⅞	500	Ray Con. Copper	23⅝	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	+ ⅜
81½	82	11,700	Reading	81½	82	81½	81½	+ ⅝
79	79	100	Rep. Iron & Steel	79	79	78⅞	78⅞	+ ⅛
16	16	100	St. Louis-San Fran.	16	16	16	16	—1
15⅝	16	100	Shattuck-Arizona	16	16	15⅝	15⅝	..
15⅝	..	..	Do., seller	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	..
28	28⅝	13,850	Sinclair Oil Ref.	28	28⅝	26⅝	27	—1
83⅝	84	700	Southern Pacific	83⅝	84	83½	83½	+ ¼
22⅝	22⅞	300	Southern Railway	22⅝	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
60⅜	60⅝	400	Southern Ry. pf.	60⅜	60⅝	60⅜	60⅜	— ⅛
41	41	15,600	Studebaker Co.	41	41	35½	35½	—5⅝
35¼	35½	100	Superior Steel	35¼	35½	35½	35½	+1½
17⅞	17⅞	5,000	Tenn. C. & C.	17⅞	17⅞	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅜
144½	144⅝	1,000	Texas Co.	144½	144⅝	142¼	144	+1¼
51	52¼	51	Tobacco Products	51	52¼	51	51⅞	+1
68	68	4,200	Union Bag & Paper	68	68	67⅛	67⅞	— ⅛
120¼	120¼	1,410	Union Pacific	120¼	120¼	118⅝	119⅝	— ¼
87⅞	88⅛	2,400	United Cigar Stores	87⅞	88⅛	87⅜	87⅝	+1⅝
122¾	123	1,400	U. S. Indus. Alco.	122¾	123	122	122¾	..
103½	104	100	U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½	+1
42⅞	43¼	200	U. S. Sm., R. & M.	42⅞	42⅞	42¼	42¼	—1
90¼	90⅝	28,000	U. S. Steel	90¼	90⅝	90¼	90⅜	..
78⅞	79	1,000	Utah Copper	78⅞	79½	78⅝	79⅛	+ ⅛
42	42¼	900	Va.-Car. Chemical	42	42¼	42	42¼	+1⅝
104¼	104⅜	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	104¼	104⅜	104¼	104⅜	+1⅝
7½	7¾	100	Wabash	7½	7½	7½	7½	+ ⅛
40⅜	40⅝	200	Wabash pf. A	40⅜	40⅝	40⅜	40⅝	+ ⅛
22¼	22¼	100	Wabash pf. B	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	+ ⅛
13½	13½	100	Western Pacific	13½	13½	13½	13½	+ ⅛
50½	50½	175	Western Pacific pf.	50½	50½	50½	50½	— ½
92	92	100	Western Union Tel.	92	92	92	92	..
40⅞	40⅞	300	Westingh. E. & M.	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	40⅞	+ ⅜
42	42	100	White Motors	42	42	42	42	— ⅛
55	55½	300	Wilson & Co.	55	55½	55	55⅛	— ¼
17⅜	17⅝	2,700	Willys-Overland	17⅜	17⅝	17⅜	17⅝	— ⅛

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads	59.44	59.22	59.31	+ .14
25 industrials	76.33	75.71	75.96	+ .33
50 stocks	67.88	67.46	67.63	+ .23

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
April 1	67.88	67.46	67.63	+ .23
Mar. 30	67.44	67.16	67.40	+ .27
Mar. 29	Holiday.			
Mar. 28	67.66	66.87	67.13	+ .05
Mar. 27	67.48	66.72	67.08	+ .27
Mar. 26	67.20	66.42	66.81	+ .11
Mar. 25	66.86	65.67	66.70	+ .12
Mar. 23	67.47	66.40	66.58	—1.40

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

April.	High.	Low.	Last.
*1918.	67.88 Apr. 1	67.46 Apr. 1	67.63
†1917.	85.54 Apr. 3	79.57 Apr. 23	81.29
1916.	88.78 Apr. 6	80.91 Apr. 22	85.43
1915.	73.36 Apr. 30	64.54 Apr. 1	72.60
1914.	70.60 Apr. 2	62.24 Apr. 23	67.28
1913.	74.41 Apr. 1	69.53 Apr. 30	69.70
1912.	83.76 Apr. 26	80.92 Apr. 1	82.81
1911.	80.42 Apr. 4	77.20 Apr. 24	78.53

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1918.	70.95 Feb. 10	64.12 Jan. 15	67.63
†1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	77.24 Feb. 3	85.03

Full Years.

1917.	90.46 Jan. 4	57.48 Dec. 20	65.58
1916.	101.51 Nov. 20	80.91 Apr. 22	88.22
1915.	94.18 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24	91.50
1914.	78.80 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30	60.20
1913.	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10	68.06
1912.	85.82 Sep. 30	75.24 Feb. 1	78.20
1911.	84.41 June 26	69.57 Sep. 25	77.90

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Mar. 1	75.82 —.05	Mar. 23	76.05 —.04
Mar. 30	75.87 +.03	Mar. 22	76.09 —.04
Mar. 29	Holiday.	Mar. 21	76.13 +.07
Mar. 28	75.84 —.01	Mar. 20	75.96 —.06
Mar. 27	75.85 —.05	Mar. 19	76.12 —.12
Mar. 26	75.90 —.02	Mar. 18	76.24 —.11
Mar. 25	75.92 —.15	Mar. 16	76.35 +.05

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

	High.	Low.	Last.
*1918.	77.43 Jan. 31	75.82 Apr. 1	75.82
†1917.	89.48 Jan. 20	86.68 Mar. 3	86.85

Full Years.

1917.	89.48 Jan. 20	74.24 Dec. 20	76.80
1916.	89.18 Nov. 27	86.19 Apr. 29	88.64
1915.	87.62 Mar. 24	81.52 Jan. 2	86.67
1914.	89.42 Feb. 4	81.42 Dec. 2	81.96
1913.	92.51 Jan. 10	83.45 Dec. 18	86.84

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

New Capital Issue Small.

The total output of railroad and industrial stocks, bonds, and notes during the month of March amounted to $74,874,000, compared with $312,115,800 the same month a year ago, according to a compilation made by The Journal of Commerce. The aggregate of new security issues for the first three months of the current year is $309,434,000, compared with $708,570,800 for the same period in 1917. The exceptional decrease in security issues is due to the Government taking over the railroads, and more particularly to the work of the Capital Issues Committee of the Federal Reserve Board, which has been instrumental in restricting the output of new issues to those essential to the war. It is interesting to note that while in March, 1917, the railroads issued $181,600,000 of bonds and notes, last month the total was only about $11,000,000. Security issues of industrial corporations amounted to $63,834,000 last month, as against $131,000,000 in March of 1917.

***

Municipal Financing Reduced.

The volume of municipal financing in March reflects still further the extent to which municipalities are postponing unnecessary improvements which would require the floating of bond issues, says The Daily Bond Buyer, which estimates the total March sales at $20,000,000. This compares with $35,525,000 for the same month a year ago, and is less than the amount reported for February.

***

Mercantile Marine's Report.

There has been a great deal of criticism recently of the vagueness of President Franklin's tentative statement regarding the 1917 earnings of the International Mercantile Marine Company. However, nobody has a keener sense of the inadequacy of that report than the officials of the company themselves. They simply cannot be more specific. One officer of the company yesterday told an inquirer that if the caller could find out what the actual net income of the company was for 1917, he—the officer—would be obliged if the inquirer would let him in on the secret. The point is that an essential part of Marine's statement is the returns of its British subsidiaries. But owing to mail congestion, the censorship, and various other handicaps of war, it has so far been impossible to get those returns across the Atlantic. Until they are obtainable, any estimate of the parent company's earnings is only guesswork.

***

Pitfalls of the Cotton Market.

There was no external reason on display yesterday for cotton to go up—which may have been a contributing factor to a rise which, for a single day, has been exceeded only a few times even in the present season. It was, in fact, only one more demonstration of a truth which has been demonstrated over and over again this year—that the price of a commodity, in a free market, is determined by far-reaching natural causes, and not by any group of speculators, no matter how powerful. Very seldom has there been a more concerted and extended effort made by the speculative element than has been made this year to depress the price of raw cotton—and the only effect has been to make the rise in price, when due, come with greater swiftness and violence. Said one rueful bear yesterday: "When there is a reason for cotton to go up, it goes up—and when there isn't any reason, it goes up, anyway."

***

Stamp Tax on Checks.

A correspondent inquires why the framers of the war revenue law did not provide for a stamp tax on checks, just as was done at the time of the Spanish-American war. The reason is simple. With the mobilization of the country's gold reserves by the Federal Reserve Banks, and the shifting of bank credits in connection with Government loans, &c., it is desirable that as much as possible of the country's business should be transacted through the medium of checks, and that the use of currency be placed at a minimum. It is clear that if in paying bills one had to attach a 2-cent stamp tax, a great many persons would seek to effect their payments by means of currency. It was to avoid this situation and to encourage the use of checks that Congress did not enact a stamp tax on checks.

***

The Enormous Tax Payments.

Advocates of payment of income and excess profits taxes in installments—which means practically the entire financial community—find additional arguments for this step in the entirely unexpected amount of the receipts from these taxes. The inability of even the best-informed Government experts to visualize the hugeness or the country's resources when mobilized for war is strikingly exemplified in the report that instead of $2,500,000,000 anticipated from this source, at least $4,000,000,000, and perhaps even $5,000,000,000, will be realized. "It would be a great shock," says the Wollman Review aptly, "both to the business public and the banks, to be obliged to pay these sums into the Treasury at one time."

***

Advantage of Serial Liberty Loan.

SPECIALISTS IN
Borden's Cond. Milk Co.
Westchester Fire Ins. Co.
Federal Sugar Company
Winchester Arms
Central Petroleum Pfd.

POWDER ISSUES

Inquiries Invited
McCLURE, JONES & REED
Members New York Stock Exchange
Rector 7662. 115 Broadway.

Canadian
Government, Municipal and Corporation
Bonds
A. E. AMES & CO.
Established 1889
74 Broadway
Toronto NEW YORK Montreal
Telephone 8045-6 Rector

Poulsen
Wireless Corporation
Stock Bought, Sold and Quoted.
MacQuoid & Coady
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Tel. Rector 9970-75 14 Wall Street

MARINE COMMON
A retrospect and discussion of the potentialities of this issue are contained in our
Special Analysis "A-25."
Sent on request.
E. W. Wagner & Co.
Members New York Stock Exchange
33 New Street New York
Phone 2505 Broad.

STANDARD OIL ISSUES
WEEKLY SUMMARY ON STANDARD OIL ISSUES WILL BE MAILED TO INVESTORS ON REQUEST
CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities.
Phones 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Delaware
Corporate Offices Maintained
U. S. Corporation Co.
65 Cedar St., N. Y.

Central District Telephone 5s
Jones & Laughlin Steel 5s
Pitts. Term. Ry. & Coal 5s
West Penn Power 5s
West Va. & Pittsburgh 4s
R. C. MEGARGEL & CO.
Established 1901
Members New York & Chicago Stock Exchanges
27 Pine Street—New York

Odd Lots
Write Dept. 2
HISHOLM & CHAPMAN
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
MEMBERS NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE
71 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY
161 WEST 125th ST. N.Y. HARLEM BRANCH
12 N. BROADWAY YONKERS, N.Y.
215 MONTAGUE ST. BROOKLYN, N.Y.
777 BROAD STREET. NEWARK, N.J.

Amer. Tobacco
6% Dividend Scrip
Geo. A. Huhn & Sons,
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway. Tel. 5340 Rector.

Otis Elevator
Preferred
Burns Bros. Ice
Keyes, Haviland & Co.
Tel. Rector 7961 66 Broadway

STANDARD OIL STOCKS
C. C. Kerr & Co.
2 Wall St., N. Y. 'Phone 6780 Rector

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
25 Broad St. New York
Bankers Trust Chase Natl. Bank
Guaranty Trust Hanover Natl. Bank
Telephone 1111 Broad

RULING BY GREGORY CURBS SHORT SALES

Sharp Shrinkage Attributed to Taxation on Borrowing and Lending of Stocks.

RESTRICTED TRADING LIKELY

Seller Need Not Pay Four Federal Taxes on Transaction, as at First Announced.

Inquiry among representative Stock Exchange firms yesterday brought the information that short selling supplied no more than a fraction of the business transacted on the board, a sharp shrinkage resulting from the Attorney General's ruling in respect to taxation on the borrowing and lending of stocks. The moderate upward movement in prices was attributed in part to buying by holders of commitments on the short side, who desired to cover their previous short sales lest the application of the ruling cause them to pay increased Federal taxes. Brokers did not hesitate in predicting that trading would be restricted to a substantial degree while the unexpected tax continued in effect.

The traders who hurriedly bought back stocks they had previously sold short were moved by the possibility of frequent borrowings to replace the stocks they had delivered on the original short sales. It frequently happens that a lender calls in his stock after it is lent, making a fresh borrowing by the seller necessary. As the construction put on the law by the Attorney General requires the payment of a tax whenever stock is borrowed and another when it is returned, it would be possible for a heavy tax bill to run up if a transaction on the short side stood uncompleted over a period of several weeks or months.

Contrary to the opinion held in some quarters when the ruling in Washington was first announced, a short seller is not required to pay four Federal taxes in putting through a transaction. He pays 2 per cent. a share on a stock with $100 par and 2 cents a share on a stock without a par when he sells short, another tax of equal amount when he borrows the stock to make delivery, and a third when he returns the borrowed stock. When he covers his short sale a fourth tax is paid, but in this case the seller of the stock to the trader covering a short sale pays the tax. In addition to these imposts, the short seller pays a tax to the State equal to the Federal tax when he sells, and when he covers the person who sells to him pays a State tax of 2 per cent., or 2 cents a share, as the case may be.

A question was asked yesterday whether it would be proper for a broker carrying stock for customers to lend this stock to other customers who had sold short without paying the additional taxes. The ground on which this query was built apparently lay in the theory that the broker handled both transactions and, therefore, there was no borrowing done outside of the office. Governors of the Exchange, to whom the question was put, settled it quickly by asserting that the ruling clearly applied to intra-office transactions as well as to all others.

No steps were taken yesterday, as far as could be learned, to test the ruling of the Attorney General. Members of the Exchange said they were obeying the law strictly. In the "loan crowd" on the Stock Exchange such borrowing of stocks as was put through carried the agreement between lender and borrower that the latter bore both additional Federal taxes.

Trust Company Merger Favored.

Holders of more than 83 per cent. of the capital stock of the Central Trust Company have sent in their proxies indicating their approval of the proposed plan of amalgamation with the Union Trust Company. The stockholders will hold a special meeting on April 11, when the action of the Trustees of the company will be ratified. Under the State banking law the consent of at least two-thirds of the stock ownership is required for effecting a merger.

EARNINGS OF PENNSYLVANIA

February Operating Revenues $31,587,644—Expenses $36,407,749.

The total operating revenues of the Pennsylvania System—East and West—for the month of February amounted to $31,587,644, while the operating expenses, including tax accruals, &c., totaled $36,407,749, showing an operating deficit of $4,820,104. Debit balance on hire of equipment made the net operating deficit $5,702,806. Compared with figures for February, 1917, the revenues increased only $412,872, although the increase in expenses amounted to $6,193,488.

For the first two months of the current year, the operating revenues of the Pennsylvania System totaled $62,706,962, a decrease of $3,915,925 compared with the same period in 1917. The operating expenses of the two months amounted to $73,207,605, an increase of $12,968,622 over 1917. For the two months the railway operating deficit totals $10,497,643, an increase of $16,884,548. The net railway operating deficit for the two months is placed at $12,371,278, an increase of $17,183,166.

SOLD $54,000,000 IN STAMPS

March Receipts Bring Total of War Savings Campaign to $128,000,000.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—Sales of war savings and thrift stamps in March totalled $54,000,000 and brought the total receipts for the four months since the war savings campaign started to $128,000,000. Officials estimated, however, that actual sales, some of which have not been reported, are about $150,000,000.

War savings workers are planning special efforts during the Liberty Loan campaign, which opens Saturday, to sell more $5 stamps.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer. Oil	.10	12	Iron Cap	17⅝	17¾
Bay State Gas	8	10	La Rose	.55	65
Beagle	.50	60	Majestic	.23	25
Black Hawk	1⅜	1½	Mex. Metals	.45	50
Bohemia	.85	1	Mojave Tung.	7	9
Boston Ely	.83	88	New Baltic	.90	1¼
Bost. & Mont.	.50	53	Nat. Z. & L.	.20	25
Butte & Lon.	.19	25	New Cornella	16¼	17
Bost. & Ariz.	1	2	Nevada Doug.	.80	90
Calaveras	1⅜	2	Nixon Nev.	1	1⅛
Crown Res.	.20	25	Oneco	.20	30
Con. Arizona	2	2¼	Onondaga	.20	25
Cortez	.10	15	Ray Hercules	4	4¼
Champion	6	7	Rilla	2	3
Chief Cons.	2	2½	S. W. Miami, part paid	.75	1
Eagle & B. B.	2	2¼	S. W. Miami, full paid	1	1⅛
Earl-Eagle	3	4	Un. Ver. Ext.	.38	39
Fortuna	4	6	Victoria Min.	.70	80
Gold Bake	1	6	Yukon Gold	1	1¼
Houghton	.75	1			
Homa Oil	.60	61			
Iron Blossom	.30	35			

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Record
Am. Art Works pf.	3	Q	.....	Apr. 15
Arkansas L. & P. pf.	1¾	Q	.....	Apr. 15
F. H. Lovell & Co. pf.	2½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 29
Globe-Wernicke pf.	1½	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 30
Int. Nickel pf.	1¾	Q	May 1	Apr. 9
Int. Paper pf. Sta.	1½	Q	Apr. 15	Apr. 9
Miami Copper	.31	Q	May 15	May 1
Ohio Fuel Supply	2½	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 30
Phila. & Camden Fy.	4	Q	Apr. 10	Apr. 1
Sixth Av.	1¾	Q	Apr. 10	Mar. 31
United Drug 1st pf.	1¾	Q	May 1	Apr. 15

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Jacket	.06
Alta	.03	Justice	.02
Andes	.17	Mexican	.12
Best & Belcher	.02	Ophir	.12
Caledonia	.06	Overman	.02
Challenge Con.	.02	Potosi	.05
Chollar	.03	Savage	.02
Confidence	.04	Seg. Belcher	.01
Con. Imperial	.01	Sierra Nevada	.16
Con. Virginia	.33	Union Con.	.97
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.74
Hale & Norcross	.02		

TONOPAH.		Florence	.12
Belmont	3.00	Goldfield Con.	.24
Cash Boy	.10	Goldfield Merger	.03
Halifax	.10	Great Bend	.05
Jim Butler	.60	Jumbo Extension	.12
McNamara	.10	Kewanas	.04
Midway	.01	Silver Pick	.03
Mizpah	.05	Spearhead	.08
Monarch Pitts.	.05	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.11	Big Four	.03
North Star	.04	Consolidated	.10
Rescue	.08	Morning Glory	.02
Tonopah Divide	1.75	Union Amal	.03
Tonopah Ext.	1.43	White Caps	.49
West End	.75	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.25	Nevada Hills	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester	.30
Atlanta	.10	Round Mountain	.32
Booth	.05	United Eastern	4.62½

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	4¾	4⅝	Isabella	3¼	3⅝
Dr. Jackpot	8¾	9	McKinney	7	7⅞
Elkton	4	5	Portland	93	107
El Paso	12	20	U. Gold M.	14½	15½
Golden C.	155	165	Vindicator	30	45
Granite	30	40	Rose Nicol	8¾	12

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The copious rains of last week in the Southwest have very materially benefited the Winter wheat crop in that section. It was said that many fields which were thought to have been practically devoid of life have greened up rapidly, and farmers throughout Kansas, Oklahoma, and Texas feel very hopeful over the present outlook. The crop is also looking well over the greater part of the Winter wheat belt, and already guesses have been advanced that if the season proves at all favorable this year's yield may amount to 550,000,000 to 600,000,000. Receipts at primary points were a trifle larger than last week, but the total was still of small proportions compared with other years.

RYE.

The local rye market remained entirely nominal in absence of business and owing to a scarcity of offers.

CORN.

The corn market felt the influence of the favorable crop prospect for wheat and oats, and prices were lower, closing with a partial rally, but 5c below the final of last week. Cash oats in the West were again weak and prices in some cases were from 10 to 15 cents under Saturday's figures. The Chicago Board of Trade will vote on Saturday on the new contract which makes No. 4 corn deliverable, and it was the prevailing impression that if this is adopted by the leading Western market trading operations will be more active in the July position, with less restrictions than prevail at present. Receipts at primary points were about 400,000 bushels less than on last Monday. Receipts are expected to fall off as the season advances, but they are still much above last year. In the local cash market kiln dried No. 3 yellow was quoted at $1.87½; No. 4 yellow, $1.80¼; No. 3 white, $2.20¼, cost and freight, New York; Argentine corn, $2.50, free on board cars.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
May	1.23⅞	1.24½	1.25¼	1.25⅞	1.22¼

OATS.

Most flattering reports regarding the prospects for the new crop of oats caused an easier feeling in the oats market on Monday, and at the close values were 1½c net lower for contracts. Cash prices in the West were 1@2¾c lower, and apparently export buyers were less in evidence. The local cash market was easier; natural quoted at $1.05½@1.06½; clipped white $1.06@1.08, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
April	.80	87⅛	83⅝	85⅛	63¼
May	.85⅝	83⅞	83⅝	85⅛	63¼

PROVISIONS.

The provision market was weak under liquidation prompted by reports of large stocks of meats at Western points and a slow cash demand. Toward the close, however, there was a partial recovery on covering, and at the close the tone was steady, especially for lard. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 57,000; estimated for Tuesday, 33,000. Kansas City received 10,000 and Omaha 14,000 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	25.85	25.60	25.85	25.82	20.27
July	25.95	25.65	25.95	25.90	20.40
Ribs—					
May	24.50	24.17	24.35	24.50	18.40
July	24.80	24.60	24.75	24.92	18.37
Pork—					
May	47.70	47.47	47.65	47.85	34.75

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil was neglected and closing prices were entirely nominal, with final bids 20 points lower for May and unchanged for the other positions. Range of prices:

	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	19.75 bid	19.75
April	19.75 bid	19.75
May	19.80 bid	20.00
June	20.00@20.50	20.00
July	20.00@20.50	20.00
August	20.00@20.50	20.00

COFFEE.

The necessity of conforming to the maximum price regulations gave the coffee market rather an irregular appearance during yesterday's trading. May contracts, which had closed at 8.80c bid on Thursday, were marked down to 8.65c, representing the maximum based on the current month price of 8.50c. Aside from this readjustment, there was scattering liquidation of September, but as soon as the selling of that delivery had been absorbed on a decline of about 10 points the general list ruled steady on scattered covering or trade buying. The opening was 2 points higher to 8 points lower, and the market closed at a net decline of 15 points on April and May, while other months were 5 points lower to 4 points higher. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
April	...	...	8.50 bid	8.65
May	8.65	8.65	8.65 bid	8.80
June	...	...	8.75@8.80	8.85
July	8.95	8.92	8.94@8.95	8.90
August	...	...	8.96@8.97	8.95
September	9.00	8.99	8.98@8.99	8.98
October	8.95	8.95	9.04@9.05	9.04
November	...	...	9.09@9.10	9.00
December	9.15	9.06	9.13@9.15	9.13
January	...	...	9.13@9.15	9.13
February	...	...	9.13@9.15	9.13
March	...	...	9.15@9.20	...

SUGAR.

There has been little in the way of fresh developments in the sugar situation. Refiners are making moderate distribution from day to day, but the irregularity in arrival of raw supplies has been a handicap to operations at the refineries. The International Committee announced the purchase of 34,500 bags Cubas, April shipment, at 4.965c., cost and freight, and 14,000 bags Porto Rico, at 6.003c., cost, insurance, and freight, April shipment. The question of securing sufficient tonnage to move the rapidly accumulating stocks at Cuban points is causing no little uneasiness in the trade.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 12,634 packages, including 3,197 packages in transit for export. Buyers are showing fair interest and the market is a little firmer for most grades of fresh creamery. There is delay in getting stock from the docks due to freight handlers' strike. The previous accumulations are being reduced steadily. Renovated quiet. Ladles a little slow but steady. Not much packing stock arriving. Creamery, higher than extras, per lb., 43½@44c; extras, (92 score), 43c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 41@42½c; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 38½@40½c; thirds, 36@37½c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 44½@45c; extras, 43½@44c; firsts, 41½@43c; seconds, 39@41c; creamery, held, as to quality, 35@41c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 42@43c; good to prime, 39@41½c; common to fair, 35@38c; renovated, extras, 39@40c; firsts, 35@38½c; lower grades, 34@37c; imitation creamery, firsts, 36@37c; ladles, current make, firsts, 35@35½c; seconds, 33½@34c; lower grades, 31@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34c; No. 2, 33c; lower grades, 28@32c.

EGGS.—38,940 cases. Arrivals are heavy again, but the advices indicate some decrease in shipments in transit. There is only a moderate distributing trade following Easter and the Jewish holidays, but there is still considerable inquiry for high-grade eggs, and the market is receiving considerable support from a disposition to store high qualities rather than force sales on the present market. Western advices are generally firm and values here are fully supported, but the market is showing a steady to firm tone, except on white eggs, which are in considerable accumulation, moving slowly and tending in buyers' favor, with a prospect that storage buyers will have to be depended upon to clear the market, and the prices that they will pay are not yet definitely known. Fresh gathered extras, 47c a dozen; 38c; storage packed firsts, 37½@38½c; regular packed extra firsts, 37@37½c; regular packed firsts, 35½@36¼c; seconds, 34@35c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 34@35c; No. 2 and poorer, 32@33c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 32@33c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 41@42c; ordinary to prime, 39@40c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 36@41c; Western and Southern, gathered whites, 38@40c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 39@40c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 36@38c; duck eggs, nearby Indian runner, 65c; Long Island, 61@65c; Baltimore, prime to choice, 60c; Western and prime Southern, 55@58c; ordinary Southern and far Southern, 50@55c.

BIG JUMP IN COTTON

Determined Efforts to Cover Short Contracts Raises Prices 50 to 81 Points.

Determined efforts to cover short contracts, made by sellers "on the war news" last week, and by some persistent bears who have been sticking to the short side of the market all season until yesterday, caused a sensational advance in cotton prices on the local market yesterday. The close, a trifle off from the best under realizing by floor traders, was from 50 to 81 points above Thursday's close, and the high prices of the day represented new high records for the season, if not for the history of the cotton trade, all down the line.

Save for internal conditions, there was no particular reason discernible for the advance. Crop news was generally good, and the week-end statistical reports had shown more cotton on hand in the South than had been expected; but apaprently there was a much bigger short interest in the market than had been suspected, and also because of the experience gained in closing out the March contracts, a more easily stampeded one. Consequently, although May contracts have still six weeks in which to be met, and July contracts two months beyond that, when the morning quotations showed that the market was going to remain firm, the buying orders began to come in thick and fast.

Aside from the short covering there was a normal accumulation of trade buying orders from the three-day holiday, but trade buyers were inclined in many cases to drop out and wait for better buying opportunities when the prices began to soar. As a result, the greatest volume of business of a very active session was done in the morning, and in the afternoon the continued advance seemed due more to a scarcity in the floating supply of contracts than to an unusually broad demand. The advance was led by May and July, which the speculative element had been selling short earlier in the season, on the theory that the end of the season would find more cotton on hand than had been expected. New-crop months followed the advance in those positions at a more moderate pace, and at the close were around 30 points lower in proportion.

No exports were reported yesterday. The total for this season stands at 3,046,500 bales, against 4,363,823 bales a year ago. Southern spot markets were reported unchanged to 50 points higher.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Thurs. Close.
April	...	...	...	33.71 B.	32.90
May	32.80	33.65	32.80	33.46@33.47	32.74
June	...	...	...	33.08 B.	32.40
July	32.23	32.94	32.23	32.78@32.82	32.12
Aug.	32.07	32.07	32.07	32.50 B.	31.82
Sept.	31.38	31.38	31.38	31.80 B.	31.28
Oct.	31.04	31.63	31.04	31.50@31.51	30.98
Nov.	30.98	30.98	30.98	31.35 B.	...
Dec.	30.85	31.29	30.85	31.28@31.28	30.76
Jan.	30.78	31.17	30.78	31.15@31.17	30.65

The local market for spot cotton was 70 points higher at 34.95c for middling upland; sales, 400 bales.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 34c; New Orleans, 33.63c; Savannah, 33.75c; Augusta, 34.13c; Memphis, 33.75c; Houston, 34c; Little Rock, 33.75c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Monday. Bales.	Last Wk. Bales.	Last Yr. Bales.
Port receipts	11,276	13,208	16,160
Exports	...	1,888	26,206
Exports season	3,046,500	2,997,338	4,363,823
N. Y. stocks	145,883	188,354	123,790
Port stocks	1,540,825	1,542,879	1,175,314
Interior receipts	16,000	18,708	13,318
Interior shipments	17,000	13,960	15,275
N. Y. arrivals	3,732	65	7,336

Holiday in Liverpool.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	6.00	5.70
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'33	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian Pacific.	1918-'28	4½	6.75	6.00
Ches. & Ohio	1918-'27	4½	6.25	5.75
Chicago & N. W.	1918-'23	4½	5.75	5.25
Chi., R. I. & P.	1918-'27	4½@5	7.00	6.00
C., St. L. & N. O.	1918-'24	5	6.00	5.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.75	6.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.25	5.75
Erie Railroad	1918-'27	4½@5	6.50	6.00
Illinois Central	1918-'26	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Louis & Nash.	1918-'23	5	5.85	5.35
Michigan Central	1918-'30	5	6.00	5.50
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1918-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1918-'22	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1918-'26	4½@5	6.00	6.00
New York Cent.	1918-'32	4½@5	6.25	5.90
Norf. & West.	1918-'24	4½	5.85	5.45
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1918-'28	4½@6	6.50	6.00
Pa. Gen. Freight.	1918-'23	4 @4½	5.75	5.40
Seaboard A. L.	1918-'26	5 @6	7.00	6.50
Southern Pacific.	1918-'26	4½	6.00	5.50
Southern Railway.	1918-'24	4½@5	6.40	5.60

EARNINGS

Railroads.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Feb. gross	$1,644,265	$1,133,566	$1,008,964
Net aft. tax	492,775	235,776	222,399
2 mos. gross	3,187,192	2,331,944	2,061,111
Net aft. tax	836,044	492,913	438,699

NASHVILLE, CHATTANOOGA & ST. LOUIS—

Feb. gross	1,403,776	1,095,112	1,028,827
Net aft. tax	250,235	209,876	226,479
2 mos. gross	2,597,445	2,208,310	2,082,050
Net aft. tax	306,259	467,600	470,424

NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN—

Feb. gross	682,420	563,108	678,143
Net aft. tax	20,637	80,488	159,441
Def. aft. chg.	90,845	11,589	*35,809
2 mos. gross	1,366,682	1,196,637	1,362,299
Net aft. tax	14,019	199,299	314,421
Def. aft. chg.	198,035	2,561	*99,682

*Surplus.

NORFOLK & WESTERN—

Feb. gross	5,076,198	4,527,345	4,588,415
Net aft. tax	542,226	1,375,184	1,890,689
Surp. aft. chg.	380,396	1,190,428	1,664,293
2 mos. gross	9,864,097	9,489,496	9,126,771
Net aft. tax	764,909	3,064,432	3,610,407
Surp. aft. chg.	352,403	3,000,054	3,245,541

PENNSYLVANIA SYSTEM—EAST AND WEST. Revenues and expenses for the month and period ended Feb. 28, 1918, as compared with previous year—

	—Month of Feb., 1918.— Amount.	Increase.
Lines East:		
Total oper. revenue	21,466,801	239,687
Total oper. exp., (including railway tax accruals, &c.)	24,850,864	4,560,789
Rwy. oper. deficit	3,384,063	†4,351,101
Total net hire of equip. & joint facility, rents, dr. balance	583,331	200,489
Net rwy. oper. def.	3,947,394	†4,551,590
Lines West:		
Total oper. revenue	10,120,842	173,184
Total oper. exp., (including railway tax accruals, &c.)	11,556,884	1,602,698
Rwy. oper. deficit	1,436,041	†1,429,514
Total net hire of equip. & joint facility, rents, dr. balance	319,430	174,600
Net rwy. oper. def.	1,755,471	†1,564,114
Lines East and West:		
Total oper. revenue	31,587,644	412,872
Total oper. exp., (including railway tax accruals, &c.)	36,407,749	6,193,488
Rwy. oper. deficit	4,820,104	†5,780,616
Total net hire of equip. & joint facility, rents, dr. balance	582,702	335,089
Net rwy. oper. deficit	5,702,866	†6,115,705

—Jan. 1 to Feb. 28, '18.—

	Amount.	Increase.
Lines East:		
Total oper. revenue	43,444,156	*1,752,402
Total oper. exp., (including railway tax accruals, &c.)	49,817,447	10,045,312
Rwy. oper. deficit	6,373,290	†11,797,715
Total net hire of equip. & joint facility, rents, dr. balance	1,167,272	201,193
Net rwy. oper. deficit	7,540,563	†11,998,908
Lines West:		
Total oper. revenue	19,265,805	*2,163,522
Total oper. exp., (including railway tax accruals, &c.)	23,390,157	2,923,810
Rwy. oper. deficit	4,124,352	†5,086,833
Total net hire of equip. & joint facility, rents, dr. balance	706,363	97,424
Net rwy. oper. deficit	4,830,715	†5,184,257
Lines East and West:		
Total oper. revenue	62,709,962	*3,915,925
Total oper. exp., (including railway tax accruals, &c.)	73,207,605	12,968,622
Rwy. oper. deficit	10,497,643	†16,884,548
Total net hire of equip. & joint facility, rents, dr. balance	1,873,635	298,617
Net rwy. oper. deficit	12,371,278	†17,183,166

*Decrease. †Increased deficit.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY for month of February—

	Amount.	Increase.
Av. miles operated	5,284	34
Revenues:		
Freight	11,233,918	*1,254,747
Passenger	5,421,829	1,242,335
Mail	240,682	*75,537
Express	682,339	97,928
All other transportation	367,121	7,383
Incidental	963,562	63,027
Joint facility—credit	32,997	10,205
Joint facility—debit	13,550	*6,472
Railway operating rev.	18,928,900	98,788
Expenses:		
Main. of way and struc	3,390,835	797,533
Main. of equipment	5,943,144	1,723,631
Traffic	227,975	*6,426
Transportation	10,876,879	1,609,124
Miscellaneous oper.	364,970	68,646
General	641,639	80,962
Trans. for inv.—credit	5,389	*1,059
Railway operating exp.	21,439,075	4,274,532
Net deficit from railway operations	2,510,175	†4,175,744
Railway tax accruals	840,550	18,796
Uncollectible railway revenues	3,532	886
Railway op. deficit	3,354,258	†4,195,448
Net hire of equipment—debit balance	447,392	207,932
Net joint facility rents—debit	38,605	*8,552
Net railway op. deficit	3,840,256	†4,394,828

—Jan. 1 to Feb. 20.—

	Amount.	Increase.
Av. miles operated	5,284	34
Revenues:		
Freight	22,920,711	*4,084,044
Passenger	10,983,321	2,037,667
Mail	506,463	*124,858
Express	1,313,572	221,639
All other transportation	729,743	*1,820
Incidental	1,932,949	219,775
Joint facility—credit	65,584	20,197
Joint facility—debit	25,388	*15,878
Railway operating rev.	38,396,006	*1,675,245
Expenses:		
Main. way and struct.	6,852,242	1,408,322
Main. of equipment	11,398,480	2,874,943
Traffic	519,044	42,595
Transportation	22,101,970	4,630,231
Miscellaneous oper.	760,843	186,253
General	1,258,475	110,809
Trans. for inv.—credit	16,724	559
Railway operating exp.	42,874,331	9,212,101
Net deficit from railway operations	4,478,322	†10,887,346
Railway tax accruals	1,687,601	44,093
Uncollectible railway revenues	5,243	1,101
Railway op. deficit	6,171,168	†10,932,542
Net hire of equipment—debit balance	886,640	154,504
Net joint facility rents—debit	74,648	18,061
Net railway op. deficit	7,182,457	†11,105,108

Lease of Philadelphia, Baltimore & Washington Railroad became effective Jan. 1, 1918, and its results are included in both years for compartive purposes.

*Decrease. †Increased deficit.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, WESTERN LINES—Month of February—

	Amount.	Increase.
Average miles operated	1,754	...
Revenues:		
Freight	3,200,142	98,148
Passenger	883,118	13,780
Mail	113,223	*10,602
Express	175,773	65,119
All other transp.	110,006	*18,419
Incidental	135,280	21,889
Joint facility, Cr.	3,820	*15
Joint facility, Dr.	6,100	1,084
Railway operat. rev.	4,626,351	170,214
Expenses:		
Maint. of way & str't.	959,035	396,685
Maint. of equip.	1,421,938	350,483
Traffic	75,857	*12,543
Transportation	2,778,261	58,850
Miscel. operations	43,912	611
General	159,336	15,925
Transp. for Inv., Cr.	709	*3,424
Railway operat. exp.	5,437,535	813,688
Net def. from rail. op.	811,281	†648,473
Rail. tax accruals	285,089	†14,875
Uncollect. rail. rev.	45	*18
Rail. operat. deficit	1,096,416	†628,579
Net hire eq., Dr. bal.	83,318	62,979
Net j't fac. rents, Dr.	26,418	*1,800
Net rail. oper. deficit	1,206,153	†689,759

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY, WESTERN LINES—Jan. 1 to Feb. 28.—

	Amount.	Increase.
Average miles oper.	1,754	...
Revenues:		
Freight	5,838,037	*960,381
Passenger	1,827,573	*71,837
Mail	238,446	*64,309
Express	355,926	82,901
All other transport.	177,934	*46,212
Incidental	294,789	56,098
Joint facility, Cr.	7,270	*781
Joint facility, Dr.	14,725	*2,350
Rail. operat. rev.	8,785,253	*1,011,172
Expenses:		
Maint. of way & str't.	1,916,504	642,948
Maint. of equip.	2,732,369	549,166
Traffic	165,894	*3,230
Transportation	5,670,232	168,514
Miscel. operations	90,040	1,828
General	329,891	32,889
Transp. for Inv., Cr.	1,241	*5,198
Rail. operat. exp.	10,903,897	1,397,312
Net def. fr. rail. op.	2,120,443	†2,408,484
Rail tax accruals	570,038	*29,891
Uncol. rail. rev.	74	*15
Rail. operat. def.	2,690,557	†2,378,578
Net hire eq., Dr. bal.	169,338	41,845
Net j't fac. rents, Dr.	64,333	*3,238
Net rail. operat. def.	2,924,231	†2,416,684

*Decrease. †Increase deficit.

Public Utilities.

HUDSON & MANHATTAN—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Feb. gross	$538,938	$497,800	$472,259
Net a

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

Inquiries Invited

Farson, Son & Co.

Members New York Stock Exchange.
115 Broadway, New York City.

Louisiana Oil Refining
Ind. Louisville Tr. 5s
Joplin Water Co. 5s (Mo.)
St. Jos. Water Co. 5s (Mo.)
Roch. & Syr. R.R. 5s & Stk.
Dayton Power & Light Com.

HOTCHKIN & CO.

Incorporated

14 Pine St., N. Y. 53 State St., Boston.
Phone 4161 John. Private Phone to Boston.

J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Buy & Sell

Great Northern Paper "Rights"
H. W. Johns Manville Com.
Ingersoll-Rand Com.
Jos. Dixon Crucible
Lehigh Valley Coal Sales
National Fuel Gas
N. Y. City Interborough
Remington Typewriter Stocks
Singer Manufacturing
Texas & Pacific Coal

J.K. Rice, Jr. & Co.

Phones 4000 to 4010 John 36 Wall St., N. Y.

Maxwell Motor
Dividend Scrip
Bought - Sold - Quoted

McDONNELL & CO.

120 Broadway. Phone Rector 7800.

Russian Rouble Currency
Pre-War Issues
Bought—Sold—Quoted

GWYNNE BROS
Private Wire to Hartford
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 3232 Broad

Int'l Motors

Chas. H. Jones & Co.
Municipal, Railroad and Corporation Bonds
20 Broad St. New York
Telephone 9140 Rector. Cable "Orientment."

Lehigh Power Securities
Burns Bros. Ice
Morton Lachenbruch & Co.
PHILADELPHIA — Land Title Building — Tel. Spruce 381
NEW YORK — Equitable Building — Tel. Rector 5354

Wanted
Offerings of high grade
Municipal Gold Coupon Bonds
Beverley Bogert & Co.
Tel. Broad 3316-8. 25 Broad St.

WE BUY
Notes & Trade Acceptances
From Merchants and Individuals and Loan on Unlisted Securities
Winthrop V. Taylor & Co.
27 Pine St., N. Y. Tel. John 4943-4
Established 1871

City Investing Com.
Central Petroleum Pfd.
Burns Bros. Ice
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Rector 6340. 74 Broadway, New York
Private telephone to Boston.

Burns Bros. Ice, All Issues
Marlin Arms Stock & Notes
Kiely & Horton
30 Broad St., N. Y. Phone Broad 6911
UNION TRUST CO.
GUARANTY TRUST CO.
CHELSEA EXCHANGE BANK.
BY-PRODUCTS COKE RIGHTS.
SULLIVAN MACHINERY RIGHTS.
STANDARD GAS & ELECTRIC PFD.

John Burnham & Co.
Private Wire to All Markets.
115 Broadway. Tel. Rector 3876. New York

ADVERTISING
Placed in all Publications
Copy Prepared, Estimates Furnished
Frank Kiernan & Co.
Telephone Cort. 1234
135 Broadway, N.Y.

To The Bond Salesman

A company recently organized for the manufacture of a commodity vital to the country both in peace and war is in the market for a number of high grade salesmen. From the standpoint of the investor, the field offers large possibilities for money making. To the salesman the opportunity is presented for making a comfortable living. Commission basis. Write for appointment to Box B 207 Times Downtown.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE FIVE PER CENT. SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF THE ROCKY MOUNTAIN COAL & IRON COMPANY, DUE MAY 1, 1951:

Notice is hereby given that sixteen (16) bonds of the above described issue of the face value of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) each, numbered as follows:

88	346	506	607
107	385	519	611
182	419	521	628
298	446	546	660

have been drawn by lot for redemption from the amount to the credit of the Sinking Fund, and will be paid for at the rate of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) per bond, at the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on the first day of May, 1918, after which date said bonds shall cease to bear interest.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Successor-Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice-President.
Dated, New York, March 26th, 1918.

INSURANCE STATUTE IN MISSOURI VOID

Federal Supreme Court Reverses Decree That Upheld Non-Forfeiture of Life Policies.

COMPANIES HERE ELATED

Hail Decision as Ending 15 Years of What They Affirm Was Unjust Treatment.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The Missouri nonforfeiture statute regulating insurance companies was, in effect, declared invalid by the Supreme Court today in reversing Federal court decrees preventing the New York Life Insurance Company from forfeiting a life insurance policy for nonpayment of premiums.

The court held that the statute "transcends the power of the State." Justices Day, Pitney, Clark and Brandeis dissented.

The invalidation by the Supreme Court of the Missouri law governing life insurance contracts was received yesterday by officials of life insurance companies in this city with a great deal of elation. They were inclined to hail the decision as "a relief from fifteen years of unjust treatment" accorded life insurance companies having branches in Missouri.

They pointed out that only last week the New York Life Company was beaten in the Missouri courts on a case which invoked the Missouri statute, and the Mutual Life Insurance Company has pending a $50,000 case under the same statute. The decision affects all policies written before March, 1903, at the time the first decision on the law was made in the Missouri courts, and involves policies aggregating millions of dollars.

The case decided yesterday by the Supreme Court involved a suit brought by Mrs. Lea F. Dodge, widow of Josiah B. Dodge, of St. Louis, Mo., against the New York Life Insurance Company. The brief for the defendant was filed with the Supreme Court last October by James H. McIntosh, general counsel of the company, and James C. Jones.

The principal in the case was Josiah B. Dodge, who on Oct. 20, 1900, took out a policy insuring his life for $5,000, naming his wife as beneficiary. About six years later he and his wife borrowed from the company $1,350 on the pledge of the policy as collateral security. The policy lapsed for the nonpayment of the premium due on Oct. 20, 1907, and thereupon, according to a provision in the policy, the indebtedness became due and the company foreclosed the pledge by satisfying the indebtedness out of the reserve held by it on the policy. This exhausted the entire reserve, and on Dec. 17, 1907, Mr. Dodge was notified that the policy had no further value.

Nothing was done after that by Mr. Dodge or his wife, who made no offer to pay any premium or loan interest, according to the brief, although the insured lived until Feb. 12, 1912. Two years after his death, counsel for Mrs. Dodge wrote to the company, claiming that Mr. Dodge and his beneficiary could not dispose of their policy in the way they had done because of the nonforfeiture provisions of the Revised Statutes of Missouri, 1899, Section 7,897, which provided as follows:

"No policies of life insurance hereafter issued by any life insurance company authorized to do business in this State, on and after the 1st day of August, 1903, shall, after payment on it of three annual payments, be forfeited or become void by reason of nonpayment of premiums thereof, but it shall be subject to the following rules of commutation, to wit: The net value of the policy, when the premium becomes due, and is not paid, shall be computed upon the actuaries' or combined experience table of mortality, with 4 per cent. interest per annum, and after deducting from three-fourths of such net value, any notes or other evidence of indebtedness to the company, given on account of past premium payments on said policies, issued to the insured, which indebtedness shall then be canceled, the balance shall be taken as a net single premium for temporary insurance for the full amount written in the policy; and the term for which said temporary insurance shall be in force shall be determined by the age of the person whose life is insured at the time of default of premium, and the assumption of mortality and interest aforesaid."

It was claimed by counsel for Mrs. Dodge that neither she nor her husband, according to this statute, could rid themselves of the continued insurance which the reserve named in the statute. On suing the New York Life Insurance Company in the Missouri courts, Mrs. Dodge won the verdict, and judgment was rendered accordingly, but the company appealed to the highest court in Missouri, which sustained the lower court's decision. Thereupon appeal was taken to the United States Supreme Court.

It was claimed in the brief filed by the company that the case was unconstitutional, as there was a violation of Section 1, Article XIV., of the amendment to the Constitution, which deprived it of its property without due process of law, and also deprived the parties to the contract of their liberty of contract without due process of law.

ADOPTS FINANCE BILL.

Conference Report Accepted by Senate and Sent to House.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The conference report on the Administration bill establishing a War Finance Corporation with $500,000,000 capital and power to issue $8,000,000,000 of bonds to assist war industry was adopted late today by the Senate and sent to the House, which probably will act tomorrow.

Explaining the conferees' agreement, Senator Simmons said that in fixing $3,000,000,000 as the amount of bonds the corporation might issue they had split the difference" between $4,000,000,000, authorized by the Senate bill, and $2,000,000,000, by the House.

The voluntary security issues licensing plan, under a Capital Issues Committee of seven members, Senator Simmons said, would have about the same effect in actual practice as the compulsory plan originally proposed by Secretary McAdoo, since without the approval of the committee it would be difficult to find any market for securities.

In reply to a question by Senator Cummins of Iowa, Senator Simmons said he thought cities, counties, school districts, and similar public municipal corporations would have to submit proposed bond issues for public improvements to the Capital Issues Committee.

WILLYS-OVERLAND CO. EARNS $6,121,544

Net Income Shows Decrease of $3,444,174 From Previous Year.

The report of the Willys-Overland Company and its subsidiaries for the calendar year 1917 shows a net income, after all deductions, including reserve for taxes, of $6,121,544, equivalent to $3.16 a share on the common stock, after payment of regular preferred-stock dividends. In 1916 the company earned $9,565,718, equivalent to $5.71 a share on the common stock then outstanding. The decrease in actual earnings amounted to $3,444,174.

The net earnings of the company and its subsidiaries, after ordinary deductions and reserve for taxes, aside from interest payments and depreciation, &c., increased slightly, being $10,193,490, instead of $10,016,420, and the decrease in net income was consequently due to the writing off of $1,330,708 for depreciation, $550,940 against parts of discontinued models, increase in interest charges, &c. As the dividends paid on the common stock exceeded the actual earnings after these deductions, the company drew on its surplus to the extent of $2,318,026, and this, with other expenses charged against the surplus, decreased the latter from $27,596,593 to $24,301,384.

President Willys in his report discusses the purchase by the company of "a substantial interest" in the Curtiss Aeroplane & Motors Corporation, as part of the mobilization of an effective manufacturing force behind the country's aviation program, in the course of "a rapid and sweeping readjustment from a peace to a war manufacturing basis."

"Orders of this company to date for airplane motors and parts amount to in excess of $12,000,000, and further heavy orders are assured," says the report. "An important ordnance contract has been undertaken amounting to over $15,000,000. Negotiations have been completed for a large munitions contract, for the execution of which the company's machine shops are admirably fitted. The company is thus prepared to counteract any probable curtailment of passenger car production. The net earnings for 1917 received no benefit from the war work program, but on the contrary were adversely affected through the second half year."

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930.....	97½	98
2s, coupon, 1930.....	97½	98
2s, coupon, '38, reg.....	97¼	97⅝
3s, registered, 1918.....	99	100
3s, coupon, 1918.....	99	100
3s, registered, 1946.....	84	88
3s, coupon, 1946.....	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947.....	84	88
4s, registered, 1925.....	105	105½
4s, coupon, 1925.....	103	105½
2s, Panama, '38, coupon.	97¼	97⅜
2s, Panama, '81, reg.....	84	87
3s, Panama, '61, coupon.	84	87

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.
4½s July, 1967.....	95	95¼
4½s June, 1965.....	95	95⅛
4½s Mar., 1963.....	94¾	95⅛
4½s Nov., 1957.....	93	94
4½s Nov., 1957.....	95	96
4½s Mar., 1960-30.	89	90
4½s April, 1966.....	88½	90½
4½s Mar., 1964.....	88½	90½
4½s May, 1962.....	88½	89½
4½s Sept., 1960.....	88½	90
4s May, 1959.....	86	87
4s Nov., 1958.....	86	87
4s May, 1957.....	86	87
4s Nov., 1956.....	84½	85½
4s Nov., 1955.....	84½	85½
4s Nov., 1936.....	89	..
4s Nov., 1938.....	84½	..
4s Nov., 1918.....	99	..

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.
3½s Nov., 1954.....	76	78
3½s May, 1954.....	76	78½
3½s Nov., 1955.....	..	80

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1931	4.95	4.70	4.95
4½s 1921-1925	4.95	4.70	4.95
4½s April, 1920	4.95	4.70	4.95
4½s 1918-1919	4.95	..	4.95
4½s 1924-1932	4.95	4.80	4.95
3½s 1918	5.00	..	5.00
3½s 1940-1953	4.90	4.75	4.90
3½s 1930-1939	4.90	4.75	4.90
3½s 1922-1929	4.90	4.80	4.90
3½s 1919-1921	4.90	4.70	4.90
3s 1940-1953	4.90	4.75	4.90
3s 1928-1930	5.00	4.70	5.00
3s 1918-1925	5.00	4.80	5.00

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

With the volume of business comparatively small, the market on the Consolidated Stock Exchange closed yesterday with prices of the leading securities showing fractional net gains. The closing quotations, however, were at a lower level than the day's high. The tone of the market was inclined to irregularity during the greater part of the session.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Allis-Chalm..	24	24	24
50 Do pf.....	80⅜	80⅛	80⅜
70 Am Ag Chem.....	77⅞	77	77⅞
260 Am.Car & F.	79⅜	79	79⅜
30 Am. Locomo.	61⅜	61⅛	61⅜
40 Am.Sm.& R.	78	77⅝	78
230 Am.Sm.Tob.	94⅜	93¾	94¼
20 Am. T. & T.	101¼	101¼	101¼
280 Anaconda	63½	63⅛	63⅜
100 A., G.& W. I.	106	105¾	106
Do pf.....	50	50	50
50 Balt. & Ohio	52⅜	52¼	52¼
240 Beth. Steel, B	78⅛	77⅞	78
50 Butte & Sup.	19⅝	19⅝	19⅝
10 Cen. Leath..	138⅝	138⅜	138⅝
30 Cent. Leath..	65	64⅝	65
20 Cerro Prod...	36	36	36
350 Chnc. Steel..	63½	62½	62¾
190 Dist. Secur..	41⅝	41	41⅝
10 Erie	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
30 Do 1st pf..	27⅞	27⅝	27⅞
40 Gen. Elec..	137⅝	137¼	137⅝
190 Gen. Motors.	119½	117	118
10 Gt. Nor. pf.	91	91	91
65 Inspir. Cop..	47½	46⅜	47½
40 Int.Mer.Mar.	25	24⅞	24⅝
150 Do pf	91	90½	90⅝
15 A.Ag.Ch.pf..	90	90	90
5 Am. Sugar..	103	103	103
43 Do pf.....	108⅛	108	108½
487 Am. Tob. C.	101½	100½	101½
25 Am.Wool.pf.	94	93½	93½
500 Booth Fish..	23¾	22½	23¾
10 Cu.For.Com.	13	13	13
15 Eastern S. S.	12½	12½	12½
6 Edison	146	146	146
50 Island Oil...	4¼	4¼	4¼
14 N. Y., N. H. & H.....	29½	29	29½
12 Prov. & W...	127	121	121
6 Rutlnd pf..	20¼	20½	20½
280 West End....	47½	46½	46½
65 Do pf.....	62	60	61
50 Mass. Gas..	80½	80	80
56 N.E.T.& T...	89¼	88	89¼
1,475 Swift & Co.	139¼	134⅜	137
4 United Drug	..	..	..
1st pf.....	49½	49½	49½
280 United Fruit.	124½	124	124
25 Western Un.	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜

Bonds.

$24,000 C. & O.cv.5s	80	80	80
1,000 Swift 5s.....	92⅞	92⅝	92⅞
13,000 Lib'ty 3½s.	99.00	98.84	98.86
$12,000 Lib. 1st 4s.	97.10	96.64	96.74
79,000 Do 2d 4s.	97.00	96.74	96.90

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
10 Am. Ship'g..	97	97	97
175 Booth Fish..	23¼	22½	23¼
340 Chi. P. Tool.	62½	61	62½
75 Cudahy	114¾	114	114
15 Deere pf....	96½	96½	96½
10 Dia. Match..	109	109	109
55 Hartman	37	37	37
50 Illinois Brick	50	49½	49½
100 Lindsay L..	20¼	20¼	20¼
35 M. Ward pf.	103⅜	103½	103½
10 Mid. Util. pf.	59	59	59
10 Pub. Svc. pf.	87½	87½	87½
15 People's Gas.	43	43	43
40 Q. Oats pf..	99	99	99
280 Sears-Roe ..	143	143	143
100 S. Warner....	55	54⅞	54⅞
4,793 Swift	139	134	136¼
1,041 Carbide	47⅞	47½	47½
50 Un. Paper'd.	17	17	17
165 Wilson	55⅛	55	55

Bonds.

$1,000 Chi. City Ry. 1st 5s.....	87	87	87
1,000 Chi. Rys. 1st 5s	84	84	84
$10,000 Cudahy P'g 1st 5s....	90	90	90
4,000 Swift 1st 5s.	92½	92⅞	92½
$2,000 Wil'n 1st 6s	94½	94	94

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
51 Am. Stores..	80¼	80	80½
13 Elec. Stor..	48½	48⅛	48½
19 Ins. of N. A.	25¼	25¼	25¼
210 L. Sup.Corp.	14⅜	14⅜	14⅜
40 Leh.-Sh. Nav.	64	63⅜	63⅜
20 Lehigh Val..	58¾	58⅜	58⅜
216 Penn. R. R.	45	44⅜	45
10 Phila. Elec..	25¼	25¼	25½
55 Phil.R.T.cts.	25⅜	25⅜	25⅜
75 Reading	82	81½	82
75 Tono. Belm..	3¼	3¼	3¼
25 Tono. Min...	3	3	3
15 Unit.Gas Imp.	66¼	66¼	66¼
75 W'm'l'd Coal	69	69	69
7 York Rys.pf.	32	32	32

Bonds.

$2,000 Lib. 3½s	98.96	98.96	98.96
16,000 Do 2d 4s...	97.00	96.70	96.70
4,000 Penn.con.4½s	89¼	89¼	89¼
1,000 Phil.Co.1st 5s	87	87	87
$6,000 Phil.El.1st 5s	94	93½	94
9,000 P., B.& W.4s	95	95	95
2,000 Read. gen.4s	82	82	82
3,000 Welsbach 5s.	91⅝	91⅜	91⅝

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
25 Atlantic Pet.	27⅜	27⅜	27⅜
120 Con. Coal...	92	92	92
325 Cosden & Co.	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞
10 Dix. Chem.pf.	93½	93½	93½
75 F. & M. Bk.	42⅞	42⅝	42⅞
31 Mt. Ver'n pf.	73	73	73
50 U. S. Fid'y..	102	102	102
58 United Rys.	21⅛	20¾	21⅛
100 Wash. G. & E.	53½	53½	53½
20 W., B. & A.	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝

Bonds.

$3,000 A.& C. 1st 5s	92⅞	92⅝	92⅝
7,000 City 4s. 1961	92½	92½	92½
2,000 Do 3½s. '30	91⅛	91⅛	91⅛
1,000 Con. Coal cv.	99½	99¼	99½
1,000 Coelen 6s, B	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝
1,000 Fla., C. & P. con. 5s....	92½	92½	92½
$3,000 Ga., Car. & North. 5s.	93½	93½	93½
3,000 Kirby L. 6s.	96	96	96
1,000 Maryland 4s.	98¼	98¼	98¼
1,000 Southb'd 5s.	95	95	95
1,000 United Rys. 1st 4s.....	73¾	73¾	73⅞
1,000 Do inc. 4s.	53½	53½	53½

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
30 Alaska Gold.	1¾	1½	1¾
30 Cal. & Ariz.	68	67	67
8 Cal. & Hecla.	440	432	440
35 Centennial..	14	13⅞	13⅞
6 Chino	41	41	41
90 CopperRange	44⅞	43⅞	44⅛
440 Davis-Daly..	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
5 East Butte..	9¾	9¾	9¾
10 Franklin	5½	5½	5½
400 Inspiration..	47⅞	47⅛	47⅜
50 Isle Royale..	21⅜	21⅛	21⅜
10 Lake	2	2	2
30 Mass Cons..	5½	5½	5½
180 May.-Old C..	90c	85c	85c
65 Mohawk	62½	61½	62¼
50 North Butte.	15	14⅜	15
100 Old Domin..	41⅜	41¼	41⅜
45 Ojibway	1¼	1	1
10 Osceola	54	54	54
200 Pond Creek..	19	19	19
15 Quincy	70	69¼	69⅜
45 Shannon	4⅜	4⅜	4⅜
50 St. Mary's..	51	47	47
10 Trinity	3½	3½	3½
200 U. S. Smelt.	43¾	42¾	43
50 Do pf.....	45½	45	45
150 Utah Cons..	2	2	2
40 Utah Con....	9½	9½	9½
5 Utah Metal.	2¼	2¼	2¼
5 Wolverine...	28	28	28

Railroads.

6 Bost. & Alb.	126	125	125
661 Boston Elev.	56½	55	55⅜
125 Bost. & Me..	24	24	24
15 Do pf.....	35	35	35
38 Fitchb'g pf..	59	58	58
290 Mass. Elec..	4¾	4	4¼
910 Do pf.....	19	17¼	18

Miscellaneous.

15 A.Ag.Ch.pf..	90	90	90
5 Am. Sugar..	103	103	103
43 Do pf.....	108⅛	108	108½
487 Am. Tob. C.	101½	100½	101½
25 Am.Wool.pf.	94	93½	93½
500 Booth Fish..	23¾	22½	23¾
10 Cu.For.Com.	13	13	13
15 Eastern S. S.	12½	12½	12½
6 Edison	146	146	146
50 Island Oil...	4¼	4¼	4¼
14 N. Y., N. H. & H.....	29½	29	29½
12 Prov. & W...	127	121	121
6 Rutlnd pf..	20¼	20½	20½
280 West End....	47½	46½	46½
65 Do pf.....	62	60	61
50 Mass. Gas..	80½	80	80
56 N.E.T.& T...	89¼	88	89¼
1,475 Swift & Co.	139¼	134⅜	137
4 United Drug	..	..	..
1st pf.....	49½	49½	49½
280 United Fruit.	124½	124	124
25 Western Un.	92⅜	92⅜	92⅜

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.
Aetna pf.	58	60
American Brass..	226	232
Atlas Powder.....	168	172
Do pf.....	94½	96
Babcock & Wilcox.	111	114
Bliss	380	420
Do pf.....	..	78
Can. Found'n F..	140	160
Colt's Arms.....	60	65
Du Pont	259	262
Hercules	230	237
Do pf.....	112	114
Niles-Bem't-Pond.	116	122
Scovill Mfg.	460	480
Winchester Arms..	700	850

TOBACCO STOCKS

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere:

	Yester-day. Bid.	Satur-day. Ask.
American Cigar	95	100
Do pf	85	90
Conley Foil	175	225
J. S. Young.....	130	150
Do pf	100	106
MacAndrews & F..	170	190
MacA. & F. pf....	93	100
P. R.-Am. Tob....	125	140
R. J. Reynolds....	300	325
Do pf	100	102
Do rights	80	90

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
15 Cities Service	203	203	202	204
75 Cities Service pf.....	75	75	74⅝	75½
Adiron. Elec. Power...	15	16		
Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	70	72		
Am. Gas & Electric...	87	90		
Am. Gas & Electric pf.	40	41		
Am. Light & Traction.	200	205		
Am. Light & Trac. pf..	95	97		
Am. Power & Light....	42	46		
Am. Power & Light pf..	78	78		
Am. Public Utilities...	20	25		
Am. Public Utilities pf.	52	57		
Am. W. W. & Elec....	4½	5½		
Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	58	60		
Am. W. W. & E.partic.	12	14		
Carolina Power & Light	30	82		
Carolina Pow. & Lt. pf.	90	93		
Cities Service	203	205		
Cities Service pf.....	73½	74⅝		
Colorado Power.....	27	28		
Colorado Power pf....	95	100		
Columbus Electric pf.	70	76		
Com. Power, Ry. & L.	22½	24		
Com. Pow., Ry. & L. pf.	48	50		
Conn. Power pf.....	80	84		
Consumers' Power pf..	80	85		
Dayton Power & L. pf.	80	81		
Eastern Texas Electric.	55	60		
Eastern Texas Elec. pf.	73	76		
El Paso Electric.....	87	90		
El Paso Electric pf....	85	90		
Electric B. & S. pf....	93	95		
Electric Properties ..	57	..		
Empire Dis. Elec. pf..	84	89		
Federal Light & Trac..	5	10		
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf.	27	33		
Galveston-Hous. Elec..	19	21		
Galveston-Hous. El. pf.	58	65		
Gas & Elec. Securities.	250	275		

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	97	..	
Am. W. W. & El. 5s....	64	67	
Appalach. Pow. 5s, '32.	68	72	
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956....	80	93	
Cities Fuel & P. 5s....	94	97	
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	89	75	
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944...	96¾	100	
Conn. Power 5s, 1963...	83	87	
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922...	85	90	
Elec. Fuel Sup. 5s.....	83	88	
El Paso Elec. col. 5s...	87	93	
Empire Gas Fuel 6s, '26	94	98	
Empire Refining 6s, '27	91	96	
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '46.	74	78	
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25.	84	88	
Int.-M. Ry., L. & P.6s..	98⅝	99⅝	
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '38..	50	85	
Middle W. L. 6s, '25..	85	95	
Miss. Riv. Pow. 1st 5s.	70¼	71¼	
Miss. V. G. & E. 5s, '22	74	80	
Nor. States Pow. 6s, '26	88	92	
Nor. States Pow. 5s, '41	85½	86½	
Nor. Tex. Elec. col. 5s.	80	85	
Omaha & C. B. 5s.....	80	87	
Roanoke W. W. 5s, '19	96¼	96¾	
So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39.	85	88	
Un. States Gas & Elec. 5s, 1953.....	85	92	
Un. L. & R. 1st 5s, '32.	78	80	
Un. L. & R. deb. 6s, '28.	80	90	
United Lt. & Rys. 5s...	80	85	
Utah Securities 6s.....	84	86	
Wash. I. W. L. & P. 6s.	95½	98	
Wis. Edison 6s, 1924...	88	92	

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,000 ‡Aetna 'Exp.	8⅝	8⅜	8¼
8,000 B-A-T. Co. coupon	15½	15	15
100 Chev. Motor.	118	118	118
3,750 ‡Elec. Gun..	1	1	1
200 Key. T. & R.	17	17	17
3,000 ‡Maxim Mun	⅝	½	½
20 ‡S.-Booth Cp.	15	15	15
100 St. J. Lead..	16	16	16
1,000 ‡Aetna 'Exp.	8⅝	8⅜	8¼
8,000 B-A-T. Co. coupon	15½	15	15
100 Chev. Motor.	118	118	118
3,750 ‡Elec. Gun..	1	1	1
200 Key. T. & R.	17	17	17
3,000 ‡Maxim Mun	⅝	½	½
20 ‡S.-Booth Cp.	15	15	15
100 St. J. Lead..	16	16	16
8,000 Smith M. T.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
350 ‡Stand. Mot.	13½	13	13½
900 ‡Thiogen	4¼	4¼	4¼
300 Tri'e Film v. t. ctfs.....	⅞	⅞	⅞
1,000 ‡Un. Motors.	26⅜	26	26
600 U. S. Sp'g Co.	5	5	5
1,000 ‡W.-M. A.Cp	7¼	7	7

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

100 ‡A.-Am. Oil.	12¼	12¼	12¼
65 ‡Elk Oil Co.	320	324	320
20 ‡Pr'e Pipe L.	272	270	272
50 ‡Pub. S. O.	290	290	290
71 ‡S. Ohio Co.	548	538	548
50 ‡S. Oil Co. of N. Y.....	288	285	286

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

200 ‡Allen Oil ..	½	⅛	⅛
4,500 ‡Am. Ventu.	12	9	11
1,000 ‡Barn'to.&G.	⅞	⅛	⅞
1,000 ‡Basin Oil..

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

10 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—The Bry Block Mercantile Co. of Memphis are open to buy for their basement department all kinds of jobs, seconds and ladies' damaged dresses, waists, skirts, middies, and children's dresses, for spot cash; quantity no object. Care S. Solomon, 470 4th Av.

APPAREL Wanted.—Better suits, coats, and dresses; cash paid immediately. Fourth floor, 43 West 27th St. Farragut 5154.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash better grade suits, coats, waists, dresses. Natiohal. Franklin 2412.

BOLIVIA Wanted.—Chinchilla, mole, Matlacco, F. & H.; also mole wool velours or American; any quantity. D. Saltzman & Co., 99 Madison Av.

BOMBAZINE Wanted.—Large quantity rubberized; drab or olive, double and single face; bring samples. Browdy Mendelson Co., 137 Wooster.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315, black, navy, and taupe; right price. Murray Hill 8371.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany and F. & H., 54 inch, all colors, cash. Mad. Sq. 4180.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—F. & H. or Botany, all shades, for cash. Hafl. 9752 Farr.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Botany 315 or F. & H.; all colors; cash. Farragut 354.

BURELLA Wanted.—American 08057 burella in large quantities and assorted colors. Farr. 2930.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted.—Black and colors; all qualities. 3504 Mad. Square.

COATS Wanted.—The Bailey Co. of Cleveland, Ohio, Mr. J. E. Meisel will look at Spring coats, also jobs of Spring coats, Tuesday morning from 9 A. M. on. B. F. Levis, 31 West 20th, resident buyer.

COATS Wanted.—Out-of-town jobber open to place orders on Fall cloth coats, also jobs of Spring coats and suits. Room 1217, 5 West 32d.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on pile fabric coats. Call with samples, 11 West 32d St., 1st floor; use freight elevator.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber placing orders all week, cloth, pile fabric coats, ladies', children's. 1st floor, 48 West 22d.

COATS Wanted. — Jobber looking at Fall coats, in pile fabric and cloth, medium and high priced, 30-34. 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall line cloth and plush coats, ladies' and juniors'. Call all week, 12 West 32d, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on silk coats and serge capes. Call all week, 140 West 21st St., eighth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Mitchell Redler, Chicago jobber; children's, juniors', ladies' coats for Fall. Martinique Hotel.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber will place orders on cloth and pile fabric coats for Fall. Rosing & Cohn, 1,333 Broadway.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Looking at taffetas, pongee and all other silks. 48 West 27th St., 5th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on cloth and pile fabrics; Fall coats. 15 West 26th, 1st floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall samples all week; afternoons. 151 West 26th St., 5th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders for Fall plush and cloth coats. 4th floor, 151 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at cloth coats all week; orders placed. 4th floor, 31 West 31st.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at cloth coats for Fall. 134 West 29th, 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders Fall styles. First floor, 104 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Will look at samples between 5-6, 145 West 30th, 4th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall coats, 9th floor, 45 West 27th St.

CREPE DE CHINE, Peau de Cygnes, Georgettes Wanted.—For immediate and future delivery. Store, 42 East 20th St.

CREPE Wanted.—Paisley silk and cotton crepe; quantity no object if price is right. Chelsea 3550.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted. — American Beauty, 25 pieces. Piller Bros., 16 W. 42d.

DELHI Wanted.—Also Burrella, Buckley & Cohen 711, in peacock. Farr. 9542.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber is placing stock orders on crepe de chine, georgette voile, Grandy and net dresses; both popular and high-class novelties; samples mornings. Wiener, 54 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking taffeta, linen, gingham dresses; call with samples after 2 P. M. 12 East 33d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing stock orders; organdies, voiles, ginghams; bring samples. Second floor; 2 East 29th St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on gingham and silk dresses. Zuckerman & Bellsey, 35 East 21st, 7th floor.

GABARDINE, Repp, Pique, Beachcloth Wanted.—200 pieces. 1,161 Broadway, Room 411.

GEORGETTES Wanted. — Open for a quantity of good Georgettes in all colors. 220 Fifth Avenue, Room 1212. Madison Square 6069.

GEORGETTE Wanted.—Open to buy quantity of georgette at low price; also 3-thread crepe de chine. 6730 Spring.

GINGHAM, SILK Wanted.—Eagle patterns 101 or shades. Farragut 2379.

KERAMI Wanted.—Mole. A 5 Times.

LINENS Wanted.—French, white and colors, any quantity, for cash. Gramercy 3004.

PIECE GOODS TRUCK Wanted—Also 4 clerks. Kaplan, 20 West 22d. Gramercy 1515.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Staples; will pay cash. Alex. Horvitz & Son, 41 West 25th.

PLUSH COATS Wanted.—By jobber, for cash; interested in large quantity. R 191 Times.

PLUSHES and POPLINS Wanted.—Large or small quantities. Telephone Farragut 4215.

POM POMS Wanted.—0816 American, all shades; highest cash prices paid. Greeley 3188.

POMPOMS Wanted.—Will pay cash for American 0816; all colors. Madison Square 1540.

POM POMS Wanted.—American, all shades. Herman D. Bruns, Farragut 2645.

POPLINS Wanted.—American cotton warp 67094; also 00610-06077; will pay cash. Farragut 4859.

POPLIN Wanted.—Will exchange tan, Copen, for black and gray. Chelsea 9585.

RAINCOATS Wanted. — Men's and ladies', from $1.50 up. Apply from 8 to 6, Joseph Ruff & Co., 621 Broadway.

SATIN Wanted.—Quantity wash satin, 97½c. Nelson & Levene, 320 5th Av., 9th floor.

SATINS Wanted.—Can use odd shades of satins at a price. Spring 7934.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy 100 pieces of fine navy serges, suitable for high-class dresses; if reasonable, willing to pay cash. E. B., 202 Times Downtown.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy quantity Whitman's 12-10 cotton warp serge; spot cash. 44 East 23d St., Room 1106.

SERGES Wanted.—Open to buy large quantities 7120, 54289 W. F. X. and other standard grades. Chelsea 8686.

SERGES Wanted.—For cash, 54289, 7120, and other numbers. H. Wolfson, 404 4th Av. Madison Square 5426.

SERGE Wanted.—7301, 9068, 838 navy; large quantities; spot cash. Jerome Frank & Co., 33 West 25th St.

SERGES Wanted.—Pacific C-W, Storm, Hamilton 4040 and 75 K. Phone Franklin 1228.

SERGES Wanted.—9, 1210, 54274, and 816 broadcloth. Mr. Solender, Gramercy 8489.

SERGES Wanted.—Open for French, storm serges; cash. Halpert Bros. Farragut 3954.

SERGES Wanted.—Cash paid for 0936 Am. Wool Co., blacks and navys. Mad. Sq. 4180.

SERGES Wanted.—Botany 809; open for quantity. Telephone Gramercy 2118.

SERGE Wanted.—54289; any quantity; spot cash. Telephone Farragut 2220.

SERGE, Poplin, Velour Wanted.—For spot cash. G. Marks, 23 East 26th St.

SERGE Wanted.—American 0936. Greeley 876.

SERGES Wanted.—All styles. Call Gramercy 5942.

SILKS, SATINS, AND MESSALINES Wanted.—All colors. H. Wolfson, 404 4th Av. Madison Square 5426.

SILKS Wanted.—Duplon Baronet satin, all colors for cash. Telephone Madison Sq. 20.

SUITS Wanted.—Placing orders on silk suits and capes. 7th floor, 122 W. 25th St.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of best black taffeta and striped messaline for spot cash. J. Blumenthal & Bro., 14 West 24th St.

TAFFETA Wanted.—Striped and plaid, with satin stripes; small or large lots for cash; must be low priced. Pansy, 145 West 30th.

TALCUM POWDER Wanted.—1,000 gross for export trade; quote price. M 387 Times Downtown.

TRICOTINE Wanted.—Garfield, quality 5010, color 2001, at right price. Murray Hill 8371.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Fisher-Kennedy, or as good; will buy for cash any quantity. Herman Cloak Co., 1,333 Broadway.

TWEEDS Wanted.—Can use quantity of tweeds and mixtures. Call Greeley 5980.

VELOURS Wanted. — Heavyweight Storm and French serges; also pompom; spot cash. Gramercy 1014.

VELOURS Wanted.—Americana, pecan; any quantity. Sipkin & Gorschen, 16 East 26th. Madison Square 1864.

VELOURS Wanted.—Botany and F. & H., 54 inch, all colors, cash. Mad. Sq. 4180.

VELOUR Wanted.—K544 and 11050; will pay cash. Madison Square 2081.

VELVETEENS Wanted.—24, 27, and 36 inches. Call Gramercy 5941.

Buyers' Wants

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

WAISTS AND DRESSES Wanted.—We will look at samples of women's and misses' waists and dresses for Fall at The Charles William Stores, 1 Main Street, Brooklyn, N. Y., between the hours 9 and 11 and 3 and 5, up to and including April 15. Sample Room, 12th floor.

WAISTS Wanted.—Jobber looking at silk waists all week; orders placed. 4th floor, 31 West 31st.

Contracts Wanted.

CONTRACTS Wanted.—Large factory of 100 machines, can make any kind of Government work. X 248 Times Annex.

LEATHER GOODS manufacturer open for contracts on all kinds of leather goods for Government use. A 10 Times.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BROADCLOTHS. — Worumbo, all shades; also serges and Poiret twill; reasonable. Farragut 2924.

BROADCLOTH.—Botany 315, and other makes; $3. Mittenthal, 41 East Broadway.

BUTTONS for sweaters, 36, 30, 24 line. Nelson Co., 110 5th Av.

CAPES, Coats, and Suits.—Latest models, material and shades the best ever; prices attractive; on hand and quick delivery. Shapiro & Davis, 29-33 West 35th St.

CELLULOID sheet materials of all kinds. D. B. L. Products Corp., Woolworth Building, New York City. Phone Barclay 1007.

CHIFFON PLUSHES.—Silk pile, all colors, reasonable prices. Mad. Sq. 8608-8690.

CLOAKINGS AND OVERCOATINGS, melrons and thibets; also McKenney's overcoatings. Syrkin, Stuyvesant 4007.

CLOAKINGS.—¾ melton, cotton warp serges, 30, 36, 54 inches. Farragut 4446.

COATS.—On account of making preparations for Fall season will close 2,500 Spring coats, latest materials and shades, at reduced prices. J. Korostoff & Son, 36 West 20th.

COATS, &c.—Chinese embroidered mandarin coats, skirts, sleeve bands, and also fancy glass beads, graduated necklace and bracelets. 622 5th Av., Rooms 1405-1406.

COATS.—2,000 infants' and children's coats on racks; serges, silk poplins, wool poplins, and Delhi; ship today. Rosh & Mayers, 1,178 Broadway.

COATS.—Infants' and children's high-grade coats to close out at low price; fine all-wool materials. A. Bender & Son, 27 West 24th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Few hundred select garments at very reasonable prices; immediate delivery. Jos. A. Hollander, 24 W. 20th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Latest models in chicken styles, for immediate delivery. 122 West 34th St. Brodey & Birnbaum.

COATS AND SUITS.—Jobs to close out; up-to-the-minute styles. M. B. Kaufman, 6 West 22d St.

COATS.—1,000 at reduced prices; large variety, newest styles, cloths and silks. Louis Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS.—Closing out desirable Spring coats anr suits, all colors, many styles. I. Frank, 48 West 22d.

COATS.—2,000 coats of racks for immediate delivery; also job of sport coats. Louis Magidoff, 40 West 22d.

COATS AND SUITS.—Delivery today; big values; best sellers, from $10 up. I. Novick, 45 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS.—All shades, exceptional styles; immediate delivery. Talbot, 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Silvertone and Fisken tweed, for immediate delivery. Ginsburg, 137 West 25th St.

COATS.—Infants', children's, juniors', immediate delivery. Cass-Rosenthal, 153 West 27th.

COATS.—Stouts and regular coats on racks to ship today. Dunn, 127 West 25th.

COATS.—American poplin coats to close out. Tanenbaum & Bloom, 39 East 9th.

COATS.—Stouts and regular coats on racks to ship today. Dunn, 127 West 25th.

COATS, Suits.—High grade; close out at sacrifice. 1,170 Broadway, Room 403.

COATS.—300 serge to close out; all shades. I. M. Rellek, 143 West 19th St.

COATS AND SUITS, 1,000; immediate delivery. W. Phillips & Co., 145 West 28th.

COATS, poplins, gray clay, close out, $8.75. Rubin & Ulius, 50 West 17th.

COATS.—500, closing out; must start Fall line. Seeman, 345 West 34th.

COATS.—Poplin coats to sell cheap. I. Zellkow & Sons, 19 West 24th.

COATS.—Pile fabrics, for jobbing trade. N. Hurwitz & Son, 100 West 26th.

COTTON GOODS.—7,000 yards mercerized poplin, 27 inches wide, and 1,200 yards 30-inch voile. R. 199 Times.

COTTON GOODS.—Wiggin, candy-striped Renfrew, Rothman & Ginsburg, 467 Broadway. Canal 8203.

CREPE.—Have 45 pieces Jap striped crepe, close out 18c; net cash. Philadelphia Exchange, 147 North 12th St., Philadelphia.

CREPE DE CHINE.—All colors, 90c.; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 834 4th Av.

DELHI for sale, all colors. Farragut 2347.

DRESS FASTENERS.—First class spring dress fasteners, direct from factory, No. 0 and 00. Juno Dress Fastener and Manufacturing Co., 34 Pennsylvania Ave., Long Farm, Elizabeth, N. J. Phone 3348 Waverly.

DRESSES.—Anderson and Amoskeag cotton and silk gingham dresses, large variety of models, for immediate delivery; also job of gingham dresses to close out. Premier Costume Co., 12-14 West 32d.

DRESSES to close; jersey, taffetas, gorgette; also gingham dresses; distinctive styles and patterns; immediate delivery. Lorraine Dress Co., 41 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Silk sport dresses in all the new Spring materials for immediate delivery. Premier Costume Co., 12-14 West 32d.

DRESSES.—2,000 high grade silk novelty dresses to close out at a very low price. Kaufman Bros. & Ruthman, 122 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values, taffetas and crepe de chine, $5.75 to $7.50; jobs to close out. Loeb & Nussbaum, 31 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—High-grade line of new models; Jerseys, satin and taffeta dresses to close out. Louis Schwartz, 12 West 31st St.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values silks, cottons, ginghams; immediate delivery. Kleva Klad, 1,261 Broadway.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk and gingham dresses; close out for a price; immediate delivery. Gross & Leibowitz, 134 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Gingham, voile, and taffeta dresses on racks; immediate delivery. Congress Dress Co., 52 West 20th St.

DRESSES.—Desirable jobs, including road samples, at reductions. King & Applebaum, 39 West 32d St.

DRESSES to close out, popular prices, large variety for immediate delivery. Jacob Holtzman, 134 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—2,000 silk dresses to close out at a price. Pan American Dress Company, 12-14 West 21st St.

DRESSES.—Jersey, meteors, Georgettes, silk, cotton, ginghams; immediate delivery. Glockner, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Georgette; crepe de chine, taffetas, poplins, to close out. Paragon Dress, 150 West 25th.

DRESSES (500.) close out, Georgettes, taffetas; snappy styles. Bodow, 145 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—Job of silk dresses to close out. Cohen & Polowan, 19 West 21st.

DRESSES.—Job of silk dresses to close out at a price. Normana Dress Co., 279 5th Av.

DRESSES.—Silk, job at a price. Essanay Dress, 14 West 17th.

DRILLS.—10,000 yards 39-40 inches, 8-ounce cloth. Bernstein. Franklin 3306.

ENTIRE PLANT, sixteen machines, complete; various kinds. Paul Meyer Son, 1,785 Lexington Av.

FLANNELS. — Unbleached cotton F. S. flannel, elderdowns, serpentine crepe, ginghams. Bernstein. Franklin 3306.

GEORGETTE.—40-inch domestic, all colors in stock, $1.05; regular, to close out, 452 4th Av., Room 1205. Madison Square 3047.

GEORGETTES.—40-inch, $1.10, all colors; immed. deliv. M. Marks Co., 9380 Mad. Sq.

GINGHAMS.—Amoskeag and all other kinds of plaids for sale below market price. Central Mills, 487 Broadway.

GINGHAMS.—32-inch plaid, K. S. serge, Scotch plaid suitings, under the market price. 7020 Gramercy.

GINGHAMS.—We have on hand 5,000 yards of ginghams at a reasonable price. Louis Woolen Co., 640 Broadway. Spring 6785.

GINGHAMS.—Plaids, checks, and stripes; 32 inches. 32 West 20th St., 8th floor.

MELTONS.—500 pieces ¾ Botany B. C., 100 pieces velours K544, 100 pieces 0360, all colors. Gramercy 4409.

PIECE GOODS.—15,000 yards, consisting of white longcloth, solectte, voile, Madras, pique, muslin, black solectte; sacrifice. Hercules Knitting Co., 45 East 20th St. Gramercy 2026. Mr. Radler.

PIQUE.—36-inch, 30 pieces, cheap. Chauser, 19 West 21st St.

POPLINS—American 06077-974, three pieces at $2.25 net; Garfield's 4530-C442, two pieces, and 5002-B430, one piece, at $2.25 net. The John Anisfield Company, Cleveland, Ohio.

POPLINS.—American and Stevens in all high shades at $2.35 net. Madison Square 3660.

POPLINS.—Silk, 40-inch, for cloak, suit, and skirt trade; all colors; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 9380 Mad. Sq. 354 4th Av.

POPLINS.—J. P. Stevens, gray, tan, and Copen, at right price. Chelsea 2906.

POPLIN. — 06077, 3 pekin, 3 tan, 3 gray, $2.37½ net. Madison Square 6018.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

POPLINS.—Joel's poplin 6400, tan and gray. Madison Square 1270.

POPLIN.—90610, 06077, gray Clay, $2.82½. Madison Square 5966.

POPLIN.—Tan and copen, American; will sell cheap. Gramercy 4499.

POPLINS, high shades, for sale. Farragut 3377.

RADIUM TAFFETA.—40-in., all colors, $1.35; immediate deliv. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av.

SATEENS.—15,000 yards black, 35-36 inches; percales, chambray. Bernstein. Franklin 3306.

SATINES.—Blacks and colors; large quantities in all grades for immediate delivery below market value. Selena Manufacturing Co., 9 West 20th St.

SERGES.—W. F. X., S. B. G. L., V. S. L., 54289, 4408, 54268, 90, 9, 104, 1210, 228, 6002, 6120, 1464, 528, 11433. Call Gramercy 1064.

SERGES AND POPLINS.—0936, 99, 6002, 6122, 4040, 1855, 780, 2899, 8158, 1125, H. P. J. Blumenthal & Co., 221 4th Av. Stuyvesant 3828.

SERGES.—9, 99, 87, 1210, 787, 227, 54289, 7120, 9056, 10830, WFX, SPA, 544, 13046. Chas. Globus, 330 4th Av., Mad. Sq. 488.

SERGES.—9056 Copen; 180, 4040 Burgundy, 130; Newport, 22¾, 4408, 122½, 6234, navy, 2,122½. Farragut 2235.

SERGES.—9056 Copen; 180, 4040 Burgundy, 130; Newport, 22¾, 4408, 122½, 6234. Farragut 2235.

SERGES.—Whitman 87, 100 pieces navy, 104, 40 navy. Madison Square 6916.

SERGES.—25 pieces navy, Newport, 235. Gramercy 2170.

SERGE.—11433 or navy, $2.10 net cash. Farragut 4063.

SERGE 0360, Dunmore, black and navy. Farragut 15.

SERGES AND TRICOTINE.—6284, Garfield 4718. Botany 5889. Gramercy 1807.

SERGE.—104 Whitman, navy. Phone Farragut 354.

SHANTUNG.—50 pieces for sale, $10.50 each. Farragut 3395.

SKIRTS.—We have several thousand silk skirts in fancy stripes and fancy poplins; prices $2 up; best assortment and styles; excellent values. Greater New York Silk Co., 44 East 23d.

SKIRTS. — Washable; about 500, cheap. Chauser, 19 West 21st St.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Best on the market; six sizes, black, white, carded or bulk; cheap account overproduction. Madison Square 3358.

SUITS of the better grade, in all prevailing materials, for immediate delivery. Gittelson & Steinhaus, 19 West 34th St.

SUITS.—(1,500.) at reduced prices; large variety, newest styles, cloths and silks. Louis Ginsberg Co., 28 West 27th St.

SUITS and COATS.—1,000 well-assorted stock on the racks at reduced prices. Wolf & Mosheim, 12 West 32d St.

SUITS and COATS.—Better grade, for immediate delivery. Third floor, 160 Madison Av.

SUITS, Silks, Poplin, Serges, stylish stouts, popular prices. Greenberg, 137 West 25th St.

SUITS.—200 suits on the racks, snappy styles, at reduced prices. S. Kurian & Co., 143 Madison Av.

SUITS AND COATS.—1,000, immediate delivery W. Phillips & Co., 145 West 28th.

SUITS, COATS.—Chicken styles, all shades; exceptional values. Premier, 16 East 33d.

SUITS AND COATS.—Fine sample line to close out. J. Lesser, 47 West 34th St.

SUITS, COATS.—To close out at big reduction. D. Gutman Co., 45 West 24th.

SUITS, snappy styles, all shades, on racks. Harry Lifford, 122 West 27th St.

SUITS.—On racks at reduced prices. N. Hurwitz & Son, 100 West 26th.

SUITS.—Misses', good style, and snappy coats. Lee Hexter, 38 West 25th.

SUITS, job, to close out, all sizes, $8.75. Rubin & Ulius, 50 West 17th.

SUITS.—Exceptional values to close out. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th.

SWEATERS.—Slipons, wool, fibre, $16.50 dozen up; lots to close. Peerless, 1 East 28th St.

TAFFETA, Charmeuse, Satin Duchess, Wash Satin, Silk Jersey, and Crepe de Chine for immediate delivery. Sigmund Heyman, 237 4th Av. Gramercy 1240.

TAFFETAS.—All grades, all colors; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av.

TRICOTINE.—Black and navy; velour and duvet, Spring shades, navy, poiret, gray, vigoureux. Madison Square 2967.

TRICOTINES.—Garfields and Botany; also Poiret twill and serges. Farragut 3386.

TRIMMINGS.—Jobs of braid laces, lace collars. Schrank & Frankel, 145 W. 30th St.

TWEED.—Stevens No. 7716 tweed, $1.55 flat net; Patt, No. 3, 14 pieces; No. 1 and No. 2, 7 pieces each. Watson, 402 Burd Bldg., Philadelphia.

VELOURS.—All shades at $2.40; Gross' serges at $2.15; golf cloth at $1.75; white chinchilla, $1.35. Madison Square 1519.

VELOURS.—American 544, black, $8.15; 0360, gray and tan, at $2.35. Madison Square 596.

WASH SATINS.—Ivory, flesh, $1.05; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., Mad. Sq. 9380.

WOOLENS.—8,000 yards, 36-inch, suitable for skirts, suits, or clothing; 72 net cash. Meyer, 801 Medinah Bldg., Chicago.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS Wanted on gingham dresses; our material; quantity orders; bring samples all day. Lincoln Dress Company, 39 West 32d St.

CONTRACTORS Wanted. — Silk underwear; steady work. Vantine Underwear Co., 115 West 20th St.

CONTRACTORS on silk and cotton dresses; call all week with samples. Room 800, 26 West 17th St.

CONTRACTORS wanted on popular priced silk waists. Call Chelsea 9659.

Help Wanted.

CREDIT MAN Wanted.—Good collecting experience and thorough knowledge of cloak, suit, and dress trade; state salary, experience, and houses employed. A 6 Times.

MAN.—Progressive dress concern wishes service of young man able to command trade and manage office; salary no object. Gem Novelty, 80 West 15th St.

SALESMAN wanted, calling on department stores in the United States, to handle side line; liberal commission; sample fits vest pocket; sells on sight; this is an interesting proposition for live wires. Modelo Co., 1,132 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in selling laces and embroideries, to travel for reliable concern; commission basis only. Call Mechlin Lace Works, 170 5th Av., between 10 and 11.

SALESMAN with established following, city and office trade, popular-price dresses; drawing account in proportion to business. Perfection Dress Co., 85 East 10th.

SALESMEN wanted for all territories; strong line ladies' dresses; commission. R 197 Times.

Situations Wanted.

MILLINERY.—Business man, who has 10 years' experience manufacturing and selling trimmed hats, wants proposition from established firm. E., 276 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wants a good line of ladies' waists to represent in Ohio or Michigan State, on commission basis; can furnish best of references and bond. Write to A. Teitelbaum, 10,404 Barrett Av., Cleveland, Ohio.

VEILING.—Young man, 28, married, executive of highest ability, originator, manipulator of merchandise, style creator, is open for connection. Proficient, 223 Times Downtown.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 p. c. for the best names
Saturday .....6 " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

Sleeveless Waists Popular.

Though there are many waist designs selling this Spring, the sleeveless models are reported by a number of local manufacturers to be among the most popular features introduced so far this year. They have been worked out in a great many attractive variations by different manufacturers, and are said to be having a ready sale in practically every section of the country. Mixtures of dark but rich colors in designs of an Oriental nature are even more popular in these creations, it is said, than the brighter and more conventional effects.

Women Will Dress Despite War.

Easter business this year, in the opinion of several authorities in the women's ready-to-wear industry in this city, serves as a concrete refutation of the prediction made in some quarters that women are not going to buy smart clothes while the country is at war. Many gorgeously designed and brilliantly executed dresses, as well as coats and suits, had a very heavy pre-Easter sale, and price seemed to be very little considered in the high-grade merchandise. "While the war lasts women will dress better not worse," said one authority, "just as they have been doing in England ever since the war started."

Returned Goods Evil Decreases.

The percentage of merchandise returned in the local department stores during the last month is said to have been remarkably low. In spite of the fact that a large Easter business was done, it is said that the record of returned goods is considerably lower than it was during the same period a year ago. Trade authorities believe that it is a great deal the result of more careful buying on the part of the public, prompted, it is thought, partly by their desire to co-operate with the stores in eliminating this evil and partly by the high prices which tend to cut down impulsive purchases.

Gray Goods Buying Fair.

While it lacked much of the snap that characterized trading in the recent past, a fairly active business was done in the local gray goods market yesterday. Prices generally were firm and new levels were reached in some instances. For instance, April lots of 39-inch 68-72s were sold at 19 cents, and the same was true of 38½-inch 64-60s at 17 cents. Nearby sales of 39-inch 56-44s were put through at 14½ cents, and further business, for similar delivery, was done on 38½-inch 60-48s at 15½ cents. In some quarters 22½ cents is asked for 39-inch 80 squares, but they can still be had here at 22. In the coarse goods, sales of four-yard 48-square sheetings were made at 21½ cents, with most sellers asking 22 cents for nearby lots of four-yard 56-60 sheetings. Printcloth prices closed this way:

39-inch, 80-80s	22c	38½-inch, 64-60s	17c
39-inch, 72-76s	21c	38½-inch, 64-56s	16½c
39-inch, 68-72s	19c	38½-inch, 60-52s	15¾c
39-inch, 56-44s	14¾c	38½-inch, 60-48s	15½c
38½-inch, 64-64s	17¼c	27-inch, 64-60s	12½c

Large Handkerchief Orders.

Wholesalers who now have men on the road taking orders for handkerchiefs being told of, despite the current prising increase in advance sales as compared with last year. All classes of goods are sharing in this business, an especially good run on linen handkerchiefs being told of, despite the current high prices. Men's linen goods, for instance, that a year or so ago jobbed at $2.75 a dozen, are now priced at $4 or thereabouts. Cotton handkerchiefs are up about 60 per cent. as compared with 1917 prices, but this increase is not considered excessive in view of the sharp advance that has taken place in unfinished cottons in the meantime. The rise in silk handkerchiefs is said to have been, in percentages, the smallest of all. A great many Japanese silk goods are now being disposed of in this country.

Formal Evening Gowns Selling.

Evening gowns, even those of a strictly formal nature, are proving to be very much in demand this season, according to several of the leading dressmakers on Fifth Avenue. "Gorgeously simplified effects," as the head of one establishment expressed it, are usually preferred by the best dressed women. Some simple models, fitted and somewhat on the order of the princess gown, and with moderately narrow skirts, depend for their effectiveness on the rich materials and the brilliant colors employed. With many of these gowns a good figure is a prime necessity. Net is being used a great deal for trimming and for draped effects.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, Ga.—R. L. Jones & Co.; R. L. Jones, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
ALLENTOWN, Penn.—Hess Bros.; J. Diefenderfer, dress goods, silks; 41 Union Square.
ALTOONA, Penn.—L. Bergman, jobs Spring coats; 37 West 26th.
ATHENS, Ga. — Manhattan Hat Co.; F. Phillips, hats; Imperial.
ATLANTA, Ga. — Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Co.; Mrs. M. R. Ballantine, children's wear; 20 E. 46th; Collingwood.
ATLANTA, Ga. — M. Rich Bros. Co.; Mrs. R. Kling, corsets, muslin underwear, infants' wear; 1,150 Broadway.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quelimalz, cotton piece goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; Mrs. M. Katz, infants' wear, women's knit, flannellette wear; 404 4th Av.
BALTIMORE — Harris Clothing Co.; I. Harris, boy's clothing; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Artistic Neckwear Mfg. Co.; L. Katz, neckwear materials; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss A. Brauer, millinery; 2 West 37th.
BALTIMORE—Bernheimer Bros. & Co.; L. Goodman, dress goods, silks; L. Michelson, millinery; A. M. Goldsmith, men's, boys' clothing; 470 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; Miss C. H. Hall, infants' wear; Miss T. Stern, corsets; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Ochs & Frank; J. Frank, waists, dress materials; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; S. Blum, jewelry, toys; Imperial.
BALTIMORE — Schwartzman Sample Store; H. Schwartzman, women's apparel; Imperial.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.—J. L. Morgan Co.; H. L. Riggs, piece goods, blankets; Grand.
BOSTON—"Butler's"; J. Griffith, ready-to-wear; 1,150 Broadway.
BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; W. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Mrs. Quinn, infants' wear; basement buyers; Mr. Cohen, ready-to-wear; Mrs. Palmer, waists; Mrs. Ford, millinery; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—C. E. Fogg Co.; C. E. Fogg, rugs; Manhattan.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Morrissey, women's skirts; F. Phillips, women's coats; Miss O'Callaghan, misses' suits; Miss Hill, machine-made dresses; basement buyers, Mr. Dutch, coats, suits; Miss Dartt, infants' wear, petticoats; Miss Sweeney, millinery; Mr. Riordan, kimonos, negligees, house dresses; Mr. Hahn, jewelry, leather goods; Mr. Levy, waists; Mr. Whipple, general mdse.; Mr. Schroeder, corsets, muslin underwear; 116 West 32d.
BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; R. B. Stern, fancy goods, toilet articles, perfumery, jewelry; 25 West 33d.
BOSTON.—R. H. White Co.; P. D. Slocum, furs; 470 4th Av.
BOSTON—Ferris & Robinson; 'R. S. Ferris, representing; Navarre.
BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; J. F. O'Brien, women's coats, suits; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Crawford Plummer Co.; A. Crawford, coats, suits; Miss M. Miller, misses', children's wear; 12 W. 31st.
BOSTON—R. A. Cobb Co.; S. H. Cutting, piece goods; Holland House.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearns Co.; W. I. Wood, leather goods; Carlisle; Mrs. J. B. Knox, millinery, neckwear, ribbons; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; J. A. Belyea, women's neckwear; Mr. Foley, representing; E. A. Brown, jewelry; F. A. Bunker, women's coats, skirts; Miss Armstrong, waists, sweaters, basement; J. H. Jury, dresses; F. E. Ruggles, children's hosiery, knit underwear; Miss Mahoney, corsets; Miss A. W. Anderson, men's furn. goods; E. H. Bell, upholstery goods; Miss Maddock, millinery; T. Brennan, gloves; A. G. Sanborn, silks; Mrs. S. Grant, stouts, coats, suits, dresses, waists; S. E. Emery, petticoats, cotton underwear; C. H. Hurd, women's hosiery, knit underwear; 432 4th Av.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn.—Dorsen Dry Goods Co.; M. Getz, women's hosiery, underwear, men's furnishing goods; J. Stramlak, women's, children's shoes; A. Dorsen, general merchandise; 1,133 Broadway.
BRIDGEPORT—Howland D. G. Co.; E. J. Howland, dress goods; 404 4th Av.
BRIDGEPORT, Conn. — C. Misch; H. N. Walder, ready-to-wear; 1,261 Broadway.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—M. Davis & Co.; M. Davis, cloaks, suits, millinery; Somerset.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. Krause, draperies; 404 4th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Flint & Kent; J. G. Edwards, representing; 220 5th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—Clawson & Wilson Co.; C. B. Stanbro, rugs; 48 Leonard.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; Miss K. M. Galligan, muslin underwear; 230 5th Av.
BUFFALO, N. Y.—H. A. Meldrum Co.; J. J. Cronin, general mdse.; J. J. Sweeney, furn. goods, hosiery; 404 4th Av.
CARLISLE, Penn. — Bowman & Co.; Mrs. Kookem, general mdse.; 1,270 B'way; Continental.
CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa—C. Denecke Co.; F. J. Schroeder, ready-to-wear; 1,270 B'way.
CHARLESTON, S. C.—M. Furchgott & Sons; M. Furchgott, ready-to-wear; 353 4th Av.; Latham.
CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie Scott & Co.; W. J. Martin, buttons, notions; A. A. Durkee, ribbons; C. Davies, dress goods; 404 4th Av.
CHICAGO—Schlesinger & Mayer; W. Schwartz, piece goods; Marlborough.
CHICAGO—Rothschild & Co.; H. A. Koch, millinery; Miss L. A. Griffin, waists; Mrs. G. Dolman, infants' wear; 470 4th Av.
CHICAGO—12th Street Store; C. S. Mayer, men's, boys' clothing, hats; G. I. Kalen, muslin underwear, infants' wear, house dresses; 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Montgomery Ward & Co.; C. Gilbert, millinery, gloves; J. H. Hawkins, hosiery, underwear, infants' wear, corsets; 200 5th Av.
CHICAGO—Sol Klein, Inc.—J. Gross, men's, boys' clothing, hats; H. Bos, silks, dress, cotton goods; L. Weitzenfeld, jobs coats, wash dresses; S. Klein, general merchandise; 1,133 Broadway.
CHICAGO—I. Bezark; J. Teller, dresses; R. 1910, 15 E. 26th.
CHICAGO—The Catalogue House; Miss L. Laden, women's, misses', juniors', children's Fall and

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—378—New York Life Ins. Co., plain., v. L. F. Dodge.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and cause remanded for further proceedings not inconsistent with the opinion of this court.

The Chief Justice announced the following orders of the court:

Original—Ex parte in the matter of Hassan Abdu et al.—Motion for leave to file a petition for writ of mandamus granted and a rule to show cause awarded returnable Mon., April 29.

Original—Ex parte in the matter of H. L. Sigelschiffer, pet.—Motion for leave to file petition for writ of mandamus denied.

20—Original—State of Minn., comp., v. F. K. Lane, Sec. of Interior, et al.—ordered that the motion to dismiss herein be set down for oral argument on Mon., April 15.

348—Ex parte R. R. Co., pet., v. J. Hill, Jr., an infant, by his next friend, and E. J. Hill.—Ordered placed on summary docket.

583—J. Dillon v. Strathearn Steamship Co., claimant, &c.—Motion of steamship Strathearn to advance granted and case assigned for argument on Oct. 14.—Motion on behalf of the British Embassy for leave to intervene herein as amicus curiæ and to file brief and take part in the oral argument granted.

756—B. F. Looney, Attorney General, et al., splts., v. Eastern Texas R. R. Co. et al.—Further consideration of the motions to dismiss postponed to hearing on the merits.

901—W. C. Sterrett, as receiver, &c., pet., v. Second Nat. Bank of Cincinnati.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals granted.

935—E. Sandberg et al., pet., v. J. McDonald, claimant, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals granted.

936—P. Nielsen et al., pet., v. Rhine Shipping Co., claimant, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Second Circuit Court of Appeals granted.

937—J. Hardy et al., pet., v. Shepard & Morse Lumber Co., claimant, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Second Circuit Court of Appeals granted.

893—Consolidation Coal Co., pet., v. C. Salyer, admrx., &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Sixth Circuit Court of Appeals denied.

906—The Cooper Grocery Co., pet., v. G. H. Penland, trustee, &c.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals denied.

908—Maryland Casualty Co., pet., v. First National Bank of Montgomery, Ala.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals denied.

915—Compania Palomas de Terrenos y Gandos et al., pet., v. S. Lindauer et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals denied.

922—T. Hollis, pet., v. the U. S. and 913—S. Patterson, pet., v. same.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals submitted for pet. and resp.

941—Rensselaer & Saratoga R. R. Co., pet., v. R. Irwin, Collector of Internal Rev.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Second Circuit Court of Appeals submitted for pet. and resp.

894—White Gulch Mining Co., pet., v. Industrial Accident Commission of State of Cal. et al.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Cal. Supreme Court submitted for pet. and for resp.

574—L. & N. R. R. Co., plain., v. C. H. Rice.—Advanced pursuant to 32d Rule and cause submitted for plain. and for def.

890—F. Shaw et al., pets., v. F. K. Lane, Sec. of the Interior.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Dist. of Col. Court of Appeals submitted for splts.

922—J. Hollis, pet., v. the U. S. and 913—S. Patterson, pet., v. same.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals submitted for pet. and for resp.

941—Rensselaer & Saratoga R. R. Co., pet., v. R. Irwin, Collector of Internal Rev.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Second Circuit Court of Appeals submitted for pet. and for resp.

895—W. B. Bales, plain., v. the U. S.—Motion to advance submitted for plain.

918—The Denver & Rio Grande R. R. Co., pet., v. The New York, N. H. & H. R. R. Co., as trustee.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Second Circuit Court of Appeals submitted for pet. and for resp.

919—South Coast Steamship Co., pet., v. J. C. Rudbach.—Petition for writ of certiorari to Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals submitted for pet.

213—International & Great Northern R. R. Co. et al. v. Anderson County et al.—Leave granted to file additional brief for plains.

287—P. Gutierrez, plain., v. W. B. Grant, sole surviving executor of the will and estate of F. B. Cotton, deceased.—Dismissed per stipulation.

Adjourned until Monday, April 15. Call for April 15: Nos. (original.) 701, 756, 130, 333, 623, 657, 640, 752, 735, 739, 799, and 650, (and 651.)

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, Hough, and Manton, JJ.—Room 433, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.

Erber<US.
Re Machine Metal Co.
Reed<US.
Hodge<Keyer.
O'Connell<Moran.
Leh Val RR<Pidcock.
Leh Val Co<Tug Transfer 17.

DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J.—In Room 1, Woolworth Bldg., 12th floor, at 10:30 A. M.—Equity.

Am Graphophone Co<Emerson Phono Co.
Louisiana Rice Milling Co<Moses.
Isaacs<Goldstein, Kirshner & Co.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.—Criminal calendar.

US<Fennimore, (on trial.)
Same<Louis and Malvina Gray.
Same<Reilly.
Same<Groth.

Same<Olsen.
Law calendar:
Kever<Phila & Rdg C & I Co.
Guisick<Pine Hill Coal Co.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Re objections of Carrick local option law.
Hardin<Robinson et al
N Y Landt<N Y Cen.
Pasdick<Metal Sh Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Smith, Page, and Shearn, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.

In re Tillinghast.
McKegney<Van Beuren & N Y Bill P.
Weeks<Wpeks.
Wilker<D'Oeri & Co.
Franklin Bldg Co<Finn et al.
Nehring Co<Hanson.
Larson & Son<Newmark.
Fontana<Fontana.

APPELLATE TERM—Bijur, Whitaker, and Delehanty, JJ.—At 10 A. M. Appeals from the Municipal Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Guy, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Miller<Kremer.
Am Exch Nat Bank<Equitable Office Bldg Co.
Stephens<Stephens.
Anderton<I G Realty.
Breger<Etna.
La Roy<D'Avenel.
Same<Gelston.
Same<Moore.
Same<Deklenk.
Belle<Lynch.
Same<Cahn.
Thornburn<Gates.
Clute<Bassett.
Pitoff<Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co.
Fisher<Fisher.
Ward<Anderson & Co.
Re City Island Land & Dock Co.
People, &c<Chevra Chaside Sadigera, &c
Saverese<Saverese.
Gulnan<Cohn.
Elliman Co<Wade.
Gen Film Co<Liverpool & London & G Ins Co.
Schwartz<N Y Cons RR.
Rosenberg<Brooklyn, Queens & Co. RR.
Rosenthal<N Y Cons RR.
Bandier<same.
Cohen<same.
Dukas<Calvin Rty Co.
Coval<Weiss.
Byrnes<Byrnes.
Prescott<O'Donohue.
Anchor Post Iron Wks<Dorwin.
Shea<Young & Co.
Bradley<N Y Co Nat Bank.
Palin<Palin.
Jatchok<Shrier.
Waters<Smith.
Lesinski<Greeley Sq Hotel Co.
Wallace<Tillotson & Wolcott Co.
People, &c<Rodgers.
Re Rosedale Av.(Westchester Av.)
Mahoney<Costwise Lumber & Supply Co.
Reum<Pletz.
Ward<N Y Ophthalmic Hospital.
Re Sommerich.
Emig Ind Sav Bank<Of Beirne.
Day<Werner.
Van Alen<Wolkoff.

PART II.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.

PART I.—Finch, J.—Motions:
Lincoln Trust Co<Brightman.
Penna F I<Prentice(2)
Re Dexter (327 E 11th St.)
Kimball<Kimball.
Allen<N J Fid, &c, Ins Co.
Met Trust<Stuart (2.)
Metzger<Metzger.

Fischel<Siegel.
Romeike<Romeike P C Bureau.
Harriman<Ecker.
Diamond<Victor Land & Improvement Co.
Greisen<Greisen.
Monroe<Monroe.
Levine<Toumey.
Redman<Redman.
Field<Goldhagen.
Karpen<Karpen.
Klesen<Kissen.
Lee<Lee.
Brody<Brooy.
Hutchinson<Hutchinson.
Feldbaum<Schumacher.
Denivelle<Denivelle.
Peltier<Eagle Sav & L.
Gellineau<Gellineau.
Kadis<Kadis.
Koehler<Secur Exch.
Mayers<Kerns Const.
Cohen<Cohen & W.
McCarthy<Mason Mot.
Zelenko<Eagle S & L Co. (2.)
Eff & Richards.
Laurino<Laurino.
Coffey<Smith.
Buchler<Buchler.
Abelman<Abelman.
Bronon Film Corp<Fox Film Corp.
Fox Film Corp<Bronon Film Corp.
Bronon<Fox Film.
Case on.

PART IV.—(March Term Continued)—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on—Hart<Hart.

PART IV.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on.

PART V.—Tierney, J.—At 10:30 A. M.
Case on.

PARTS VII., VII., and VIII.—Not in session.

TRIAL TERMS.—Part II.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M.
Farnum<Bengal Trading Co, Inc.
Clear.

PART III.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.
Silberman<Block.
Goldberg<Burrows.
Erpe<Belt Line Ry.
Slattery<Ruppert.
Vlezer<Clausen-Flanagan Brewery.
Johnson<N Y Ry.
Kalstein<Juillard.
Coughlin<Westminster Kennel Club, (2.)
Coughlin<Whitman(2).
Finkelstein<McArdle.
Nemeth<Int R T Co.
Rosenzweig<N Y Cons RR.
Nicolls<Kelly.
Susanski<Neuman.
Berrie<Willys Utility Truck Co.
Marchese<Pfled.
Listna<McAllister.
Labriola<N Y C RR (2)
Lane<Manley.
Devlin<Darrow.
Hannah<Hannah.
Brosnan<Studebaker Corp of Am.
Cohen<Equitable Life Assur Soc of U S.
Geffen<Young.
Helfand<I R T.
Veney<N Y Rys.
McKenna<French Machine Co.
Giampino<N Y Life Ins & Trust Co.
Zozolak<O'Gorman.
Marotti<N Y Cent RR.
Liscata<Kenny.
Sheridan<Con Gas N Y
Jacob<same.
Fitzgerald<N Y Med Col & Hosp for W.
Gelsomino<Schutz.
Yokel<Yokel.
Gordon<Roskin.
Horan<U & N R R.
Rikin<Rikin.
Cala<Beall.
Temlak<N Y Rys.
Metzler<Muller.
Melnick<Melnick.
McNairn<N Y Rys.
Kowalsky<Reardon.
Kelly<Co.
Lamonica<Ritter.

PART XIV.—Mullan, J.—At 10 A. M.
Kochanowski<Bruno.
McAvoy<Dry Dock Co Oil.
Wilds<Bd of Educ.
Hughes<Cleary.
Gant<Cutting, Larson & Co.
Perlman<Donohue.
Dalton<Webber.
Brown<Carpenter.
Gergulich<California Wineries & Dist.
Gillette Safety Razor Co<Austin Baldwin & Co.
Hasbrouck Flooring<United Cork Co.
Kelly<Washburn.
Kaye<Colpin.
Gt Central Palace Co<Kovensky.
Campe Corp<D A Higgins

Superior Offices

Single or en Suite

11,000 Sq. Ft.

Available May 1st

United States Realty & Improvement Co.

Owns and Operates

Flatiron (Fuller) Building

Fifth Ave. and 23rd Street

Mountain Lakes

Healthful Mountain Air. Established, Select Community.
800 Feet Elevation. Two Picturesque Lakes. 350 Homes.
Golf and Country Clubs. Ideal Climate for Year-round Living.
Easy Commutation.

Finest Express Service.

This Week's Bargain.

Plot 100x214 Feet.

Price $9,000. A little cash;

Balance on very easy terms.

A charming 10-room home of Moorish design, with tiled baths; huge old-fashioned open fireplaces; wide, comfortable verandas and big, high, airy rooms; everything modern and new—electric light, steam heat, parquet floors; all conveniences; special servants' quarters. Compare with any $15,000 house anywhere. Photos of this and other houses on request.

MOUNTAIN LAKES, Inc.
170 Broadway, N. Y. Tel. 1521 Cort.

WATERFRONT HOME, 150 FT. ACTUAL SHORE FRONT, IN FAMOUS MONTCLAIR-MORRISTOWN SECTION, SACRIFICE PRICE, $12,500. MORTGAGE $7,000. ONLY $5,500 TO PAY. EASY TERMS.

On beautiful lawn plot 150 ft. by 240 ft., many fine old oaks, flowers and shrubs; aristocratic surroundings and neighbors; only a few minutes' walk to express station of D., L. & W., 47 mins. on train to N. Y. C.; now ready for occupancy; luxuriously fitted with every modern convenience.

Riparian Rights on Two Picturesque Lakes.

11 big rooms; 2 huge open fireplaces, 4 large bedrooms, 3 tiled baths, glazed conservatory; all handsomely finished in parquet floors, white enamel and chestnut trim; very conveniently located as to markets, schools, churches and several country clubs near by; 1100 feet elevation; sparkling, pure artesian water. Ideal for summer & winter.

Write or 'phone Geo. R. Peare, 640 Riverside Drive, N. Y. City. 6634 Audubon.

270 PARK AVE

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

47 to 48 Street — Park to Madison Av.

10 to 17 Rooms
4 to 6 Baths
$5,100 to $15,000

Garden seen thro Archway

Ritz-Carlton Restaurant

Douglas L. Elliman & Co.

At 48th St. — Specialists in Residential Properties. — 5600 Murray Hill

414 MADISON AVE.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Attractive Home with Garage

Price, $5,500. Only $500 required. Seven large, airy rooms; cozy inglenook with fireplace; sanitary gas kitchen; living and dining rooms are spacious and handsomely finished; piazza; plenty of closet room; tiled bath; built by owner by day's work for own occupancy. Must sell owing to removal. Good transportation, schools, clubs, &c. Full particulars mailed upon request. This is a bargain.

G. A. ROFF, Room 516, 47 West 34th St.

A COMPLETE HOME.

PRICE, $9,750. WORTH $11,000.

In New York's best suburb; 35 minutes out; good transportation, schools, clubs, &c.; house has nine spacious rooms, two baths, handsome den with huge fireplace, plenty of piazza space, all conveniences and improvements. No expense was spared in the construction and finishing of this most modern and complete home. Full particulars mailed. F. W. Waggoner, Room 520, 47 West 34th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

SHOW ROOMS and OFFICES

210 Fifth Avenue

Overlooking Madison Square Park. About 1,500 or 4,000 Sq. Ft.

14 West 40th Street

Opposite the New York Public Library. 2,500 Sq. Ft.

Immediate Possession if Desired. Reasonable Rentals.

FRED'K FOX & CO., Inc.

Phone Vanderbilt 540. 14 W. 40th St.

28 West 49th St., Adjoining 5th Ave.

2 Stores — One 1900 Sq. Ft. Other 1000 Sq. Ft.

Suitable high class business. Reasonable Rent. Modern show windows. Building just remodelled.

BRETT, 501 5th Ave., Room 1115.

11 WEST 46th STREET

2nd floor, 22x95. Exceptionally light; elevator. Suitable for Dressmaker, Tailor, Milliner, etc. Long lease; moderate rent. Inquire ground floor store.

CORNER STORE, B'way, Nr. 57th St.

Splendid Location for High Class Store or Show Rooms

James A. Dowd, 874 Sixth Avenue. Circle 32.

OFFICES TO LET

37-39 East 28th St.

Fireproof building; $25 to $50 per month. N. A. Berwin & Co., Inc., 56 West 45th St.

133 WEST 72D ST.

MODERN BUILDING FOR Physicians and Dentists.

Single suite for rent.

INQUIRE SUPERINTENDENT.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

41 Park Row

and

147 Nassau Street

A corner office in this modern sixteen-story office building has unexpectedly come into our hands for rent. If in need of office room, it is worth your immediate inspection.

Apply on the premises to

E. A. TREDWELL, Agent.

A Bargain

4,600 Square Feet

at 50 cents per foot.

Top Floor; fine light and air.

Nos. 239-43 Fourth Av

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Apply to

BRETT & GOODE CO.,

461 Eighth Ave. Greeley 5750.

OFFICE & FLOOR SPACE

MODERATE RENTAL.

Permanent Light. Immediate Possession.

DIVIDE TO SUIT

Night and Holiday Elevator Service.

THE MONOLITH

AGENT ON PREMISES.

45 W. 34th St. Tel. Greeley 3800.

BUSINESS PROPERTY FOR SALE.

BROOKLYN.

TO SETTLE AN ESTATE.

FACTORY FOR SALE.

24,000 sq. ft. floor space; $30,000; mill construction, fine condition, complete, ready to occupy now, Brooklyn; ideal location for transport facilities and help; terms. Attorney, Post Office Box 529, New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

ON PARK AVENUE

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED APARTMENT 6 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $225 MONTH. SIX MONTHS OR LONGER.

R. de FLOREZ, 2890 MURRAY HILL 402 MADISON AVE.

REAL ESTATE.

Ideal estates, $5,000 to $50,000, which cost $7,000 to $100,000; terms or trade; limousine service. Donnell-Holmes, 43 Cedar. Tel. John 5928.

Building for Sale.—Good, small garage; great centre automobile repairing. Main 4771.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

FOR SALE.

Factory sites, 50 and 75 by 100 and larger, in proposed free Federal zone, convenient to all shipping points. Garvey, 197 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, 873 Greenpoint.

LOTS, $450; near new subway to Times Square; high ground. A 264 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn, 24 acres valuable water front; Jamaica, 23 acres for sale or exchange for Manhattan income. Rohrer, 62 West 51st St.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

Lots near new subway, $25 cash, $5 monthly. Kent, owner, 9 West 45th St.

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

MUST BE SOLD THIS WEEK.

Great sacrifice; two-family brick, $4,500; $300 cash, balance terms; act quickly. Mrs. Nancey, Box A 804 Times Downtown.

Jamaica factory building, 95x95, two story; will sell at big sacrifice; can add two additional stories. Storms, 11 Herriman Av., Jamaica.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

BELLE HARBOR.—Corner lots, nearest station, worth $1,000 each, will sacrifice for $500. Owner, 46 Beach 113th, Rockaway.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN PROPERTY, elevated, overlooking Hudson; half mile from full express station and less than one hour from Grand Central; all buildings new and modern; all-year house, six rooms and bath; exceptional poultry house, garage, and barn; about 14 acres and brook. OWNER, R 96 Times.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY PROPERTIES, GEORGE HOWE, 527 Fifth Av., N. Y.

Real Estate Wanted.

I have buyers for really attractive Manhattan bargains. Harry B. Hayes, 29 Broadway.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Several well rented houses in fine repair, 35 minutes from New York, to exchange for New England country place; equity $50,000; satisfied tenants with long leases; only answers with full particulars considered. Box 61, Station W, New York.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

LIGHT LOFT TO SUBLET

for two years, where lease may be continued; 11th floor; 25x135; light on four sides; 2 passenger and 2 freight elevators; adapted to showroom or light manufacturing; price $2,500. The Gill Engraving Co., 140 5th Av.

FINE LARGE CORNER SPACE & STORE. Suitable mercantile business. Splendid window display. All front light. Immediate possession. Agent on premises. Room 904, 93 Nassau St.

WOODWORKING PLANT TO LEASE.

Machinery and Plant for Sale.

Occupying 20,000 feet, in central Manhattan; immediate possession. Address "Cabinet," 176 Times.

For Rent—Store, 11 Columbus Av., 30x35; successfully operated fourteen years by R. H. Long Shoe Company; reasonable rental. Apply St. Paul Hotel, 60th St. and Columbus Av.

Furnished offices and desk room with telephone and stenographic service in high-class office building directly connected with subway express station. Room 212, 51 East 42d.

Woodworking plant in New York to lease or sell; thoroughly equipped for any kind of woodwork; space 10,500 square feet. R 18 Times.

46 EAST 66TH ST.

Four story and basement private dwelling, suitable for business or rooming house; cheap rent. Arthur M. Bullowa, 280 Madison Av.

Phone Rector 5664-5665 for Offices and Lofts in Manhattan. Sub-leasing our specialty. G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc., 115 Broadway.

Loft, (top,) Columbus Circle, 311 West 59th St., containing north skylights; 22x90; modern elevator building. Apply premises, or Rieser, phone 5350 Madison Square.

Bargain.—Large light loft, oh 5th Av., above 42d St.; sublease; manufacturing allowed. Gulden, 542 5th Av., (45th.)

Private office, with loft, storage space, one block from Canal St. station of new B. R. T. subway. 4th floor, 441 Broadway.

Top loft, 5,000 square feet, daylight, steam heat, and power, low rent. "Engineer," 540 West 23d. Telephone Franklin 1396.

34TH, 47 WEST.—Will sublet half office, with full service; also desk room; best location in city. Greeley 188.

Broadway, 3,448½, at 140th St.—Large store; ideal for millinery, ladies' wear, &c. Apply on premises.

42D.—Two large rooms to sublet at very reasonable terms. Call Room 516, 47 West 42d St.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 398, (100th St.)—Large double store for rent. Apply 850 1st Av.

Amsterdam Av., 1,304, (near 125th St.)—Store for rent, suitable grocery, &c. Apply 650 1st Av.

42D, 57 WEST.—Parlor floor, suitable doctor, clean business, or living; parquet floors.

Front basement, with parquet floor and electricity; 57 West 52d; all conveniences.

Very large rear parlor at 180 Madison Av.; parquet floor; electricity; reasonable.

Furnished offices and desk room; service. Suite 308, 51 East 42d St.

Stores and lofts, 5th Av. section; Summer concessions. Gulden, 542 5th Av.

WILLIS AV.—Double store; reasonable rent. Ernst, 68 William St.

Desk room, bright office. Inquire Room 68, 116 Broad St.

Brooklyn.

Over 100,000 square feet sprinkled floor space; good shipping, help, and accessible to Manhattan. Also smaller spaces, waterfronts, and railroad sidings. Baffa & Dixon, 228 B'way, Brooklyn. Tel. Williamsburg 72.

Entire building, containing 4,000 feet, suitable for manufacturing; 20x80 feet; splendid light; 111 South 6th St., Brooklyn. Apply Rieser, 28th St. and 1st Av. Phone Madison Square 5850.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Wanted, immediately, between 14th and 42d Sts., store and basement or lofts, about 2,000 square feet; rent about $850. Consolidated Filter Co., 136 West 65th.

FARMS.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

5-acre farm, small house, barn, chicken coop, &c.; just the place for small family to raise their own products; best location and soil for poultry raising; owner must sacrifice this property for $1,900, $500 cash and balance must be arranged. Write for further particulars to "Farm Owner," Box 214 Times Downtown.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

SAVE MONEY AND LIVE BETTER AT LONG BRANCH, N. J.

Fresh vegetables at farmers' market, and sea food cheap; room for poultry and home gardens; high land; fertile soil; New York commutation 35 cents a day; all city conveniences; cottages rent from $300 up; lots sell from $800 up. Write for information to P. O. Box 145, Long Branch, N. J.

90-acre farm, near Boonton, N. J., brick house, 14 rooms, with improvements, cottage and farm buildings; bargain. E. J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

Orange County farm for rent or sale; six-room house, barn, and granary; is well fruited; located eight miles from Newburg; excellent Summer home. For further particulars apply to Robert McCready, Tuxedo Park, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

THE ROCKINGHAM

216 West 56th St.,

S. E. Cor. Broadway & 56th St.

Sunny Corner Apartment

8 Large Rooms.....$1,600

7 Room Apts...$900-$1,300

Apply to Supt., on Premises, or

JAMES A. DOWD,

874 6th Ave. Circle 32.

4 ROOMS AND BATH

270 Convent Av., Cor. 141st St., 720 dollars.

4 rooms and bath,

409 Edgecomb Av., near 155th St., 840 dollars.

Modern Fireproof Houses.

Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

BRONX.

UP-TO-DATE APARTMENTS

JUST COMPLETED.

3, 4, 5 ROOMS

Northeast corner of Ogden Av. and 170th St.

Apply on premises, or

74TH STREET HOLDING CO.,

30 E. 42d St. Telephone Murray Hill 4397-8

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Manhattan.

House for sale, on 3d Av., near 72d St., 5-story double flat, with store, can be had cheap. Call or write, 3 W. 101st St., Miss Solomon.

Large private house, near Central Park West. Address Zora, A 221 Times Downtown.

Brooklyn.

19TH ST., 408 EAST, Flatbush.—Beautiful brick, 14 rooms, detached corner house; vacant; garage. C. Silk, Flatbush 7900.

Bronx.

FOR LEASE.—Three 5-story flats, Bronx; hot water. Ernst, 68 William St.

Queens.

5c fare to my modern 2-family house, within 16 minutes' ride of Herald Square; will sell very cheap to quick buyer; must have $1,000 cash as first payment, balance very easy terms; no agents. B. Lind, 161 West 84th St. Greeley 4365.

Westchester.

$400 cash, balance monthly, buys bungalow, 740 Warburton Av., Yonkers, 6 rooms and bath; another on same terms, Hastings-on-Hudson. Rose, owner, 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

White Plains.—14-room modern house, unfurnished, with three acres; rent $1,500; three or five year lease. Rieser, 28th St. and 1st Av., New York.

Bronxville, Marquand Av.—Desirable, artistic stucco house, 10 rooms, 2 baths, sun parlor, large living room; immediate possession; rent $85. Phone owner, 598 Bronxville.

Why pay rent when you can build at Hastings-on-Hudson, beautiful surroundings, for $300 down? Rose, 7 West 45th St. Tel. Bryant 2728.

Long Island.

Just completed, ideal new 7-room house, on plot 40x100; very high ground; beautiful view; several trees on premises; North Shore, Long Island, 23 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; 4 minutes' walk from station; Hytex brick fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood finish; beamed ceilings, paneled walls, extra breakfast room with built-in Dutch table and benches; exception kitchen facilities; steam heat; tiled bath; large clothes presses and linen closet; open attic; small cash payment down and $45 a month; telephone, call, or write at once. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th St., New York City. Telephone Greeley 6896.

HANDSOME 5-ROOM BUNGALOW.

All large, light, and airy rooms, kitchen, butler's pantry, bath, open fireplace, heat, electric light, water, &c.; stucco; porch full width of house; beautiful rolling ground, plenty of shade trees; rustic benches; select locality, near station and harbor; $5,250; must have at least $500 cash and will arrange balance to suit a reliable party. Altman, 105 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 9821.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

House, seven rooms and bath, finely located on Greenway, North; $11,500; terms easy. Wm. E. Uptegrove, 450 Clinton Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.

For sale or rent furnished, many desirable country homes along North Shore; state your requirements. DANIEL GERARD, 1,270 B'way (33d,) N. Y.

At Flushing.—12-room house, electric lights, &c.; large plot; $12,000 proposition; $7,500 if sold before April 1st. Particulars, Box 103, Flushing, N. Y.

Eight-room house, 50x138, bath, in best section; worth, $9,000; $7,500 quick sale. Particulars, Box 103, Flushing. Phone 1961 Flushing.

House for sale, plot 100x100; garage; 10 rooms, 2 baths; all improvements; sell at a sacrifice. G. Quinn, Mineola, L. I.

New Jersey.

I am offering for sale my home, situated in the finest suburban section in the State; this house is exceptionally well built and will surely appeal to you; for a small cash payment, balance monthly, less than rent, you can buy this wonderful six-room house on a very large plot, with fine old shade trees, beautiful lawns, open fireplace, sleeping and dining porches, parquet floors; surrounded by refined neighbors on a highly restricted property, with every city improvement, and only 30 minutes away; price, $5,500. Call, write, or phone M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Phone 4535 Greeley.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $500 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York; 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity; handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. TELEPHONE ME NOW, John 6047.

Dainty villa, with 2-3 acres; shaded by fine old oaks; almost new; fully decorated; ready to move into today; 7 handsome rooms; tiled bath, paneled living room 27 feet long, with massive open fireplace; high in the hills; only 47 minutes by train; splendid service; sacrifice for $2,000 on easy terms to desirable party; $4,000 on first mortgage; near country clubs, schools, churches, and markets; in a refined, exclusive neighborhood. Private, Box 306 Times Downtown.

GRANTWOOD,

Brick and shingle; 8 rooms; bath and sleeping porch; wide verandas; gas, electricity, steam heat; hardwood trim; parquet floors; beautifully decorated; large plot. Beirne & Bohm, Lawton Av., Grantwood.

A NEW SIX-ROOM HOUSE,

every improvement; plot 80x142; three minutes station, half hour downtown; restricted residence section; $5,500; reasonable terms. FRANK MILLER, 850 up monthly; sale.

Telephone 8685 Barclay. 13 Park Row.

Your monthly rent will pay for my six-room modern dwelling, all improvements, half-hour out, restricted, near station and trolley. W. Brady, 21 Park Row.

Bargain.—Five rooms, bath, all improvements, large plot, near station and trolley; half-hour out, on Erie; $2,900; terms like rent. W. Butscher, 21 Park Row.

At Mountain Station, South Orange.—Two houses, 10 rooms each; all improvements; $8,500; rent $60. O. S. Thompson, 287 4th Av., New York. Telephone 3163 Gramercy.

Modern country home, 8 rooms, bath; nearly acre; shade, fruit, garden; garage; express station. Frank Stevens, Ridgewood, N. J.

12-room house, 2 baths, all conveniences, beautiful view and grounds, tennis court, $600 yearly. Box 123, River Edge, N. J.

New York State.

For Summer, one hour from New York, house, seven master bedrooms, extensive grounds, including small lake; moderate rent. Bryant, 105 West 40th St. Phone 1364 Bryant.

Scarsdale, N. Y.—Fine house can be bought right; might exchange. 405 Lexington Av., (42d St.)

Vermont.

For Sale.—An attractive old home in good repair, in Old Bennington, Vt. For particulars, apply or address No. 5 Monument Av., Old Bennington, Vt.

Miscellaneous.

Owner will sacrifice beautiful modern brick home in Bryn Mawr, Chicago, walking distance from lake and South Shore Country Club; thoroughly equipped with the latest improvements; lot 44x300; 8 rooms, 3 inclosed sleeping porches, breakfast and sun parlor; garage large enough for 2 cars, with living quarters above, built 3 years ago at an expense of $30,000; reason for selling moving East; would exchange for New York home; submit offers to Samuel Glaser, 241 West 118th St., N. Y. C.

Houses Wanted.

Wanted to rent, Greenwich, Conn., thoroughly modern, desirable locality, four masters' bedrooms, one or more years, possession May 1. Address E., 81 Nassau St., New York City. Tel. Cortland 8844.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Westchester.

To Rent—Bryn Mawr Park, all or part, furnished or unfurnished, 10 rooms, 2 baths; thoroughly modern; plot 75x100; garage; 8 minutes station; rent moderate. Inquire railroad station, Bryn Mawr Park, Yonkers, N. Y. Telephone Yonkers 2828.

New Jersey.

At Bound Brook, N. J., furnished attractive house for Summer. First floor: living room, dining room, sun parlor, kitchen and pantry; second floor; 5 bedrooms and 2 baths; third floor; maid's room and attic; basement laundry and maid's bath; plot 125x400. All lawn; garage; rental $200 per month. Address Owner, Room 207, 41 Park Row.

To rent, furnished, for Summer, house, at Montclair, N. J.; convenient to station; six family bedrooms, four bathrooms, sleeping porch, inclosed veranda; lawns, trees, small garden, planted; gardener; terms $200 per month; references exchanged. X 871 Times Annex.

Furnished house, 9 rooms, garage, garden, near two stations; May to October. Mrs. E. Vermorel, 245 Central Av. Hackensack, N. J.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED.

Manhattan.

321 WEST 139TH STREET.
322 WEST 140TH STREET.
Near Edgecombe Avenue.
10 rooms and bath, in perfect order.
J. Romaine Brown Co., 299 Madison Av.
Tel. 1481 Murray Hill.

For rent to respectable family, house on 148th St., near Riverside Drive; rent, $80 per month; newly renovated; tiled bath room; new chandeliers. Owner living at 612.

SUMMER HOMES—Furnished.

New Jersey.

An unusual opportunity to rent, handsomely furnished, modern 10-room house, for three months; beautifully located, large grounds, garage, vegetable garden, planted, fruit trees, fine shade, high elevation; rent $200 monthly. Call, write, or phone M. D. Ayers, 146 West 36th St. Phone 4535 Greeley.

New York State.

Central Valley, Orange County, 48 miles Erie, furnished house, modern conveniences; 2 acres. Sturtevant, 145 West 69th. Columbus 6814.

COUNTRY PLACES FOR RENT.

Westchester County.

For rent at Scarsdale, N. Y., May 1, attractive, modern residence, near station. H. G., 103 Park Av., New York. Room 1113. Telephone Murray Hill 2013.

New Jersey.

Boonton.—Thirty miles from city; gentleman's estate, 90 acres; large, new 14-room house, 3 baths, gas, electricity; garage, gardener's cottage, barn, orchard, lake; $50,000, free and clear; make terms to suit. Irving H. Wolfe, 225 West 39th St., N. Y. Phone 8873 Bryant.

Connecticut.

On the water at Sound Beach, Conn., artistic coast, 11 rooms, 2 baths, garage, and cottage, one-half acre ground; good boat landing; fifty minutes from Grand Central Station. M. C. Van Buren, 75 East 81st St. Tel. 8855 Lenox.

Miscellaneous.

Country house sublet or apartment; furnished. Apply Boshko, 862 Riverside Drive.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., 429, (at 29th St.)—One room with bath, $40; two rooms and bath, $65; elevator, telephone. Tel. 2976 Madison Square.

16TH, 103 EAST.—Nine large, light rooms, elevator apartment, furnished or unfurnished. Phone Stuyvesant 3856, mornings or after 6.

19TH St., (Gramercy Park.)—Handsomely furnished apartment 7 rooms, two baths; grand piano; $125. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

19TH, 105 EAST.—7 rooms; doctor's home; completely furnished; $100. Call 1-8.

34TH, 64 EAST.—Nicely furnished, two rooms, bath, every convenience. Merritt. 9281 Murray Hill.

49TH, 19 EAST.—Artistically furnished apartment of two rooms, bath, and kitchenette. Telephone Plaza 9420.

55TH, 67 EAST.—Two, three rooms, bath; sun from 11 to 5. Phone Plaza 6958.

73D, 137 EAST.—Sublet from June to September, corner apartment of 7 rooms and bath. Phone Rhinelander 3934.

80TH, 158 EAST.—Two richly furnished large rooms, bath, dressing room, all improvements; private residence. Lenox 1658.

81ST, 75 EAST, (Corner Park Av.)—Seven rooms, elegantly furnished; $75 until Oct.

82D ST., 129 EAST.—Four rooms, three exposures, new building, 8th floor; cool in Summer. Telephone 7807 Lenox.

85TH, 106 EAST.—7 rooms, 3 baths, well furnished; October, longer. Lenox 7461.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY attractive and cool apartment in delightful private residence. Phone Plaza 2200.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED. CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM APARTMENT for bachelor in private house. Telephone Plaza 2200.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel St. Louis, 24 East 32d St., and Hotel Senton, 35 East 27th St.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY

to October, 1918.

64 East 86th St., beautifully furnished new apartment 6 rooms, 2 baths; twelfth floor; seen by appointment; $250 a month. Telephone 9434 Lenox.

BEAUTIFUL furnished apartment, with 9 unusually large rooms, overlooking Gramercy Park; delightful Summer location; will let for any period, from 6 to 18 months; price $250 per month. Telephone Gramercy 2564, or call at 34 Gramercy Park.

EIGHTIES.—Handsomely furnished, 6 rooms, 2 baths; immediate possession; $100. Vanderbilt 1450.

MADISON AV., 1,219.—Fully furnished eight-room housekeeping apartment, from May till October, $130; best references required. De Meli.

MADISON AV., 1,190, (Corner 97th.)—Attractively furnished apartment 7 rooms, $100. Seen from 11 to 5. Apt. 14. Johnson.

MADISON AV., 202.—Beautifully furnished apartment; top floor. Boyd. Murray Hill 1441.

ONE SMALL, one large apartment; unusually artistic; low rent to September. Gramercy 726.

Furnished—West Side.

11TH, 133 WEST.—7 large rooms and bath, all outside, 6th floor, elevator, May to October. Hawks.

42D ST., 241 WEST.—Will share apartment with single, refined person; references. Bryant 7137.

42D ST., 17 WEST.—Apartments, furnished. Consuit Miss Martin, Murray Hill 7779.

45TH, 341 WEST, (just off Broadway.)—New elevator building; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchenette or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

47TH ST., 112 WEST.—MODERN ELEVATOR BUILDING.

Bachelor apartments, completely furnished, 2 and 3 rooms and bath, $80-$100, including service, light and linen. PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., Inc. 9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

47TH, 8 WEST.—Suite of 3 rooms, bath; also one large front room and bath, elegantly furnished; electric elevator.

48TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—TWO ROOMS, BATH, AND KITCHENETTE. INQUIRE 115 WEST 47TH ST. PHONE 9779 BRYANT.

55TH, 124 WEST.—Opportunity permanent home; newly, beautifully furnished, four-room sunny apartment; Oriental rugs. Call 2-4.

56TH, 208 WEST, (Thorndyke Apartment Hotel.)—Attractive suite, two rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

57TH, 130 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; studio building; furnished or unfurnished.

57TH, 140 WEST.—Furnished or unfurnished attractive three-room kitchenette apartment; superior house.

58TH, 200 WEST.—Nicely furnished 3 rooms, bath, and very light; attractive; real kitchen; sublet complete. Apt. 9D. Col. 4812.

58TH, 200 WEST.—Elegantly furnished apartment, six rooms, two baths, for sublease to Oct. 1st. Telephone 4812 Columbus.

59TH, 36 WEST.—Charming two-room, kitchenette, and bath apartment; southern exposure; 9th floor; baby grand piano; excellently furnished. Telephone Plaza 9480.

58TH, 139 WEST.—Duplex studio apartment, 5 rooms, 2 baths, furnished; housekeeping; June 1 to Oct. 1; references. Gardner.

69TH, 245 WEST.—$30 up; 1-2-3 room apartments; kitchenette; completely furnished; latest improvements; references necessary.

70S, WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, two large rooms, kitchen, bath, piano; $125 monthly. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

72D, 154 WEST.—Apartment hunting unnecessary; consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist. Col. 836.

WEST 73D.

Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, bath, very reasonable for Summer. Murray Hill 6632.

78TH, 205 WEST.—Large, two-room suite, with kitchenette; light, cheerful; absolutely clean; $50 monthly till October, including light.

79TH, WEST.—Handsomely furnished elevator apartment, seven large, light rooms, two baths, piano, $165. Elberson, 25 West 42d.

80TH, 106 WEST.—Handsome 2-3 rooms, kitchenettes; suitable 4 or 5 persons; private bath; maid service; $50 up.

80TH, 219 WEST.—Very attractive five-room front elevator apartment; linen, silver; reasonable; until October. Apartment 31.

83D, 41 WEST.—High-class five-room apartment to sublet, furnished or unfurnished, to responsible party; moderate terms. Open from 2 to 5 P. M.; at other hours apply Superintendent.

85TH, 1 WEST.—Handsome four-room housekeeping apartment; rent reduced; excellent maid.

86TH, 340 WEST.—High-class, artistic home, seven rooms, three baths, reasonable. Fourth.

87TH, 176 WEST.—Four rooms, beautifully furnished, $150 monthly, May-September. Telephone for appointment, Schuyler 2581.

91ST, 27 WEST.—1-3 room apartment; high class; furnished; latest improvements; maid service; $25-$90; references necessary.

92D, 294 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, light, spacious seven rooms; exceptional. 6 East.

98TH.—Beautifully furnished 7-room apartment, $100 a month; immediate possession. Vanderbilt 1450.

97TH, 816 WEST, (Near Drive.)—Six light, attractively furnished rooms, high class; $85. Riverside 6780, Apt. 1D.

102D ST., 241 WEST.—7 beautiful furnished rooms complete with silver, linen, piano, Victrola, until Sept. 15. Ramsay.

104TH, 304 WEST.—Two rooms and bath; high-class furnished apartment; reasonable. Apply on premises or office of 215 Manhattan Av. Telephone Academy 1647.

111TH, 528 WEST.—Beautifully furnished 4-room apartment; references; no agents.

113TH, 517 WEST.—2, 4, and 5 rooms; carefully planned and executed; complete in every detail, including linen and silver. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

116TH, Corner 7th Av.—Seven large, airy rooms, elevator service, handsomely furnished, piano, &c., $110 monthly. Address by mail only, Apt. 5D, 124 St. Nicholas Av.

116TH, 610 WEST.—Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette apartment; 8th floor rear; immediate possession. Telephone 3040 Morningside.

118TH, 400 WEST. (Apt. 52.)—Seven rooms and bath; all outside rooms; $100; occupancy May 1.

119TH, 435 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchenette; entirely front south, opposite Columbia. Hildreth.

121ST, 414 WEST.—Attractive four rooms, artistically furnished; immediate possession. Apt. 4S.

124TH, 533 W.—Nicely furnished seven rooms, elevator, electric light and all conveniences; moderate rent. Binswanger.

165TH, 600 WEST.—Apartment for rent; furniture for sale. Apt. 1.

177TH, 598 WEST.—Sublet, 5-room corner apartment; period furniture. Apartment 3L.

AMSTERDAM AV., 1,090.—Five rooms, furnished; piano; October or longer; $45. Greet.

APARTMENTS — Beautifully FURNISHED, 2 TO 5 ROOMS AND BATH, with or without kitchen; attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service; $80 monthly up; near Riverside Drive, Central Park; 2 block from 96th subway. HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS, 305 West 98th St. Near Broadway. Telephone Riverside 6100.

ATTRACTIVE Apartments. Hotel Conveniences. Apartment Rates. Inspection Invited. CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 100 CATHEDRAL PARKWAY, 110TH ST. AND COLUMBUS AV. We have 1, 2, 3, 4 room apartments, $35, $45, $55, $65 PER MONTH. Fully furnished, dishes, silver, cooking utensils; maid service optional; each apartment has private bath and kitchenette; concessions, lease, or unfurnished; near subway and "L"; must be seen to appreciate. Phone Academy 613. 5th Av. bus stops at door.

Attractive and Exceptionally Clean Apts. THE WILSONIA, 225, 227, 229 West 60th St., near Broadway. 2 Rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $55.

Three rooms, bath, and kitchenette, $55 up monthly; three rooms, 2 baths, and kitchenette, $90 per month; phone, elevator service, maid service optional; exceptionally clean apartments; no objectionable or questionable tenants; near subway and elevated express stations, three car lines, 5th Av. bus, park and drive; references absolutely essential.

Attractively furnished seven-room apartment; piano; 109th St. and Riverside Drive; three front rooms overlooking Hudson; May 1 to October, $175 monthly; seen by appointment only. Phone Holt, 6366 Cathedral.

ATTRACTIVE 5-room furnished elevator apartment to sublet for 6 months; reasonable; to adults only. Phone Audubon 2325.

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL.

Newly furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views and three exposures to each suite; rates, $80 monthly and up; weekly rates; breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly. (optional.) HOTEL NOBLETON, 126 WEST 73D ST. one block from subway express and elevated. All cars, bus lines. C. M. Belak, Mgr. Dir.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.

29 West 52d St.; 2 rooms, bath, $85. ASHFORTH & CO. 501 5TH AV.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 378.—Six sunny rooms, sublet to October, $100. River 7220.

DESIRABLE FLOOR, luxuriously furnished; private house; sitting room, front bedroom, back, in bath; quiet, electricity; west nineties; gentlemen or couple. Phone Riverside 5413.

EDGECOMBE AV., 287.—Furnished apartment to let; west side; five rooms, bath; elevator; cool and bright; moderate; opposite park; near 145th St. "L" and subway. After 10 A. M., Waxman's apartment.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910.—Attractive four-room home, complete, piano, overlooking Hudson, Palisades; available until October; magnificent new elevator apartment. For appointment Haley, 8446 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910.—Attractive four-room home, overlooking Hudson Palisades, complete, piano, available until October; new apartment house; inspection after 2 o'clock. Haley, 8446 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 227, (95th.)—Handsomely furnished 6 rooms; piano; grand view; immediate possession. Phone 1150 Riverside. Coyle.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 448, (116th.)—Handsomely furnished; 9 rooms, 3 baths; Chickering, Ampico, Victrola. Phone 6570 Morningside, Apartment 102.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (84th.)—Handsomely furnished 8 rooms, Acolian player piano, Victrola; immediate possession; $150 month. Particulars, Vanderbilt 5647.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790, (Apt. 10G.)—Choice eight-room apartment, furnished; unfurnished; reasonable rent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Five rooms, beautifully furnished; must be seen to be appreciated. A. J. O'Dell. Audubon 5400.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 736.—Beautifully furnished 4-room apartment; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 410.—Beautiful furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 3 baths; lease $300 monthly.

TO SUBLET on Riverside Drive, a desirable furnished apartment, from May 1 to Sept. 30; seven rooms, two baths; commanding view of Hudson, Riverside Drive, and Columbia College; all outside rooms; exceptionally low rent; may be seen by appointment. Telephone Morningside 6845. Apartment 83.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES.

Hands

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

72D, 228 WEST.—Steam heat, electricity, elevator; large room; April 1; subway, express.

72D, 260 WEST.—High class suite with bath; small room; excellent table.

72D, 263 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms, private bath; board optional.

72D, 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Large front room, overlooking river; private bath; excellent table.

73D, 154 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath, electricity; between subway express, and "L."

73D, 302 WEST.—Double front rooms, private bath; home cooking; exclusive location.

74TH, 102 WEST.—Rooms with private baths, electricity; private phone; table guests accommodated.

74TH, 125 WEST, (Erie.)—Attractive medium room, with or without meals.

75TH, 20 WEST.—Attractive, large room; also small room; near park; excellent table.

76TH ST., (344 WEST END AV.) Beautiful third floor en suite, single; private bath; twin beds; home cooking; electricity.

76TH, 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suitable two; excellent cuisine; table guests. Schuyler 9725.

237-243 WEST 76TH ST.

Room, with, without bath; single room.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.

Large room, with private bath; references.

77TH, 116 WEST.—Attractive large sunny room; dressing room; bath adjoining; steam; references.

78TH, 256 WEST.—An unusual house, for unusual people; usual prices; steam, electricity.

78TH, 106 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; all conveniences; table and appointments best; refined surroundings.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.) —Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tearoom and lounge; steam heat; booklet.

82D, 174 WEST.—"The Little House"; distinctively individually a home; delicious home table.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests; booklet.

83D, 17 WEST.—Refined Jewish house, small room, adjoining bath; gentlemen; table guests.

83D, 5 WEST.—Desirable suites, single; modern home table; white service; table guests.

85TH, 300 WEST.—Comfortable large, sunny room; home cooking; refined environment; board optional; references.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive, sunny front room, bath; smaller room, parlor dining; reasonable.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Few attractive rooms, private baths; electricity; excellent table; Southern family.

86TH ST., 164 WEST.—Large front room; excellent meals; agreeable surroundings; references exchanged.

86TH, 17 WEST.

Large, second floor, front room; private bath; superior table; also small room.

89TH, 306 WEST.—Refined Jewish home can accommodate couple or gentlemen; excellent table.

90TH, 16 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms, adjoining bath; refined Jewish boarding house.

91ST, 50 WEST.—Beautiful suite, private bath; refined, homelike surroundings, American family; electricity; near Park, "L," and subway.

91ST, 39 WEST.—Beautiful double room for 2 or 3, adjoining bath; Jewish family; excellent cooking; table guests accommodated.

92D, 117-119-121 WEST.—Sunny front room, overlooking St. Agnes grounds; excellent board; telephone; references.

92D, 235 WEST.—Large room, private bath; electricity; liberal, good table; table guests.

96TH, 65 WEST, (The Roselle.)—Elegantly furnished room, suitable for couple; table board.

102D, 250 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms, adjoining bath; home cooking; table guests.

106TH, 168 WEST.—Large room, bath adjoining, $17 for two; private house; telephone.

107TH, 322 WEST.—(Riverside and Broadway.)—Luxurious private residence; 2 large rooms; bath; no stairs; exceptional table; moderate terms.

111TH, 140 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms, home cooking, table guests. Lehman.

148TH, 544 WEST.—The Audubon, light rooms, good board, $8 up. 373 Audubon.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222, (94th.)—Beautiful large sunny room; congenial family; also medium-sized room; home cooking; references. Apartment 24.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 70.—Pleasant accommodations for gentlemen with refined American Christians; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 740.—Single room and bath, suitable gentleman; private family. Apt. 6B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549.—Large, sunny double rooms, running water, $12-$15. Payne.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 147, (87th.)—Pleasant room; running water; suitable couple; exclusive boarding house.

WASHINGTON SQ. NORTH, 21.—Large front room, private bath, table guests accommodated.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large rooms, private baths; meals; also singles. Columbus 1747.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Attractive rooms, excellent table; convenient New York. Phone 1159W Main.

BOARD WANTED.

GENTLEWOMAN desires quarters in strictly private family on east side, between sixties and eighties. G., 32 East 76th.

WEST SIDE, between 72d and 86th, two adults, permanent board, lodging; private family; references. L 29 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester.

Rockledge Manor Hotel and Cottages; a convenient, refined home at moderate prices. 124 Bruce Av. Tel. 3344 Yonkers.

Miscellaneous.

Nervous patients, incurables, and elderly persons cared for in our fine country home. A. Theodor Saunders, 117 Park St., New Canaan, Conn.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

BUICK 1917-1916 TOURINGS, roadsters. Flack, 1,700 Broadway, 3d floor.

CADILLAC touring car for sale; 1914 model, 5-passenger; has been well cared for; may be seen at owner's residence, 4 East 94th St., this (Tuesday) afternoon from 3 to 6 o'clock.

CADILLAC "8-CYL." VICTORIA TOP. LIKE NEW. BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., BROOKLYN.

CADILLAC 1916, 7-pass. touring; repainted; good tires; bargain. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 touring car, limousine, landaulet, roadster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 landaulet; Westinghouse shock absorbers; practically new. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1917 sedan. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

CADILLAC 1916 TOURING, LIKE NEW. PACKARD AUTO EXCHANGE, 10 W. 60th.

CASE 1917, seven passenger touring car. Marmon Co., 1,880 Broadway, Col. 1028.

CHALMERS touring, 1915, perfect condition throughout; cheap. Owner, 143 East 84th. Lenox 6078.

CHANDLER.—Model 17, 4-pass. chummy roadster; rebuilt and guaranteed 90 days. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER.—Model 17, 4-pass. coupe and 7-pass. Sedan; like new; 90-day guarantee. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER.—Model 17, 7-pass. touring; 90-day guarantee; rebuilt and refinished. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

CHANDLER limousine, Model 17; rebuilt, refinished; 90-day guarantee. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and B'way.

CADILLAC "8-CYL." TOURING BODY. USED THREE MONTHS. BRIGHTON, 1,077 ATLANTIC AV., BKLYN.

CHANDLER.—Model 16, 7-pass. touring; rebuilt, refinished; guaranteed. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and B'way.

CHANDLER 1917, seven passenger touring car. Marmon Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

CHANDLER Chummy, 1917, for sale; run 5,000 miles. 676 West End Av.

COLE "8" 7-passenger, Summer and Winter tops, in excellent condition; rebuilt and guaranteed; no dealers. Phone Columbus 510, Mr. Snavely.

COLE 1917, six passenger touring car. Marmon Co., 1,880 Broadway, Col. 1028.

DE DION SPECIAL ROADSTER. 1915 model; latest type; lighting and starting; special Holbrook roadster body; wire wheels, top, &c.; overhauled, repainted; beautiful condition throughout; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 Broadway.

DE DION TOURING, electric starting and lighting; wire wheels, extra wheel, beautiful car. Gotham Auto Exchange, 1,604 Broadway.

FIAT CHASSIS 50 H. P. New. Built to Government Requirements. 18 of these For Sale. Inquire E. C. Poultney, Room 1685, 120 Broadway, New York City.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

FIAT, imported 1915, 5-passenger, 25 h. p.; excellent condition. J. J. Barrett, 141 South Lexington Av., White Plains; telephone White Plains 2483—R.

FRANKLIN 1918, Series 9, 5-pass., like new. 588 Broad St., Newark, N. J. 'Phone 2867 Market.

HAYNES 1917, 5-passenger touring. Packard Auto Exchange, 10 West 60th.

HUDSON Super 6 Brougham Limousine. Very classy; exceptionally fine. Cheap for immediate sale. Wallace, 236 West 59th.

HUDSON Super Six, good condition; Winter-Summer top. Watson Claremont Garage, Broadway and 131st St.; no dealers.

HUPMOBILE sedan, robin blue, 1916; perfect condition; new tires; ready for immediate use; $1,000 cash; no dealers. Telephone Franklin 854.

HUPMOBILE 1916, 5-pass. Sedan; refinished. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

LEXINGTON Roadster, 1917; guaranteed same as new; brand-new shoes; bargain. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor. Circle 1872.

LYONS-KNIGHT, Holbrook body, wire wheels, Westinghouse air springs; first-class condition. George Polley, 110 West End Av.

MARMON 34, five-passenger, touring; perfect condition; has not been run over 100 miles since thorough overhauling and painting by Marmon Company; extra wire wheels, shoe, and tires; demonstration gladly given to prospective purchaser. J. H. McGraw, Jr., care of C. M. Decker, Convent Station, N. J.

MARMON 1917, seven passenger limousine. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 touring car; also Marmon roadster; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

MARMON 1916 Chummy Roadster. Alexander G. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

MARMON 1917, seven passenger touring car. Marmon Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

MERCER 1916 ROADSTER. TWO-PASSENGER, 22-72 MODEL. GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY, 665 FIFTH AV. 4837 PLAZA.

MERCER ROADSTER. Starter; mechanically perfect; newly varnished; bargain. F. D. Homan, 211 West 59th St.

MERCER 1916 6 passenger, in excellent condition. Phone Bergen 1778.

MERCER 1917 Sedan; practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

NATIONAL 1916 seven-passenger touring; run 6,000 miles; perfect condition. Garage, 154 West 124th St.

OWEN Magnetic 1917 brougham landaulet; like new; sacrifice. Herman Karp, Columbus 5322.

OVERLANDS.—Wide selection of overhauled cars sold with the manufacturer's guarantee; the safest place to buy; time payments. Willys-Overland, Broadway and 50th St.

OVERLAND, Model 80, $325; electric starting, lighting systems; 5 passenger; any demonstration; cost $1,060. Jones, 159 East 83d St.

PACKARD TWIN SIX.

Practically new; town car; gray upholstery; mechanically and otherwise like new; guaranteed perfect; cost $4,700; sell $2,500. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 Broadway.

PACKARD "3-38" runabout; wire wheels.

PACKARD 1915 "3-38" 7-pass. touring.

PACKARD 1915 "2-38" 7-pass. touring.

Packard Auto Exchange, 10 West 60th St.

PACKARD 1917 "2-35" touring.

PACKARD 1916 "1-35" like new.

Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

PACKARD Special 1917, 7-passenger touring; condition new. Telephone Cortlandt 3551.

PACKARD 3-38 limousine body for sale. Can be seen at Belmont Garage, 113 East 84th.

PACKARD 3-38 7-passenger touring car; perfect condition. 115 East 54th. Lenox 10367.

PAIGE TOURING, 1917.

Beautiful light 7-passenger, like new; slip covers, full electric equipment; condition guaranteed. Mrs. Hayman, 222 Riverside Drive. Phone 6374 Riverside.

PAIGE 1915, 7-pass. touring; good mechanical condition; refinished. Brady-Murray Motors Corporation, 62d St. and Broadway.

PEERLESS 1917 limousine; practically new. Wallace, 236 West 59th St.

PEERLESS 6 all-year-round cabriolet; make offer. 113 East 84th. Lenox 6078.

PIERCE "38" BROUGHAM.

1914 model. 38 horse, with limousine brougham; also extra touring bodies; latest improvements throughout; up to date; bargain. Roskam-Scott Co., 1,896 Broadway.

PIERCE-ARROW 1917 "38" sedan; 1915 landaulet; bargains. Cook-Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

RENAULT town car, suitable for taxi; good condition; bargain. Compton, 18 East 60th.

REO 1917 Touring; excellent throughout; extras; bargain. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

SIMPLEX 1911, 50 h. p. chain drive, 5-passenger Holbrook touring body, Victoria top and windshield; also 1913 38 h. p. shaft drive, 4-seated Quimby, sedan body, electric lights, self-starter. Write L. M., care Summit Herald, Summit, N. J.

SIMPLEX 1915, specially built "75," shaft drive, four-passenger Holbrook; run 6,000 miles. Alexander G. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

SIMPLEX Speedster, with top, "38" shaft drive, electric lights; perfect condition; will sacrifice. Burr, care Rippeth, 1,778 Broadway.

SPEEDSTER, specially built, aluminum body, 120 h. p.; most exclusive sport car in city; worth seeing. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

STEARNS-KNIGHTS.

Overhauled cars which are most desirable. Best constructed Knight motored cars, sold with the guarantee of a reputable concern. We have a variety for immediate delivery: a newly painted 1916 Light 4 Runabout and 1916 Light 4 Touring. Prices are reasonable. Stearns Company, (Driscoll, Manager Used Car Dept.) 417 West 55th St. Telephone Columbus 7600.

STEARNS landaulet, 1916, 8 cylinder; will sell reasonably; overhauled, repainted. C. L., 34 Times.

STEARNS Silent Knight Coupe, 1917; 4-passenger, 4-cylinder; practically new; sacrifice. Dr. Lunenfeld, 507 5th Av.

STEARNS 1917, limousine; like new. Marmon Automobile Co., 1,880 Broadway. Col. 1028.

STUDEBAKER 1917 four; excellent condition, ready for bargain. Lexington, 1,700 Broadway, 4th floor.

STUDEBAKER Series "18" coupe; like new. Harris, 1,700 Broadway. Main entrance.

STUTZ 1917 ROADSTER. MILEAGE 2,000. GEORGE WALLACE COPLEY, 665 FIFTH AV. 4837 PLAZA.

STUTZ Bulldog 4-passenger 1916, perfect mechanical condition; original paint; owner drafted. Weisberg, 30 East 23d St.

STUTZ 1917, 4 and 6 Pass. Touring. Packard Auto Exchange, 10 West 60th.

STUTZ 1916 4-passenger; like new; exceptionally fine car. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

STUTZ 1916 roadster; wire wheels; fine condition. Harris, 1,700 Broadway.

"WHITE" UNUSUAL BARGAINS.

"White" Town Car,

5 and 7 Passenger Touring Car.

White Co., Park Ave. and 57th St.

Used Car Dept. M. R. Greene, Mgr.

WILLYS KNIGHTS; several overhauled bargains in the most desirable Knight motored cars. Willys-Overland, Broadway and 50th St.

WINTON, model 33; overhauled and repainted; fully guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway at 70th St.

Miscellaneous.

BURRELLE, (entire building,) 1,680 B'way.

ROLLS-ROYCE 1914 4-pass. touring.

PIERCE 1918 "38" limousine.

PIERCE 1918 "38" touring.

PIERCE 1917 "38" touring.

PIERCE 1917 "38" limousine.

PIERCE 1917 "48" touring.

CADILLAC 1918 touring.

CADILLAC 1917 touring.

CADILLAC 1917 suburban sedan.

LOCOMOBILE 1917 4-pass. touring.

STUTZ 1918 4-pass. touring.

STUTZ 1917 "16-valve" speedster.

STUTZ 1917 Bulldog Special.

FIAT 4-pass. touring; latest importation.

FIAT 4-pass. touring; latest importation.

FRANKLIN 1918 touring.

FRANKLIN 1918 brougham.

FRANKLIN 1918 sedan.

LANCIA 1916 4-pass. speedster.

HUDSON 1917 4-pass. speedster.

MANY OTHERS.

A FEW CADILLAC SPECIALS.

1917 Brougham, 5-pass. Sedan.
1917 Victoria, 4-pass. convertible coupe.
1916 CADILLAC, 7-pass. touring.
1914 CADILLAC, 7-pass. Limousine.
All these cars are in exceptionally good condition and ready for immediate use.

DETROIT CADILLAC MOTOR CAR CO., 536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Used Car Dept. Tel. Mulberry 3240.

CADILLAC 1917 Touring.
PIERCE 1917 "38" Touring.
SIMPLEX 50, Latest Fleetwood Touring.
MERCER 1916 Touring.
STUTZ 1917 Speedster.
STUTZ 1917 Touring.
NATIONAL 1917 Touring.
DE DION Touring. Latest Importation.
LANCIA "35" Touring.
Schoonmaker & Jacod, 1,700 Broadway.

NAT'L CLOVER LEAF HUP PIERCE
REO SEDAN SCRIPPS CHANDLER
Limousine bodies, Rolls-Royce closed body. 20th Century Co., 1700 Broadway, 6th floor.

RARE OPPORTUNITY.—Winton six; fully equipped, six new shoes; $750. Mr. Mautner's car, Arverne Garage, Arverne, L. I.

Will buy your car for cash or sell it for you quickly on consignment; buyers always waiting; large store; efficient service. 1,891 Broadway. Phone 8600 Col.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

RIGHT PRICES.

1918—HUDSON Touring; mileage 800.
1917—LIBERTY, Small "6" Touring.
1917—OLDSMOBILE, "8" Touring.
1917—DODGE Sedan; exceptional.
1917—STUDEBAKER "6"; seven-passenger.
1917—MAXWELL, Sedan; special prices.
1917—CHALMERS, Small "6" Runabout.
1916—HUPMOBILE Touring; special.
1916—CADILLAC VICTORIA, 3-passenger.
1916—REO "6"; seven-passenger.
1916—STUTZ Roadster; exceptional.
1916—HUDSON 6-40 Roadster.
1916—STUDEBAKER, 5-passenger Roadster.
1916—LEXINGTON, seven-passenger.
1915—COLE "8" Touring; like new.
1915—OVERLAND, Small Touring.

CHOICE OF FIFTY OTHERS. OPEN DAY, EVENING, AND SUNDAY.

THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC., Appraisers to the Trade, 1,077 Atlantic Av., cor. Franklin Av., BROOKLYN.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
MERCER SPEEDSTER; Condition like a brand-new car.
1917 CADILLAC touring; like new.
1917 FRANKLIN 4-passenger brougham.
1918 STUDEBAKER 7-passenger; like new.
1917 CHALMERS town car, little "6"; almost new.
1917 CHALMERS little "6" touring.
CHALMERS speedster, special C. T. Silver body; brand new; big discount.
1916 MERCER touring; elegant condition.
1917 STUDEBAKER roadster; like new.
1917 FULLMAN.
STUTZ 4-passenger; $950.
1916 PACKARD landaulet.
1917 HUPMOBILE roadster.
1917 DODGE roadster; excellent condition.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE, 237 WEST 56TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings.
Phone 667-668 Circle.

1918 MODEL, brand new, 6 cylinder, 40 h. p. 5-passenger touring; must leave town at once; will sell at $900 sacrifice. Phone Sanborn, Bryant 4900.

Motor Trucks.

PIERCE-ARROWS.—New 5-ton Pierce-Arrows for hire; short or long haul; special New York-Philadelphia-Baltimore rate. Ireland, 1,651 Broadway. Phone Circle 3249.

TRUCKS, 1, 2, 3½, and 5 tons, to hire by day, week, month, or contract, at reasonable rates; long distance a specialty. Vanderput & Co., 'phone Bushwick 2998.

MOTOR TRUCKS to rent, new, 2½, 3½, 5 tons; yearly contracts. Lawrence Corp., 136 West 52d. Circle 190.

Automobiles Wanted.

STUTZ speedster or touring; must be late model; will pay spot cash if price is right; no dealers. Behrman, Hotel Hargrave, 112 West 72d.

STUTZ, Mercer, Cadillac, Packard, Buick, Hupmobile, &c., wanted; spot cash ready. Bring car, or telephone to Circle 2476. Jandorf Automobile Co., 1,763 Broadway.

Wanted—By exporter, several used cars, in good condition and fair price; racing car also wanted. Address Federico Alonso, 15 William St., letter only.

WILL PAY highest prices any make car. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Wanted—Five-passenger touring car; about $300. F. B., 559 West 23d St.

Automobiles for Rent.

AUTOS.

Best private service for taxi rates. HOUR, DAY, WEEK, OR MONTH. Touring, limousine, and landaulet. HOTEL AUTO RENTAL SERVICE, 411 West 55th St. Columbus 2892.

MINERVA LANDAULET, WELL EQUIPPED, FOR HIRE MONTH OR YEAR. APPLY HIRSH, OR TELEPHONE 209 EAST 64TH. PLAZA 9368.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire; hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. & G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3580 Bryant.

PACKARD, (7-passenger,) for hire; careful driver; $2.50 an hour. 15 East 30th St. Madison Square 886.

PACKARD six, limousine; hour, day, month; moderate; owner drives. Jones, Columbus 9021.

PACKARDS, Twin Sixes, Pierce-Arrows.—Hour, day, week; moderate. Muldoon, Columbus 7261.

TOURING CAR, classy, hour, day, week, monthly; special shopping rates. Rhinelander 368.

CONTRACT with reputable concern for two or more delivery trucks; would equip special bodies; guarantee service. H 142 Times.

Automobile Bodies.

MARMON auto bodies—Limousine, landaulette and touring; bargain prices! Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

STEARNS auto bodies—Landaulettes and limousines, cheap and swell. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

Automobile Instruction.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 7920. Special classes for ladies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AMERICAN lady, formerly teacher, also art director, desires secretarial position. D 477 Times Annex.

ARTIST.—Good artistic commercial letter artist wishes work; steady, piecework. O 636 Times Harlem.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, typist, telephone operator; 3 years' railroad, automobile experience. A 376 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER & JUNIOR ACCOUNTANT. Ambitious young lady with five years' experience desires connection with well-established firm; one where initiative is required and advancement assured. H 155 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, first-class experience, general office work, very accurate, ambitious; $15. Lipschitz, 235 Dumont Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER.—High school graduate; thoroughly experienced; executive ability; unquestionable references. A 358 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, controlling accounts, trial balances; references; salary $18. A 368 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and secretary, first class, double entry, trial balance, auditing; best references; $25 per week. L 22 Times.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER. — High school graduate, controlling accounts, trial balance; $18. B 205 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; $20; thoroughly experienced modern methods. Abramson, 829 Williams Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced controlling accounts six years; entirely reliable. L 21 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Five years' experience; capable taking charge; $18. E 283 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, controlling accounts, general office details; 8 years' experience; $25. L 13 Times.

COOK, girl, French, desires position in private family; best references. Write Anna, 253 West 24th St.

COOK.—Country; American; private family; good baker; excellent references. Branch, 805 6th Av.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic; expert fitter; street, dinner, dancing frocks; remodeling; out, home preferred. Kelly, 873 6th Av. Circle 1158.

DRESSMAKER.—Artistic, reliable; makes gowns, suits, remodeling, misses' outfits; daily, 153 Lenox Av.

DRESSMAKER.—Dresses, coats, remodeling children's clothes, $2.50 daily. Phone Hensley, Morningside 880.

DRESSMAKER, French, first class, new, alteration; $3 day. Godard, 259 West 112th.

HOME SECRETARY.—A refined young woman seeks position as home secretary or governess-companion. Address X 307 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Position wanted. Answer by mail only. M. Powers, 311 Woodside Av., Newark, N. J.

MAID.—Position wanted as maid in apartment house; no laundry; reliable colored girl. M. Forbes, 136 West 99th St., care Brown.

NURSE, attendant, and companion to elderly invalid, lady or gentleman. Address H. G., 156 East 61st St.

NURSE-COMPANION.—Five years last patient; will travel; highest references. X 313 Times Annex.

NURSE.—Refined; child 4 to 8 years; sewing; country; seaside preferred. T 80 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Two years' experience; good penman; accurate; Christian; $10. A 390 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER; efficient; executive ability; extensive, practical experience; Christian; $22. A 99 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER.—Refined young lady, ten years' experience, desires position. B 201 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; high school graduate; thorough knowledge office routine; salary $20. A 381 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, girl, 18, recent graduate, desires position with reliable house; good references furnished. H 128 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and bookkeeper; 1 year's experience; $11. L 271 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, confidential assistant, cultured, Christian, eight years' construction, advertising experience, live wire, original thinker, reliable, assume entire charge; age 26; highest credentials; $25. E 267 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY.—Attractive personality; qualified assume responsibilities; academic education; accustomed technical dictation; age 25; no clock watcher; strictly businesslike; $20; Christian. E 266 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, ten years' experience, well-educated, businesslike, capable handling correspondence without dictation, desires position where services above average are required. H 145 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and private secretary, well educated and unusually intelligent, thoroughly efficient and rapid, possessing initiative and executive ability; salary $22 per week. J 535 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian, clean-cut, five years' business experience, college woman, exceptionally wide-awake; excellent grammarian, mathematician; $15. E 265 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — College graduate, Christian, of good address; several years' experience; $22; excellent reference. K 326 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, ten years' varied experience, desires position where executive ability is appreciated; highest references; $25. A 362 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, knowledge of bookkeeping, two years' experience, high school graduate, desires permanent position with reputable firm. A 372 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate, thoroughly competent; patent law experience; would prefer same or any technical stenography. H 121 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER. — High school graduate, 8 months' experience, references, desires position. Rothman, 188 Rutledge St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, business school graduate; will work hard for advancement. Catherine McCabe, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' engineering, commercial experience; thoroughly competent; Christian; $15. E 282 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, beginner, hard worker, wishes position where proficiency brings advancement. Viola Cardno, 37 East 58th St. Plaza 2994.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, accurate, age 23 years; 6 years' experience; knowledge office details; salary $17. O 682 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER, two years' experience, desires position; trustworthy and dependable; best of references. H 133 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience, accurate, rapid, conscientious worker; salary $15. M 392 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Energetic, high school graduate; six years' experience; $15; downtown. 888 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Accurate; familiar office detail; export experience; $18; 4 years. M 393 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECREATRY, expert, executive ability, seven years' experience, $20. Nagel, Vanderbilt 3237.

STENOGRAPHER and assistant bookkeeper; experienced; understands all office details; $16. N 356 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Competent; three years' commercial experience; salary $15. H 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, young lady, business connection, commercial; good firm; references. O 684 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; rapid worker; reference; American; $15. A 365 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; high school graduate; rapid and accurate. A 360 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—College graduate, experienced advertising; answer immediately; start $15. Phone Beekman 3092.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience, competent, export; high school graduate; $20. M 381 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Executive ability, thoroughly competent and conscientious; $19. A 360 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, dictaphone operator, possessing highest credentials, knowledge office routine; $18. A 386 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 2 years' experience; competent, reliable; $15. M 388 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, double entry, long experience; salary $18-$20. K., 971 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Over eight years in last position; financial reference. A. S., 10 Washington Place.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright beginner; knowledge bookkeeping; start $8. Greene, 1,225 Boston Road.

STENOGRAPHER.—Christian; neat, conscientious; some experience; moderate salary. H., 3,857 Broome.

STENOGRAPHER, (stenotypist,) high grade, 20 years; salary $20. A 387 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, GENERAL OFFICE ASSISTANT; $15. A 375 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER, with six months' experience, desires position; $10-$12. H 120 Times.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR and TYPIST. Christian; good address; courteous and refined; $15; very best references. M 378 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant; five years' experience; $12; age 23; good references. R., 129 Edgecombe Av.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR, general office assistant, capable handling busy board; $10. A 391 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Copy work; intelligent; knowledge of office routine; little stenography; $13. K. R., 223 Times Downtown.

TYPIST AND CLERICAL WORKER.—Experienced; good reference; neat; $12. A 388 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Christian; good figurer; capable taking charge of office, $14. A 355 Times Downtown.

WASHING.—Fine wash taken by dozen; personal references. Whitney, 150 West 124th.

WELL-BRED, well-educated woman, 40, would like position. H 150 Times.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (agency,) 114 West 59th St. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

Bertha Carlson, Swedish Agency; first-class servants; 2,415 Broadway, (89th.) Riverside 9463.

COLORED help, city, country; references. Hope Agency, 432 Lenox Av. Harlem 5049.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY. — Help by month, week, or day. 107 W. 135d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT. — Expert systematizer and organizer; will guarantee satisfactory results and reasonable rates; facts and figures from the business man's viewpoint, instead of just figures; tax reports prepared. Telephone 6285 Madison Square. Colonial Audit Co., 1,270 Broadway.

ACCOUNTANT and manager, age 37, single, Scotch-Irish descent; thoroughly experienced in bookkeeping, making monthly and yearly reports, general office accounting and auditing; highest references as to character and ability; salary $40. L 12 Times.

ACCOUNTANT desires position; three years' experience construction cost accounting, one year bank bookkeeper, six months public auditing, deferred class in draft. H 139 Times.

ACCOUNTANT. — Income tax reports, trial balances, $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, audited. Friedlander, Tribune Building. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTING STUDENT wishes to assist accountant, evenings, service gratis of experience he may gain. W. Cauter, 1,522 Charlotte St., New York.

ACCOUNTANT, office manager, high grade, extensive practical experience, efficient, Christian. A. B., 100 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Semi-senior, exempt, with C. P. A., seeks new affiliations. O 689 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER. — Ten years' experience auditor, cost accountant; age 33. Thorp, 1,774 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

ADVERTISING WRITER, SALES MANAGER, DIRECT-BY-MAIL EXPERT.

Thirteen years' experience; department store advertising manager and assistant merchandise man; director of service department metropolitan advertising agency; independent sales counselor, marketing products of several concerns; open for proposition at once, although at present time employed; draft exempt; age 29. L 16 Times.

ADVERTISING position sought with national institution; young man, 20, naturally alert, business student, experienced correspondent, clerically; stenographically fit. Write A. F., 90 8th Av.

AUDITOR with stock of bookkeeper, cashier, timekeeper, paymaster, and warehouse man, experienced in Government construction contracts, available shortly. Contractors apply N 309 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, 4 years' experience, controlling accounts, trial balance, quick, accurate figurer, accountancy student, now employed, desires change; highest references; $20. H 140 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 20; 3 years' experience; understands controlling accounts; accountancy student; can take charge accounts receivable; $20. M 399 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, experienced, draft exempt, wishes employment; temporary, permanent; $25. A 369 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, capable, high school graduate; good penman; controlling accounts; references; $18. B 202 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—(Exempt,) capable, efficient, modern accounting methods, costs, $25. O 681 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, not subject to draft; references, accounting student, typist, good penman. T 11 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, general office man, (exempt,) desires position reliable house; 10 years present firm; salary $25. L 19 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, (20;) 2 years' experience; double entry; high school graduate; references. O 680 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; trial balance, controlling accounts; can take charge; $18. Mark Avram, 309 East 10th.

BOOKKEEPER, 20; experienced controlling accounts, trial balance; best references. Charles Levine, 95 Monroe St., city.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT (25) seeks permanency; thoroughly competent. Herbst, 1,446 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT; 11 years' experience; full charge; $30; excellent references. H 69 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, (19,) trial balance, controlling accounts. Address 49 Clinton St., City. S. Lang.

BOOKKEEPER. — Christian; draft exempt; educated; experienced; capable; $25. A 278 Times Downtown.

BUILDING TRADES.

Ambitious man, (32,) married, thoroughly experienced plans, specifications, estimating, construction, and materials, desires position executive nature connected with building construction or materials. M 396 Times Downtown.

BUTLER, &c.—Couple, young, man German, wife Swiss, want position; man butler, valet, or useful; wife chambermaid, waitress, or take care of children. H 132 Times.

CARETAKERS.—Small, responsible family seeking private residence; man employed; credentials. H 133 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Professional chauffeurs' club is in position to furnish free of charge expert chauffeurs with long experience; references guaranteed; salaries no less than $30 per week. Address 240 West 55th. Tel. 2495-4362 Circle.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, ENGLISH, EXEMPT, WISHES PRIVATE POSITION; ANY CAR; 12 YEARS' EXPERIENCE; REFERENCE, NIVEN, 965 AMSTERDAM AV.

CHAUFFEUR, young man, wishes position, private family, city or country; reasonable salary. Chas. Kotila, 1,959½ Madison Av., New York.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, American, married; 10 years' driving; city or country. Packard and Cadillac experience. Eggers, 702 Columbus Av.

Classified Advertising Rates

The New York Times

Count six words to a line.

Telephone Bryant 1000. Per Agate Line.	
Agents Wanted	50c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	45c
Automobile Exchange	45c
Boarders and Board Wanted	30c
Business Opportunities	50c
Country Board	40c
Employment Agencies	50c
For Sale	50c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	30c
Help Wanted	30c
Lost and Found	50c
Mortgage Loans	50c
Real Estate and Houses to Let	42c
Situations Wanted	25c

OFFICES:

Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex, 43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....3,109 Seventh Avenue
Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights...3,525 Broadway
Brooklyn, Room 605, 367 Fulton Street

HELP WANTED—Female.

YOUNG LADY, refined, educated, residing home, desired in dental office; experience unnecessary. Address Refined, 101 West 72d St.

YOUNG LADY for clerical position with insurance company; good handwriting essential; mention age, education, salary. M 400 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

CLERKS FOR FILING can earn $12 to $30 weekly, according to ability; we secure these positions for our graduates, teaching them expert filing methods in six weeks; join the day or evening classes forming now. National Training School for Filing, Shaw-Walker Co., 60 Franklin St. Telephone Franklin 2261.

FILING.—We are unable to supply the demand for our graduates; instruction in day, evening, and correspondence course; visitors invited. New York School of Filing, established 1912. Singer Building, New York.

NURSES.—Wanted, young women between 18 and 30 years of age who have had at least one year high school education, to enter training school for nurses. Lucas County Hospital, Toledo, Ohio.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 64 WEST 43TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

Employment Agencies.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH STREET.

Many exceptional opportunities for "above the average" girls, stenographers, bookkeepers, clerks, &c., to better themselves as regards salary. Our clients include the best concerns in lines of business.

CALL BETWEEN 9 AND 1.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 CHURCH STREET.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

Bookkeeper, executive ability, $1,500 year; bookkeeper, $1,300; secretary-stenographer, (real estate,) $1,800.

WE HAVE MANY EXCELLENT POSITIONS TO BE FILLED IMMEDIATELY FOR STENOGRAPHERS, BOOKKEEPERS, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS, LEDGER CLERKS, TYPISTS, FILE CLERKS, KNOWLEDGE OF TYPING, GENERAL CLERICAL GIRLS. See our Mrs. Spier, Room 708.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
30 Church Street, New York.

Many out-of-town positions for stenographers, clerks and bookkeepers, salaries ranging as high as $35 per week; also many positions in New York City; $10 to $25 per week.

CALL BETWEEN 9 and 1.

TERMINAL EMPLOYMENT EXCHANGE,
154 NASSAU ST. MISS GRIFFIN.
Supervisor stenographic department, preferably with publishing house, $1,300-$1,500; DICTAPHONE OPERATORS, STENOGRAPHERS, $18-$20; LEDGER CLERKS, $12.

STENOGRAPHERS, $12-$20; typists, hours 9-4, $12; also $15; clerks, ledger; assistant bookkeepers, others. Business Opportunities Co. Agency, Coultas-Masterson, Props., 203 Broadway.

HIRST OCCUPATIONAL EXCHANGE, 95 Liberty St.—Stenographers, secretaries, $30-$25, typists, clerks, dictaphone operators; many others; register free.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers, good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortlandt 4249.

OFFICE MANAGER, bookkeeper, $30; stenographers; typists; clerks, bill, cost. Highhill, Flatiron Building.

STENOGRAPHERS, bookkeepers; good openings daily. Florence Bloch Agency, 47 West 42d.

ACME AGENCY, 145 Nassau St.—Stenographers, typists, bookkeepers, clerical workers, $8 to $18.

JUPP AGENCY, 87 Nassau.—Stenographers preferred; remunerative positions, many law typists; bookkeepers.

FULTON AGENCY, 93 Nassau, 489 5th; register free; many superior office openings.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ABLE SEAMEN,
MARINE OILERS,
FIREMEN;

also coal passers and ordinary seamen, experienced, for foreign and coastwise trade; must show proof of previous experience; have passport and identification card. Apply U. S. SHIPPING BOARD, SHIPPING BUREAU, 5 Greenwich St., near Battery Place, N. Y. C. office open every day, including Sundays, from 7 A. M.

ACCOUNTANT.—Junior; we have a splendid opening for young man of exceptionable ability; must be in deferred draft class; permanent position, rapid advancement. Call Room 505, 18-Park Row after 10 A. M.

ACCOUNTING CLERK, experienced and accurate; state age and qualifications. B 208 Times Downtown.

ADJUSTMENT TRACER
AT WANAMAKER'S; MUST BE
FAMILIAR WITH DEPARTMENT
STORE METHODS. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

ADVERTISING.—Young man, about 18 or 19 years old, high school education, to learn the advertising business; excellent opportunity if you have ambition and initiative. Address, stating experience, age, salary expected, and phone number, X 304 Times Annex.

ADVERTISING MAN, experienced, who can prepare copy for merchants preferred; in place of drafted man; moderate salary. New York Evening Call, 444 Pearl St.

ADVERTISING SOLICITOR on newspaper; experience not necessary; salary and commission. Brooklyn Weekly News, 4,708 3d Av., Brooklyn.

ARMATURE WINDERS.

Experienced in hand winding and repairing of SMALL and LARGE MOTORS; 48 hours a week.

WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th St.

ARTIST.—One who can make attractive advertising layouts, preferably with the added ability of writing copy; this is an excellent opportunity for the right man; moderate salary to start, with advancement as ability is demonstrated. Address, stating former experience, age, references, and salary expected. X 308 Times Annex.

ARTISTS.

Photo retouchers of machinery; steady work; send samples and state salary expected. Springfield Photo Engraving Co., Springfield, Mass.

ASSISTANT TO
ADVERTISING MANAGER,
DEPARTMENT STORE.

One with ability wanted; 18 to 25 years old; only modest salary to start, but unlimited opportunity for advancement; apply in own handwriting, stating salary expected, qualifications, and experience; only those with at least one year's experience in advertising department of department store need apply. Address N 361 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ASSISTANT PACKER and PORTER wanted by large handkerchif house; salary $15. Call by large handkerchief house; salary $15. Call Wednesday between 10 and 12, Henry Matler & Co., Ltd., 45 East 20th St.

AUTO MECHANICS-MACHINISTS,
BENCH HANDS, LATHE HANDS,
JONES & LAMSON OPERATORS,
AUTO ASSEMBLERS
WANTED BY
AMERICAN EXPRESS CO.
CLEAN, LIGHT SHOP.
GOOD PAY.
STEADY WORK.
APPLY 218 EAST 44TH ST.

AUTO ACCESSORY SALESMEN.

We require a number of salesmen for our New York and out-of-town stores; splendid opportunity and rapid advancement for bright men. Empire Auto Supply Co., Broadway and 56th St.

BENCH HANDS.

Experienced men will receive high pay; day and night shifts, 48-hour week.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

BOBBIN PRESSER WANTED, EXPERIENCED, FOR STEADY JOB. APPLY E. & Z. VAN RAALTE, 465 GETTY AV., PATERSON, N. J.

BOOKKEEPERS.—The Title Guarantee & Trust Company wants five bookkeepers; previous banking experience not necessary. Apply by letter or in person to James W. Brangan, 176 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER, married, to take charge of books and cashier's desk; must not be over 40 years of age; installment house experience preferred. Apply Lauter Piano Co., 149 Newark Av., Jersey City.

BOOKKEEPER as ledger clerk; must have previous commercial experience. Reply, stating age, nationality, references, and salary desired, A 3 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, EXPERIENCED IN THE MERCANTILE LINE; STATE REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. R 198 TIMES.

BOOKKEEPERS.—Competent; give full particulars of age, salary, experience, and references. R. B., 167 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant. Apply at the Manhattan Eye, ear and Throat Hospital, 210 East 64th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; state age, experience, and salary desired. N 380 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER AND CLERK.
State age, experience, and salary wanted. S. A., 240 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER with knowledge of stenography. Room 1718, 120 Broadway.

BOYS.
BRIGHT BOYS, 14-16 YEARS
TO WORK AS MESSENGERS
AND TO MAKE THEMSELVES
OTHERWISE USEFUL.
STEADY POSITION,
WITH CHANCE TO LEARN TRADE.
R. HOE & CO.,
2 SHERIFF STREET, CORNER GRAND.

BOY,

We need a boy; must be an American; excellent chance for advancement. Call Tuesday morning, Encyclopædia Britannica Corporation, 288 4th Av., 15th floor, and ask for Mr. Kreeger.

BOYS, (15-17.)—Important business concern in the financial district has permanent positions with opportunities for advancement for several elementary or high school graduates; short hours, enabling evening schooling; salary, current rate; application confidential. A 395 Times Downtown.

BOYS—75,
with machine shop experience; opportunity for advancement; good pay; steady work. Ball Gear & Machine Co., 56 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn.

BOYS, 16 to 20, for stockroom and shipping department in large mail order house; steady employment; good opportunity for advancement. Butler Bros. & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station, 9th Av. "L."

BOYS, 16 or over, wanted by banking house as runners and for general office work; state references and salary expected. Goldman, Sachs & Co., P. O. Box 240, New York City.

BOY.—An opportunity for you to learn important business; moderate salary; future prospects excellent; state age, education, salary expected. M 398 Times Downtown.

BOY.—A bright, willing worker wanted in office of food concern; must be grammar school graduate; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call 192 Diamond St., B'klyn.

BOY
for errands in printing office; good chance to learn trade. Paul Overhage, 229 West 28th St.

BOY, about 17, good at figures, in office of dry goods commission house; good chance for advancement; apply by letter, giving full particulars. R 190 Times.

BOYS, LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. G. SIDENBERG & CO., 116 5TH AV.

BOY in office of prominent theatrical concern; general office work; 16-18 years of age; state experience, if any; salary expected. R 186 Times.

BOY for office and errands; $8 to begin; answer in writing, mention age and references. Wilbert Garrison Co., 82 Beekman St.

BOY wanted for office and errands; good chance for advancement. McClure Newspaper Syndicate, 120 West 32d.

BOY wanted in advertising office; make himself generally useful; advancement; salary to start, $8. Room 314 World Building.

BOYS wanted for large automobile concern; good chance for advancement. Apply Willys-Overland, Inc., 531 West 57th St.

BOY, about 15, wanted for mailing and general office work; experience not necessary. Call, or write the Pauchy Co., 15 Murray St.

BOY, 16, wanted by a large advertising agency; excellent opportunity for advancement. Call at Philip Kobbe Co., 212 Fifth Av.

BOY.—Good opportunity for young boy. Room 907, 17 West 38th St.

BOY; office work; $7 start; good chance advancement. McCall, 236 West 37th.

BOY wanted in law office; neat, intelligent. Call 9 A.M., Broadway, Room 927.

BOY.—Office work and errands; $7 with advancement. 120 Liberty St., Room 507.

BUYER.

A large store of specialized departments, in Washington, D. C., requires the services of a buyer to buy muslin underwear, corsets, house dresses, and have wide knowledge about infants. The position offers an attractive salary and advancement. Apply, stating salary expected and experience, C. H. O., 211 Times.

CABINET MAKERS.

FIRST-CLASS BENCH HANDS; THOSE EXPERIENCED ON FINE GRADE CABINET WORK.
Apply
STANDARD AIRCRAFT CORP.,
Brunswick Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

CARPENTER.—An experienced carpenter wanted; steady work all year around. Apply Superintendent's office, 8th floor, The Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts., New York City.

CHAUFFEUR; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED MECHANIC; MUST KNOW ALL PARTS OF CAR; CAREFUL DRIVER, SOBER, NEAT, AND TRUSTWORTHY; ONLY THOSE WHOSE EXPERIENCE HAS BEEN EXCLUSIVELY DRIVING PRIVATE CARS NEED APPLY; REFERENCES FROM FORMER EMPLOYERS MUST BE OF THE HIGHEST QUALITY. STATE PARTICULARS; LIBERAL SALARY TO THE RIGHT MAN. A 4 TIMES.

CHAUFFEUR.—To drive Ford car. Call morning, 9 o'clock, Empire Art Metal Co., College Point.

CHAUFFEUR, willing, intelligent, to run errands and make himself useful. Call Underwood & Underwood, 6 East 39th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; state experience, salary desired; give references. N 362 Times Downtown.

CHAUFFEUR.—Pierce expert; single, not over 35; country. B 138 Times.

CLERK.—Young man, with high school education, for clerical work in downtown corporation; one having some business experience preferred; good opportunity for ambitious, trustworthy fellow; state age, salary desired. A 382 Times Downtown.

CLERK-TYPIST wanted, private office, (stenography advantageous,) state history, education, draft class; $18; permanent. Railroad, A 378 Times Downtown.

CLERK.—Young man, about 18, large corporation; good opportunity; state experience and salary expected. Address Auditor, P. O. Box 1548.

CLERK.—An order and stock clerk; experienced in automobile tires preferred; good salary; apply by letter. Tire Co., Plainfield, N. J.

CLERKS in bank wanted; state age, experience, and salary expected. D 476 Times Annex.

COMPANION—BUTLER.—Couple, young, refined, with high-class family; woman as companion or lady's maid, pianist; man first-class butler; references. E. H., 1 Rutherford Place, city.

CORRESPONDENT.—Sales; a large publishing house selling magazines through boys and dealers offers opportunity to man who can write result-getting letters, handle details, and is looking for a permanent connection; give details, experience, age, nationality in application. X 315 Times Annex.

COST CLERK.—Young man for cost work; must be experienced and thoroughly familiar with machinery line. W. F. Meyers Machine Co., 614 Hamilton St., Astoria, L. I.

CREDIT MAN.—Good collecting experience and thorough knowledge of cloak, suit and dress trade; state salary, experience, and houses employed. A 6 Times.

DESIGNER for large boys' wash suit house; excellent opening for right party; applications treated confidentially; state particulars. R. 193 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, mechanical, wanted at once; must be a first-class man; give age, experience, and salary expected; only professional need apply. H 48 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, who has had some mechanical experience, by Elevator Supply Co., 1,515 Willow Av., Hoboken.

DRIVERS, CHAUFFEURS, HELPERS.
ADAMS EXPRESS CO.
WANTS YOUNG MEN.
Good opportunity to secure
PERMANENT POSITIONS.
Apply Wagon Service Dept.,
30 TRINITY PLACE.

EDITOR wanted as assistant on staff of a New York electrical trade paper; qualifications are ability to write concise English, everlasting carefulness of details, some experience in electrical manufacturing, industrial plant electrical work or electrical contracting, in deferred military classification or not in draft age; fair salary to start with advancement as earned. A 392 Times Downtown.

ELEVATOR RUNNER.—Middle-aged man to run small electric elevator in office building; $10-$12. Apply Superintendent, building entrance, 26 East 42d St.

ELECTRICIAN HELPERS.—PERMANENT POSITION. APPLY, 10 A. M., 101 DUANE.

ENGINEERS, 12 JUNIORS, FOR PRODUCTION WORK IN FACTORY.

Men with experience (preferred) in production and efficiency work, who look forward to this as a life profession; must be analytic, exceedingly painstaking, persistent, and willing and able to co-ordinate work, facts, and people, enthusiastic and of a pleasing personality; those with combative, critical, entirely sensitive natures need not apply. Call between 9 and 12 A.M., C. E. Knoeppel & Co., 101 Park Av., New York City. Murray Hill 4871.

ENGINE LATHE HANDS,
MUST BE CITIZENS
AND ABLE TO USE MICROMETER AND READ BLUEPRINTS.
E. W. BLISS CO.,
76 54TH ST., BROOKLYN.

ENGINEER wanted, no boilers, able to do some repairs. Address, stating salary expected and experience, Engineer, A 255 Times Downtown.

ENGRAVERS.

Photo retouchers of machinery; steady work; send samples, and state salary expected. Springfield Photo Engraving Co., Springfield, Mass.

ERRAND BOY.—Bright young boy wanted by large Christian wholesale house; good prospects for right boy. William R. Warner & Co., 113 West 18th St.

EXECUTIVE POSITION.

Young man not over 35, who understands how to manage employes in retail store; some knowledge of advertising is preferable, but not absolutely necessary. Apply by letter only. Goldsmith Bros., 77 Nassau St.

FOREMAN TOOL ROOM.

FOREMAN WANTED; MUST BE HIGH-GRADE MAN, WITH MODERN METHODS; DAY AND NIGHT SHIFT, ON U. S. MACHINE GUN WORK; JIGS, FIXTURES, GAUGES, AND SMALL TOOL WORK FOR INTERCHANGEABLE PARTS. REPLY, STATING AGE, NATIONALITY, EXPERIENCE, AND SALARY WANTED,

COLT'S PATENT FIRE ARMS MFG. CO.,
EMPLOYMENT DEPARTMENT,
MERIDEN, CONN.

FREIGHT CLERK, familiar with application of tariffs and freight accounting; state age and experience. B 209 Times Downtown.

GAUGE MAKERS WANTED.

Several competent tool makers on gauges, jig and fixture and small tools; only those who have a broad and varied experience and who are not employed on Government work at the present time need apply; working conditions are of the best and highest wages and bonus paid for competent men; an exceptional opportunity to "do your bit." Write, stating age, experience and references fully. A 7 Times.

INSPECTORS, experienced on different makes of typewriters; fine opportunity for good men. N 358 Times Downtown.

JUNIOR CLERK.—Wanted, young man, in bank; must be tall, good penman, quick, accurate at figures. Apply to H. Regal, 507 Willis Av.

LABORATORY ASSISTANT, experienced on armature winding for motors, generators, and magneto armatures, wanted at once for experimental work; good and permanent position; apply in person. Eiseman Magneto Co., 83 32d St., Brooklyn, sixth floor.

LEDGER CLERK.—Young man who is capable of posting large number of items daily; must be quick and accurate; state age, experience, salary expected. G. A., 267 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS.

First-class all-around machinists, bench and lathe hands; steady work with good working conditions.

Apply by letter or in person to Mr. McCully, 8th St. gate house, Edison Lamp Works of General Electric Co., Harrison, N. J.

MACHINIST, TOOLMAKERS.

First-class men on jig, fixture and gauge work, also first class lathe, shaper and planer men. American Can Co., West 95th St. Dock.

MACHINISTS—50,

experienced lathe hands; opportunity for advancement; good pay; steady work. Ball Gear & Machine Co., 56 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn.

MACHINIST.—All-around, capable men, able to describe and inventory factory equipment; permanent traveling position; answer in own handwriting, giving all details, salary, &c. M 242 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS, automobile, general overhauling; tools preferred; no helpers. Brady Murray Motors Corp., Second-Hand Dept., 12 West 62d St.

MAN.—Young, progressive dress concern wishes services of a man able to command trade and manage office; salary no object. Gem Novelty, 50 West 15th.

MAN wanted, reliable, experienced, to take charge of farm; 250 acres; references required. Sanatorium Gabriels, Gabriels, N. Y.

MANAGER wanted for men's retail hat store out of town; reference required. Snyder's, Inc., 183 West 21st St.

MECHANICS.

Also boilermakers, signal maintainers, airbrake repair men. Apply Employment Car, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, 1326 St. and Willis Av., Bronx.

MECHANIC, young, with some knowledge automobiles. Apply Room 606, 1,926 Broadway.

METER MAN, high grade, competent, to calibrate a complete line of commercial and electrical measuring instruments; excellent opportunity for a man with executive ability. Write, stating age, experience, and salary expected, to Meter, Box 221 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

MILLWRIGHT.—Capable men, able to describe and inventory factory equipment; permanent traveling position; answer in own handwriting, giving all details, salary, &c. M 241 Times Downtown.

MOTOR REPAIR MAN, EXPERIENCED. APPLY 10 A. M., 101 DUANE ST.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR.

First-class, experienced multigraph operator; none other need reply to C. M., Box N 367 Times Downtown.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man, 16 to 18, in office of large corporation; good opportunity for one ambitious and industrious; state full particulars. Industrious, N 357 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Large corporation; chances for advancement. Address Auditor, P. O. Box 1548.

OFFICE BOY wanted for general work in law office. Apply Room 908, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

OFFICE BOYS
over 16. Apply Swift & Co., 32 10th Av.

OPPORTUNITY.

Man, 25-35 years of age, with good shop experience, some knowledge mechanical drafting; good habits and personal appearance a requirement; in answering give detailed experience in full, married or single, age, and wages expected. Address all answers in your own handwriting to Post Office Box 115, Bloomfield, N. J.

OPTICAL SHOPMAN.
ALL-AROUND MAN, EXCEPT
SURFACE WORK; PERMANENT.
9 TO 5, AT WANAMAKER'S. APPLY EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

PACKER.—Young man experienced in putting up parcel post and mail packages for large Christian drug house. William R. Warner & Co., 113 West 18th St.

PACKERS.—Experienced drug packers, by Christian firm. Apply at 113 West 18th St., fourth floor.

PACKER wanted, wholesale house. Call 55 Warren St.

PORTER wanted for general factory work; wages $15 per week; extra pay for overtime; American, Scotch or Irish preferred; give references. Address W. C. F., Box N 368 Times Downtown.

POWER PRESS FOREMAN.—We have a vacancy for a first-class man as assistant foreman; must be experienced in setting up for variety work on hand-fed presses and capable of making die repairs; one having experience as toolmaker preferred. Keuffel & Esser Co., 303 Adams St., Hoboken.

PHYSICIAN.—Wanted for large plant on Government work, munitions, high-class resident physician; man preferred who has ability to organize hospital and welfare department, to look after and systematize examinations for employes; this affords excellent opportunity to help your Government in a practical way. X 306 Times Annex.

SALESMEN WANTED.

FELT & TARRANT MFG. CO. HAS SEVERAL OPENINGS IN ITS SALES ORGANIZATION FOR MEN WHO CAN QUALIFY TO SELL COMPTOMETERS; MEN WITH BOOKKEEPING AND ACCOUNTING EXPERIENCE PREFERRED.

WE THOROUGHLY TRAIN OUR SALESMEN AND PAY A SALARY DURING THE TRAINING PERIOD; SALARY AND COMMISSION PROPOSITION; ANSWER BY LETTER ONLY, GIVING EDUCATION AND PAST EXPERIENCE.

M. E. O'BRIEN,
221 BROADWAY,
NEW YORK CITY.

SALESMEN.

A wealthy and growing New York corporation can place four or five clean-cut, aggressive salesmen 25 to 40 years of age; must have the equivalent of high school education, be a positive talker, and willing to remain with us permanently. To men with the above qualifications, whose past will bear investigating, we have exceptional possibilities, including liberal commissions. Mr. Benson, 2288, 4th Av., 15th floor.

SALESMAN and live men for side line; opportunity to make $1,500 to $2,500 yearly selling our special accident, sickness, and automobile policy; great demand for same; cost only $10 for year's insurance; big commission. Call or write for particulars, Fred J. Schaefer & Co., 1,123 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMEN.—A large New York corporation has openings for several young Americans, with good education and pleasing personality; we will take good care of you if you are a live wire; your future is unlimited; drawing account and commission. S. D., 49 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced, special work for Ohio corporation manufacturing automobile tires, (not to sell tires); choice territory; live leads; liberal commission; hotel and R. R. fares guaranteed but no advances. Suite 1007, 19 West 44th St. C. M. Jacobs.

SALESMEN wanted, calling on department stores in the United States, to handle side line; liberal commission; sample fits vest pocket; sells on sight; this is an interesting proposition for live wires. Modelo Co., 1,132 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Experienced salesmen wanted to sell a conservative high grade preferred stock issue; salary or commission basis. Address, giving experience and references, S. H. J. P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

SALESMAN for one of the best sellers in the market for Yonkers, Mount Vernon, Jersey City, and Bronx; liberal commission; sold early. Call or address D. Levy, 395 Broadway, Room 1408.

SALESMEN.—We have an opening for two energetic men, accustomed to making good money; liberal drawing account against commission. Illustrated Company, 141 East 25th.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced in selling laces and embroideries, to travel for reliable concern; commission basis only; call Mechlin Lace Works, 170 5th Av., between 10 and 11.

SALESMAN wanted; good selling proposition and great opportunity for future; worth $20 to $40 weekly at start; commission with guarantee. Mr. Brooks, 1828, 80 Maiden Lane.

SALESMAN, with established following city and office trade; popular priced dresses; drawing account in proportion to business. Perfection Dress Co., 85 East 10th.

SALESMAN and Estimator, first class, who understands fine interior cabinet work; choice, salary or commission. S. T., 126 Times.

SALESMEN, hat; must be experienced in selling the best retail trade. Apply by letter, stating past record and qualifications, to A 8 Times.

SALESMAN for office furniture store wanted; experienced man only need apply; steady position; good pay. B. Kominsky, 92 Fulton St., City.

SALESMAN, neckwear, South and West, to carry for large house a side line of marabou capes and stoles; commission basis; big business. M. C., 217 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to sell high-grade automobile truck; one to five ton model; New York and Brooklyn; salary or commission. J. D., care of 392 Manhattan Av., New York.

SALESMAN.—Permanent position for high-class salesman; state age, experience, and salary expected; also salesman and window dresser; salary and commission; Lambert, 188 Broadway.

SALESMEN.—Two men of ability and good address for high class, quick selling bond issue; experience required; salary and liberal commission. N 363 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Photo-engraving plant desires a salesman; salary or commission; to one controlling work it is a splendid opportunity. R 200 Times.

SALESMAN, with experience, to travel for old-established house; state age and experience; reference required; salary. D 475 Times Annex.

SALESMAN.—Experienced metals preferred, to interview foundries, machine shops; good opportunity; state salary, &c. Address A 356 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Traveling, calling on gents' furnishing trade, to carry men's neckwear as side line; good commission. A 389 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Disinfectant; new proposition; duplicate orders increase your income; big commissions. Call or write, Chemical Compound Company, 2 and 4 Stone St.

SALESMEN wanted for all territories, strong line ladies' dresses; commission. R 197 Times.

SALESMAN.—Office specialty; salary man with trade. Samuel H. Moss, 36 E. 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER-OFFICE ASSISTANT in real estate department large contracting corporation; experience necessary for rapid advancement; salary $75 to $100 per month, according to merit. Apply after 4 P. M. to Room 601, Queens Subway Building, (Huntspoint Av. Station,) Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER. — Large downtown bank requires the services of a competent stenographer; in replying, state age, religion, experience, and salary desired. Address "W. H. W.," P. O. Box 822, N. Y. City.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced Remington operator and at general bookkeeping; draft exempt. Central Iron Works, 420 East 48th St.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

ANYONE HAVING ANY INFORMATION regarding EARNEST J. SCHABELITZ, please address Russell, A 393 Times Downtown.

Deafness.—New Anderfone aids hearing; free trial. Write or call, Anderson Electric Co., 145 West 36th St., 1 H, New York.

HELP WANTED—Male.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST, beginner, with knowledge of filing; manufacturing concern; $10 to start; good opportunity. R 192 Times.

STOCK CLERKS.—Bright, hustling boys as stock clerks in a position which gives an opportunity for advancement; salary $7 with 10% bonus. Apply to Mr. Shoemaker, R. H. Ingersoll & Bros., 30 Irving Place.

STOCK MAN for factory branch in New York; thoroughly experienced in automobile parts; permanent position for high-grade man. Address A 9 Times.

STOCK CLERKS.—Young men, for stock clerks in wholesale dry goods house; chance of advancement to right men. E 284 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERKS.—Men, count and handle paper; steady work; good pay. Charles E. Weyand Co., 22 Howard St.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man for retail furnishing goods house; salary $10 per week. A 388 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK wanted for piece goods by large cloak house; must be well recommended. X 309 Times Annex.

STOCK CLERK in large automobile part department; state salary and experience. R 201 Times.

STOCK CLERK, experienced, in plumbing supply house; must be reliable and willing; write reference, salary expected, 402 West St.

TIMEKEEPER IN LARGE OFFICE; MUST BE EXPERIENCED; AGE 27 TO 35; POSITION TEMPORARY; WILL POSSIBLY BECOME PERMANENT; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY. T 82 TIMES.

TIRE SALESMEN.

WANT A NUMBER OF GOOD MEN FOR LOCAL TERRITORY; ALSO FOR OUT OF TOWN WORK; MEN WHO CAN EARN BIG MONEY ON THEIR OWN EFFORTS; A TIRE WELL KNOWN, ONE OF THE FIRST ON THE MARKET; NO ORDER TAKERS WILL BE CONSIDERED; WE WANT MEN WITH PERSONALITY AND ADDRESS; NO LIMIT TO THOSE WHO ARE WILLING TO WORK ON COMMISSION; BIG FUTURE. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL, BATAVIA RUBBER CO., 1,731 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

TOOL DESIGNERS.

Four first-class men to design tools, jigs, and fixtures for instrument work; men experienced on typewriter and gun work preferred; excellent opportunity for men above the average; state age, nationality, experience, and salary expected. K. W., 156 Times.

TOOL AND GAUGEMAKERS.

Men who like up-to-date, high-grade work on Government contracts, with good wages; 50 miles from New York. Apply 299 Broadway, Room 1011.

TOOLROOM KEEPER.—Must be experienced in machine and plumbing shop; 7 A. M. to 5 P. M. Write, giving references and salary expected, 402 West St.

TRANSLATOR.—Spanish, capable of producing the highest grade of literary composition; must be native of Spanish-speaking country, but with thorough knowledge of English; an excellent position with a large publishing house is open to one who can fill requirements; give full details in first letter, which may be writen in Spanish or English; all applications will be treated with strict confidence. R 195 Times.

TWO EXTRA SALESMEN.

High-class salesmen wanted at once by concern doing a million per month in New York; our salesmen making from $400 to $1,200 per month, salary and commissions. Apply 10 A. M. Tuesday and Wednesday, Mr. Waddell, 111 Broadway.

TYPEWRITER REPAIR MEN wanted, experienced on Underwood, L. C. Smith, Monarch, Oliver, Royal, and Smith Premier; men who thoroughly understand such machines can secure positions at once; give details in first letter; apply by letter only. J. Byrne, 2,415 Marion Av., Bronx.

TYPIST for large automobile concern; one preferred with experience in purchasing department; state salary and experience. A 1 Times.

VALET and BUTLER wanted for bachelor's apartments; one capable of light cooking. Address, with city references, Box X 312 Times Annex.

WATCHMAKER.

AN EXPERIENCED WATCHMAKER REQUIRED FOR THEIR JEWELRY REPAIR ROOM; PERMANENT POSITION; GOOD SALARY.
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, FIFTH FLOOR,
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.

TWO YOUNG MEN with at least high school training and one year's experience in chemical work wanted for chemical laboratory; preferably below the draft age limits; unusually good opportunity for bright applicants. X 306 Times Annex.

YOUNG MEN,
19 TO 35 YEARS,
WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION, TO LEARN SALESMANSHIP IN OLD-ESTABLISHED MERCANTILE HOUSE; SALARY BASIS. A 378 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN,
19 TO 35 YEARS,
WITH HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION,
TO LEARN
telephone switchboard installation work; good opportunity for rapid advancement; steady work; paid while learning.
APPLY 8 TO 11 A. M.,
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
TRAINING SCHOOL FOR INSTALLERS,
121 WEST 17TH ST., N. Y.

YOUNG MAN wanted, bright, 17, to assist in high-class office; one who has had experience with export work preferred; must be neat and conscientious in the performance of his duties; none other need apply. A 11 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22-25,) assist china department head; exceptional opportunity for bright young man, draft exempt; must have high school education; position leads that of buyer. Apply Mr. Leshen L. Barth, 32 Cooper Square.

YOUNG MEN—50,

with machine shop experience at lathe; opportunity for advancement; good pay; steady work. Ball Gear & Machine Co., 56 Greenpoint Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 years of age, in stock room of a manufacturing concern; state salary expected. M 260 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, aged about 18 or 19, who has had experience in paying teller department of bank; state salary expected. H 150 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in mill sales office, Christian firm; must be well educated and good address; start $12-$15; give particulars. H 110 Times.

YOUNG MAN, capable making out bills. Address, with references and salary expected, Johnson, P. O. Box 851, New York City.

YOUNG MAN to take charge of entrance to office and supervise office boys. Call Room 437, 50 New St.

YOUNG MAN, 18-18, neat, intelligent, in office of progressive concern. A 335 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in thirty days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllabic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make reservations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 154 West 42d St., 387 West 181st St., New York; 370 East 149th St., near 3d Av., Bronx, N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

YOU WANT PLEASANT WORK, better pay, a better future. Whether 15 or 55 years of age, become a Dental Mechanic. SHORT course, individual instruction, day or evening. No book study. Easy payments. We have best equipment, best system, best reputation. Dental Surgeons constantly employ more and more of our graduates. Write us for free Booklet 50.
Dentists' Laboratories School, 25 W. 45th St.

ARE YOU INTERESTED
in a well-paying profession? Many of our graduates earn $5,000 to $10,000 yearly; our method of instruction develops experts, both sexes. Class now forming. Write for Booklet G.
NATUROPATHIC INSTITUTE,
254 W. 34th, New York. Phone Greeley 1160.

ANY ONE CAN LEARN to earn $25 to $100 weekly taking photographs; many jobs now open; motion picture, studio, and commercial photography; 3 months' studio instruction; day or night; easy terms; call or write for booklet T. N. Y. Inst. of Photography, 141 West 36th St., N. Y.

MEN—EARN BIG MONEY.

Learn big-paying trade; mechanical dentists in great demand; we teach you in a few months; day or night. Write for free booklet. "I" Easy payments. Est. 25 years. Bodee Schools of Mechanical Dentistry, 15 W. 44th St., N. Y. 15 Flatbush Av., B'klyn

SALESMEN.—Experienced or inexperienced, city or traveling; write or call for our free book. "A Knight of the Grip," and list of openings; immediate employment service rendered members. National Salesmen's Training Assn., Suite 1906D, Candler Bldg., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

ARMY ORDERS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Signal Reserve Corps.

Following to Camp Dick:

Miller, 1st Lt. L. R.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Norton, P. T.	Harris, J. G.
Thiel, W. A.	Newman, R. E.
Harriman, W. F.	Clark, M. G.
Lowndsbury, G. T.	MacDonald, J. E.
Lewis, H. H.	Young, E. H.
Rothfeld, L.	Massey, R. R.
Anderson, R. M.	Sherman, A. C.
Jaenicke, W. D.	Vickory, M. K.
McCoy, F. K.	Smith, F.
Nimocks, R. G.	Warren, K. C.

MAKE QUICK ARREST IN GAMING MURDER

Police Accuse Morris Rothenberg of Slaying Rich Burglar and Gambler.

NEGRO IDENTIFIES HIM

Elevator Boy Pursued Murderer, Who Took Flight After Shooting Swann Inquiry Witness.

RECALLS ROSENTHAL CASE

Sam Schepps Examined on Suspicion He Might Know Who Killed Latest Informer.

Harry Cohen, known as "Harry the Yot," a burglar, who lived in a $75 a month apartment at 7 West Ninety-second Street, owned an automobile, and handed over to his wife every week from $200 to $1,500, was shot and killed in the hallway of his apartment house yesterday morning at 7:10 o'clock, an hour and a half after he had called upon Assistant District Attorney James E. Smith and promised to give testimony against a number of gamblers.

Late last night Morris Rothenberg, 26 years old, a waiter and bartender, of 740 Prospect Avenue, the Bronx, was arrested and charged with the murder by Detectives Mullins, Finan, La Rue, and Newman of the Fourth Branch. Companions of Cohen on Sunday night asserted that they had last seen him in the company of Rothenberg. Joseph Edney, the negro elevator boy of the apartment house where Cohen lived, saw Rothenberg at the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau and identified him as the man who had killed Cohen.

Rothenberg denied that he was implicated in the murder, but said he had been gambling all night with Cohen at a place near Sixth Avenue and Eleventh Street. He said he had also been at Seventh Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, near the jewelry shop of Schepps, with Cohen, during the night. According to his story, he parted with Cohen an hour before the murder took place.

Cohen had for about ten days been promising the District Attorney's office that he would tell all he knew about gambling. He telephoned last Monday to Assistant District Attorney Smith that he had lost more than $500 playing against a roulette wheel in a large downtown hotel. He said he had learned that the wheel had been tampered with, and that he intended to take his revenge by having the place raided. Later he called again at the District Attorney's office and promised to give the testimony that would convict "five of the biggest gamblers in the city."

Cohen failed to produce any evidence, however, and was evidently hesitating until yesterday morning, when he called up Assistant District Attorney Smith and made an appointment to see him at the Criminal Courts Building at 1:30 o'clock in the afternoon and unburden himself of all incriminating information. Detectives under Captain McKenna learned later that Cohen had been gambling all night, and that he had lost the last penny which he carried in his pockets a short time before he called the Assistant District Attorney out of bed to assure him that he was going to impart all that he knew about gambling in New York.

Cohen also promised further information, which was to be of interest to the United States Government, according to District Attorney Swann. While the nature of this information was not made public by the District Attorney, it was reported that Cohen promised to give evidence against a ring which was attempting to carry on traffic in heroin and other prohibited drugs at the United States Army posts. This was said to have been done at the instigation of German agents for the purpose of injuring the work of American soldiers.

The murder of Cohen on the eve of his promised disclosures bore a startling resemblance to the murder of Herman Rosenthal, for which Police Lieutenant Becker was put to death, but the facts surrounding the killing gave it rather more the appearance of a private quarrel.

Cohen arrived at his apartment shortly before 7 o'clock yesterday morning, according to his wife. He was accompanied by a man who went up with him in the elevator and waited in the hall outside. Cohen went to a bureau in his apartment and took out a fifty-dollar bill, telling his wife that it was for a man outside.

Cohen and his companion then went down to the ground floor, where Cohen gave Edney, the elevator man, the number of the Royal Café, at 188 Second Avenue, to call on the telephone. Cohen had started to talk over the telephone when his companion opened fire.

Pursuit of the Slayer.

Edney ran out of the alcove, where the switchboard is placed, in time to see the murderer, who was short and dark, running out the building. Edney gave chase. The murderer ran to Central Park West and then southward, finally boarding an Eighth Avenue car. Edney continued to pursue the car, shouting, he said, but was distanced and finally gave up the chase. Detectives under Captain McKenna later found the revolver near the place where Edney had described the murderer as boarding the car. When Edney returned he found that Cohen was dying, two bullets having taken effect in his head.

The police first began their investigation on the theory that Cohen, who has a record as a "night burglar," had been killed by an accomplice over the division of the spoils, but the investigation took a different turn after Assistant District Attorney Smith heard of the murder. His first step was to request the police to bring to the Criminal Courts Building the notorious Sam Schepps, one of the men who planned the murder of Herman Rosenthal and obtained immunity by giving testimony which resulted in the conviction of Lieutenant Becker.

Schepps, who was questioned at length, promised to help in obtaining certain information. Schepps was associated with Cohen, according to District Attorney Smith, through a woman known as Grace Leslie, recently sent to the workhouse after a raid on her apartment in Riverside Drive.

Among the papers found by the police after this raid were a number of checks made out by the woman and cashed by Schepps. These had interested District Attorney Swann because Cohen had told a sensational story about the Leslie woman.

The District Attorney's office first made the acquaintance of Harry Cohen or "Harry the Yot," when he volunteered information concerning Grace Leslie. His story regarding the woman, according to District Attorney Swann, was one which might be of great interest to the Federal Government. It was reported later that "the Yot" had told about a band which had been engaged by German agents to smuggle drugs into army posts.

Schepps Shows Indignation.

Schepps, who had been conducting a jewelry shop in Seventh Avenue, near Forty-seventh Street, asserted that he knew nothing about the Cohen case and believed that he had been dragged in to increase the resemblance of the case to the Rosenthal case, which gave political prominence to Charles S. Whitman. He said:

"I have been brought into this just for local color. I knew 'Harry the Yot' by reputation, just as I knew Jesse James. I'm a bit of window-dressing, a bunch of ribbon, to help the case along for the District Attorney. It is a shame that a man should be taken away from his business and kept waiting here all day just for a pretext to get the use of his name in connection with the case."

Grace Leslie was interrogated about the murder of "Harry the Yot" to see if she could disclose any new motive of revenge for his murder, but she refused to answer questions.

Cohen, who was 38 years old, had been arrested for burglary on ten occasions since 1901, but had only been convicted twice, and had then served sentences of a few months only. Inspector Cray said that he was one of the cleverest burglars in the country, and that he practiced "night burglaries," entering apartment houses from fire escapes, a type of burglary which the police have found the hardest of all in which to get evidence to convict a clever man.

Assistant District Attorney Smith said yesterday that Cohen's most recent source of income had not been from burglaries, but from his interest in three gambling houses. Inspector of Detectives Cray said yesterday that the police had found no connection between Cohen and gambling houses.

Whatever his source of income, Cohen was able to live luxuriously. The police found his apartment furnished in costly style, while Mrs. Cohen had a fine assortment of jewelry, including several large diamonds.

When the police reached the apartment house they found Mrs. Cohen in the company of Mrs. Lillian Jordan of Bayonne and Mrs. Frieda Singer of 72 West Eighty-ninth Street, who had spent the night at the Cohen apartments after an automobile ride with Mrs. Cohen. All three were detained and questioned, but later released when it was found that they knew nothing about the movements of Cohen.

Ignorant of Husband's Record.

Mrs. Cohen, who was overwhelmed with grief over her husband's death, was shocked when detectives showed her a picture of her husband from the Rogues' Gallery. She said that during their four years of married life she had never known that her husband was a burglar, and had never been accurately informed as to the source of her husband's income, which sometimes amounted to $1,500 a week. She said that lately she had understood that he was gambling.

Police Captain McKenna and Detectives Mullins, Finan, Newman, and La Rue brought to the Criminal Courts Building last night a man named Joe Zorak, or Ehrlich, and another named Charlie Zinc, both of whom admitted having been with Cohen on the night before the murder.

District Attorney Swan said last night that the real name of Grace Leslie was Marie von Schill, a young woman of Baltimore, who was of German birth. He said:

"The Government will be much interested in the information which we are now gathering."

Assistant District Attorney Smith said:

"This is the Rosenthal case over again, except that no police are mixed up in it. Cohen was put out of the way to prevent his squealing. Like many men who have interests in gambling resorts, he would never gamble in his own place, but would always go up against some other man's game. He had been cheated repeatedly, he claimed, and wanted revenge on the men who had swindled him.

"While he had seen me several times recently and made promises to tell all he knew, he probably hesitated because of his own interest in gambling places. He visited me three nights ago at my house, and had previously called myself and Judge Swann on the telephone several times. I believe that certain gamblers found out that he was getting ready to squeal and decided to put him out of the way."

Federal Board's List of Fair Food Prices in Retail Stores in the Cash and Carry Plan

The following prices are suggested by the Federal Food Board of New York as representative of what these goods should be purchased for on a cash and carry basis in the retail stores of New York City. The range in prices depends upon the purchase by the retailer in original whole packages or broken packages:

Article.	Retailer Pays Cents per lb.	Consumer Should Pay Cents per lb.
Beans, Lima, domestic	16 @17	19 @20
Beans, small white, domestic	15 @16	18 @19
Beans, pea or medium, domestic	15 @16	18 @19
Beans, white, choice imported	14 @15	17 @18
Beans, kidney, red domestic	15½@16½	18½@19½
Beans, Kintoki, red imported	10½@11½	13½@14½
Rice, bulk, whole head	9¾@10¾	11¾@12¾
Rice, bulk, Blue Rose	9¼@10¼	11¼@12¼
Rice, bulk, broken	8½@ 9¼	10½@11¼
Oats, bulk, rolled	6¼@ 6¾	8¼@ 8¾
Cornmeal, white, Southern fine	5¾@ 6¼	7¾@ 8¼
Cornmeal, yellow, granulated	6¼@ 6¾	8¼@ 8¾
Raisins, seeded, 15-ounce package, fancy	11¾@12¼	14¾@15¼
Raisins, seeded, 15-ounce package, choice	10¾@11¼	13¼@14¾
Prunes, California, 40-50	15 @15½	19 @19½
Prunes, California, 70-80	10¼@10¾	13¼@13¾
Prunes, California, 100-120	8¼@ 8¾	11¼@11¾
Prunes, Oregon, 30-40	15½@16	19½@20
Prunes, Oregon, 40-50	14½@15	18½@19
Flour, Spring patent	6¼@ 6½	7¼@ 7½
Flour, Winter wheat	6¼@ 6½	7¼@ 7½
Sugar, granulated	7.7	8.6
Bread, factory wrapped, 12 ounces	7	8
Bread, Victory, factory wrapped, 16 ounces	8½	10
Bread, store wrapped, 12 ounces	6½	7½
Bread, store wrapped, 16 ounces	8	9
Milk, loose dipper, B, per quart	10½	11
Milk, bottle, B, per quart	13½	14
Milk, bottle, B, per pint	7½	8
Butter, fresh creamery, extras, (best table)	45	50
Butter, fresh creamery, firsts, (good table)	42½@44	47½@49
Butter, fresh creamery, seconds, (cooking)	39½@41½	44½@46½
Cheese, American, whole milk, average run	24 @26	30 @32
†Eggs, fresh Western firsts, (uncandled,) per doz.	*35½@38½	40½@43½
Potatoes, white, United States, No. 1	2¼	3¼
Onions, red, fancy	¾	3¾
Cabbage, white, domestic	1½	3½

Prices quoted in fractions will cost the consumer the full cent if pound purchases are made. Purchases of more than one pound will include the sum of the fractions.

*Prices to retailers buying in large quantities and doing own carting.

†Wholesalers are selling eggs "at mark," (uncandled.) At this time of year eggs are candled for very fancy trade only.

WANTS NO WASTE OF MEAT.

Food Board Warns the Public Against Extravagant Consumption.

The order suspending the usual Tuesday meatless regulations for the next thirty days goes into effect for the first time today. Throughout April meat may be eaten on Tuesday, as well as on the other days of the week. The Federal Food Board yesterday called attention to the fact that the suspension of the regulations did not authorize an extravagant or wasteful consumption of meat. "Eat meat, but eat only as much as you require for your needs, and not one bit more," is the general advice of the Food Board on the subject.

Yesterday was the first day of the new scale of milk prices. Under an agreement reached by producers and distributers the prices for April will involve a reduction of one-half to a cent from the March prices, and will be as follows:

Grade A, delivered, 16 cents a quart, 9 cents a pint.

Grade B, delivered, 14 cents a quart, 8 cents a pint.

Grade B, in stores, 13½ cents a quart and 7¼ cents a pint; Grade B, loose, 10 cents a quart.

The officials of the Federal Food Board were unwilling yesterday to give out any further information concerning the complaints received in the past two weeks as to the discovery of bits of glass in bread produced by some of the large baking companies. In all, it was said that fifteen complaints had been received of a genuine nature. The identity of the persons who presented the complaints, or the identity of the baking companies involved, the Federal Food Board would not reveal, on the ground that such a course would merely cause "unnecessary alarm."

Nat Goodwin Wins Verdict.

In the suit of Nat C. Goodwin against the Mirror Films, Inc., to recover damages for breach of employment as star at $1,250 a week, a jury before Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum returned a verdict yesterday for $15,000, the full amount asked, with interest.

RESTAURANT MEN CALLED SLACKERS

J. M. Bowman Keeps Tab on Guests Who Ate Bread at Their Society's Dinner.

CALLS IT GREEDINESS

Threatenes to Read Names of Those He Describes as "Camouflage Patriots."

John M. Bowman, proprietor of the Hotel Biltmore and head of the Hotel, Restaurant, and Dining Car Division of the United States Food Administration, precipitated a sensation at the annual dinner of the Society of Restaurateurs of New York last night at the Biltmore, when, toward the close of the evening, he suddenly disclosed that he had had a secret list made of all the men present who refused to dine without bread and butter. Mr. Bowman denounced the "food slackers" in unmistakable language, impugning their patriotism and inducing some restaurant keepers present to a state almost of panic during the few moments that he held a list of the greedy ones in his hand and acted as though he were going to read it publicly.

The incident ended by Mr. Bowman tearing up the list and dropping the bits in the waste basket, after which he challenged the men whom he just had excoriated to refuse to rise and drink the toast he then proposed to Food Administrator Hoover. Every man sprang to his feet and drank the toast with eagerness.

Hardly had the dinner started when here and there at the tables arose complaints that the diners were not satisfied to eat without bread. At first the waiters refused to serve it, but after there had been a consultation with Mr. Bowman, bread and butter were brought to every table where the diners, or any of them, insisted upon being served with it.

When Mr. Bowman arose to speak in response to the introduction of John Cavanagh, President of the Society, he said:

"There are men in this room of whom I am thoroughly ashamed. Things have happened here which have made me feel at at all proud of you. I have had more than one occasion since this evening started to blush for shame for more than one of you. The time has passed for a lot of this camouflage patriotism that we hear from people who don't mean it. The time has passed when men can go around saying 'I am a hellova fellow and I am right behind the Government' and then act very much to the contrary. That sort of thing has become unendurable.

"You have all had reason to know that this was to be a breadless banquet. We had such an affair attended by 500 hotel men on Saturday night in this hotel and there was not a word of complaint. You have all read the papers and you must have been aware of the regulation. So I gave orders to my maitre d'hotel that no bread was to be served in this room tonight. But some of you have shown that you are not altogether with us, and I tell you right now that you cannot be with the Government half way.

"When you insisted upon having bread and butter I ordered the maitre d'hotel to keep a list of every table at which the guests refused to eat without it and to keep a list of every man at that table who demanded bread and butter. There are sixteen tables out of seventy-five at which some of the diners insisted that they must be served with bread and butter. I have the number of each table and the names of the men who sat at it."

At this point Mr. Bowman held up a slip of paper upon which some names were written. From many parts of the room came cries: "Read it! read it!" but Mr. Bowman tore it up. He concluded by saying:

"I don't know what it is—it may be just greediness, but there are men in this room who, knowing that our soldiers are at the front giving their lives for the country, still are indifferent to sacrificing even so little of their personal comfort and their personal desires to such an extent that they will not even refrain from bread at a single meal to help feed our boys over there."

398,651 ENLISTED IN A YEAR.

New York Again Led in Recruits Obtained on Saturday.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The first year of recruiting on an intensive scale for the purposes of the present war closed yesterday and figures made public today showed that during the twelve months since April 1, 1918, a total of 398,651 men enlisted in the regular army alone. The number taken in Saturday and Sunday was 546. The showing for New York and neighboring States follow:

	Obtained Mar. 30-31.	Since April 1.		Obtained Mar. 30-31.	Since April 1.
Conn.	7	4,953	N. Jersey	4	10,039
Delaware	..	736	New York	76	43,514
Maine	9	2,454	Penn.	26	45,295
Maryland	4	3,984	Rhode Isl'd	4	2,477
Mass.	11	19,138	*Vermont	2	638
N. Hamp.	..	1,551			

*Quota not obtained.

W. & J. SLOANE

ESTABLISHED 75 YEARS AGO

SPECIAL SPRING DISPLAY OF DOMESTIC RUGS

On Main Floor

Inaugurating the Spring Season, we have now assembled on the first floor the most extensive stock of Summer Rugs we have ever shown.

The assortments comprise the newest effects produced by the leading American and foreign manufacturers.

A comparison of the excellent values is invited.

RAG RUGS, 9 Ft. x 12 Ft., $13.25 TO $53
HAND-BRAIDED RUGS, $6.25 TO $45
"BAR HARBOR" PORCH RUGS } 9 ft x 12 ft
"NARRAGANSETT" RUSH RUGS } $10.50 to $48
"WILLOW" GRASS RUGS }

Other sizes at proportionate prices.

CHINESE MATTINGS of Superior Quality

On Sixth Floor

WILTON and AXMINSTER RUGS
"KLEARFLAX" LINEN RUGS
OLD-FASHIONED "HOOK" RUGS
JAPANESE JUTE RUGS
BATH RUGS and COCOA MATS

FIFTH AVENUE & 47TH STREET, NEW YORK

Columbia Records

Vernon Stiles

Appearing at Carnegie Hall, April 2nd

Vernon Stiles, the popular American tenor, has exchanged the costume of grand opera and the formal attire of the concert stage for the army khaki. For the duration of the war he has set aside his personal ambitions to serve his country. Wherever he appears he adds to his programme of songs spirited sketches of camp life and its bracing effect on our citizen soldiers and patriotic appeals to further the sale of smileage books.

His favorite songs may be heard at their best on Columbia Records. Any Columbia dealer will gladly play these records for you. Hear them—it will be a revelation of faithful, scientific recording that reproduces all the charm and emotional power of this talented singer's art.

Columbia Grafonola Price $215

With electric motor, $240

New Columbia Records on Sale the 10th and 20th of Every Month

Columbia Graphophone Company
New York

HOTEL WALLICK

BROADWAY & 42D ST. TEL. BRYANT—346.

AFTERNOON TEA DANCES
DAILY AND SUNDAY IN THE
"VIOLET ROOM"
MR. CONKWRIGHT AND MISS VIOLET LOBELL
FEATURING BALL ROOM DANCES OF TO-DAY.
MUSIC BY JOHN MARINARO'S ORCHESTRA
MRS. MAGILL, HOSTESS.

"MARIMBA BAND" IN BROADWAY DINING ROOM. DANCING AFTER DINNER.

LUNCHEON Business Men's & Shoppers'

LONDON I. WALLICK, MGR.

DELICIOUS SOUTHERN CHICKEN DINNER ALL DAY
Milkfed Chicken, Waffles, Maple Syrup, Corn Fritters and Sweet Potatoes

Janssen wants to see you

30TH ST. & BROADWAY
Also Excellent Table d'Hote and a la Carte
BEAUTIFUL MUSIC. DANCING AFTER 8 UNTIL CLOSING.

Special Suburban Service

WHEN you intend being in New York over night—Leave your bag in Mendel's Parcel Room, Grand Central Station, and say: "For the Hotel Ansonia"—

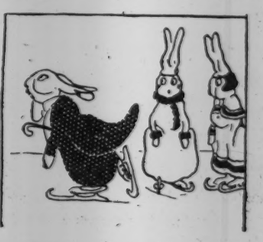
THEN Telephone Columbus 3320 (Hotel Ansonia), ask for Suburbar Service; this gives you immediate attention.

WHEN you reach the hotel there is no delay—your room is ready—your clothes waiting for you.

WHEN you leave next morning we return bag to the Grand Central to be called for on your way home. No charge for checking. No charge for messenger. A great convenience without extra cost.

ROOM AND BATH:
1 Person, $2.50 up.
2 Persons, $4.00 up.

HOTEL ANSONIA
B'way at 73rd St.
Six Minutes from Grand Central
WRITE FOR BOOKLET.



Don't let this welsh rarebit get away—

He is found at the Golden Glades on the fourth floor during that Snappy Midnight Parade at 11:30, where society also gathers for that zip-zippy Dinner Show at 7:30.

—to see Bobby McLean, that whirling dervish of a skating champion, and the other great skaters

—in the Post Lenten Ice Show, which is followed by the peppy musical comedy, "On the Carpet," by an anonymous author, and which stars Helen Hardick and the White Huzzars.

But get me, Stevano—that is not all—there is glad dancing on the third floor in the Balconades, and tea dancing from 3 to 6 in the Main Restaurant, where also, if your mother lets you stay out nights, there is a smart cabaret, and an excellent table d'hote dinner for $1.50.

Reserve tables now—Phone Col. 9900.

Thomas Healy's
Broadway & 66th St., N.Y.

Hotel Bretton Hall

Broadway, 85th to 86th St
Subway Station at 86th St. corner
NEW YORK

Largest and Most Attractive Transient Midtown Hotel
Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.

TRANSIENT RATES
For Either One or Two Persons
Room & Private Bath, $3 to $4 Per Day
Parlor, Bedroom, Bath,
$4 to $7.50 Per Day
Special Rates, Week, Season or Year.
RESTAURANT OF HIGHEST STANDARD AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES.

Hotel THERESA

7th Ave., 124th to 125th Sts.
One block from "L" & Subway Sta.
Surface cars and bus line to all points at door.

A Refined Family and Transient Fireproof Hotel.
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS. ATTRACTIVE ACCOMMODATIONS AT MODERATE RATES. Dining Room on twelfth floor. Overlooking the Palisades. Excellent cuisine. Perfect service.
Breakfast, 50c; Lunch, 60c; Dinner, $1.
R.P.Leube, Mgr. Tel. 7600 Morn.

Fourteen East Sixtieth Street

A LUXURIOUS *Residential* HOTEL, affording the exclusiveness of a private residence. Opposite the *Metropolitan Club* and the *Fifth Avenue Entrance* to Central Park.

Apartments, single or en suite, for any desired period
EAGER and BABCOCK

No Music No Cabaret No Dancing
No Hat Checking
Try BREAKFAST Here

LUSSIER
RESTAURANT
147-149-151 West 43rd Street
One Door East of Broadway
Seating Capacity 600
SPECIAL PLATE LUNCH .45
Served 11 A. M. to 2 P. M.
Good Food Good Service
Good Value

A NEW
APARTMENT HOTEL

Newly and unusually furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views, three exposures to each suite. Rates $80 monthly and up per suite of two rooms and bath; also weekly, $20 per suite and up. Restaurant a la carte. Breakfast and dinner, $9 weekly (both optional). The comforts of home with every city advantage.

Hotel Nobleton, 126 W. 73d St.
CHARLES MORTON BELLAK, Mgr. Dir.
Block from subway express & elevated sts.
All cars and bus lines.

NEW
PARKSIDE
HOTEL
31 West 71st St., (Just off Central Park)
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
HANDSOMELY FURNISHED
1 and 2 rooms, baths and showers.
$45 a month per room and upward.
Accessible to all transit lines.
EXCELLENT RESTAURANT.
MODERATE RATES.
TELEPHONE 9780 COL.

HOTEL ANSONIA

Pleasing the Palate.

Every morning a Breakfast like this 50c:
Grape Fruit,
any Cereal and Cream.
Picked up Codfish in Cream.
Eggs. Baked Potatoes. Cream Rolls.
Coffee.
Other combinations at 40c, 60c and 75c.

73 St.—B'way—74 St.

MURRAY'S
42d St., Just West of Broadway.
Beautiful Roman Gardens.
Exquisite music; revolving dance floor.
Old Dominion Beefsteak Dinner, $1.50.
Luncheon, 70c; Table d'Hote Dinner $1.50. Service a la Carte.
PATRICK V. KYNE, Manager.

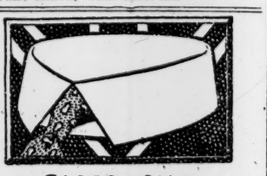
Hotel La Salle
30 EAST SIXTIETH STREET
M. E. SNIFFEN, Proprietor
(also of Millbrook Inn).
Furnished Suites by Season or Transiently. Yearly leases, furnished or unfurnished. Rates upon application.

SAVOY 435 COLUMBUS AVE., BOSTON, MASS. EUROPEAN PLAN.
Savoy Co., Inc., Lessees.
Single Rooms, $1 per day. Large rooms, some with parlor, for 2 persons, $1 each person. First-class restaurant, moderate prices. Centrally located.
Wm. O. Morin, Mgr. Tel. Back Bay 8043.

The Russian Inn
Luncheon—Tea—Dinner
Special Russian Dishes
Table d'hote and a la carte
Sunday dinner from 6-9 P. M.
57 West 37th St. Greeley 6567

Hotel Bristol
129-135 West 48th St.
NEW YORK'S NEWEST HOTEL.
European and American Plan.
T. ELLIOTT TOLSON.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.



CASCO – 2⅜ in.
CLYDE – 2¼ in.

New ARROW COLLARS
FOR SPRING
Cluett, Peabody & Co. Inc. Makers

PUTNAM
DRY-CLEANER
SOLVES THE SECRET
of dry-cleaning anything at home with great saving of time and money.
ALL DRUG STORES

U. S. ARMY
Uniforms and Equipments

LEGGINGS
TRENCH SHOES
FIELD BOOTS
RUBBER BOOTS
SERVICE FLAGS
RAINCOATS
UNIFORMS
HATS AND CAPS
BEDDING ROLLS
SAM BROWNE BELTS
LIBERTY BELTS
DUFFLE BAGS
COLLAR ORNAMENTS
FOLDING BASINS

And all other articles of uniforms and equipments for foreign service.
ARMY & NAVY STORE CO., Inc.
Largest Outfitters Army and Navy.
245 West 42d St., New York.
North Side of Street.
Bet. B'way & 8th Av. Phone Bryant 6085.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—Necklace, Wednesday P. M., between 7:15, 7:45, 117th, 7th Av. to 92d, Park Av., or on Lenox car, southbound, pearl necklace, four strands pearls and diamond clasp; liberal reward. Zipser, 208 West 117th.

LOST—Easter Sunday, Arrow Head Inn dining room, large baroque pearl earring. Suitable reward if returned to owner, 34 East 65th St.

LOST—March 28, Officers' Club, Yaphank, gold mesh bag and blue beaded bag; address inside, 107 East 74th St.; reward if returned to 33 East 74th St.

LOST—Sealskin coat, (Jaeckel make,) taken by mistake from Hotel Gregorian, 86th St., Thursday evening; $100 reward; no questions asked. Return or phone 5530 Greeley.

LOST—Golf wrist watch, Sunday, probably on 5th Av., between 29th and 33d, or in bus. Return E. Luebkert, Sonora Phonograph Co., 279 Broadway, New York.

LOST—Very liberal reward; lost some time ago, one turquoise rosary with centre and cross in diamonds; no questions asked. Cartier, 2 East 52d St.

LOST—About 10 yesterday, 33d St.-Summit Av., package personal papers; reward $2; return Richardson, 710 Lexington Av., or President's office, Hudson Terminal.

LOST.—Between 69th and 80th Sts. and B'way, or Riverside, gold bar pin, platinum top and 3 diamonds; liberal reward. Return to 76 Riverside Drive.

LOST.—Diamond, sapphire circular pin, Saturday morning on 5th Av., between 73d and 55th; reward. A. Gilbert, Hotel St. Regis.

LOST.—Ladies' gold watch; initialed R. A. M.; lower Broadway; reward. N 366 Times Downtown.

LOST—Purse containing gold watch, change, papers; watch keepsake; reward. L 31 Times.

LOST—Shell-rim spectacles, on Broadway between 74th and 81st Sts. $2 reward if returned to T. A. Ball, 20 West 76th St.

LOST.—String of pearls, diamond and platinum clasp, on West 50th; liberal reward. Phone Riverside 4848, Apt. 12.

LOST—Liberal reward for overcoat left in taxi Sunday night. Phone 8464 Riverside.

LOST.—Diamond bug pin; liberal reward. Eugenie Muller, 825 Amsterdam Av. Tel. 7890 Schuyler.

LOST.—Skunk muff, taxi, "The Mill" to 184th; reward. Meyer, 520 West 134th.

REWARD $150.—Lost, small, all white West Highland terrier, male, long hair, pointed ears, answers to name of "Mac." Miss A. B. Jennings, 48 Park Av. Telephone Murray Hill 1484.

LIBERAL REWARD and no questions asked for return of solitaire diamond ring and amethyst ring, lost in or about Waldorf Monday. Cashier, Waldorf.

$50 REWARD

Return diamond and onyx veil-pin, 2 rows onyx, 1 row diamonds, platinum setting, lost March 27. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$10 REWARD.—Lost at Metropolitan Opera Thursday night, family circle, first row, silver gray fox muff, two heads. Scott, 749 West End Av. Superintendent; no questions.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Large reward for return of brindle Scotch terrier who strayed from below address Saturday afternoon; answers to the name of Peter, 15 East 70th St.